

SmartBuild

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Question Definitions

- Q1: Create a predictive model for the attribute "weight_in_kg"
- Q2: Create a predictive model for the "error" attribute
- Create predictive models for further product characteristics (different models, type of model, or feature sets)

Take Home Message

- It is possible to predict error with the highest accuracy of 92%
- It is possible to predict whether there is an error or not before production
- Predicting weight in kg and error with high accuracy can optimise manufacturing processes, control costs and ensure quality. Preventing errors before production can save the company up to 86.67% in costs

Approach to Findings

- Download and review data
- Check data quality
- Select the appropriate models to be used
- Program the first models
- Review and edit code
- Review results

Reason for the analysis

- Production Optimisation
- Identify potential errors - manage and mitigate risks
- Operational excellence within SmartBuild
- Waste reduction

Overview

- Q1: weight_in_kg → RandomForestRegressor
- Q2.1: error → XGBClassifier, RandomForestClassifier
- Q2.2: error_type → RandomForestClassifier
- Q3: Quality → RandomForestRegressor
- Q4: reflectionScore → LinearRegression, ConfusionMatrix
- Q5: nicesness → LinearRegression, DecisionTreeRegression, XGBRegression

Q1: weight_in_kg

Model details:

RandomForestRegressor

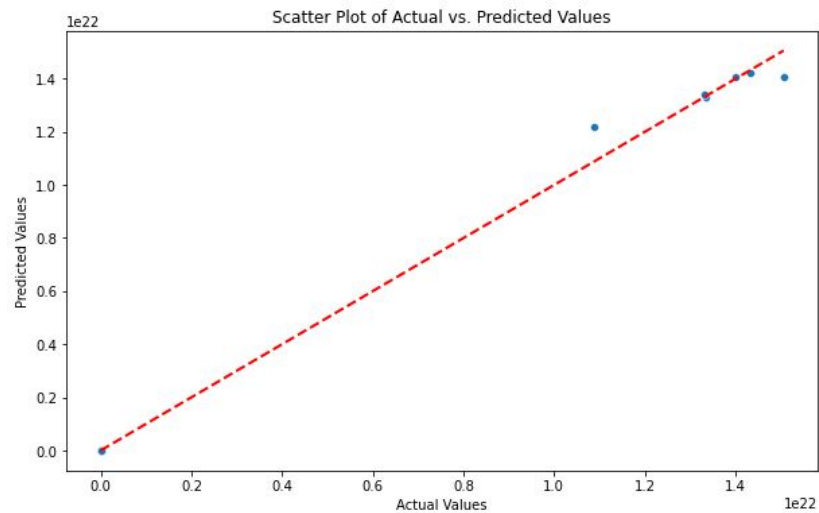
Data inputs: width, height, pressure, karma, modulation

Observations:

Random Forest Mean Squared Error: $1.24e+39$

Random Forest R-squared: 0.997

Weight in kilograms can be predicted with high accuracy when we consider the following features:



Feature	Width	Height	Pressure	Karma	Modulation
Importance	0.996242	0.003379	0.000070	0.000163	0.000145

Q2.1: error

Model details:

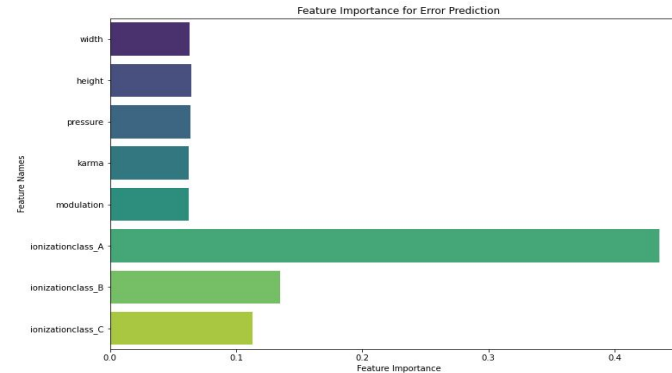
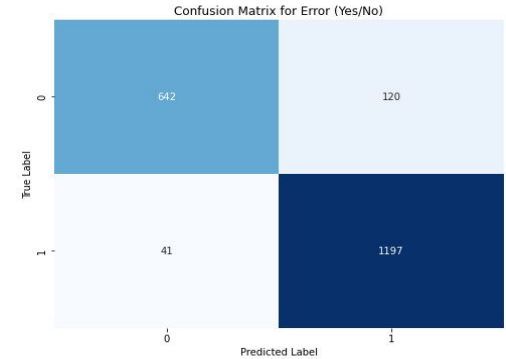
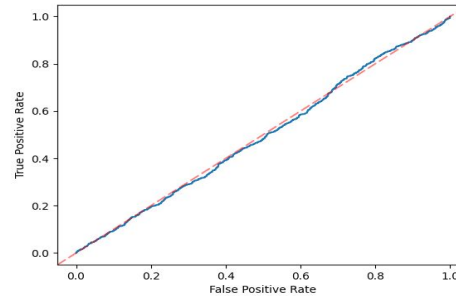
RandomForestClassifier

Data inputs: width, height, pressure, karma, modulation, ionizationclass_A, ionizationclass_B, ionizationclass_C

Observations:

Accuracy: 0.92

The models can accurately predict 92% of the time whether there is an error or not.



Q2.2: error_type

Model details:

RandomForestClassifier

Data inputs: width, height, pressure, karma, modulation,
ionizationclass_A, ionizationclass_B, ionizationclass_C

Observations:

Accuracy: 0.53

The model cannot predict the type of the error, but
rather when there is no error at all.

Confusion Matrix for error_type Prediction (with ionizationclass)

True Label	0	1	2	3
0	642	45	42	33
1	15	136	134	123
2	12	152	149	126
3	15	105	129	142
	0	1	2	3
	Predicted Label			

Q3: Quality

Model details:

RandomForestRegressor

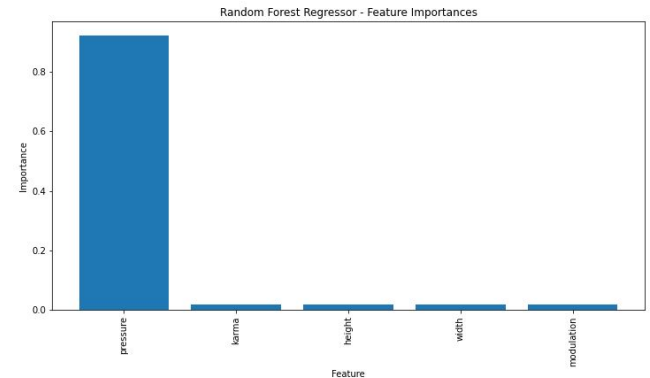
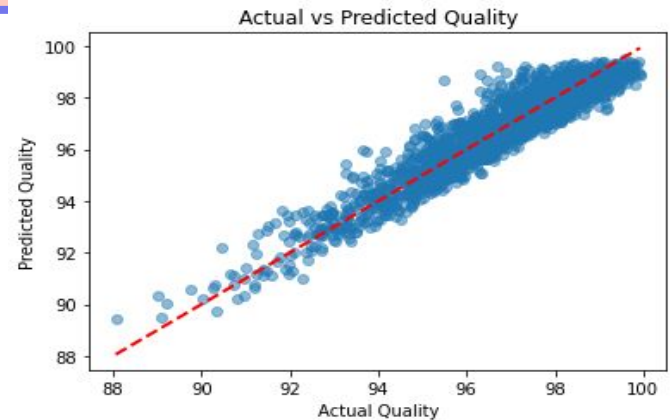
Data inputs: width, height, pressure, karma, modulation

Observations:

Mean Squared Error (quality): 0.39193227994363017

R-squared (quality): 0.8912564103523382

The model can accurately predict the quality of the product based on width, height, pressure, karma, modulation, with pressure having the highest impact.



