# OS Allstars' MPX Programmer's Manual

Generated by Doxygen 1.9.2

# **Chapter 1**

# **Data Structure Index**

## 1.1 Data Structures

Here are the data structures with brief descriptions:

date_time	
footer	
gdt_descriptor_struct	
gdt_entry_struct	
header	??
heap 3	
idt_entry_struct	??
idt_struct	
index_entry	
index_table	
page_dir	
page_entry	
page_table	
naram	22

2 Data Structure Index

# **Chapter 2**

# File Index

## 2.1 File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

include/system.h																					2	2
-																						
include/core/interrupts.h																						
include/core/io.h									 	 				 							?	?
include/core/serial.h .									 	 				 							?	?
include/core/tables.h .									 	 				 							?	?
include/mem/paging.h									 	 				 							?	?
kernel/core/kmain.c									 	 				 							?	?
kernel/core/serial.c																						
kernel/core/system.c .																						
kernel/core/tables.c																						
kernel/mem/paging.c .																						
modules/cmd_handler.h																						
modules/mpx supt.c .																						
modules/mpx_supt.h																						

File Index

# **Chapter 3**

# **Data Structure Documentation**

## 3.1 date\_time Struct Reference

```
#include <system.h>
```

## **Data Fields**

- int sec
- int min
- int hour
- int day\_w
- int day\_m
- int day\_y
- int mon
- int year

## 3.1.1 Field Documentation

## 3.1.1.1 day\_m

int day\_m

## 3.1.1.2 day\_w

int day\_w

## 3.1.1.3 day\_y

int day\_y

#### 3.1.1.4 hour

int hour

## 3.1.1.5 min

int min

#### 3.1.1.6 mon

int mon

## 3.1.1.7 sec

int sec

## 3.1.1.8 year

int year

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/system.h

## 3.2 footer Struct Reference

#include <heap.h>

Collaboration diagram for footer:

## **Data Fields**

· header head

#### 3.2.1 Field Documentation

#### 3.2.1.1 head

header head

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/mem/heap.h

## 3.3 gdt\_descriptor\_struct Struct Reference

#include <tables.h>

### **Data Fields**

- u16int limit
- u32int base

## 3.3.1 Field Documentation

#### 3.3.1.1 base

u32int base

#### 3.3.1.2 limit

u16int limit

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/core/tables.h

## 3.4 gdt\_entry\_struct Struct Reference

#include <tables.h>

## **Data Fields**

- u16int limit\_low
- u16int base\_low
- u8int base\_mid
- u8int access
- u8int flags
- u8int base\_high

## 3.4.1 Field Documentation

#### 3.4.1.1 access

u8int access

## 3.4.1.2 base\_high

u8int base\_high

## 3.4.1.3 base\_low

u16int base\_low

#### 3.4.1.4 base\_mid

u8int base\_mid

## 3.4.1.5 flags

u8int flags

## 3.4.1.6 limit\_low

```
u16int limit_low
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/core/tables.h

## 3.5 header Struct Reference

```
#include <heap.h>
```

## **Data Fields**

- int size
- int index\_id

#### 3.5.1 Field Documentation

## 3.5.1.1 index\_id

int index\_id

## 3.5.1.2 size

int size

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/mem/heap.h

## 3.6 heap Struct Reference

#include <heap.h>

Collaboration diagram for heap:

## **Data Fields**

- index\_table index
- u32int base
- u32int max\_size
- u32int min\_size

#### 3.6.1 Field Documentation

#### 3.6.1.1 base

u32int base

## 3.6.1.2 index

index\_table index

## 3.6.1.3 max\_size

u32int max\_size

## 3.6.1.4 min\_size

u32int min\_size

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/mem/heap.h

## 3.7 idt\_entry\_struct Struct Reference

#include <tables.h>

## **Data Fields**

- u16int base\_low
- u16int sselect
- u8int zero
- u8int flags
- u16int base\_high

## 3.7.1 Field Documentation

## 3.7.1.1 base\_high

u16int base\_high

## 3.7.1.2 base\_low

ul6int base\_low

## 3.7.1.3 flags

u8int flags

### 3.7.1.4 sselect

u16int sselect

## 3.7.1.5 zero

u8int zero

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/core/tables.h

## 3.8 idt\_struct Struct Reference

#include <tables.h>

#### **Data Fields**

- u16int limit
- u32int base

## 3.8.1 Field Documentation

#### 3.8.1.1 base

u32int base

## 3.8.1.2 limit

ul6int limit

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/core/tables.h

## 3.9 index\_entry Struct Reference

#include <heap.h>

## **Data Fields**

- int size
- int empty
- u32int block

### 3.9.1 Field Documentation

## 3.9.1.1 block

u32int block

## 3.9.1.2 empty

int empty

## 3.9.1.3 size

int size

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/mem/heap.h

## 3.10 index\_table Struct Reference

#include <heap.h>

Collaboration diagram for index\_table:

## **Data Fields**

- index\_entry table [TABLE\_SIZE]
- int id

## 3.10.1 Field Documentation

#### 3.10.1.1 id

int id

## 3.10.1.2 table

```
index_entry table[TABLE_SIZE]
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/mem/heap.h

## 3.11 page dir Struct Reference

```
#include <paging.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for page\_dir:

#### **Data Fields**

- page\_table \* tables [1024]
- u32int tables\_phys [1024]

#### 3.11.1 Field Documentation

#### 3.11.1.1 tables

```
page_table* tables[1024]
```

## 3.11.1.2 tables\_phys

```
u32int tables_phys[1024]
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/mem/paging.h

## 3.12 page\_entry Struct Reference

```
#include <paging.h>
```

## **Data Fields**

u32int present: 1
u32int writeable: 1
u32int usermode: 1
u32int accessed: 1
u32int dirty: 1
u32int reserved: 7

