

AV Simulation REAP25

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Collocating Specialty Crops and Solar panels in Alabama, Southeastern USA. A paper for [Choice Magazine](#), AAEA.

1 Setting Up

1.1 Housekeeping

```
rm(list = ls()) # Clean the environment.
options(
  warn=0, # Warnings. options(warn=-1) / options(warn=0)
  scipen=999 # No scientific notations.
)
```

1.2 Load libraries

```
library(tidyverse, warn.conflicts = FALSE, quietly = TRUE)
```

```
-- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
v dplyr      1.1.4      v readr      2.1.5
v forcats    1.0.0      v stringr    1.5.1
v ggplot2    3.5.1      v tibble     3.2.1
v lubridate  1.9.3      v tidyr      1.3.1
v purrr      1.0.2
```

```
-- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
```

```
x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
```

```
x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
```

```
i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become
```

```
library(psych, warn.conflicts = FALSE, quietly = TRUE)
library(likert, warn.conflicts = FALSE, quietly = TRUE) # Likert Items
library(mice, warn.conflicts = FALSE, quietly = TRUE)
library(openxlsx2, warn.conflicts = FALSE, quietly = TRUE)
library(ggpubr, warn.conflicts = FALSE, quietly = TRUE) # Scatter plot
library(gmodels, warn.conflicts = FALSE, quietly = TRUE) # Crosstab
library(reshape2, warn.conflicts = FALSE, quietly = TRUE) # Reshape data
library(pacman, warn.conflicts = FALSE, quietly = TRUE) # Package Management
library(progress, warn.conflicts = FALSE, quietly = TRUE) #progress bar
library(arrow, warn.conflicts = FALSE, quietly = TRUE) #progress bar
```

1.3 Theme for plots

Setting theme for plots:

```
##### Plotting Data: #####  
# Map Theme:  
plottheme <- ggplot() +  
  theme_void() +  
  # Mapping theme:  
  theme(axis.title = element_blank(),  
        axis.ticks = element_blank(),  
        axis.text = element_blank(),  
        panel.border = element_blank(),  
        plot.margin = margin(t = 0,  
                              r = 0,  
                              b = 0,  
                              l = 0,  
                              unit = "cm"),  
        plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5),  
        plot.background = element_rect(fill = "white",  
                                       color = "black",  
                                       linewidth = 0),  
        panel.background = element_rect(fill = "white",  
                                       color = "black",  
                                       linewidth = 0),  
        panel.grid.major.x = element_line(color = "lightgrey",  
                                           linetype = 2,  
                                           linewidth = 0),  
        panel.grid.minor.x = element_line(color = "lightgrey",  
                                           linetype = 2,  
                                           linewidth = 0),  
        panel.grid.major.y = element_line(color = "grey",  
                                           linetype = 2,  
                                           linewidth = 0),  
        panel.grid.minor.y = element_line(color = "grey",  
                                           linetype = 2,  
                                           linewidth = 0),  
        axis.line.x.top = element_line(color = "white",  
                                       linetype = 2,  
                                       linewidth = 0),  
        axis.line.y.right = element_line(color = "white",  
                                       linetype = 2,  
                                       linewidth = 0),
```

```

axis.line.x.bottom = element_line(color = "black",
                                   linetype = 1,
                                   linewidth = 0),
axis.line.y.left = element_line(color = "black",
                                 linetype = 1,
                                 linewidth = 0),

# Text formatting:
text = element_text(family = "serif", # font
                    size = 12, # font size
                    colour = "black"# font color
),
legend.key = element_rect(color = "black",
                          fill = NA,
                          linewidth = 0.05,
                          linetype = 1),
legend.justification = "right",
legend.direction = "horizontal")

```

2 Import data

Import necessary data.

2.1 Tomato

- Yield = Total tomato production (total bucket of 25 lb) from 1 acres of land which varies from 10% to 200% of total production (100%). The range was simulated by multiplying 100% yield by yldvar.
- yldvar = Yield variation parameter ranges from 10% to 200%.
- Rev17 to Rev23 = Revenue for price ranges of \$17 to \$23 per bucket of tomato.
- Total cost = Total cost of production for the given yield.
- rolac17 to rolac23= Return to operator, labor and capital for price range of \$17 to \$23.
- operator Cost = Operator labor cost at \$15/hour for given yield. For 100% yield, total hours = 90.
- rlc17 to 23 = Return to land and capital after subtracting operator cost from total revenue.

```
tomato <- read_xlsx("Data/Parameters.xlsx",
  sheet = "Tomato",
  start_row = 2,
  start_col = 9,
  skip_empty_rows = TRUE,
  skip_empty_cols = TRUE,
  col_names = TRUE) %>%
  rename(yield = Yield,
    yldvar = `Yield Variation (%)`)
str(tomato)
```

```
'data.frame':  21 obs. of  25 variables:
 $ yldvar      : num  2 1.9 1.8 1.7 1.6 1.5 1.4 1.3 1.2 1.1 ...
 $ yield       : num  2720 2584 2448 2312 2176 ...
 $ Rev17       : num  46240 43928 41616 39304 36992 ...
 $ Rev18       : num  48960 46512 44064 41616 39168 ...
 $ Rev19       : num  51680 49096 46512 43928 41344 ...
 $ Rev20       : num  54400 51680 48960 46240 43520 ...
 $ Rev21       : num  57120 54264 51408 48552 45696 ...
 $ Rev22       : num  59840 56848 53856 50864 47872 ...
 $ Rev23       : num  62560 59432 56304 53176 50048 ...
 $ Total Cost  : num  24561 23863 23165 22467 21769 ...
 $ rolac17     : num  21679 20065 18451 16837 15223 ...
 $ rolac18     : num  24399 22649 20899 19149 17399 ...
 $ rolac19     : num  27119 25233 23347 21461 19575 ...
 $ rolac20     : num  29839 27817 25795 23773 21751 ...
 $ rolac21     : num  32559 30401 28243 26085 23927 ...
 $ rolac22     : num  35279 32985 30691 28397 26103 ...
 $ rolac23     : num  37999 35569 33139 30709 28279 ...
 $ Operator Cost: num  2700 2565 2430 2295 2160 ...
 $ rlc17       : num  18979 17500 16021 14542 13063 ...
 $ rlc18       : num  21699 20084 18469 16854 15239 ...
 $ rlc19       : num  24419 22668 20917 19166 17415 ...
 $ rlc20       : num  27139 25252 23365 21478 19591 ...
 $ rlc21       : num  29859 27836 25813 23790 21767 ...
 $ rlc22       : num  32579 30420 28261 26102 23943 ...
 $ rlc223      : num  35299 33004 30709 28414 26119 ...
```

```
head(tomato); tail(tomato)
```

```
yldvar yield Rev17 Rev18 Rev19 Rev20 Rev21 Rev22 Rev23 Total Cost rolac17
```

3	2.0	2720	46240	48960	51680	54400	57120	59840	62560	24560.62	21679.38
4	1.9	2584	43928	46512	49096	51680	54264	56848	59432	23862.62	20065.38
5	1.8	2448	41616	44064	46512	48960	51408	53856	56304	23164.62	18451.38
6	1.7	2312	39304	41616	43928	46240	48552	50864	53176	22466.62	16837.38
7	1.6	2176	36992	39168	41344	43520	45696	47872	50048	21768.62	15223.38
8	1.5	2040	34680	36720	38760	40800	42840	44880	46920	21070.62	13609.38
	rolac18	rolac19	rolac20	rolac21	rolac22	rolac23	Operator Cost		rlc17		
3	24399.38	27119.38	29839.38	32559.38	35279.38	37999.38		2700	18979.38		
4	22649.38	25233.38	27817.38	30401.38	32985.38	35569.38		2565	17500.38		
5	20899.38	23347.38	25795.38	28243.38	30691.38	33139.38		2430	16021.38		
6	19149.38	21461.38	23773.38	26085.38	28397.38	30709.38		2295	14542.38		
7	17399.38	19575.38	21751.38	23927.38	26103.38	28279.38		2160	13063.38		
8	15649.38	17689.38	19729.38	21769.38	23809.38	25849.38		2025	11584.38		
	rlc18	rlc19	rlc20	rlc21	rlc22	rlc223					
3	21699.38	24419.38	27139.38	29859.38	32579.38	35299.38					
4	20084.38	22668.38	25252.38	27836.38	30420.38	33004.38					
5	18469.38	20917.38	23365.38	25813.38	28261.38	30709.38					
6	16854.38	19166.38	21478.38	23790.38	26102.38	28414.38					
7	15239.38	17415.38	19591.38	21767.38	23943.38	26119.38					
8	13624.38	15664.38	17704.38	19744.38	21784.38	23824.38					

	yldvar	yield	Rev17	Rev18	Rev19	Rev20	Rev21	Rev22	Rev23	Total Cost	rolac17
18	0.5	680	11560	12240	12920	13600	14280	14960	15640	14090.62	-2530.617
19	0.4	544	9248	9792	10336	10880	11424	11968	12512	13392.62	-4144.617
20	0.3	408	6936	7344	7752	8160	8568	8976	9384	12694.62	-5758.617
21	0.2	272	4624	4896	5168	5440	5712	5984	6256	11996.62	-7372.617
22	0.1	136	2312	2448	2584	2720	2856	2992	3128	11298.62	-8986.617
23	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10600.62	-10600.617
	rolac18	rolac19	rolac20	rolac21	rolac22	rolac23					
18	-1850.617	-1170.617	-490.6174	189.3826	869.3826	1549.3826					
19	-3600.617	-3056.617	-2512.6174	-1968.6174	-1424.6174	-880.6174					
20	-5350.617	-4942.617	-4534.6174	-4126.6174	-3718.6174	-3310.6174					
21	-7100.617	-6828.617	-6556.6174	-6284.6174	-6012.6174	-5740.6174					
22	-8850.617	-8714.617	-8578.6174	-8442.6174	-8306.6174	-8170.6174					
23	-10600.617	-10600.617	-10600.6174	-10600.6174	-10600.6174	-10600.6174					
	Operator Cost	rlc17	rlc18	rlc19	rlc20	rlc21					
18	675	-3205.617	-2525.617	-1845.617	-1165.617	-485.6174					
19	540	-4684.617	-4140.617	-3596.617	-3052.617	-2508.6174					
20	405	-6163.617	-5755.617	-5347.617	-4939.617	-4531.6174					
21	270	-7642.617	-7370.617	-7098.617	-6826.617	-6554.6174					
22	135	-9121.617	-8985.617	-8849.617	-8713.617	-8577.6174					
23	0	-10600.617	-10600.617	-10600.617	-10600.617	-10600.6174					

	rlc22	rlc223
18	194.3826	874.3826
19	-1964.6174	-1420.6174
20	-4123.6174	-3715.6174
21	-6282.6174	-6010.6174
22	-8441.6174	-8305.6174
23	-10600.6174	-10600.6174

