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 $= - =$  where  $\Delta p$  is the change in linear momentum from time  $t_1$  to  $t_2$ . This is often called the impulse-momentum theorem. As a result, an impulse may also be regarded as the change in ...

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Il momento di inerzia di un corpo è funzione della sua geometria, in particolare di come è distribuita la massa al suo interno. Il momento d'inerzia nella sua forma scalare è utile per risolvere numerosi

problemi, per esempio spiega perché oggetti diversi che rotolano (come sfere, cilindri o anelli) su un piano inclinato con attrito lo fanno con accelerazioni diverse.

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