• u32int frameaddr: 20

## 3.12.1 Field Documentation

#### 3.12.1.1 accessed

u32int accessed

## 3.12.1.2 dirty

u32int dirty

## 3.12.1.3 frameaddr

u32int frameaddr

## 3.12.1.4 present

u32int present

#### 3.12.1.5 reserved

u32int reserved

## 3.12.1.6 usermode

u32int usermode

#### 3.12.1.7 writeable

u32int writeable

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/mem/paging.h

## 3.13 page\_table Struct Reference

```
#include <paging.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for page\_table:

#### **Data Fields**

• page\_entry pages [1024]

## 3.13.1 Field Documentation

#### 3.13.1.1 pages

```
page_entry pages[1024]
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/mem/paging.h

## 3.14 param Struct Reference

```
#include <mpx_supt.h>
```

## **Data Fields**

- int op\_code
- int device\_id
- char \* buffer\_ptr
- int \* count\_ptr

#### 3.14.1 Field Documentation

## 3.14.1.1 buffer\_ptr

char\* buffer\_ptr

## 3.14.1.2 count\_ptr

int\* count\_ptr

## 3.14.1.3 device\_id

int device\_id

## 3.14.1.4 op\_code

int op\_code

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• modules/mpx\_supt.h

# **Chapter 4**

# **File Documentation**

## 4.1 include/core/asm.h File Reference

```
#include <system.h>
#include <tables.h>
Include dependency graph for asm.h:
```

## 4.2 include/core/interrupts.h File Reference

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

## **Functions**

- void init\_irq (void)
- void init\_pic (void)

## 4.2.1 Function Documentation

## 4.2.1.1 init\_irq()

```
void init_irq (
     void )
```

## 4.2.1.2 init\_pic()

```
void init_pic (
     void )
```

## 4.3 include/core/io.h File Reference

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

#### **Macros**

```
• #define outb(port, data) asm volatile ("outb %%al,%%dx" : : "a" (data), "d" (port))
```

```
    #define inb(port)
```

## 4.3.1 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 4.3.1.1 inb

#### 4.3.1.2 outb

## 4.4 include/core/serial.h File Reference

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

## **Macros**

- #define COM1 0x3f8
- #define COM2 0x2f8
- #define COM3 0x3e8
- #define COM4 0x2e8

## **Functions**

- int init\_serial (int device)
- int serial\_println (const char \*msg)
- int serial\_print (const char \*msg)
- int set\_serial\_out (int device)
- int set\_serial\_in (int device)
- int \* polling (char \*buffer, int \*count)

## 4.4.1 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 4.4.1.1 COM1

```
#define COM1 0x3f8
```

#### 4.4.1.2 COM2

```
#define COM2 0x2f8
```

#### 4.4.1.3 COM3

```
#define COM3 0x3e8
```

#### 4.4.1.4 COM4

```
#define COM4 0x2e8
```

### 4.4.2 Function Documentation

### 4.4.2.1 init\_serial()

#### 4.4.2.2 polling()

This function is used to navigate the user interface, by taking in keyboard inputs, wrties them to the console and stores the input in a buffer

#### **Parameters**

beffer	the buffer is a pointer to the character array in the command handler. The character array stores character input from the user	
count	pointer to a integer size of the buffer used in sys_req	1

#### **Return values**

count point to integer	er size of the buffer used in sys_req
------------------------	---------------------------------------

#### 4.4.2.3 serial\_print()

## 4.4.2.4 serial\_println()

```
int serial_println ( {\tt const~char~*~\it msg~)}
```

## 4.4.2.5 set\_serial\_in()

## 4.4.2.6 set\_serial\_out()

```
int set_serial_out (
          int device )
```

## 4.5 include/core/tables.h File Reference

```
#include "system.h"
```

Include dependency graph for tables.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

## **Data Structures**

- struct idt\_entry\_struct
- struct idt\_struct
- struct gdt\_descriptor\_struct
- struct gdt\_entry\_struct

#### **Functions**

- struct idt\_entry\_struct \_\_attribute\_\_ ((packed)) idt\_entry
- void idt\_set\_gate (u8int idx, u32int base, u16int sel, u8int flags)
- void gdt\_init\_entry (int idx, u32int base, u32int limit, u8int access, u8int flags)
- void init\_idt ()
- void init\_gdt ()

#### **Variables**

- u16int base\_low
- u16int sselect
- u8int zero
- · u8int flags
- u16int base\_high
- u16int limit
- u32int base
- u16int limit low
- · u8int base\_mid
- u8int access

## 4.5.1 Function Documentation

## 4.5.1.1 \_\_attribute\_\_()

## 4.5.1.2 gdt\_init\_entry()

```
void gdt_init_entry (
    int idx,
    u32int base,
    u32int limit,
    u8int access,
    u8int flags )
```

## 4.5.1.3 idt\_set\_gate()

## 4.5.1.4 init\_gdt()

```
void init_gdt ( )
```

## 4.5.1.5 init\_idt()

```
void init_idt ( )
```

## 4.5.2 Variable Documentation

## 4.5.2.1 access

u8int access

#### 4.5.2.2 base

u32int base

## 4.5.2.3 base\_high

u8int base\_high

## 4.5.2.4 base\_low

u16int base\_low

## 4.5.2.5 base\_mid

u8int base\_mid

#### 4.5.2.6 flags

u8int flags

#### 4.5.2.7 limit

u16int limit

#### 4.5.2.8 limit\_low

u16int limit\_low

#### 4.5.2.9 sselect

u16int sselect

### 4.5.2.10 zero

u8int zero

## 4.6 include/mem/heap.h File Reference

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

## **Data Structures**

- struct header
- struct footer
- struct index\_entry
- struct index\_table
- struct heap

## **Macros**

- #define TABLE\_SIZE 0x1000
- #define KHEAP\_BASE 0xD000000
- #define KHEAP\_MIN 0x10000
- #define KHEAP\_SIZE 0x1000000

## **Functions**

- u32int \_kmalloc (u32int size, int align, u32int \*phys\_addr)
- u32int kmalloc (u32int size)
- u32int kfree ()
- void init\_kheap ()
- u32int alloc (u32int size, heap \*hp, int align)
- heap \* make\_heap (u32int base, u32int max, u32int min)

