Introduction to Swift

Part 5: Dictionaries

What Are Dictionaries?

- Dictionaries are key/value pairs
 - Dictionary of room numbers to names: 201: "Sam's Room"
 - Dictionary of names to ages: "Ray": 34
- Optimized for quick lookup
- * Rule of thumb:
 - Arrays: Use anytime you need an ordered list
 - **♣ Dictionaries**: Use anytime you need fast lookup by key

Declaring Dictionaries

```
... = [ key 1 ; value 1 , key 2 ; value 2 , ... ]
```

- Keys and Values are strongly typed
- Lookup values are always optionals
- Classes need to implement the Hashable protocol to be used as a lookup.

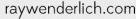


Dictionary Bridging

- Dictionaries seamlessly bridge to NSDictionaries
- Keys and Values must be instances of a class or bridgeable to a class.
- NSDictionaries bridged to Swift become AnyObject

```
let myDictionary = ["Book" : "Rendezvous with Rama"]
var bridgedDictionary = myDictionary as NSDictionary
```

```
let cocoaDictionary = NSDictionary(object: "Hello", forKey: "World")
var swiftDictionary = cocoaDictionary as? Dictionary<String,String>
```



Demo



Challenge Time!

- ♣ Make an dictionary with:
 - key: "Oberyn", value: "Spear"
 - ♣ key: "Arya", value: "Sword"
 - ★ key: "Ygritte", value: "Bow"
- Add to the dictionary:
 - key: "Tyrion", value: "Crossbow"
- Append to the "Arya" value using the + operator: " (Needle)"
- Remove entries for all dead characters!

