1 . How you configure your git if you want to use a globally suitable account git configuration:

git config --global user.name username git config --global email emailaddress

2. Wanna check the configuration?

git config --list

3. What if you want initialize a repository locally from a non-empty folder?

git init

- 4. Extra tip:
- 1) Don't put repo in another repo;
- 2) git only worry about file, not empty directories
- 5 . How to tell diff after git add:

git diff --staged

6. Ignore files that you don't wanna commit

Just use .gitingore and commit it. This is useful when only a few of all files are necessary to recreate the project, such as building a c++ projecting with only source files and Makefile (or CMakeLists.txt). You sort of like to ignore intermediate files.

7. Show diff to a specific commit

git diff HEAD~n (filename) git diff HEAD~1=git diff

Comments: so, the most accurate way is to use hash codes instead of HEAD. I personally usually get confused by HEAD especially when I use *git reset* with it

8 . Show diff to a specific commit using hash Look for the hash number of that commit using *git log*, and

git diff hash (filename)

This will actually give the difference between the version the hash points to and the *HEAD* or current version. To show diff between two commits:

git diff hash1 hash2

Look up git commit -amend