## 4.6.1 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 4.6.1.1 KHEAP\_BASE

#define KHEAP\_BASE 0xD000000

## 4.6.1.2 KHEAP\_MIN

#define KHEAP\_MIN 0x10000

#### 4.6.1.3 KHEAP\_SIZE

#define KHEAP\_SIZE 0x1000000

#### 4.6.1.4 TABLE\_SIZE

#define TABLE\_SIZE 0x1000

### 4.6.2 Function Documentation

## 4.6.2.1 \_kmalloc()

## 4.6.2.2 alloc()

## 4.6.2.3 init\_kheap()

```
void init_kheap ( )
```

## 4.6.2.4 kfree()

```
u32int kfree ( )
```

#### 4.6.2.5 kmalloc()

#### 4.6.2.6 make\_heap()

```
heap* make_heap (
          u32int base,
          u32int max,
          u32int min )
```

## 4.7 include/mem/paging.h File Reference

```
#include <system.h>
```

Include dependency graph for paging.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

## **Data Structures**

- struct page\_entry
- struct page\_table
- struct page\_dir

#### **Macros**

• #define PAGE SIZE 0x1000

## **Functions**

- void set\_bit (u32int addr)
- void clear\_bit (u32int addr)
- u32int get\_bit (u32int addr)
- u32int first\_free ()
- void init\_paging ()
- void load\_page\_dir (page\_dir \*new\_page\_dir)
- page\_entry \* get\_page (u32int addr, page\_dir \*dir, int make\_table)
- void new\_frame (page\_entry \*page)

#### 4.7.1 Macro Definition Documentation

## 4.7.1.1 **PAGE\_SIZE**

```
#define PAGE_SIZE 0x1000
```

#### 4.7.2 Function Documentation

#### 4.7.2.1 clear\_bit()

## 4.7.2.2 first\_free()

```
u32int first_free ( )
```

## 4.7.2.3 get\_bit()

## 4.7.2.4 get\_page()

## 4.7.2.5 init\_paging()

```
void init_paging ( )
```

## 4.7.2.6 load\_page\_dir()

```
void load_page_dir (
          page_dir * new_page_dir )
```

### 4.7.2.7 new\_frame()

```
void new_frame (
          page_entry * page )
```

## 4.7.2.8 set\_bit()

```
void set_bit (
          u32int addr )
```

## 4.8 include/string.h File Reference

```
#include <system.h>
```

Include dependency graph for string.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

#### **Functions**

```
int isspace (const char *c)
void * memset (void *s, int c, size_t n)
char * strcpy (char *s1, const char *s2)
char * strcat (char *s1, const char *s2)
int strlen (const char *s)
```

- int strcmp (const char \*s1, const char \*s2)
- char \* strtok (char \*s1, const char \*s2)
- int atoi (const char \*s)
- void swap (char \*x, char \*y)

Swap two characters within two distinct string, created for use within itoa() Design for this function came from two websites: Title: Implement itoa() function in C Last Updated: 29 May, 2017 Availability: techiedelight.com/implement-itoa-function-in-c/ & geeksforgeeks.org/implement-itoa/.

• char \* reverse (char \*buffer, int length)

Reverse the order of characters in an array, created for use within itoa() Design for this function came from two websites: Title: Implement itoa() function in C Last Updated: 29 May, 2017 Availability: techiedelight.com/implement-itoa-function-in-c/ & geeksforgeeks.org/implement-itoa/.

• char \* itoa (int value, char \*buffer, int base)

Convert an integer to an ASCII string Design for this function came from two websites: Title: Implement itoa() function in C Last Updated: 29 May, 2017 Availability: techiedelight.com/implement-itoa-function-in-c/ & geeksforgeeks. ← org/implement-itoa/.

#### 4.8.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.8.1.1 atoi()

```
int atoi ( const char * s )
```

#### 4.8.1.2 isspace()

```
int isspace ( {\tt const\ char\ *\ c}\ )
```

### 4.8.1.3 itoa()

Convert an integer to an ASCII string Design for this function came from two websites: Title: Implement itoa() function in C Last Updated: 29 May, 2017 Availability: techiedelight.com/implement-itoa-function-in-c/ & geeksforgeeks.org/implement-itoa/.

#### **Parameters**

int	value: int data type to be converted
char*	buffer: pointer to destination for converted string
int	base: number base to convert to (2 for binary, 10 for decimal, etc.)

#### Return values

buffer	converted string
--------	------------------

#### 4.8.1.4 memset()

```
void* memset ( \label{eq:void*} \mbox{void} * s, \\ \mbox{int } c, \\ \mbox{size\_t } n \mbox{)}
```

#### 4.8.1.5 reverse()

Reverse the order of characters in an array, created for use within itoa() Design for this function came from two websites: Title: Implement itoa() function in C Last Updated : 29 May, 2017 Availability: techiedelight. com/implement-itoa-function-in-c/ & geeksforgeeks.org/implement-itoa/.

#### **Parameters**

char	*buffer: pointer to buffer to be reversed in order
int	length: length of buffer

#### Return values

```
buffer | buffer in reversed order
```

## 4.8.1.6 strcat()

```
char* strcat (  {\rm char} \ * \ s1, \\ {\rm const} \ {\rm char} \ * \ s2 \ )
```

## 4.8.1.7 strcmp()

```
int strcmp (  {\rm const~char} \ * \ s1, \\ {\rm const~char} \ * \ s2 \ )
```

#### 4.8.1.8 strcpy()

```
char* strcpy ( \label{eq:char} \mbox{char} \ * \ s1, \mbox{const char} \ * \ s2 \ )
```

#### 4.8.1.9 strlen()

```
int strlen ( {\rm const~char}~*~s~)
```

## 4.8.1.10 strtok()

```
char* strtok ( \label{eq:char} \mbox{char} \ * \ s1, \mbox{const char} \ * \ s2 \ )
```

## 4.8.1.11 swap()

Swap two characters within two distinct string, created for use within itoa() Design for this function came from two websites: Title: Implement itoa() function in C Last Updated: 29 May, 2017 Availability: techiedelight. com/implement-itoa-function-in-c/ & geeksforgeeks.org/implement-itoa/.