2.2 Strawberry

- Everything same as tomato.
- Numbers 3 to 9 in names are price ranges for strawberry.

```
strawberry <- read_xlsx("Data/Parameters.xlsx",
  sheet = "Strawberry",
  start_row = 2,
  start_col = 7,
  skip_empty_rows = TRUE,
  skip_empty_cols = TRUE,
  col_names = TRUE) %>%
  rename(yield = Yield,
    yldvar = `Yield Variation (%)`)
str(strawberry)
```

```
'data.frame':  21 obs. of  25 variables:
 $ yldvar      : num  2 1.9 1.8 1.7 1.6 1.5 1.4 1.3 1.2 1.1 ...
 $ yield       : num  6150 5843 5535 5228 4920 ...
 $ Rev3        : num  18450 17529 16605 15684 14760 ...
 $ Rev4        : num  24600 23372 22140 20912 19680 ...
 $ Rev5        : num  30750 29215 27675 26140 24600 ...
 $ Rev6        : num  36900 35058 33210 31368 29520 ...
 $ Rev7        : num  43050 40901 38745 36596 34440 ...
 $ Rev8        : num  49200 46744 44280 41824 39360 ...
 $ Rev9        : num  55350 52587 49815 47052 44280 ...
 $ Total Cost  : num  17731 17386 17040 16694 16348 ...
 $ rolac3      : num  719 143 -435 -1010 -1588 ...
 $ rolac4      : num  6869 5986 5100 4218 3332 ...
 $ rolac5      : num  13019 11829 10635 9446 8252 ...
 $ rolac6      : num  19169 17672 16170 14674 13172 ...
 $ rolac7      : num  25319 23515 21705 19902 18092 ...
 $ rolac8      : num  31469 29358 27240 25130 23012 ...
```



```

$ rolac9      : num  37619 35201 32775 30358 27932 ...
$ Operator Cost: num  2700 2565 2430 2295 2160 ...
$ rlc3        : num  -1981 -2422 -2865 -3306 -3748 ...
$ rlc4        : num   4169 3421 2670 1922 1172 ...
$ rlc5        : num  10319 9264 8205 7150 6092 ...
$ rlc6        : num  16469 15107 13740 12378 11012 ...
$ rlc7        : num  22619 20950 19275 17606 15932 ...
$ rlc8        : num  28769 26793 24810 22834 20852 ...
$ rlc9        : num  34919 32636 30345 28062 25772 ...

```

```
head(strawberry); tail(strawberry)
```

```

      yldvar yield Rev3 Rev4 Rev5 Rev6 Rev7 Rev8 Rev9 Total Cost   rolac3
3      2.0  6150 18450 24600 30750 36900 43050 49200 55350   17730.79   719.205
4      1.9  5843 17529 23372 29215 35058 40901 46744 52587   17385.71   143.288
5      1.8  5535 16605 22140 27675 33210 38745 44280 49815   17039.50  -434.505
6      1.7  5228 15684 20912 26140 31368 36596 41824 47052   16694.42 -1010.422
7      1.6  4920 14760 19680 24600 29520 34440 39360 44280   16348.21 -1588.215
8      1.5  4613 13839 18452 23065 27678 32291 36904 41517   16003.13 -2164.132
      rolac4   rolac5   rolac6   rolac7   rolac8   rolac9 Operator Cost
3 6869.205 13019.205 19169.21 25319.21 31469.21 37619.21      2700.00
4 5986.288 11829.288 17672.29 23515.29 29358.29 35201.29      2565.22
5 5100.495 10635.495 16170.50 21705.50 27240.50 32775.50      2430.00
6 4217.578  9445.578 14673.58 19901.58 25129.58 30357.58      2295.22
7 3331.785  8251.785 13171.79 18091.79 23011.79 27931.79      2160.00
8 2448.868  7061.868 11674.87 16287.87 20900.87 25513.87      2025.22
      rlc3      rlc4      rlc5      rlc6      rlc7      rlc8      rlc9
3 -1980.795 4169.2050 10319.205 16469.205 22619.21 28769.21 34919.21
4 -2421.932 3421.0685  9264.068 15107.068 20950.07 26793.07 32636.07
5 -2864.505 2670.4950  8205.495 13740.495 19275.50 24810.50 30345.50
6 -3305.642 1922.3585  7150.358 12378.358 17606.36 22834.36 28062.36
7 -3748.215 1171.7850  6091.785 11011.785 15931.79 20851.79 25771.79
8 -4189.352  423.6485  5036.648  9649.648 14262.65 18875.65 23488.65

```

```

      yldvar yield Rev3 Rev4 Rev5 Rev6 Rev7 Rev8 Rev9 Total Cost   rolac3
18     0.5  1538 4614 6152 7690 9228 10766 12304 13842   12546.68 -7932.682
19     0.4  1230 3690 4920 6150 7380  8610  9840 11070   12200.47 -8510.475
20     0.3   923 2769 3692 4615 5538  6461  7384  8307   11855.39 -9086.392
21     0.2   615 1845 2460 3075 3690  4305  4920  5535   11509.18 -9664.185
22     0.1   308  924 1232 1540 1848  2156  2464  2772   11164.10 -10240.102
23     0.0     0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0   10817.89 -10817.895
      rolac4   rolac5   rolac6   rolac7   rolac8   rolac9

```

18	-6394.682	-4856.682	-3318.682	-1780.682	-242.682	1295.318
19	-7280.475	-6050.475	-4820.475	-3590.475	-2360.475	-1130.475
20	-8163.392	-7240.392	-6317.392	-5394.392	-4471.392	-3548.392
21	-9049.185	-8434.185	-7819.185	-7204.185	-6589.185	-5974.185
22	-9932.102	-9624.102	-9316.102	-9008.102	-8700.102	-8392.102
23	-10817.895	-10817.895	-10817.895	-10817.895	-10817.895	-10817.895
	Operator Cost	rlc3	rlc4	rlc5	rlc6	rlc7
18	675.2195	-8607.902	-7069.902	-5531.902	-3993.902	-2455.902
19	540.0000	-9050.475	-7820.475	-6590.475	-5360.475	-4130.475
20	405.2195	-9491.612	-8568.612	-7645.612	-6722.612	-5799.612
21	270.0000	-9934.185	-9319.185	-8704.185	-8089.185	-7474.185
22	135.2195	-10375.322	-10067.322	-9759.322	-9451.322	-9143.322
23	0.0000	-10817.895	-10817.895	-10817.895	-10817.895	-10817.895
	rlc8	rlc9				
18	-917.9015	620.0985				
19	-2900.4750	-1670.4750				
20	-4876.6115	-3953.6115				
21	-6859.1850	-6244.1850				
22	-8835.3215	-8527.3215				
23	-10817.8950	-10817.8950				

2.3 Squash

- Everything same as tomato and strawberry.
- Numbers 11 to 17 in names are price ranges for squash.

```
squash <- read_xlsx("Data/Parameters.xlsx",
  sheet = "Squash",
  start_row = 2,
  start_col = 8,
  skip_empty_rows = TRUE,
  skip_empty_cols = TRUE,
  col_names = TRUE) %>%
  rename(yield = Yield,
    yldvar = `Yield Variation (%)`)
str(squash)
```

```
'data.frame':  21 obs. of  25 variables:
 $ yldvar      : num  2 1.9 1.8 1.7 1.6 1.5 1.4 1.3 1.2 1.1 ...
 $ yield       : num  2180 2071 1962 1853 1744 ...
 $ Rev11       : num  23980 22781 21582 20383 19184 ...
```

```

$ Rev12      : num  26160 24852 23544 22236 20928 ...
$ Rev13      : num  28340 26923 25506 24089 22672 ...
$ Rev14      : num  30520 28994 27468 25942 24416 ...
$ Rev15      : num  32700 31065 29430 27795 26160 ...
$ Rev16      : num  34880 33136 31392 29648 27904 ...
$ Rev17      : num  37060 35207 33354 31501 29648 ...
$ Total Cost : num  13671 13174 12676 12179 11682 ...
$ rolac11    : num  10309 9607 8906 8204 7502 ...
$ rolac12    : num  12489 11678 10868 10057 9246 ...
$ rolac13    : num  14669 13749 12830 11910 10990 ...
$ rolac14    : num  16849 15820 14792 13763 12734 ...
$ rolac15    : num  19029 17891 16754 15616 14478 ...
$ rolac16    : num  21209 19962 18716 17469 16222 ...
$ rolac17    : num  23389 22033 20678 19322 17966 ...
$ Operator Cost: num  2700 2565 2430 2295 2160 ...
$ rlc11      : num  7609 7042 6476 5909 5342 ...
$ rlc12      : num  9789 9113 8438 7762 7086 ...
$ rlc13      : num  11969 11184 10400 9615 8830 ...
$ rlc14      : num  14149 13255 12362 11468 10574 ...
$ rlc15      : num  16329 15326 14324 13321 12318 ...
$ rlc16      : num  18509 17397 16286 15174 14062 ...
$ rlc17      : num  20689 19468 18248 17027 15806 ...

```

```
head(squash); tail(squash)
```

```

      yldvar yield Rev11 Rev12 Rev13 Rev14 Rev15 Rev16 Rev17 Total Cost  rolac11
3      2.0  2180 23980 26160 28340 30520 32700 34880 37060   13670.88 10309.117
4      1.9  2071 22781 24852 26923 28994 31065 33136 35207   13173.63  9607.367
5      1.8  1962 21582 23544 25506 27468 29430 31392 33354   12676.38  8905.617
6      1.7  1853 20383 22236 24089 25942 27795 29648 31501   12179.13  8203.867
7      1.6  1744 19184 20928 22672 24416 26160 27904 29648   11681.88  7502.117
8      1.5  1635 17985 19620 21255 22890 24525 26160 27795   11184.63  6800.367
      rolac12 rolac13 rolac14 rolac15 rolac16 rolac17 Operator Cost  rlc11
3 12489.117 14669.12 16849.12 19029.12 21209.12 23389.12      2700 7609.117
4 11678.367 13749.37 15820.37 17891.37 19962.37 22033.37      2565 7042.367
5 10867.617 12829.62 14791.62 16753.62 18715.62 20677.62      2430 6475.617
6 10056.867 11909.87 13762.87 15615.87 17468.87 19321.87      2295 5908.867
7  9246.117 10990.12 12734.12 14478.12 16222.12 17966.12      2160 5342.117
8  8435.367 10070.37 11705.37 13340.37 14975.37 16610.37      2025 4775.367
      rlc12  rlc13  rlc14  rlc15  rlc16  rlc17
3 9789.117 11969.117 14149.117 16329.12 18509.12 20689.12
4 9113.367 11184.367 13255.367 15326.37 17397.37 19468.37

```

5	8437.617	10399.617	12361.617	14323.62	16285.62	18247.62
6	7761.867	9614.867	11467.867	13320.87	15173.87	17026.87
7	7086.117	8830.117	10574.117	12318.12	14062.12	15806.12
8	6410.367	8045.367	9680.367	11315.37	12950.37	14585.37

	yldvar	yield	Rev11	Rev12	Rev13	Rev14	Rev15	Rev16	Rev17	Total	Cost	rolac11		
18	0.5	545	5995	6540	7085	7630	8175	8720	9265	6212.133		-217.133		
19	0.4	436	4796	5232	5668	6104	6540	6976	7412	5714.883		-918.883		
20	0.3	327	3597	3924	4251	4578	4905	5232	5559	5217.633		-1620.633		
21	0.2	218	2398	2616	2834	3052	3270	3488	3706	4720.383		-2322.383		
22	0.1	109	1199	1308	1417	1526	1635	1744	1853	4223.133		-3024.133		
23	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3725.883		-3725.883		
	rolac12		rolac13		rolac14		rolac15		rolac16		rolac17			
18	327.867		872.86702		1417.867		1962.867		2507.86702		3052.867			
19	-482.883		-46.88298		389.117		825.117		1261.11702		1697.117			
20	-1293.633		-966.63298		-639.633		-312.633		14.36702		341.367			
21	-2104.383		-1886.38298		-1668.383		-1450.383		-1232.38298		-1014.383			
22	-2915.133		-2806.13298		-2697.133		-2588.133		-2479.13298		-2370.133			
23	-3725.883		-3725.88298		-3725.883		-3725.883		-3725.88298		-3725.883			
	Operator	Cost		rlc11		rlc12		rlc13		rlc14		rlc15		rlc16
18		675		-892.133		-347.133		197.867		742.867		1287.867		1832.867
19		540		-1458.883		-1022.883		-586.883		-150.883		285.117		721.117
20		405		-2025.633		-1698.633		-1371.633		-1044.633		-717.633		-390.633
21		270		-2592.383		-2374.383		-2156.383		-1938.383		-1720.383		-1502.383
22		135		-3159.133		-3050.133		-2941.133		-2832.133		-2723.133		-2614.133
23		0		-3725.883		-3725.883		-3725.883		-3725.883		-3725.883		-3725.883
				rlc17										
18				2377.86702										
19				1157.11702										
20				-63.63298										
21				-1284.38298										
22				-2505.13298										
23				-3725.88298										

2.4 Electricity price

Electricity price ranges from 1 cents to 6 cents in 0.5 cent increment. Previously, I used AL retail electricity price as described below. It's no longer in use but I put description below for the record.

