

# Assignment instructions

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Assignment solutions need to be submitted using **R Markdown** from **RStudio** or **LaTeX** if you prefer. **R Markdown is strongly recommended.** This, for example is itself an **R Markdown** document.

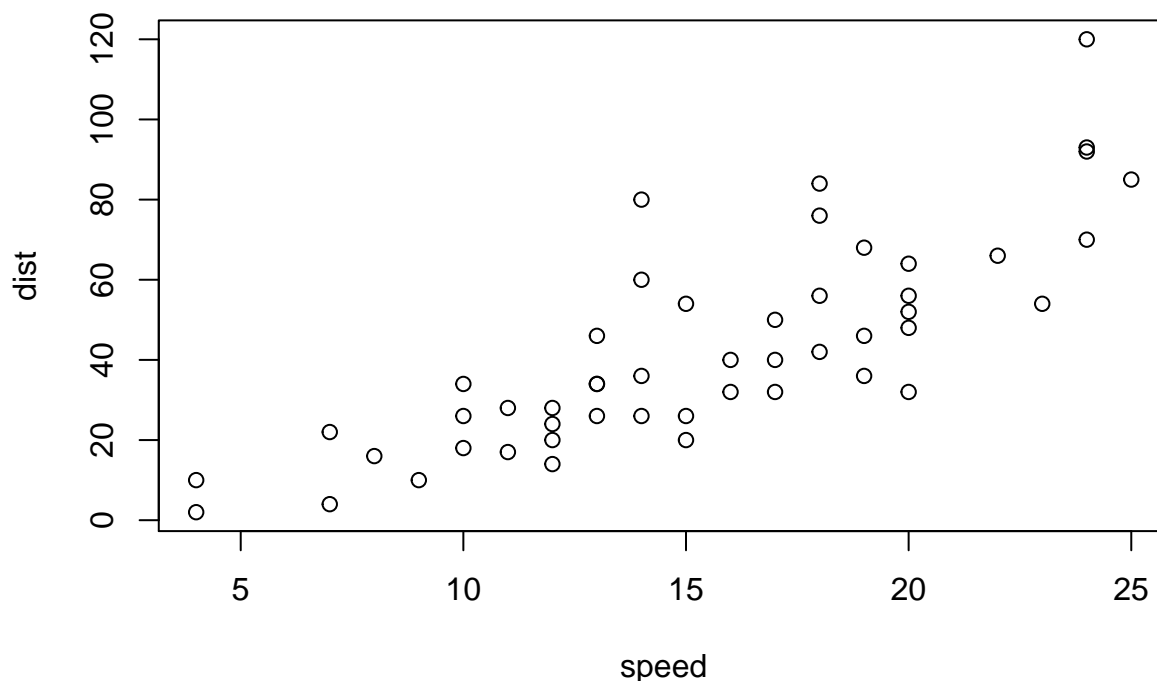
Markdown is a simple formatting syntax for authoring HTML, PDF, and MS Word documents. For more details on using R Markdown see <http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com>.

When you click the **Knit** button a document will be generated that includes both content as well as the output of any embedded R code chunks within the document. You can embed an R code chunk like this:

```
summary(cars)
```

```
##      speed      dist
##  Min.   : 4.0    Min.   :  2.00
##  1st Qu.:12.0    1st Qu.: 26.00
##  Median :15.0    Median : 36.00
##  Mean   :15.4    Mean   : 42.98
##  3rd Qu.:19.0    3rd Qu.: 56.00
##  Max.   :25.0    Max.   :120.00
```

You can also embed plots, for example:



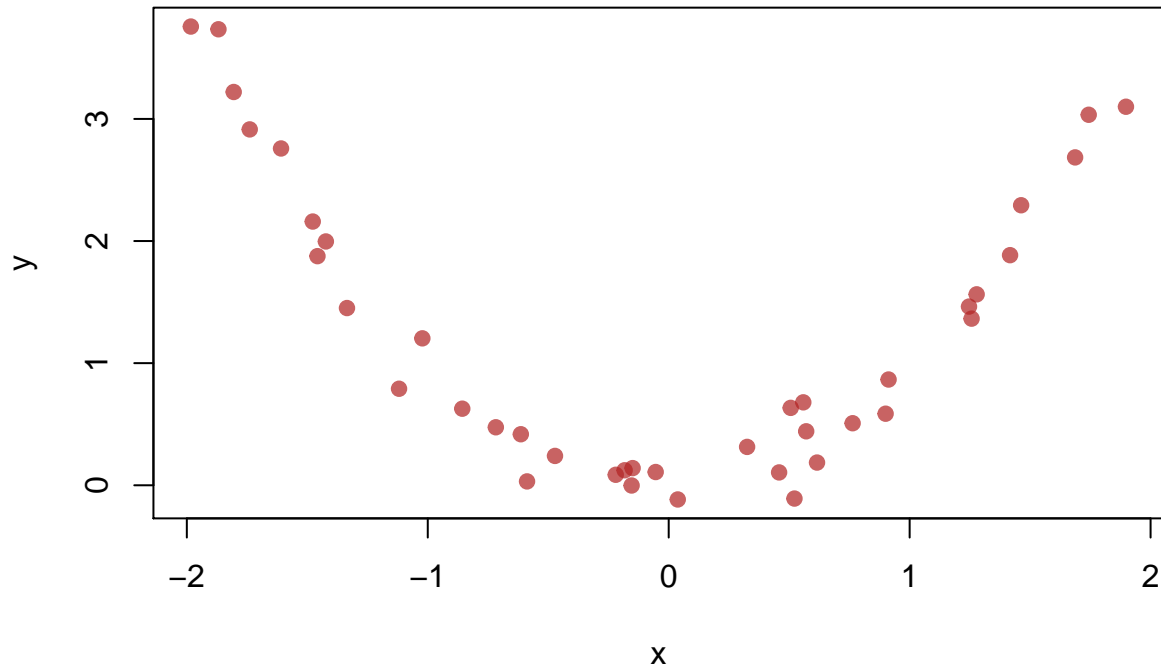
Note that the `echo = FALSE` parameter was added to the code chunk to prevent printing of the R code that generated the plot.

In answering assignment questions, incorporate mathematics, **R code**, and plots as appropriate.

For example, using **RMarkdown** from **RStudio**, you might have something inline showing like this `qt(0.9, 64)` and evaluated like this 1.2949198.

You will also want to include whole chunks of code and output like this:

```
n <- 40
x <- runif(n, min=-2, max=2)
y <- x^2 + rnorm(n, sd=0.2)
plot(x,y, pch=19, col= adjustcolor("firebrick", alpha.f=0.7))
```



And then have your discussion appear around it. It might, or might not, include some mathematics inline like this  $\mu(\mathbf{x})$  or as a block like this

$$Y_{new} - \tilde{\mu}(\mathbf{x}_{new}) \sim N\left(0, \sigma^2 \left(1 + \mathbf{x}_{new}^T (\mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{X})^{-1} \mathbf{x}_{new}\right)\right).$$

or even a multi-equation block like:  $\frac{1}{2}$

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha &= Pr\left(-a \leq \frac{Y_{new} - \tilde{\mu}(\mathbf{x}_{new})}{\tilde{\sigma} \sqrt{1 + \mathbf{x}_{new}^T (\mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{X})^{-1} \mathbf{x}_{new}}} \leq a\right) \\ &= Pr(\mathbf{I}_{new}(\mathbf{x}_{new}) \ni Y_{new}) \end{aligned}$$

Make your answers complete, as if they were a report on your findings.

To include images:



Figure 1: A million?

To include a link [Click here for Chris Jordan: tuna](#)

For miscellaneous other info, see RStudio's [RMarkdown Basics](#) or their [cheatsheet](#).