#### **Parameters**

char	*x: pointer to first character to be swapped
char	*y: pointer to second character to be swaped

#### Return values

none	
------	--

## 4.9 include/system.h File Reference

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

#### **Data Structures**

struct date\_time

#### **Macros**

- #define NULL 0
- #define no\_warn(p) if (p) while (1) break
- #define asm \_\_asm\_\_
- #define volatile \_\_volatile\_
- #define sti() asm volatile ("sti"::)
- #define cli() asm volatile ("cli"::)
- #define nop() asm volatile ("nop"::)
- #define hlt() asm volatile ("hlt"::)
- #define iret() asm volatile ("iret"::)
- #define GDT\_CS\_ID 0x01
- #define GDT\_DS\_ID 0x02

## **Typedefs**

- typedef unsigned int size\_t
- typedef unsigned char u8int
- typedef unsigned short u16int
- typedef unsigned long u32int

## **Functions**

- void klogv (const char \*msg)
- void kpanic (const char \*msg)

#### 4.9.1 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 4.9.1.1 asm

#define asm \_\_asm\_\_

## 4.9.1.2 cli

```
#define cli( ) asm volatile ("cli"::)
```

## 4.9.1.3 GDT\_CS\_ID

#define GDT\_CS\_ID 0x01

## 4.9.1.4 GDT\_DS\_ID

#define GDT\_DS\_ID 0x02

## 4.9.1.5 hlt

```
#define hlt() asm volatile ("hlt"::)
```

## 4.9.1.6 iret

```
#define iret() asm volatile ("iret"::)
```

## 4.9.1.7 no\_warn

```
#define no_warn( p \ ) \ \ \mbox{if (p) while (1) break}
```

## 4.9.1.8 nop

```
#define nop() asm volatile ("nop"::)
```

# 4.9.1.9 NULL

#define NULL 0

#### 4.9.1.10 sti

```
#define sti() asm volatile ("sti"::)
```

#### 4.9.1.11 volatile

```
#define volatile __volatile__
```

# 4.9.2 Typedef Documentation

#### 4.9.2.1 size\_t

typedef unsigned int size\_t

#### 4.9.2.2 u16int

typedef unsigned short ul6int

# 4.9.2.3 u32int

typedef unsigned long u32int

#### 4.9.2.4 u8int

typedef unsigned char u8int

# 4.9.3 Function Documentation

# 4.9.3.1 klogv()

#### 4.9.3.2 kpanic()

# 4.10 kernel/core/interrupts.c File Reference

```
#include <system.h>
#include <core/io.h>
#include <core/serial.h>
#include <core/tables.h>
#include <core/interrupts.h>
Include dependency graph for interrupts.c:
```

#### **Macros**

- #define PIC1 0x20
- #define PIC2 0xA0
- #define ICW1 0x11
- #define ICW4 0x01
- #define io\_wait() asm volatile ("outb \$0x80")

#### **Functions**

- void divide\_error ()
- void debug ()
- void nmi ()
- void breakpoint ()
- void overflow ()
- void bounds ()
- void invalid\_op ()
- void device\_not\_available ()
- void double\_fault ()
- · void coprocessor\_segment ()
- void invalid\_tss ()
- void segment\_not\_present ()
- void stack\_segment ()

- void general\_protection ()
- void page\_fault ()
- void reserved ()
- void coprocessor ()
- void rtc\_isr ()
- void isr0 ()
- void do\_isr ()
- void init\_irq (void)
- void init\_pic (void)
- void do\_divide\_error ()
- void do\_debug ()
- void do\_nmi ()
- void do\_breakpoint ()
- void do\_overflow ()
- void do\_bounds ()
- void do\_invalid\_op ()
- void do\_device\_not\_available ()
- void do\_double\_fault ()
- void do\_coprocessor\_segment ()
- void do\_invalid\_tss ()
- void do\_segment\_not\_present ()
- void do\_stack\_segment ()
- void do\_general\_protection ()
- void do\_page\_fault ()
- void do\_reserved ()
- void do\_coprocessor ()

#### **Variables**

• idt\_entry idt\_entries [256]

## 4.10.1 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 4.10.1.1 ICW1

#define ICW1 0x11

#### 4.10.1.2 ICW4

#define ICW4 0x01

# 4.10.1.3 io\_wait

```
#define io_wait( ) asm volatile ("outb $0x80")
```

#### 4.10.1.4 PIC1

#define PIC1 0x20

#### 4.10.1.5 PIC2

#define PIC2 0xA0

#### 4.10.2 Function Documentation

#### 4.10.2.1 bounds()

void bounds ( )

#### 4.10.2.2 breakpoint()

void breakpoint ( )

# 4.10.2.3 coprocessor()

void coprocessor ( )

#### 4.10.2.4 coprocessor\_segment()

void coprocessor\_segment ( )

#### 4.10.2.5 debug()

```
void debug ( )
```

# 4.10.2.6 device\_not\_available()

```
void device_not_available ( )
```

#### 4.10.2.7 divide\_error()

```
void divide_error ( )
```

#### 4.10.2.8 do\_bounds()

```
void do_bounds ( )
```

# 4.10.2.9 do\_breakpoint()

```
void do_breakpoint ( )
```

#### 4.10.2.10 do\_coprocessor()

```
void do_coprocessor ( )
```

#### 4.10.2.11 do\_coprocessor\_segment()

```
void do_coprocessor_segment ( )
```

# 4.10.2.12 do\_debug()

```
void do_debug ( )
```

# 4.10.2.13 do\_device\_not\_available() void do\_device\_not\_available ( ) 4.10.2.14 do\_divide\_error() void do\_divide\_error ( ) 4.10.2.15 do\_double\_fault() void do\_double\_fault ( ) 4.10.2.16 do\_general\_protection() void do\_general\_protection ( ) 4.10.2.17 do\_invalid\_op() void do\_invalid\_op ( ) 4.10.2.18 do\_invalid\_tss() void do\_invalid\_tss ( ) 4.10.2.19 do\_isr() void do\_isr ( ) 4.10.2.20 do\_nmi()