Electricity price (\$/kWh) was retail electricity price range for Alabama based on retail electricity price in April 2023 and April 2024 taken from [DOE Database](#). Retail electricity price range

in Alabama was from 6.44 to 15.85 cents/kWh in April 2023 and April 2024 which represents industry, commercial, and residential prices.

```
elec_price <- read_xlsx("Data/Parameters.xlsx",  
                        sheet = "Electricity Price") %>%  
  rename(epr_kwh = `Electricity Price ($/kWh)`)  
str(elec_price)
```

```
'data.frame':  11 obs. of  1 variable:  
 $ epr_kwh: num  0.01 0.015 0.02 0.025 0.03 0.035 0.04 0.045 0.05 0.055 ...
```

```
elec_price
```

```
  epr_kwh  
2    0.010  
3    0.015  
4    0.020  
5    0.025  
6    0.030  
7    0.035  
8    0.040  
9    0.045  
10   0.050  
11   0.055  
12   0.060
```

2.5 PV system cost

- Data taken from “[Capital Costs for Dual-Use Photovoltaic Installations: 2020 Benchmark](#)” Table 1 and Figure 3.
- This data was used to estimate CAPEX.
- avtypes = agrivoltaic types.
- item = itemized component of system.
- cost = cost of each item.
- height = ground to panel clearance height (ft.)
- tcost = Total cost is the sum of all itemized cost for AV system. See figure 3 and table 1 in above document for more detail.

```
pvsc <- wb_read(file = "Data/Parameters.xlsx",
               sheet = "PV system Cost (NREL)",
               rows = c(1:109),
               cols = c(1:5),
               col_names = TRUE) %>%
  rename(avtyps = `AV Types`,
         item = Item,
         cost = `Cost ($/W)`,
         height = `Panel Height (ft.)`,
         tcost = `Total Cost ($/W)`
  )
str(pvsc)
```

```
'data.frame':  108 obs. of  5 variables:
 $ avtyps: chr  "Typical Fixed PV" "Typical Fixed PV" "Typical Fixed PV" "Typical Fixed PV"
 $ item  : chr  "EPC/Developer Net Profit" "Developer Overhead" "Contingency(3%)" "Interconnec
 $ cost  : num  0.11 0.15 0.05 0.03 0.02 0.05 0.12 0.18 0.24 0.11 ...
 $ height: num  4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 ...
 $ tcost : num  1.53 1.53 1.53 1.53 1.53 1.53 1.53 1.53 1.53 1.53 ...
```

```
head(pvsc); tail(pvsc)
```

	avtyps	item	cost	height	tcost
2	Typical Fixed PV	EPC/Developer Net Profit	0.11	4.6	1.53
3	Typical Fixed PV	Developer Overhead	0.15	4.6	1.53
4	Typical Fixed PV	Contingency(3%)	0.05	4.6	1.53
5	Typical Fixed PV	Interconnection Fee	0.03	4.6	1.53
6	Typical Fixed PV	Permitting Fee (if any)	0.02	4.6	1.53
7	Typical Fixed PV	Sale Tax (if any)	0.05	4.6	1.53

	avtyps	item	cost
104	PV + Crops (Reinforced Regular Mount)	EPC Overhead	0.25
105	PV + Crops (Reinforced Regular Mount)	Installation and Labor Cost	0.32
106	PV + Crops (Reinforced Regular Mount)	Electrical BOS	0.38
107	PV + Crops (Reinforced Regular Mount)	Structural BOS	0.32
108	PV + Crops (Reinforced Regular Mount)	Inverter Only	0.08
109	PV + Crops (Reinforced Regular Mount)	Module	0.40

	height	tcost
104	8.2	2.33
105	8.2	2.33

```

106      8.2  2.33
107      8.2  2.33
108      8.2  2.33
109      8.2  2.33

```

2.6 Capex (NREL)

Variable Descriptions:

- Capex: Capital investment cost (\$/W) to develop solar energy system. Capex includes cost of physical structure, developer's overhead and EPC/Developer's net profit.
- capex estimated as $f(\text{height}, \text{tracker})$ using OLS for 6.4 ft Tracking system.
- Height = ground to panel clearance in ft.
- array: Solar array. Tracker = Single axis sun tracking panels; Fixed = Non-tracking panels.
- Source: [Horowitz, 2020. CAPEX AV.](#)

```

capex <- read.table(file = "Data/CAPEX.txt",
                    header = TRUE,
                    sep = "\t") %>%
  rename(capex = cost,
         height = pheight,
         array = tracker)
str(capex)

```

```

'data.frame':  6 obs. of  3 variables:
 $ height: num  4.6 4.6 6.4 8.2 8.2 6.4
 $ capex : num  1.59 1.73 1.85 2.33 2.11 ...
 $ array : chr  "Fixed" "Tracking" "Fixed" "Fixed" ...

```

```
capex
```

```

  height    capex    array
1    4.6 1.593333   Fixed
2    4.6 1.733333 Tracking
3    6.4 1.850000   Fixed
4    8.2 2.330000   Fixed
5    8.2 2.110000 Tracking
6    6.4 1.921667 Tracking

```

2.6.1 Plotting capex

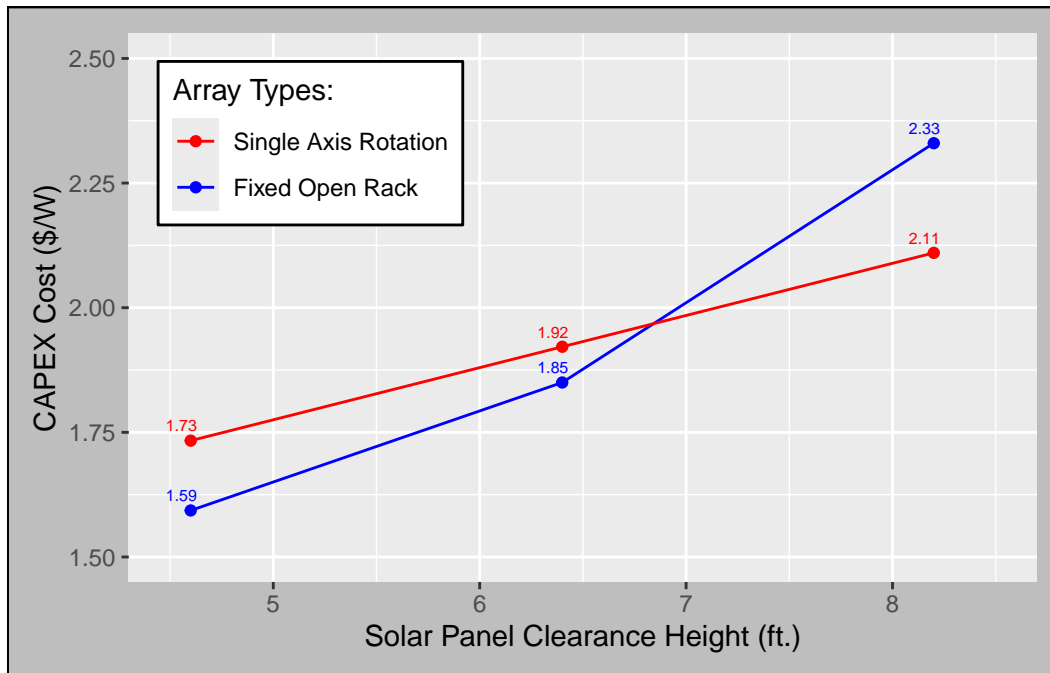
```
capex %>%
  ggplot(aes(
    x = height,
    y = capex,
    color = array,
    group = array
  )) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_line() +
  # Display the rounded capex values
  geom_text(aes(label = sprintf("%.2f", capex)),
    vjust = -0.8,
    hjust = 0.8,
    size = 2,
    check_overlap = TRUE,
    show.legend = FALSE
  ) +
  labs(
    #title = "CAPEX Cost by Solar Panel Height",
    x = "Solar Panel Clearance Height (ft.)",
    y = "CAPEX Cost ($/W)",
    color = "Array Types:"
  ) +
  scale_x_continuous(limits = c(4.5, 8.5)) +
  scale_y_continuous(limits = c(1.5, 2.5)) +
  guides(color = guide_legend(reverse = TRUE)) +
  theme(
    plot.background = element_rect(
      fill = "grey",
      color = "black"
    ),
    legend.position = "inside",
    legend.position.inside = c(0.2, 0.8),
    legend.background = element_rect(
      fill = "white",
      color = "black"
    ),
    plot.margin = margin(10, 10, 10, 10)
  ) +
  scale_color_manual(
```



```

values = c("Fixed" = "blue",
           "Tracking" = "red"),
labels = c("Fixed Open Rack",
           "Single Axis Rotation")
)

```



```

# Save the plot
ggsave(
  filename = "Plots/CAPEX Solar Panels R25.png",
  width = 8,
  height = 6,
  units = "in"
)

```

2.7 Panel Configuration

- Panel configuration and DV system output (W).

```

panconf <- wb_read(file = "Data/Parameters.xlsx",
                  sheet = "PV Spacing",
                  start_row = 2,

```

```

        start_col = 1,
        skip_empty_rows = TRUE,
        skip_empty_cols = TRUE,
        col_names = TRUE)
str(panconf)

```

'data.frame': 21 obs. of 21 variables:

```

$ Total Area (Acre)           : num  1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
$ Total Area (Sq. Ft.)       : num  43560 43560 43560 43560 43560 ...
$ Solar Proportion           : num  1 0.95 0.9 0.85 0.8 0.75 0.7 0.65 0.6 0.55 ...
$ Solar Proportion Area (Sq. Ft.): num  43560 41382 39204 37026 34848 ...
$ Solar Proportion Area (Sq.M.) : num  4047 3845 3642 3440 3237 ...
$ Side Length (ft.)          : num  209 209 209 209 209 ...
$ YSide Length (ft.)         : num  209 209 209 209 209 ...
$ XSide length (ft.)         : num  209 198 188 177 167 ...
$ Panel Length (ft.)         : num  7.75 7.75 7.75 7.75 7.75 7.75 7.75 7.75 7.75 7.75 ...
$ Row Seperator (ft.)       : num  6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 ...
$ Panel Width(ft.)          : num  3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 ...
$ Panel Area (Sq. ft.)       : num  27.1 27.1 27.1 27.1 27.1 ...
$ Panels/Row                 : num  59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 59 ...
$ Total Rows                 : num  15 14 13 12 12 11 10 9 9 8 ...
$ Total Panels               : num  885 826 767 708 708 649 590 531 531 472 ...
$ Array Area (Sq. Ft.)       : num  24006 22405 20805 19205 19205 ...
$ Array Area (Sq. M.)        : num  2230 2082 1933 1784 1784 ...
$ XSide Open Length (ft)     : num  92 100 107 115 115 123 131 138 138 146 ...
$ Inter Panel Spacing (ft)   : num  6 7 8 10 10 12 14 17 17 20 ...
$ Panel Efficienfy           : num  0.19 0.19 0.19 0.19 0.19 0.19 0.19 0.19 0.19 0.19 ...
$ DC System Size (kW)        : num  424 395 367 339 339 ...