Q4: reflectionScore

Model details:

LinearRegression

Correlation Matrix

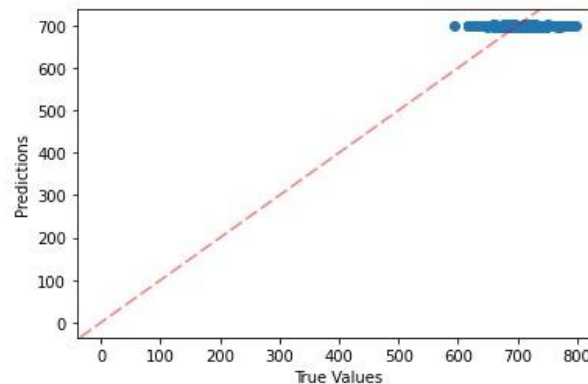
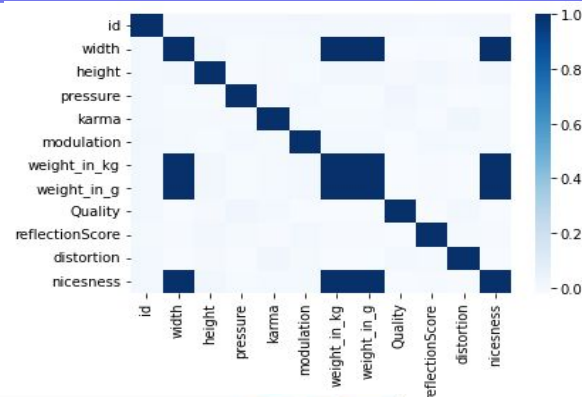
Data inputs: width, height, pressure, karma, modulation

Observations:

Mean Squared Error: 883.3759578365087

Mean Absolute Error: 23.79509438089563

The model cannot predict the reflectionScore because the reflectionScore is not correlated to the other attributes.



Q5: niceness

Model details:

LinearRegression

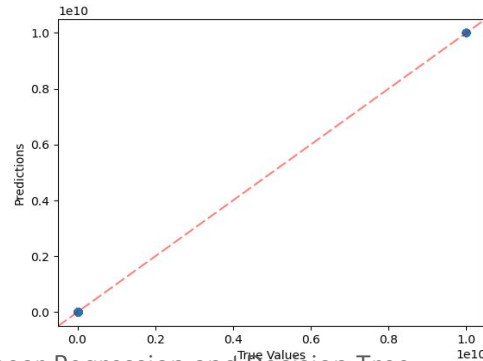
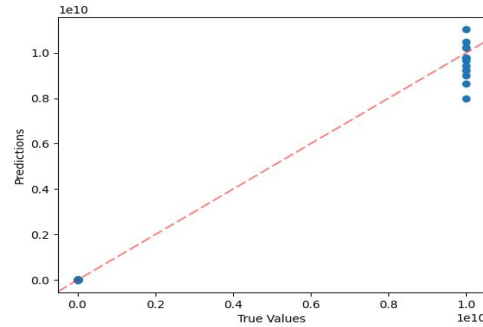
DecisionTreeRegression

XGBRegressor

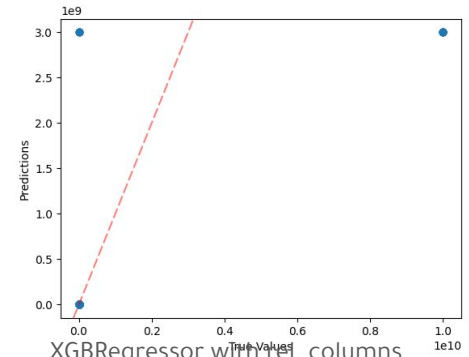
Data inputs: width, height, pressure,
karma, modulation

Observations:

- The model cannot predict the niceness because the value is subjective and there is a lack of correlation with the other attributes.
- High variance between values



Linear Regression and Decision Tree



XGBRegressor with rel. columns

Reflection - Implications for SmartBuild

- More data could be collected before the beginning of the production, enabling a larger amount of predictions
 - ensure higher accuracy for predictions
 - optimise production in the future
- For the predictions to be put in use, caution must be practised as priority

Questions?

