CLASSIFICATION WITH VARIATIONAL QUANTUM CLASSIFIER

Group 9 (Topic 3)

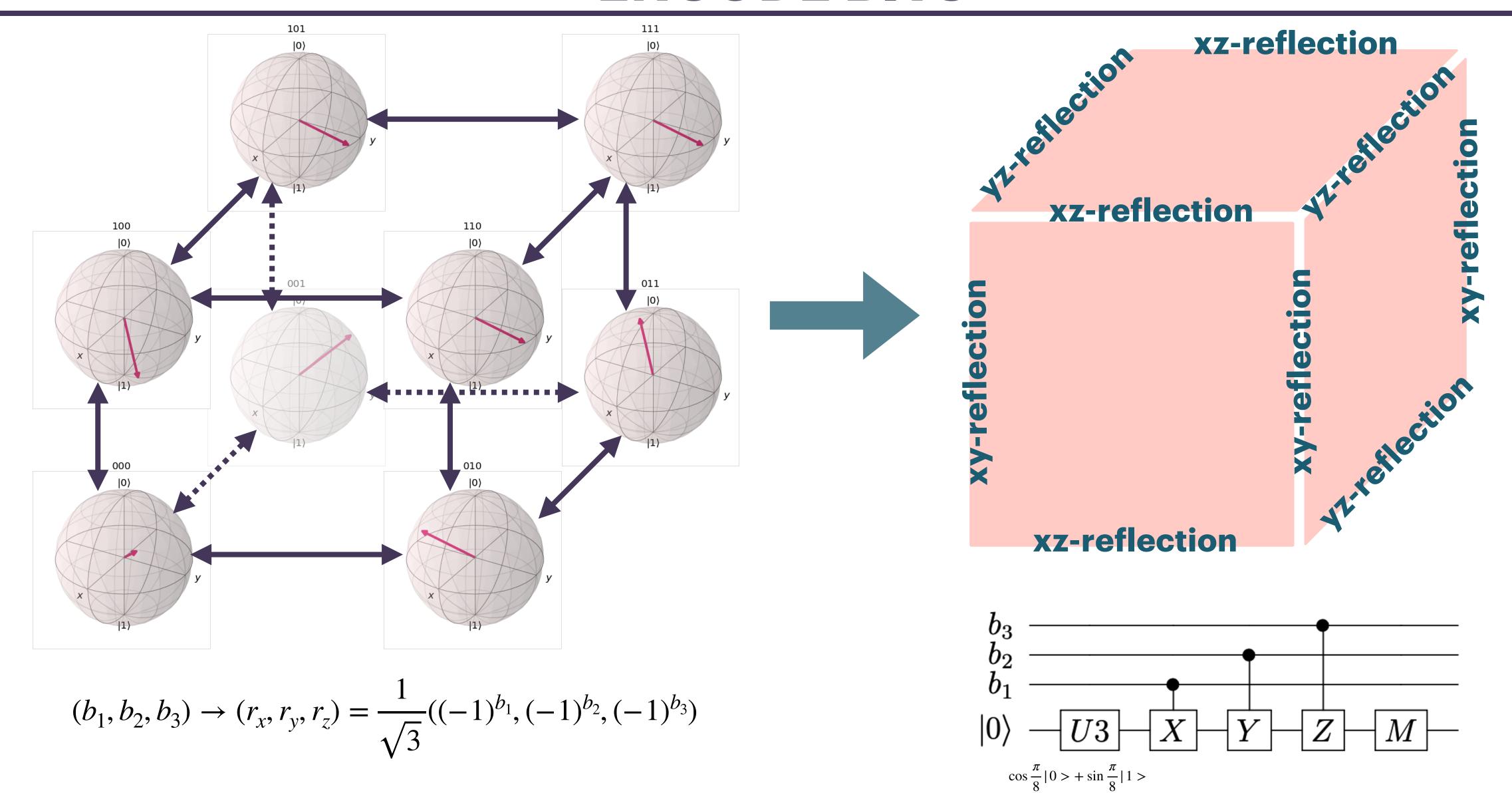
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Questions:

- 1. Encode classical bits into Quantum State
- 2. Classify discrete-feature dataset (Breast Cancer)
- 3. Predict non-discrete-feature dataset (Titanic Passengers)

ENCODE BITS



ENCODE BITS

- 1. We could encode maximum 3 classical bits into 1 qubit.
- 2. U3 gate is not unique, we could use any U3 (except for a few gates that cannot distinguish digits)

For example, U3=I is invalid

3. Measurement to different bases will indicate different classical bits

For example, measure in

$$\left\{\cos\frac{\pi}{8} \mid 0 > +\sin\frac{\pi}{8} \mid 1 > ,\sin\frac{\pi}{8} \mid 0 > +\cos\frac{\pi}{8} \mid 1 > \right\}$$

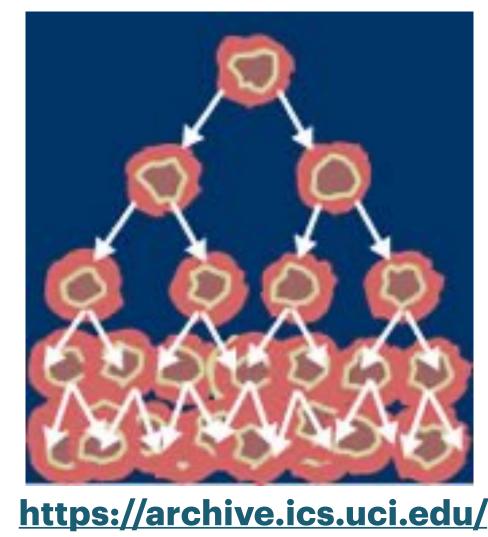
will indicate value of b_{1} for this U3

CLASSIFY BREAST CANCER

We have labelled dataset with 9 discrete features

Because feature dimension is high, we may want to use Principal Components Analysis (PCA) or just drop some unimportant features to lower computing cost.

Use Variational Quantum Classifier (VQC) is one feasible way to classify.



https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ ml/datasets/breast+cancer

https://github.com/bijing02/Group9/blob/master/breastcancer%2B1.ipynb

PREDICT SURVIVER



https://www.kaggle.com/c/titanic

In Titanic date set, we have non-digit/over-ranged-digit/missing-data/useless-date.

Firstly, we should deal with these.

Then, the rest steps are same as before.

https://github.com/bijing02/Group9/blob/master/titanic%2B1.ipynb

SUMMARY

- Machine Learning methods are many. In our class, Quantum machine learning, VQC, is specially addressed.
- 2. However, the running time of experiments on simulator (qiskit) is much slower than classical methods. It is a pity that we have not tested on real machine.
- 3. Our method of dealing last two questions is straight. Definitely, not the best solution. There are many things need to be improved.

THANK YOU