```

```
head(panconf); tail(panconf)
```

	Total Area (Acre)	Total Area (Sq. Ft.)	Solar Proportion
3	1	43560	1.00
4	1	43560	0.95
5	1	43560	0.90
6	1	43560	0.85
7	1	43560	0.80
8	1	43560	0.75
	Solar Proportion Area (Sq. Ft.)	Solar Proportion Area (Sq.M.)	
3	43560	4046.856	
4	41382	3844.513	

5		39204		3642.170
6		37026		3439.828
7		34848		3237.485
8		32670		3035.142
	Side Length (ft.)	YSide Length (ft.)	XSide length (ft.)	Panel Length (ft.)
3	208.7103	208.7103	208.7103	7.75
4	208.7103	208.7103	198.2748	7.75
5	208.7103	208.7103	187.8393	7.75
6	208.7103	208.7103	177.4038	7.75
7	208.7103	208.7103	166.9683	7.75
8	208.7103	208.7103	156.5327	7.75
	Row Seperator (ft.)	Panel Width(ft.)	Panel Area (Sq. ft.)	Panels/Row
3	6	3.5	27.125	59
4	6	3.5	27.125	59
5	6	3.5	27.125	59
6	6	3.5	27.125	59
7	6	3.5	27.125	59
8	6	3.5	27.125	59
	Total Rows	Total Panels	Array Area (Sq. Ft.)	Array Area (Sq. M.)
3	15	885	24005.62	2230.195
4	14	826	22405.25	2081.516
5	13	767	20804.88	1932.836
6	12	708	19204.50	1784.156
7	12	708	19204.50	1784.156
8	11	649	17604.12	1635.477
	XSide Open Length (ft)	Inter Panel Spacing (ft)	Panel Efficienfy	
3	92	6	0.19	
4	100	7	0.19	
5	107	8	0.19	
6	115	10	0.19	
7	115	10	0.19	
8	123	12	0.19	
	DC System Size (kW)			
3	423.7371			
4	395.4880			
5	367.2388			
6	338.9897			
7	338.9897			
8	310.7405			
	Total Area (Acre)	Total Area (Sq. Ft.)	Solar Proportion	
18	1	43560	0.25	

19	1	43560	0.20	
20	1	43560	0.15	
21	1	43560	0.10	
22	1	43560	0.05	
23	1	43560	0.00	
Solar Proportion Area (Sq. Ft.) Solar Proportion Area (Sq.M.)				
18		10890	1011.7140	
19		8712	809.3712	
20		6534	607.0284	
21		4356	404.6856	
22		2178	202.3428	
23		0	0.0000	
Side Length (ft.) YSide Length (ft.) XSide length (ft.) Panel Length (ft.)				
18	208.7103	208.7103	52.17758	7.75
19	208.7103	208.7103	41.74207	7.75
20	208.7103	208.7103	31.30655	7.75
21	208.7103	208.7103	20.87103	7.75
22	208.7103	208.7103	10.43552	7.75
23	208.7103	208.7103	0.00000	7.75
Row Seperator (ft.) Panel Width(ft.) Panel Area (Sq. ft.) Panels/Row				
18	6	3.5	27.125	59
19	6	3.5	27.125	59
20	6	3.5	27.125	59
21	6	3.5	27.125	59
22	6	3.5	27.125	59
23	6	3.5	27.125	59
Total Rows Total Panels Array Area (Sq. Ft.) Array Area (Sq. M.)				
18	3	177	4801.125	446.0391
19	3	177	4801.125	446.0391
20	2	118	3200.750	297.3594
21	1	59	1600.375	148.6797
22	0	0	0.000	0.0000
23	0	0	0.000	0.0000
XSide Open Length (ft) Inter Panel Spacing (ft) Panel Efficienfy				
18		185	92	0.19
19		185	92	0.19
20		193	193	0.19
21		200	NA	0.19
22		208	NA	0.19
23		208	NA	0.19
DC System Size (kW)				
18		84.74742		
19		84.74742		

20	56.49828
21	28.24914
22	0.00000
23	0.00000

2.8 Energy output

Energy output was simulated using NREL [PV Watts Calculator](#).

- sprop = land proportion covered by solar in 1 acres. Value ranges from 0 to 1.
- Panels = Total number of panels in 1 acres of land.
- datalot: 1 = first simulation done for four regions of AL; 2 = second simulation done for four regions of AL. Two simulations have two unique zipcodes for each simulated region.
- al_regs = regions of Alabama
- zips = zipcodes selected from each region of AL for simulation.
- array = Fixed (open rack); 1AxisRot = 1 Axis Tracking. See above NREL tool for more detail.
- dc_kw = DC system size, calculated for each solar panel heights considering solar panels efficiency and area covered by solar panels.
- energy = total energy output (kWh/Year) considering system parameters. Total hours considered by the model is 8,760 (See [PV Watts Calculator](#) Results > help (below the result) > results > download monthly or hourly results).

```
energy_output <- read_xlsx("Data/Parameters.xlsx",
                           sheet = "Energy Output",
                           start_row = 1,
                           start_col = 1,
                           skip_empty_rows = TRUE,
                           skip_empty_cols = TRUE,
                           col_names = TRUE) %>%
  rename(sprop = `Solar Proportion`,
         panels = `Total Panels`,
         datalot = DataLot,
         al_regs = `Region of AL`,
         zips = ZIPCODE,
         array = `Array Type`,
         dc_kw = `DC System Size (kW)`,
         energy = `Energy (kWh/Year)`) %>%
```

```
mutate(
  dc_kw = round(dc_kw,2),
  array = case_when(
    array == "1AxisRot" ~ "Tracking",
    array == "FixedOpen" ~ "Fixed",
    TRUE ~ array)
)
str(energy_output)
```

```
'data.frame':  336 obs. of  8 variables:
 $ sprop  : num  1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0.95 0.95 ...
 $ panels : num  885 885 885 885 885 885 885 885 826 826 ...
 $ datalot: num  1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
 $ al_regs: chr  "Northern" "Northern" "Central" "Central" ...
 $ zips   : num  35801 35801 35223 35223 36117 ...
 $ array  : chr  "Tracking" "Fixed" "Tracking" "Fixed" ...
 $ dc_kw  : num  424 424 424 424 424 ...
 $ energy : num  672887 585225 668895 579758 728181 ...
```

```
head(energy_output); tail(energy_output)
```

	sprop	panels	datalot	al_regs	zips	array	dc_kw	energy
2	1	885	1	Northern	35801	Tracking	423.74	672887
3	1	885	1	Northern	35801	Fixed	423.74	585225
4	1	885	1	Central	35223	Tracking	423.74	668895
5	1	885	1	Central	35223	Fixed	423.74	579758
6	1	885	1	Black Belt	36117	Tracking	423.74	728181
7	1	885	1	Black Belt	36117	Fixed	423.74	629523

	sprop	panels	datalot	al_regs	zips	array	dc_kw	energy
332	0	0	2	Central	35136	Tracking	0	0
333	0	0	2	Central	35136	Fixed	0	0
334	0	0	2	Black Belt	36040	Tracking	0	0
335	0	0	2	Black Belt	36040	Fixed	0	0
336	0	0	2	Southern	36507	Tracking	0	0
337	0	0	2	Southern	36507	Fixed	0	0

2.8.1 By # of Panels

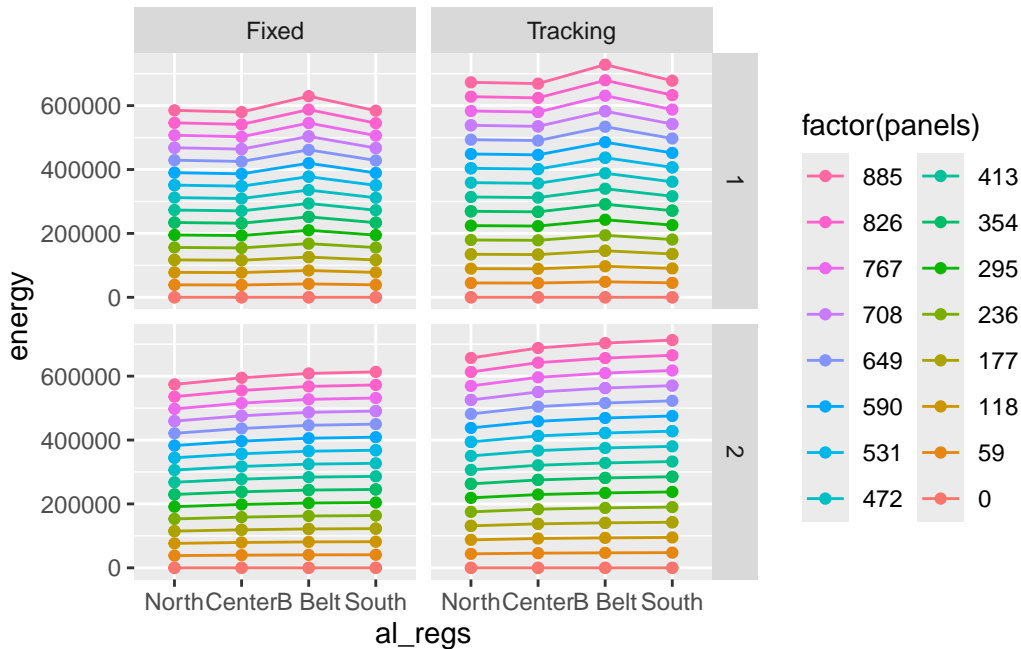
Plotting Energy output by number of solar panels in one acres of AV system from fixed and single axis rotation system for two zipcodes (1, 2) within each of the four regions of AL.

```

lox <- c("Northern", "Central", "Black Belt", "Southern")
array_levs = c("Single Axis Rotation", "Fixed Open Rack")
datalot_levs = c("Location 1", "Location 2")
ggplot(data = energy_output,
       mapping = aes(x = al_regs,
                     y = energy,
                     #fill = energy,
                     color = factor(panels),
                     group = factor(panels))) +

geom_line()+
geom_point() +
facet_grid(datalot~array) +
scale_x_discrete(limits = lox,
                 labels = c("North", "Center", "B Belt", "South")) +
guides(color = guide_legend(ncol = 2, reverse = TRUE))

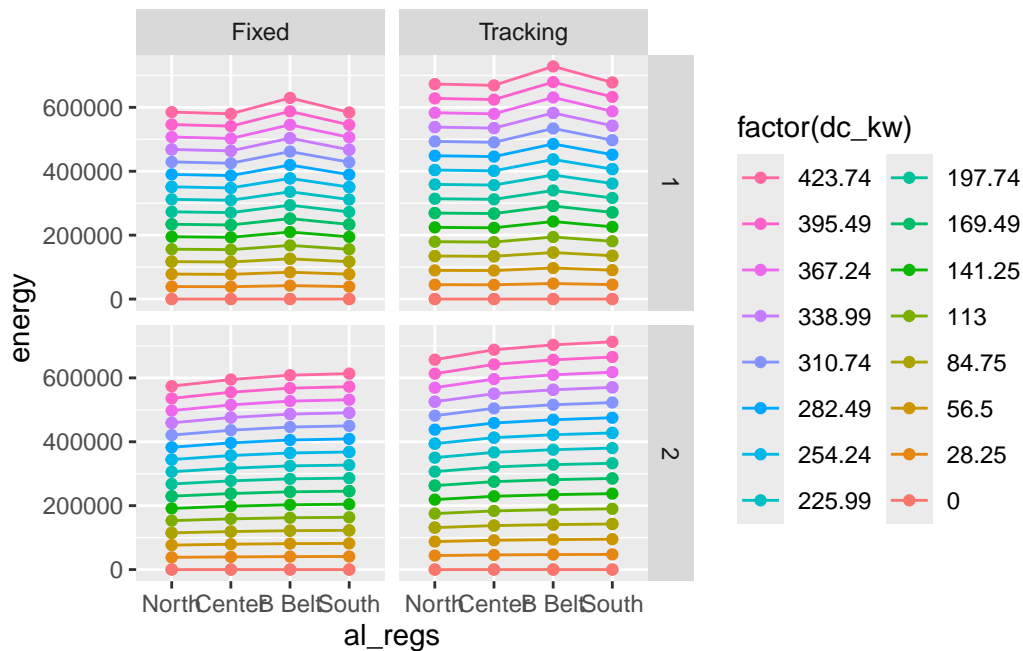
```