void do\_nmi ( )

```
4.10.2.21 do_overflow()
```

```
void do_overflow ( )
```

#### 4.10.2.22 do\_page\_fault()

```
void do_page_fault ( )
```

# 4.10.2.23 do\_reserved()

```
void do_reserved ( )
```

# 4.10.2.24 do\_segment\_not\_present()

```
void do_segment_not_present ( )
```

#### 4.10.2.25 do\_stack\_segment()

```
void do_stack_segment ( )
```

#### 4.10.2.26 double\_fault()

```
void double_fault ( )
```

# 4.10.2.27 general\_protection()

```
void general_protection ( )
```

#### 4.10.2.28 init\_irq()

```
void init_irq (
     void )
```

# 4.10.2.29 init\_pic()

```
void init_pic (
     void )
```

# 4.10.2.30 invalid\_op()

```
void invalid_op ( )
```

#### 4.10.2.31 invalid\_tss()

```
void invalid_tss ( )
```

# 4.10.2.32 isr0()

```
void isr0 ( )
```

# 4.10.2.33 nmi()

```
void nmi ( )
```

# 4.10.2.34 overflow()

```
void overflow ( )
```

#### 4.10.2.35 page\_fault()

```
void page_fault ( )
```

#### 4.10.2.36 reserved()

```
void reserved ( )
```

#### 4.10.2.37 rtc\_isr()

```
void rtc_isr ( )
```

#### 4.10.2.38 segment\_not\_present()

```
void segment_not_present ( )
```

#### 4.10.2.39 stack\_segment()

```
void stack_segment ( )
```

#### 4.10.3 Variable Documentation

#### 4.10.3.1 idt\_entries

```
idt_entry idt_entries[256] [extern]
```

# 4.11 kernel/core/kmain.c File Reference

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <system.h>
#include <core/io.h>
#include <core/serial.h>
#include <core/tables.h>
#include <core/interrupts.h>
#include <mem/heap.h>
#include <mem/paging.h>
#include "modules/mpx_supt.h"
#include "modules/cmd_handler.c"
Include dependency graph for kmain.c:
```

#### **Functions**

• void kmain (void)

#### 4.11.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.11.1.1 kmain()

```
void kmain (
     void )
```

# 4.12 kernel/core/serial.c File Reference

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <core/io.h>
#include <core/serial.h>
#include <modules/mpx_supt.h>
Include dependency graph for serial.c:
```

#### **Macros**

• #define NO\_ERROR 0

#### **Functions**

- int init\_serial (int device)
- int serial\_println (const char \*msg)
- int serial\_print (const char \*msg)
- int set\_serial\_out (int device)
- int set\_serial\_in (int device)
- int \* polling (char \*buffer, int \*count)

#### **Variables**

- int serial\_port\_out = 0
- int serial\_port\_in = 0

## 4.12.1 Macro Definition Documentation

# 4.12.1.1 NO\_ERROR

```
#define NO_ERROR 0
```

#### 4.12.2 Function Documentation

#### 4.12.2.1 init\_serial()

#### 4.12.2.2 polling()

This function is used to navigate the user interface, by taking in keyboard inputs, wrties them to the console and stores the input in a buffer

#### **Parameters**

beffer	the buffer is a pointer to the character array in the command handler. The character array stores character input from the user
count	pointer to a integer size of the buffer used in sys_req

#### Return values

```
count point to integer size of the buffer used in sys_req
```

#### 4.12.2.3 serial\_print()

```
int serial_print ( {\tt const\ char\ *\ msg\ )}
```

#### 4.12.2.4 serial\_println()

```
int serial_println ( {\tt const~char~*~\it msg~)}
```

#### 4.12.2.5 set\_serial\_in()

#### 4.12.2.6 set\_serial\_out()

```
int set_serial_out (
          int device )
```

#### 4.12.3 Variable Documentation

#### 4.12.3.1 serial\_port\_in

```
int serial_port_in = 0
```

#### 4.12.3.2 serial\_port\_out

```
int serial_port_out = 0
```

# 4.13 kernel/core/system.c File Reference

```
#include <string.h>
#include <system.h>
#include <core/serial.h>
Include dependency graph for system.c:
```

#### **Functions**

- void klogv (const char \*msg)
- void kpanic (const char \*msg)

# 4.13.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.13.1.1 klogv()

# 4.14 kernel/core/tables.c File Reference

```
#include <string.h>
#include <core/tables.h>
Include dependency graph for tables.c:
```

#### **Functions**

- void write\_gdt\_ptr (u32int, size\_t)
- void write\_idt\_ptr (u32int)
- void idt\_set\_gate (u8int idx, u32int base, u16int sel, u8int flags)
- void init\_idt ()
- void gdt\_init\_entry (int idx, u32int base, u32int limit, u8int access, u8int flags)
- void init\_gdt ()

#### **Variables**

- gdt\_descriptor gdt\_ptr
- gdt\_entry gdt\_entries [5]
- idt\_descriptor idt\_ptr
- idt\_entry idt\_entries [256]

# 4.14.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.14.1.1 gdt\_init\_entry()

```
void gdt_init_entry (
    int idx,
    u32int base,
    u32int limit,
    u8int access,
    u8int flags )
```

# 4.14.1.2 idt\_set\_gate()

#### 4.14.1.3 init\_gdt()

```
void init_gdt ( )
```

#### 4.14.1.4 init\_idt()

```
void init_idt ( )
```

# 4.14.1.5 write\_gdt\_ptr()

#### 4.14.1.6 write\_idt\_ptr()

# 4.14.2 Variable Documentation

# 4.14.2.1 gdt\_entries

```
gdt_entry gdt_entries[5]
```

#### 4.14.2.2 gdt\_ptr

```
gdt_descriptor gdt_ptr
```

#### 4.14.2.3 idt\_entries

```
idt_entry idt_entries[256]
```

#### 4.14.2.4 idt\_ptr

```
idt_descriptor idt_ptr
```

# 4.15 kernel/mem/heap.c File Reference

```
#include <system.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <core/serial.h>
#include <mem/heap.h>
#include <mem/paging.h>
Include dependency graph for heap.c:
```

