Status=The **git status** command displays the state of the working directory and the staging area.

Init= The **git init** command creates a new **Git** repository.

Add = The **git add** command adds a change in the working directory to the staging area.

Commit = The "**commit**" command is used to save your changes to the local repository.

Clone = **git clone** is primarily used to point to an existing repo and make a **clone** or copy of that repo at in a new directory, at another location

Checkout = The **git checkout** command lets you navigate between the branches created by **git** branch.

Pull = The **git pull** command is used to fetch and download content from a remote repository and immediately update the local repository to match that content.

Push= The **git push** command is used to upload local repository content to a remote repository.

Fetch= git fetch is the command that tells your local git to retrieve the latest meta-data info from the original (yet doesn't do any file transferring.

ls

cd

git init

git remote add origin

git remote -v

git add .

git commit -m "First commit"

git push origin master l

## ls- List all the files in the current directory

Working Directory:- The **working directory** is a single checkout of one version of the project.

Stage directory:- The **staging area** is like a rough draft space, it's where you can **git** add the version of a file or multiple files that you want to save.

Local Repository :- **local repository** is on our computer

Remote Repository:- A **remote** in **Git** is a common **repository** that all team members use to exchange their changes.