2.8.2 By DC System Size

Plotting Energy output by DC System Size from fixed and single axis rotation system for two zipcodes (1, 2) within each of the four regions of AL.

```
lox <- c("Northern", "Central", "Black Belt", "Southern")
ggplot(data = energy_output,
       mapping = aes(x = al_regs,
                     y = energy,
                     #fill = energy,
                     color = factor(dc_kw),
                     group = factor(dc_kw))) +
  geom_line()+
  geom_point() +
  facet_grid(datalot~array) +
  scale_x_discrete(limits = lox,
                  labels = c("North", "Center", "B Belt", "South")) +
  guides(color = guide_legend(ncol = 2, reverse = TRUE))
```



3 Solar Energy

3.1 Simulation: Energy Revenue

- elcprc = electricity price. See Electricity price data for more detail.

- elcrev = Revenue from electricity for given electricity prices. See “energy output” and “electricity price” dataset for more details.
- I filtered datalot 2—I did not take average of “energy” from datalot 1 and datalot 2—to minimize computation time.

```
# Convert to data frames if they are not already
matrix1 <- energy_output %>%
  group_by(sprop, al_regs, array, dc_kw, panels) %>%
  dplyr::filter(datalot == 2) %>%
  # Compute mean of datalot 1 and datalot 2:
  summarise(
    energy = mean(energy),
    .groups = 'drop'
  ) # dimension of matrix is 168*6
matrix2 <- elec_price # dimension of matrix is 11*1

# Initialize the result data frame
# energy_revenue <- data.frame(matrix(nrow = 1848, ncol = 9))
energy_revenue <- data.frame(
  matrix(nrow = nrow(matrix2)*nrow(matrix1),
    ncol = ncol(matrix2)+ncol(matrix1)+1))

# Variable to keep track of the row index in the result matrix
row_index <- 1

# Loop through each value of the second matrix
for (i in 1:nrow(matrix2)) {
  # Loop through each value of the second matrix
  for (j in 1:nrow(matrix1)) {
    # First matrix, second matrix, combined two matrices.
    new_row <- c(matrix1[j, ],
      matrix2[i, ],
      matrix1$energy[j] * matrix2$epr_kwh[i])
    # Assign the new row to the result matrix
    energy_revenue[row_index, ] <- new_row
    # Increment the row index
    row_index <- row_index + 1
  }
}

# Name the columns
colnames(energy_revenue) <- c(colnames(matrix1), "elcprc", "elcrev")
# Check for any NAs in the result
```

```

if(any(is.na(energy_revenue))) {
  na_indices <- which(is.na(energy_revenue), arr.ind = TRUE)
  print(paste("NAs found at rows:", unique(na_indices[, 1])))
} else {
  print("No NAs found in the result data frame.")
}

```

```
[1] "No NAs found in the result data frame."
```

```
str(energy_revenue)
```

```

'data.frame':  1848 obs. of  8 variables:
 $ sprop  : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.05 0.05 ...
 $ al_regs: chr   "Black Belt" "Black Belt" "Central" "Central" ...
 $ array  : chr   "Fixed" "Tracking" "Fixed" "Tracking" ...
 $ dc_kw  : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ panels : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ energy : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ elcprc : num  0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 ...
 $ elcrev : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...

```

```
head(energy_revenue); tail(energy_revenue)
```

	sprop	al_regs	array	dc_kw	panels	energy	elcprc	elcrev
1	0	Black Belt	Fixed	0	0	0	0.01	0
2	0	Black Belt	Tracking	0	0	0	0.01	0
3	0	Central	Fixed	0	0	0	0.01	0
4	0	Central	Tracking	0	0	0	0.01	0
5	0	Northern	Fixed	0	0	0	0.01	0
6	0	Northern	Tracking	0	0	0	0.01	0

	sprop	al_regs	array	dc_kw	panels	energy	elcprc	elcrev
1843	1	Central	Fixed	423.74	885	594824	0.06	35689.44
1844	1	Central	Tracking	423.74	885	688037	0.06	41282.22
1845	1	Northern	Fixed	423.74	885	574020	0.06	34441.20
1846	1	Northern	Tracking	423.74	885	656889	0.06	39413.34
1847	1	Southern	Fixed	423.74	885	613342	0.06	36800.52
1848	1	Southern	Tracking	423.74	885	712873	0.06	42772.38

3.2 Simulation 2: Energy Revenue

This simulation has same result as above (Cross checking above code and output). Results are suppressed but errors and warnings are not. No error and no warnings means code is working as it should.

```
## | results='hide'
# Sample data
set.seed(123)
matrix1 <- energy_output # dimension of matrix is 176*7
matrix2 <- elec_price # dimension of matrix is 11*1

# Initializing the result matrix
result_matrix <- data.frame(matrix(ncol = nrow(matrix2),
                                   nrow = 0))
colnames(result_matrix) <- c(colnames(matrix1), "elcrev", "elcprc")

# Loop to multiply first and second matrices
for (i in 1:nrow(matrix2)) {
  temp_matrix <- matrix1
  temp_matrix$E_Prc <- matrix2[i, ]
  temp_matrix$E_Rev <- matrix1$energy[j] * matrix2$epr_kwh[i]
  result_matrix <- rbind(result_matrix, temp_matrix)
}
str(result_matrix)
head(result_matrix); tail(result_matrix)
```

3.3 Plots: Energy Revenue

3.3.1 By # of solar panels

I am using data from simulation 1 for this visualization. This code plots one chart per electricity cost. There are 11 electricity cost resulting into 11 charts. Electricity revenue is average revenue of first and second lots of simulation.

```
lox <- c("Northern", "Central", "Black Belt", "Southern")
array_levs = c("Single Axis Rotation", "Fixed Open Rack")
datalot_levs = c("Location 1", "Location 2")
for (i in unique(energy_revenue$elcprc)) {
  a = ggplot(data = (energy_revenue %>%
    dplyr::filter(elcprc == i)),
```