#### **Functions**

- u32int \_kmalloc (u32int size, int page\_align, u32int \*phys\_addr)
- u32int kmalloc (u32int size)
- u32int alloc (u32int size, heap \*h, int align)
- heap \* make\_heap (u32int base, u32int max, u32int min)

#### **Variables**

```
heap * kheap = 0
heap * curr_heap = 0
page_dir * kdir
void * end
void _end
void _end
u32int phys_alloc_addr = (u32int)&end
```

# 4.15.1 Function Documentation

# 4.15.1.1 \_kmalloc()

#### 4.15.1.2 alloc()

# 4.15.1.3 kmalloc()

# 4.15.1.4 make\_heap()

# 4.15.2 Variable Documentation

#### 4.15.2.1 end

void \_\_end

#### 4.15.2.2 \_end

void \_end

#### 4.15.2.3 curr\_heap

```
heap* curr_heap = 0
```

#### 4.15.2.4 end

```
void* end [extern]
```

#### 4.15.2.5 kdir

```
page_dir* kdir [extern]
```

#### 4.15.2.6 kheap

```
heap* kheap = 0
```

# 4.15.2.7 phys\_alloc\_addr

```
u32int phys_alloc_addr = (u32int)&end
```

# 4.16 kernel/mem/paging.c File Reference

```
#include <system.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "mem/heap.h"
#include "mem/paging.h"
Include dependency graph for paging.c:
```

#### **Functions**

- void set\_bit (u32int addr)
- void clear\_bit (u32int addr)
- u32int get\_bit (u32int addr)
- u32int find\_free ()
- page\_entry \* get\_page (u32int addr, page\_dir \*dir, int make\_table)
- void init\_paging ()
- void load\_page\_dir (page\_dir \*new\_dir)
- void new\_frame (page\_entry \*page)

#### **Variables**

```
u32int mem_size = 0x4000000
u32int page_size = 0x1000
u32int nframes
u32int * frames
page_dir * kdir = 0
```

page\_dir \* cdir = 0u32int phys\_alloc\_addr

• heap \* kheap

#### 4.16.1 Function Documentation

# 4.16.1.1 clear\_bit()

```
void clear_bit (
          u32int addr )
```

#### 4.16.1.2 find\_free()

```
u32int find_free ( )
```

#### 4.16.1.3 get\_bit()

#### 4.16.1.4 get\_page()

# 4.16.1.5 init\_paging()

```
void init_paging ( )
```

#### 4.16.1.6 load\_page\_dir()

```
void load_page_dir (
          page_dir * new_dir )
```

#### 4.16.1.7 new\_frame()

#### 4.16.1.8 set\_bit()

```
void set_bit (
          u32int addr )
```

#### 4.16.2 Variable Documentation

#### 4.16.2.1 cdir

```
page_dir* cdir = 0
```

#### 4.16.2.2 frames

```
u32int* frames
```

#### 4.16.2.3 kdir

```
page_dir* kdir = 0
```

#### 4.16.2.4 kheap

```
heap* kheap [extern]
```

#### 4.16.2.5 mem\_size

```
u32int mem_size = 0x4000000
```

#### 4.16.2.6 nframes

u32int nframes

#### 4.16.2.7 page\_size

```
u32int page_size = 0x1000
```

#### 4.16.2.8 phys\_alloc\_addr

```
u32int phys_alloc_addr [extern]
```

# 4.17 lib/string.c File Reference

```
#include <system.h>
#include <string.h>
Include dependency graph for string.c:
```

## **Functions**

- int strlen (const char \*s)
- char \* strcpy (char \*s1, const char \*s2)
- int atoi (const char \*s)
- int strcmp (const char \*s1, const char \*s2)
- char \* strcat (char \*s1, const char \*s2)
- int isspace (const char \*c)
- void \* memset (void \*s, int c, size\_t n)
- char \* strtok (char \*s1, const char \*s2)
- void swap (char \*x, char \*y)

Swap two characters within two distinct string, created for use within itoa() Design for this function came from two websites: Title: Implement itoa() function in C Last Updated: 29 May, 2017 Availability: techiedelight.com/implement-itoa-function-in-c/ & geeksforgeeks.org/implement-itoa/.

• char \* reverse (char \*buffer, int length)

Reverse the order of characters in an array, created for use within itoa() Design for this function came from two websites: Title: Implement itoa() function in C Last Updated: 29 May, 2017 Availability: techiedelight.com/implement-itoa-function-in-c/ & geeksforgeeks.org/implement-itoa/.

• char \* itoa (int value, char \*buffer, int base)

Convert an integer to an ASCII string Design for this function came from two websites: Title: Implement itoa() function in C Last Updated: 29 May, 2017 Availability: techiedelight.com/implement-itoa-function-in-c/ & geeksforgeeks. ← org/implement-itoa/.

#### 4.17.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.17.1.1 atoi()

```
int atoi ( {\rm const\ char\ *\ s\ )}
```

#### 4.17.1.2 isspace()

```
int isspace ( const char * c )
```

#### 4.17.1.3 itoa()

```
char* itoa (
          int value,
          char * buffer,
          int base )
```

Convert an integer to an ASCII string Design for this function came from two websites: Title: Implement itoa() function in C Last Updated: 29 May, 2017 Availability: techiedelight.com/implement-itoa-function-in-c/ & geeksforgeeks.org/implement-itoa/.

#### **Parameters**

int	value: int data type to be converted
char*	buffer: pointer to destination for converted string
int	base: number base to convert to (2 for binary, 10 for decimal, etc.)

#### Return values

```
buffer converted string
```

#### 4.17.1.4 memset()

```
void* memset ( \label{eq:void*} \mbox{void} * s, \\ \mbox{int } c, \\ \mbox{size\_t } n \mbox{)}
```

#### 4.17.1.5 reverse()

Reverse the order of characters in an array, created for use within itoa() Design for this function came from two websites: Title: Implement itoa() function in C Last Updated : 29 May, 2017 Availability: techiedelight. com/implement-itoa-function-in-c/ & geeksforgeeks.org/implement-itoa/.

