

# Optimizers

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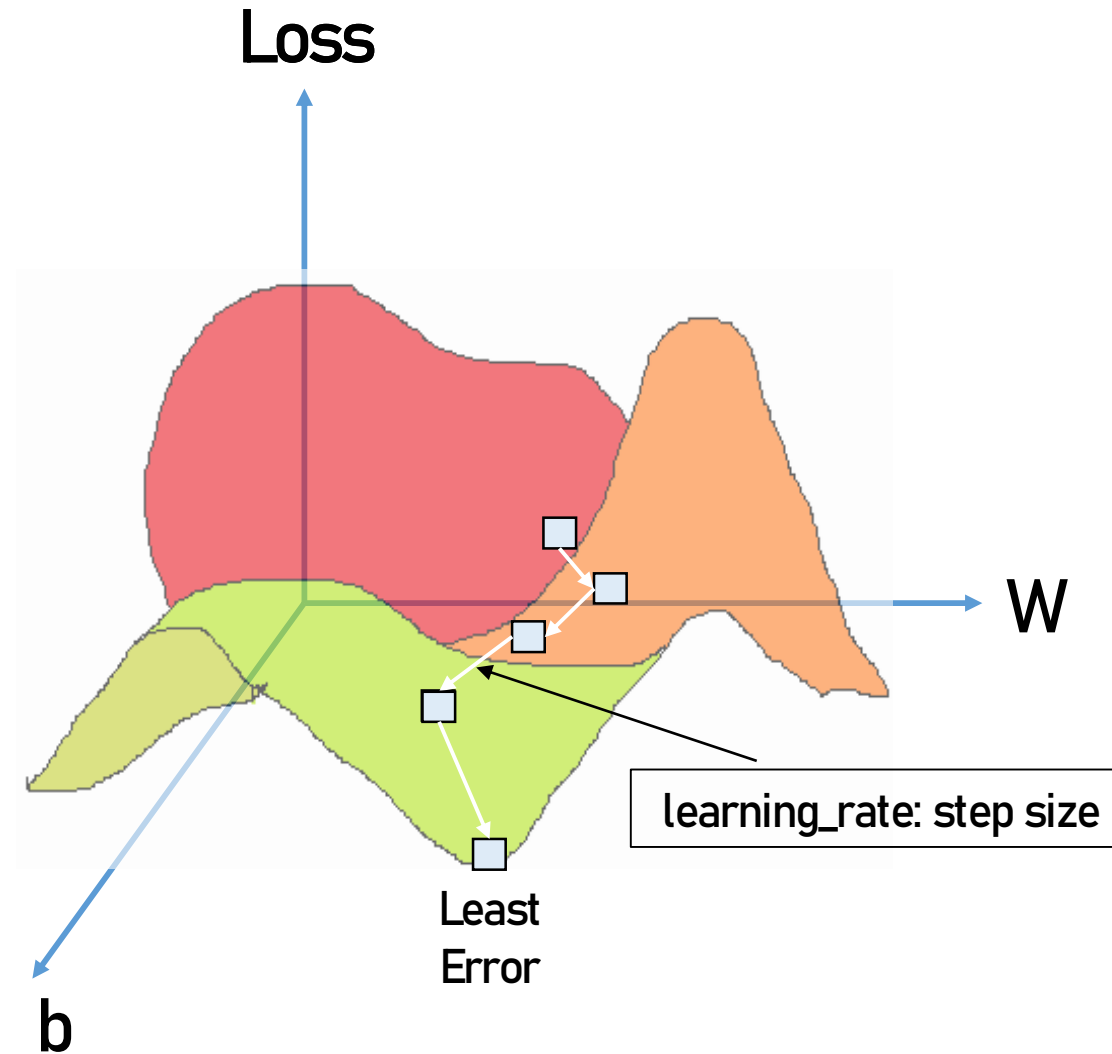


# Training Process

- Initialize all the **weights** in the network before training
- Iterate over the dataset and pass one row after another through the network
- After each row is passed, do the following:
  - Calculate the **loss**
  - Change weights & biases to **minimize the loss**
  - The process of calculating **gradients** which are used to change the weights is called "**back-propagation**"
- Iterate through the dataset "**n**" number of times
- "**n**" is called the number of epochs



# Visualizing Gradient Descent



$$\text{Parameters}^{t+1} = \text{Parameters}^t - \text{learning\_rate} * \text{Gradient}(\theta^t)$$

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Change each parameter value by deducting the respective gradient multiplied by the learning rate



Till now we have manually used the gradients change  
parameter values



**But in a real world scenario that is impossible since the neural networks might have millions of parameters**



**Optimizer does this job!!**



✓ **Construct** an object of **Optimizer**





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- ✓ **Perform calculations & call **backward()****



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- ✓ **Perform calculations & call** **backward()**
- ✓ **Perform** **optimizer.step()**



# Optimizers

`torch.optim.SGD`

`torch.optim.Adam`

`torch.optim.Adagrad`



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## SGD Optimizer

Change each parameter value by deducting the respective gradient multiplied by the learning rate



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