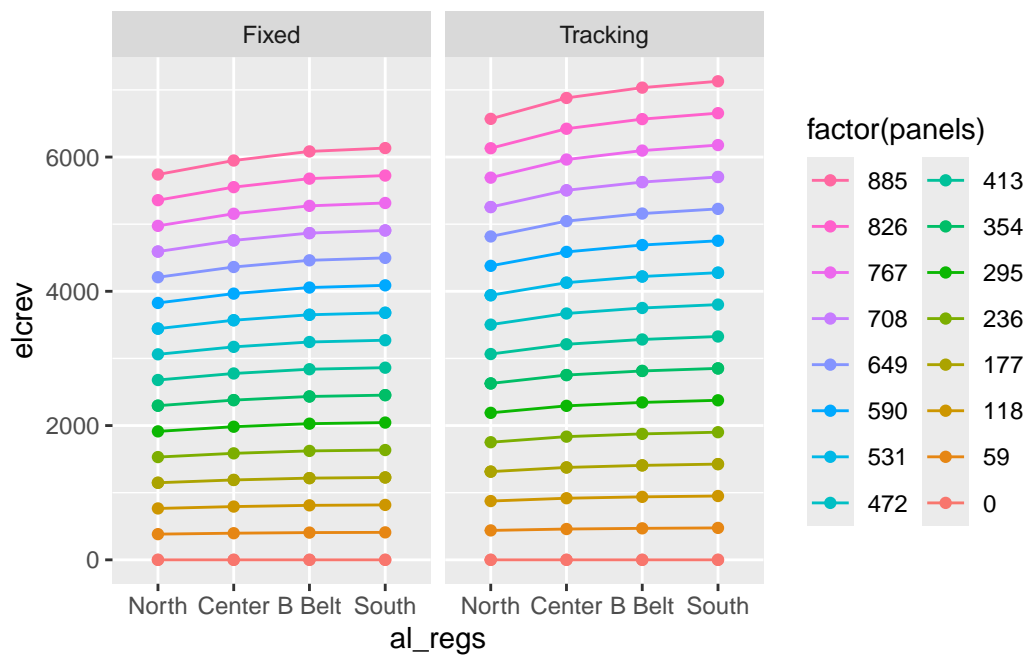
```

    mapping = aes(x =al_regs,
                  y = elcrev,
                  #fill = energy,
                  color = factor(panels),
                  group = factor(panels)))+

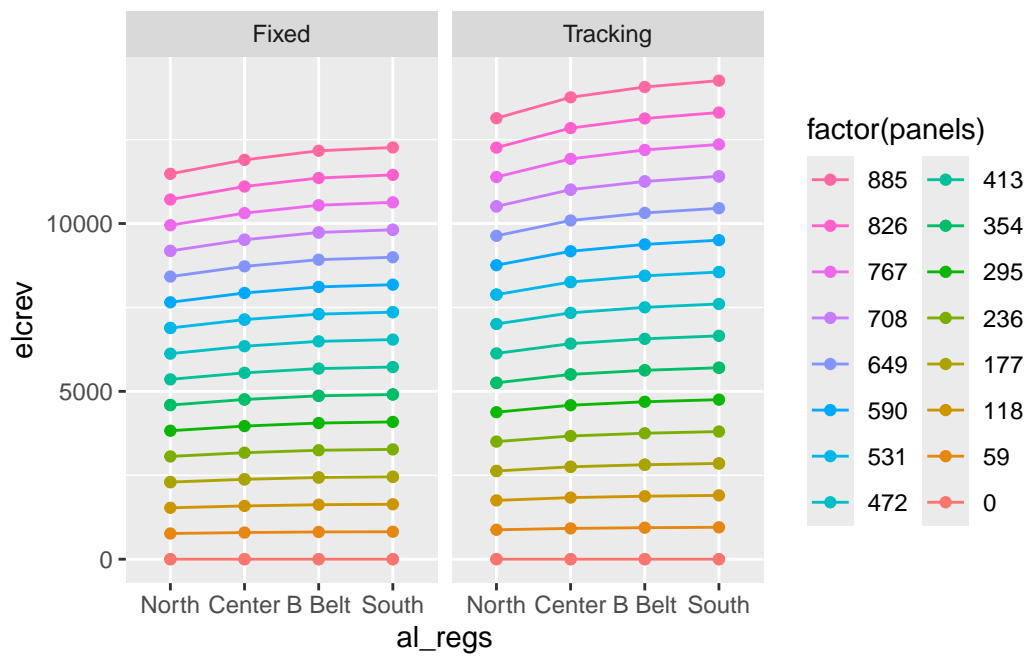
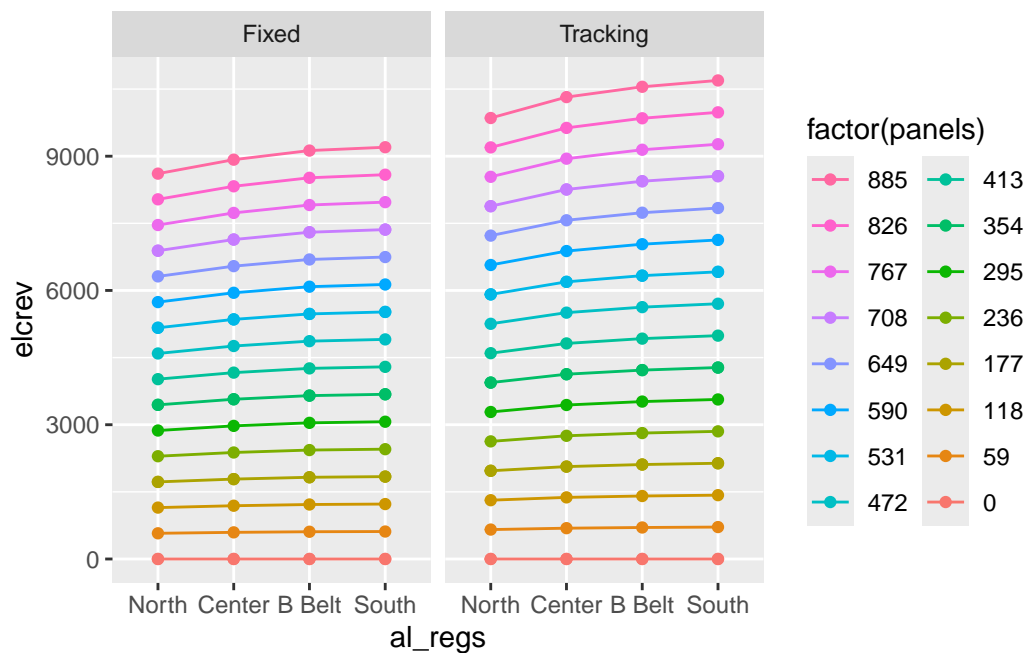
    geom_line()+
    geom_point()+
    facet_grid(.~array) +
    scale_x_discrete(limits = lox,
                    labels = c("North", "Center", "B Belt", "South")) +
    guides(color = guide_legend(ncol = 2, reverse = TRUE))
cat("Electricity Price = ", i)
print(a)
}

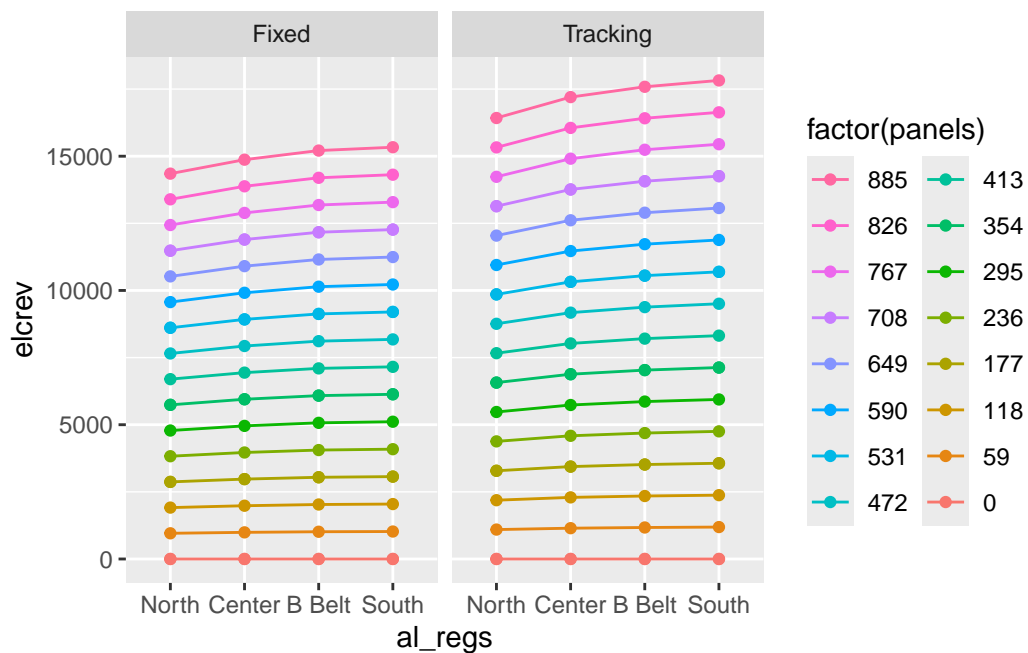
```