#### **Parameters**

char	*buffer: pointer to buffer to be reversed in order
int	length: length of buffer

#### Return values

```
buffer buffer in reversed order
```

#### 4.17.1.6 strcat()

```
char* strcat (  \mbox{char} * s1, \\ \mbox{const char} * s2 \mbox{)}
```

#### 4.17.1.7 strcmp()

```
int strcmp (  {\rm const~char} \ * \ s1, \\ {\rm const~char} \ * \ s2 \ )
```

#### 4.17.1.8 strcpy()

```
char* strcpy ( \label{eq:char} \mbox{char} \ * \ s1, \mbox{const char} \ * \ s2 \ )
```

#### 4.17.1.9 strlen()

```
int strlen ( {\rm const\ char\ *\ s\ )}
```

#### 4.17.1.10 strtok()

#### 4.17.1.11 swap()

Swap two characters within two distinct string, created for use within itoa() Design for this function came from two websites: Title: Implement itoa() function in C Last Updated: 29 May, 2017 Availability: techiedelight. com/implement-itoa-function-in-c/ & geeksforgeeks.org/implement-itoa/.

#### **Parameters**

char	*x: pointer to first character to be swapped
char	*y: pointer to second character to be swaped

#### Return values



# 4.18 modules/cmd\_handler.c File Reference

```
#include <string.h>
#include <core/serial.h>
#include <core/io.h>
```

Include dependency graph for cmd\_handler.c: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

#### **Functions**

• void settime (char \*time\_buffer, int time\_buffer\_size)

This function is used to set the processor RTC's current time.

· void gettime ()

This function is used to get the processor RTC's current time and print it to the window.

void setdate (char \*date\_buffer, int date\_buffer\_size)

This function is used to set the processor RTC's current date.

• void getdate ()

This function is used to get the processor RTC's current date and print it to the window.

• void cmd handler ()

This function has a loop to continuously handle specific user commands. As commands increase in quantity and complexity this function will eventually call a host of other functions to handle tasks. User commands are entered in a fashion similar to Linux command line. For example—.

#### 4.18.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.18.1.1 cmd\_handler()

void cmd\_handler ( )

This function has a loop to continuously handle specific user commands. As commands increase in quantity and complexity this function will eventually call a host of other functions to handle tasks. User commands are entered in a fashion similar to Linux command line. For example—.

would be the correct way to issue to "help command". Currently implemented commands: -help -version: provides user with current version of MPX -shutdown: begins shutdown of MPX -settime: sets a user entered time to MPX registers -gettime: prints the current time, according to MPX registers -setdate: sets a user entered date to MPX registers -getdate: prints the current time, according to MPX registers

# Parameters none

#### Return values

none

# 4.18.1.2 getdate()

void getdate ( )

This function is used to get the processor RTC's current date and print it to the window.

#### **Parameters**

None

Returns

None

#### 4.18.1.3 gettime()

void gettime ( )

This function is used to get the processor RTC's current time and print it to the window.

#### **Parameters**

#### Returns

None

# 4.18.1.4 setdate()

This function is used to set the processor RTC's current date.

#### **Parameters**

date_buffer	Full string representation of the date taken, unparsed or changed
date_buffer_size	Size of the input string

# 4.18.1.5 settime()

This function is used to set the processor RTC's current time.

# **Parameters**

date_buffer	Full string representation of the time taken, unparsed or changed
date_buffer_size	Size of the input string

# 4.19 modules/cmd\_handler.h File Reference

```
#include <string.h>
#include <core/serial.h>
#include <core/io.h>
```

Include dependency graph for cmd\_handler.h:

#### **Functions**

void settime (char \*time\_buffer, int time\_buffer\_size)

This function is used to set the processor RTC's current time.

· void gettime ()

This function is used to get the processor RTC's current time and print it to the window.

void setdate (char \*date\_buffer, int date\_buffer\_size)

This function is used to set the processor RTC's current date.

· void getdate ()

This function is used to get the processor RTC's current date and print it to the window.

• void cmd\_handler ()

This function has a loop to continuously handle specific user commands. As commands increase in quantity and complexity this function will eventually call a host of other functions to handle tasks. User commands are entered in a fashion similar to Linux command line. For example—.

#### 4.19.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.19.1.1 cmd\_handler()

```
void cmd_handler ( )
```

This function has a loop to continuously handle specific user commands. As commands increase in quantity and complexity this function will eventually call a host of other functions to handle tasks. User commands are entered in a fashion similar to Linux command line. For example—.

would be the correct way to issue to "help command". Currently implemented commands: -help -version: provides user with current version of MPX -shutdown: begins shutdown of MPX -settime: sets a user entered time to MPX registers -gettime: prints the current time, according to MPX registers -setdate: sets a user entered date to MPX registers -getdate: prints the current time, according to MPX registers

# Parameters none Return values none

#### 4.19.1.2 getdate()

```
void getdate ( )
```

This function is used to get the processor RTC's current date and print it to the window.

#### **Parameters**

#### Returns

None

# 4.19.1.3 gettime()

```
void gettime ( )
```

This function is used to get the processor RTC's current time and print it to the window.

#### **Parameters**

#### Returns

None

#### 4.19.1.4 setdate()

This function is used to set the processor RTC's current date.

#### **Parameters**

date_buffer	Full string representation of the date taken, unparsed or changed	
date_buffer_size	Size of the input string	

#### 4.19.1.5 settime()

This function is used to set the processor RTC's current time.

#### **Parameters**

date_buffer	Full string representation of the time taken, unparsed or changed	
date_buffer_size	Size of the input string	

# 4.20 modules/mpx\_supt.c File Reference

```
#include "mpx_supt.h"
#include <mem/heap.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <core/serial.h>
#include <core/io.h>
Include dependency graph for mpx_supt.c:
```

#### **Functions**

- int sys\_req (int op\_code, int device\_id, char \*buffer\_ptr, int \*count\_ptr)
- void mpx\_init (int cur\_mod)
- void sys\_set\_malloc (u32int(\*func)(u32int))
- void sys\_set\_free (int(\*func)(void \*))
- void \* sys alloc mem (u32int size)
- int sys\_free\_mem (void \*ptr)
- void idle ()

#### **Variables**

- param params
- int current\_module = -1
- u32int(\* student\_malloc )(u32int)
- int(\* student\_free )(void \*)

#### 4.20.1 Function Documentation

#### 4.20.1.1 idle()

```
void idle ( )
```

Procedure..: idle Description..: The idle process Params..: None

#### 4.20.1.2 mpx\_init()

```
void mpx_init (
    int cur mod )
```

Procedure..: mpx\_init Description..: Initialize MPX support software Params..: int cur\_mod (symbolic constants MODULE\_R1, MODULE\_R2, etc

#### 4.20.1.3 sys\_alloc\_mem()

Procedure..: sys\_alloc\_mem Description..: Allocates a block of memory (similar to malloc) Params..: Number of bytes to allocate

#### 4.20.1.4 sys\_free\_mem()

Procedure..: sys\_free\_mem Description..: Frees memory Params..: Pointer to block of memory to free

#### 4.20.1.5 sys\_req()

```
int sys_req (
    int op_code,
    int device_id,
    char * buffer_ptr,
    int * count_ptr )
```

Procedure..: sys\_req Description..: Generate interrupt 60H Params..: int op\_code one of (IDLE, EXIT, READ, WRITE)

# 4.20.1.6 sys\_set\_free()

```
void sys_set_free (
          int(*)(void *) func )
```

#### 4.20.1.7 sys\_set\_malloc()

```
void sys_set_malloc (
          u32int(*)(u32int) func )
```

Procedure..: sys\_set\_malloc Description..: Sets the memory allocation function for sys\_alloc\_mem Params.. 

: Function pointer

#### 4.20.2 Variable Documentation

#### 4.20.2.1 current\_module

```
int current_module = -1
```

# 4.20.2.2 params

param params

#### 4.20.2.3 student\_free

```
int(* student_free) (void *) (
     void * )
```

#### 4.20.2.4 student\_malloc

# 4.21 modules/mpx\_supt.h File Reference

```
#include <system.h>
```

Include dependency graph for mpx\_supt.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

#### **Data Structures**

struct param

#### **Macros**

- #define EXIT 0
- #define IDLE 1
- #define READ 2
- #define WRITE 3
- #define INVALID\_OPERATION 4
- #define TRUE 1
- #define FALSE 0
- #define MODULE\_R1 0
- #define MODULE\_R2 1
- #define MODULE\_R3 2
- #define MODULE\_R4 4
- #define MODULE\_R5 8
- #define MODULE\_F 9
- #define IO\_MODULE 10
- #define MEM\_MODULE 11
- #define INVALID\_BUFFER 1000
- #define INVALID COUNT 2000
- #define DEFAULT\_DEVICE 111
- #define COM\_PORT 222

#### **Functions**

- int sys\_req (int op\_code, int device\_id, char \*buffer\_ptr, int \*count\_ptr)
- void mpx\_init (int cur\_mod)
- void sys\_set\_malloc (u32int(\*func)(u32int))
- void sys\_set\_free (int(\*func)(void \*))
- void \* sys\_alloc\_mem (u32int size)
- int sys\_free\_mem (void \*ptr)
- void idle ()

#### 4.21.1 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 4.21.1.1 COM\_PORT

#define COM\_PORT 222

#### 4.21.1.2 DEFAULT\_DEVICE

#define DEFAULT\_DEVICE 111

#### 4.21.1.3 EXIT

#define EXIT 0

#### 4.21.1.4 FALSE

#define FALSE 0

#### 4.21.1.5 IDLE

#define IDLE 1

# 4.21.1.6 INVALID\_BUFFER

#define INVALID\_BUFFER 1000

# 4.21.1.7 INVALID\_COUNT

#define INVALID\_COUNT 2000

# 4.21.1.8 INVALID\_OPERATION

#define INVALID\_OPERATION 4

#### 4.21.1.9 IO\_MODULE

#define IO\_MODULE 10

# 4.21.1.10 **MEM\_MODULE**

#define MEM\_MODULE 11

# 4.21.1.11 MODULE\_F

#define MODULE\_F 9

# 4.21.1.12 MODULE\_R1

#define MODULE\_R1 0

#### 4.21.1.13 MODULE\_R2

#define MODULE\_R2 1

# 4.21.1.14 MODULE\_R3

#define MODULE\_R3 2

# 4.21.1.15 MODULE\_R4

#define MODULE\_R4 4

# 4.21.1.16 MODULE\_R5

#define MODULE\_R5 8

#### 4.21.1.17 READ

#define READ 2

#### 4.21.1.18 TRUE

#define TRUE 1

#### 4.21.1.19 WRITE

#define WRITE 3

#### 4.21.2 Function Documentation

#### 4.21.2.1 idle()

void idle ( )

Procedure..: idle Description..: The idle process Params..: None

#### 4.21.2.2 mpx\_init()

```
void mpx_init (
          int cur_mod )
```

Procedure..: mpx\_init Description..: Initialize MPX support software Params..: int cur\_mod (symbolic constants MODULE R1, MODULE R2, etc

#### 4.21.2.3 sys\_alloc\_mem()

Procedure..: sys\_alloc\_mem Description..: Allocates a block of memory (similar to malloc) Params..: Number of bytes to allocate

#### 4.21.2.4 sys\_free\_mem()

```
int sys_free_mem ( {\tt void} \, * \, ptr \,)
```

Procedure..: sys\_free\_mem Description..: Frees memory Params..: Pointer to block of memory to free

#### 4.21.2.5 sys\_req()

```
int sys_req (
    int op_code,
    int device_id,
    char * buffer_ptr,
    int * count_ptr )
```

Procedure..: sys\_req Description..: Generate interrupt 60H Params..: int op\_code one of (IDLE, EXIT, READ, WRITE)

#### 4.21.2.6 sys\_set\_free()

```
void sys_set_free (
                int(*)(void *) func )
```

# 4.21.2.7 sys\_set\_malloc()

Procedure..: sys\_set\_malloc Description..: Sets the memory allocation function for sys\_alloc\_mem Params.. 

: Function pointer