Electricity Price = 0.01

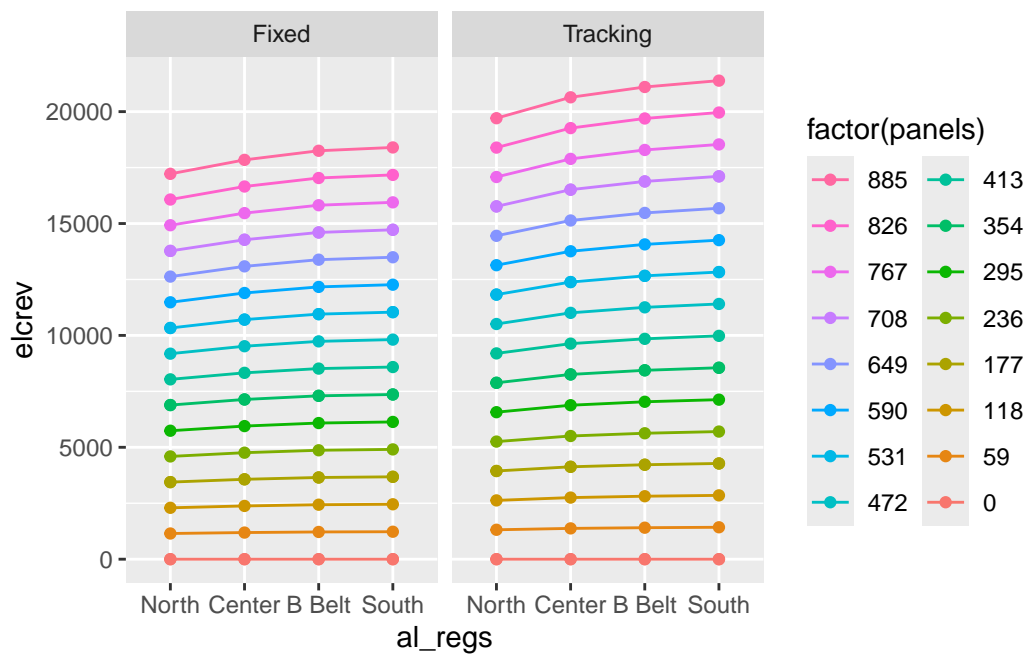


Electricity Price = 0.015

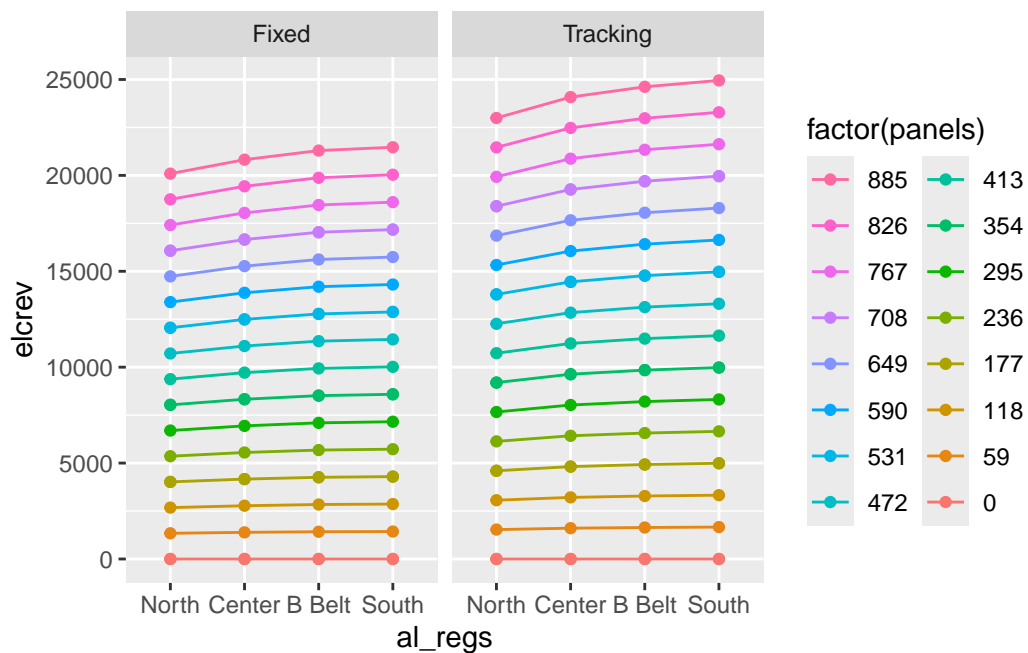




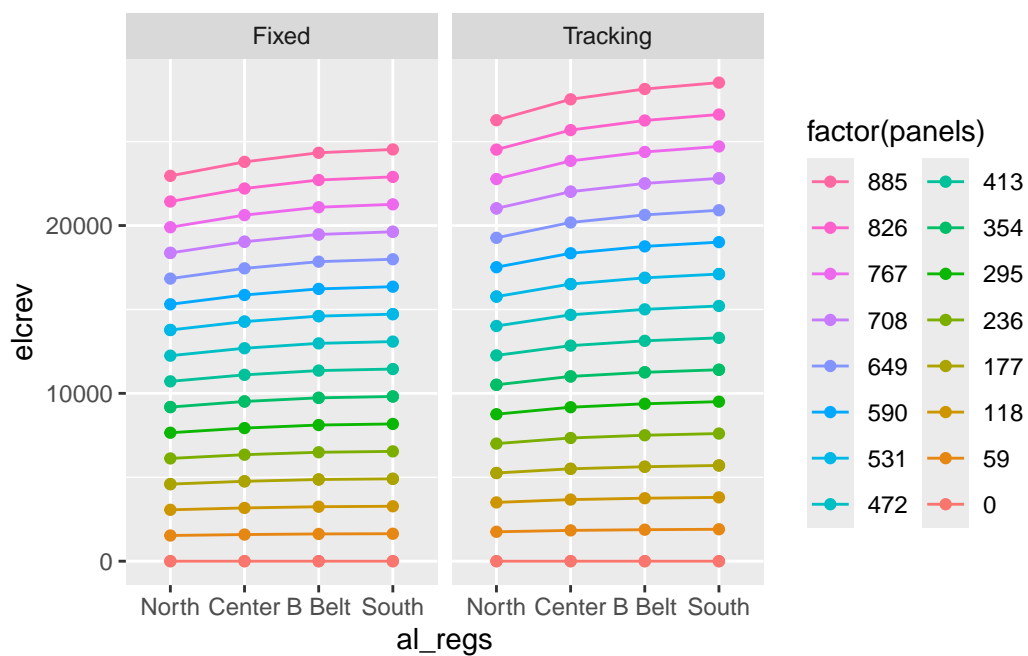
Electricity Price = 0.03



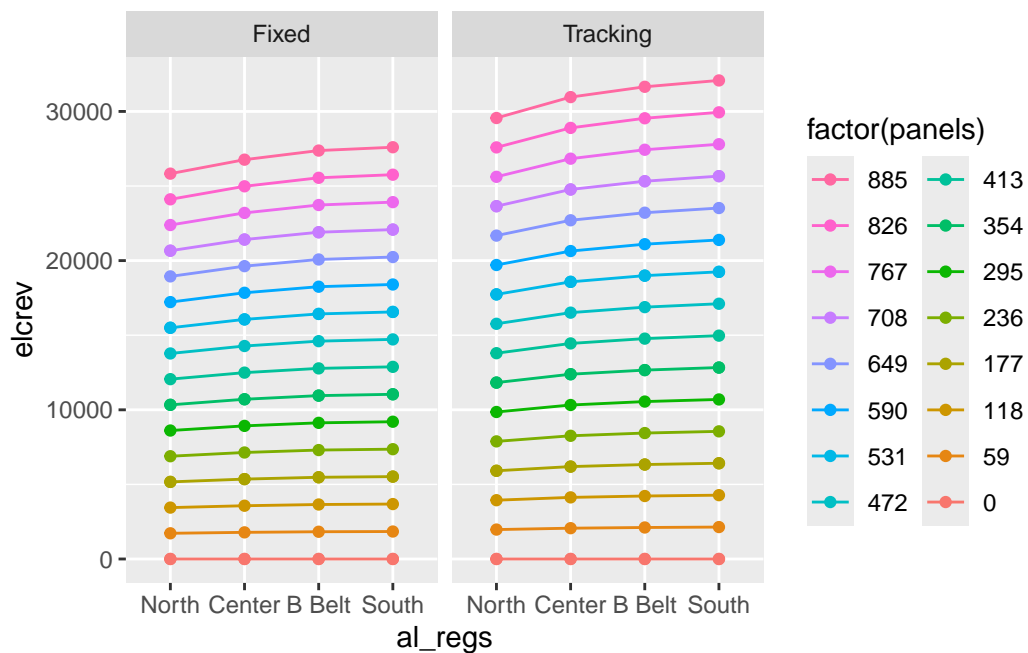
Electricity Price = 0.035



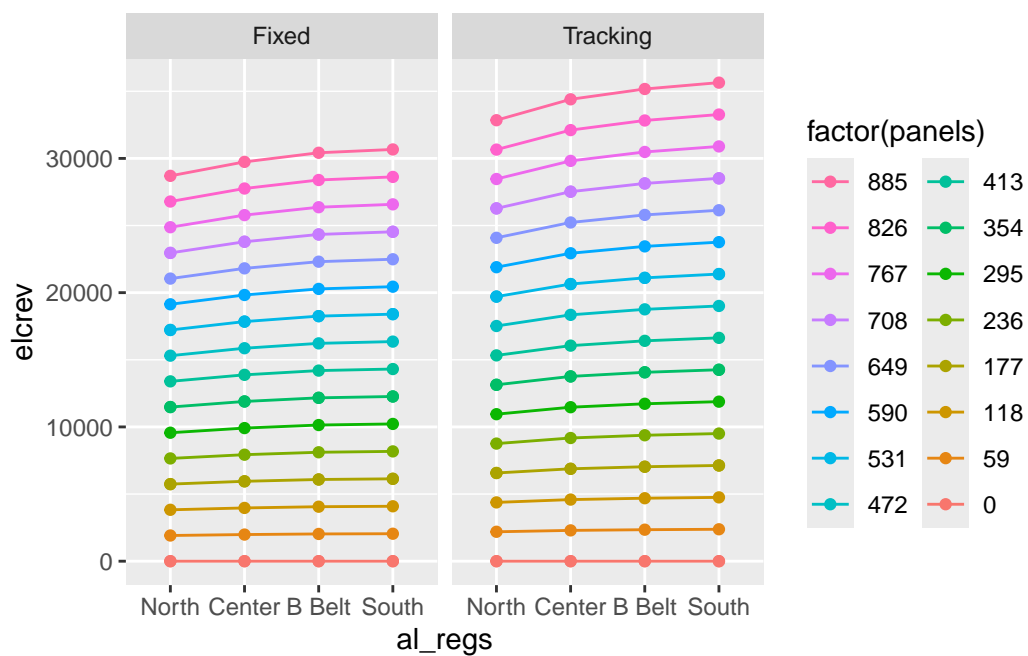
Electricity Price = 0.04



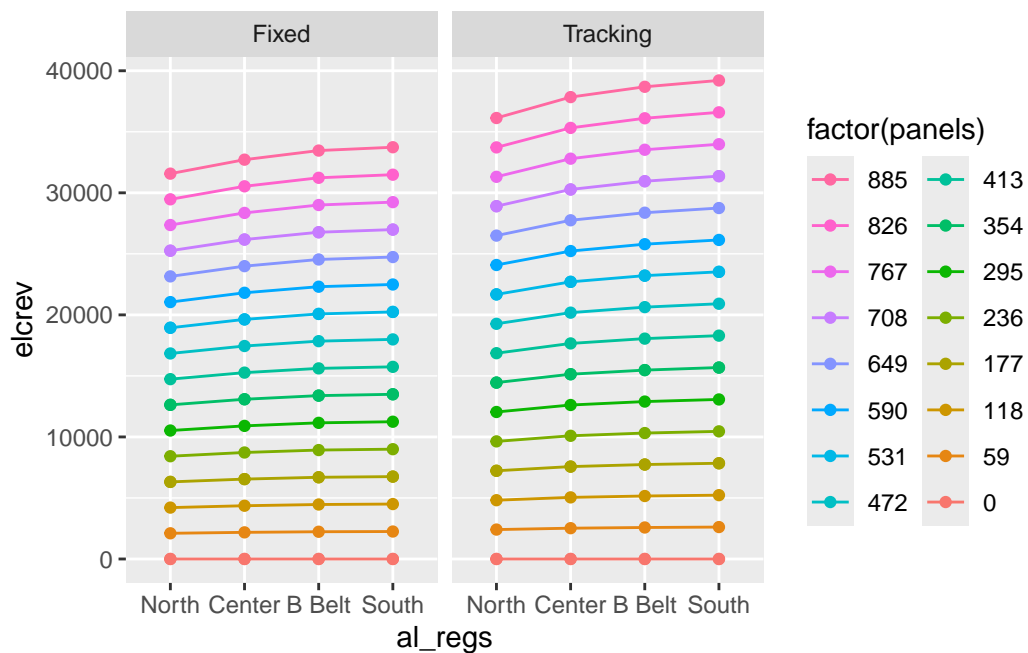
Electricity Price = 0.045



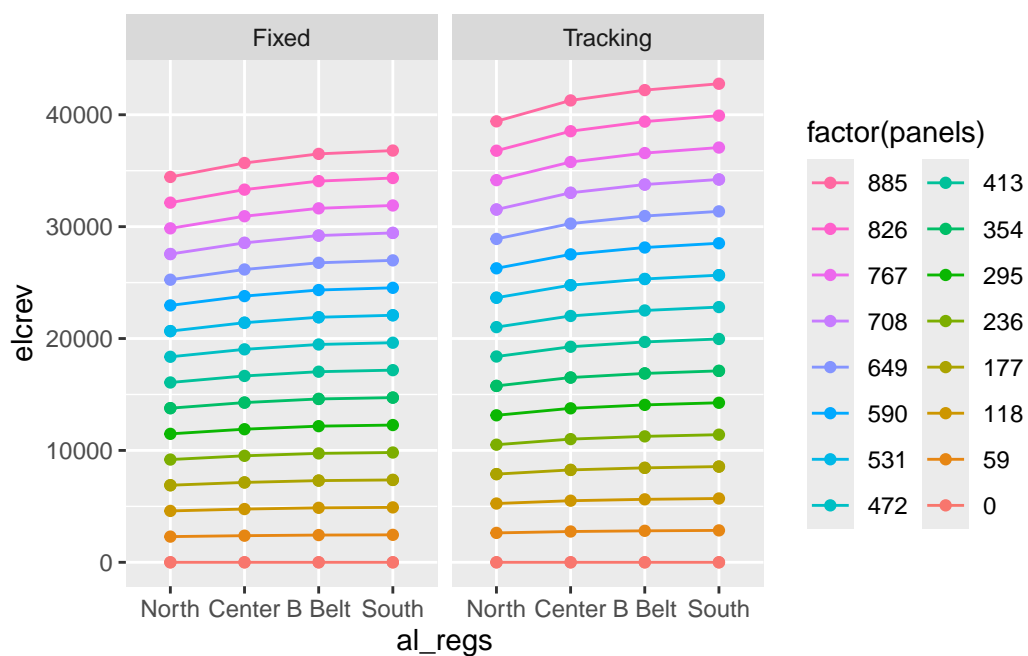
Electricity Price = 0.05



Electricity Price = 0.055



Electricity Price = 0.06

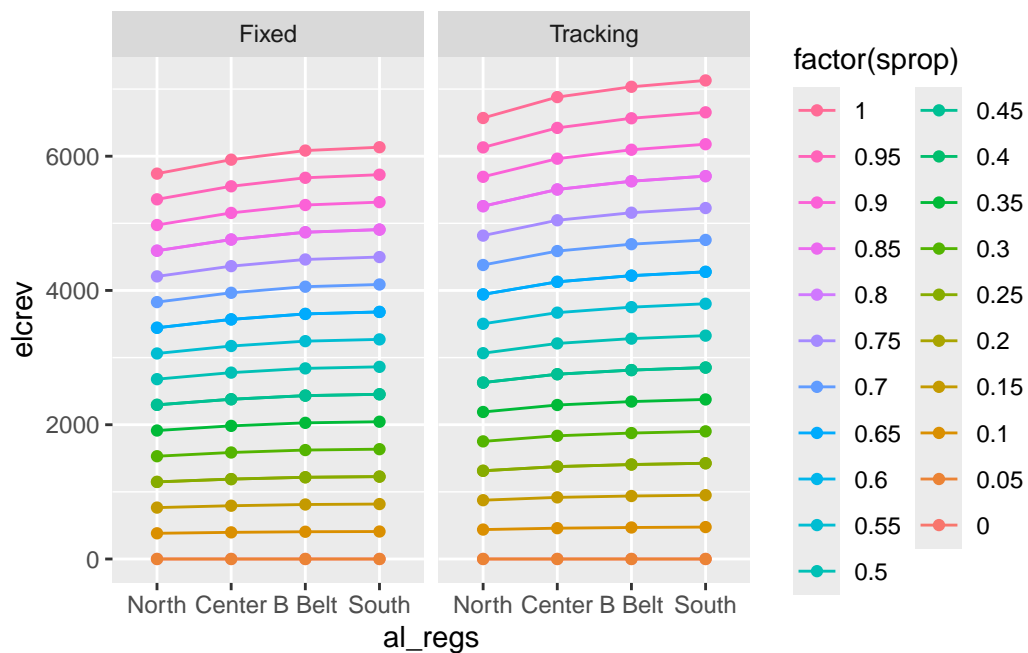


3.3.2 By Land in Solar

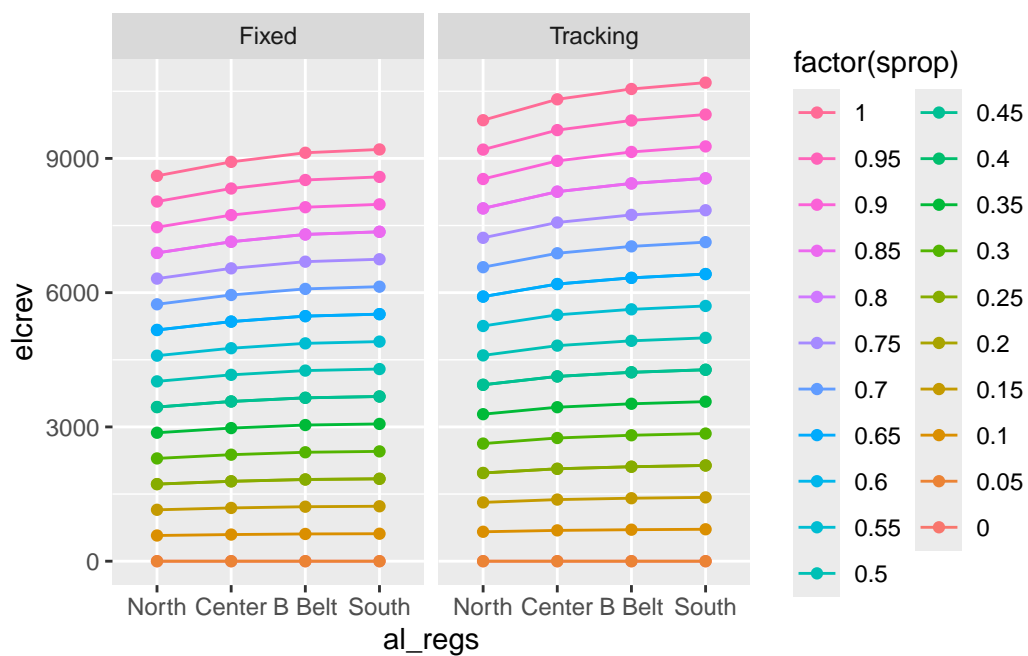
- Two proportions may have same number of solar panels (Eg. 0.80 and 0.85, 0.20 and 0.25). So, total lines in the chart may not match with total number of legend levels. Some proportions are overlapping in the chart. See panel configuration for more detail.

```
lox <- c("Northern", "Central", "Black Belt", "Southern")
array_levs = c("Single Axis Rotation", "Fixed Open Rack")
datalot_levs = c("Location 1", "Location 2")
for (i in unique(energy_revenue$elcprc)) {
  a = ggplot(data = (energy_revenue %>%
    dplyr::filter(elcprc == i)),
    mapping = aes(x = al_regs,
                  y = elcrev,
                  #fill = energy,
                  color = factor(sprop),
                  group = factor(sprop)))+
    geom_line()+
    geom_point()+
    facet_grid(.~array) +
    scale_x_discrete(limits = lox,
                    labels = c("North", "Center", "B Belt", "South")) +
    guides(color = guide_legend(ncol = 2, reverse = TRUE))
  cat("Electricity Price = ", i)
  print(a)
}
```

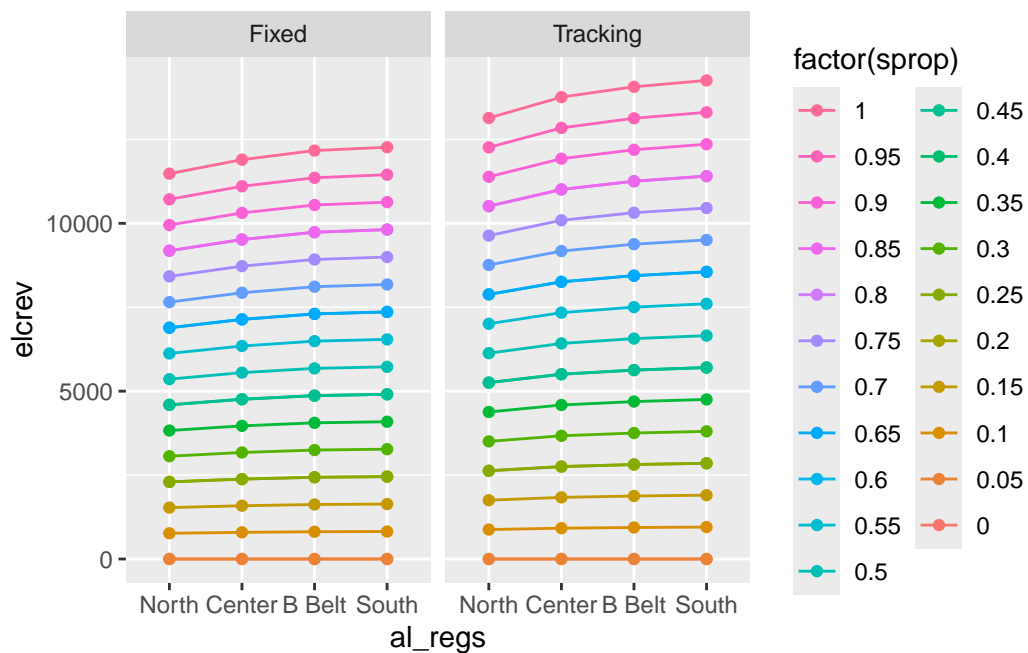
Electricity Price = 0.01



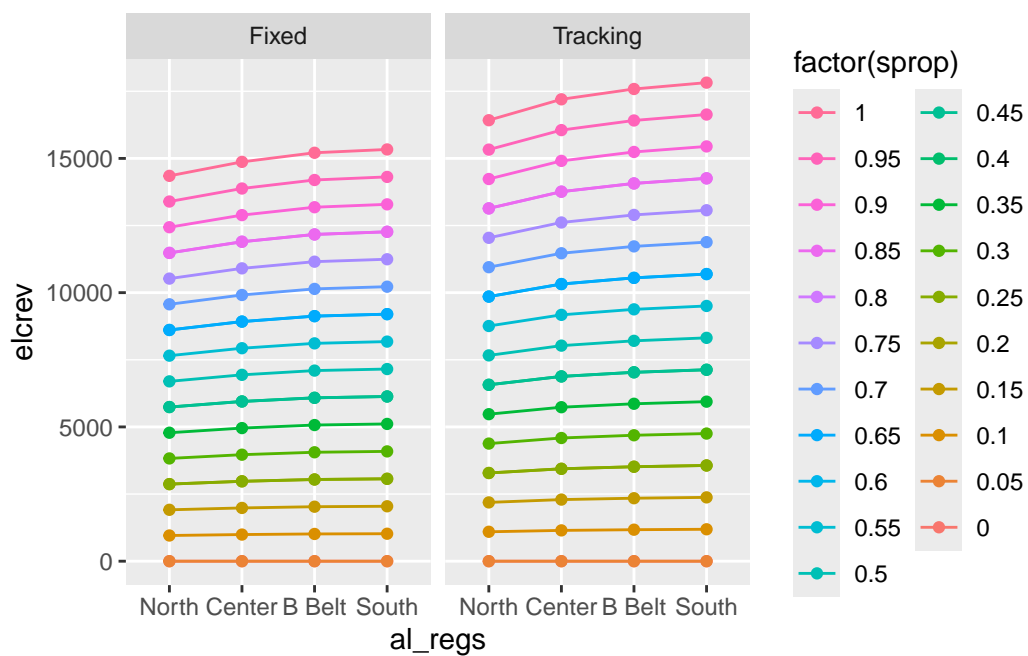
Electricity Price = 0.015



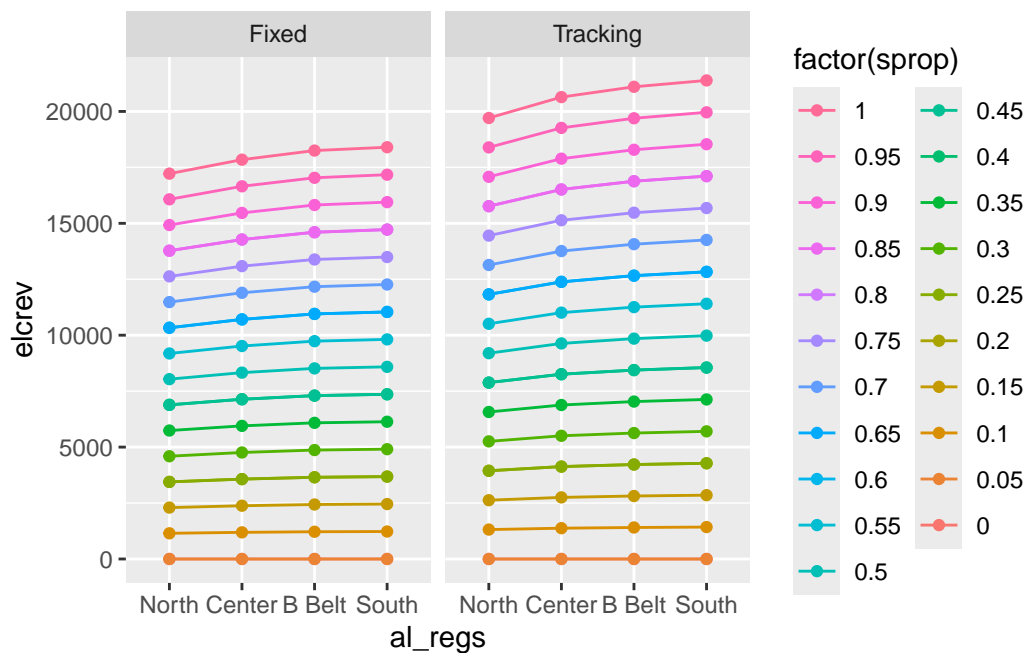
Electricity Price = 0.02



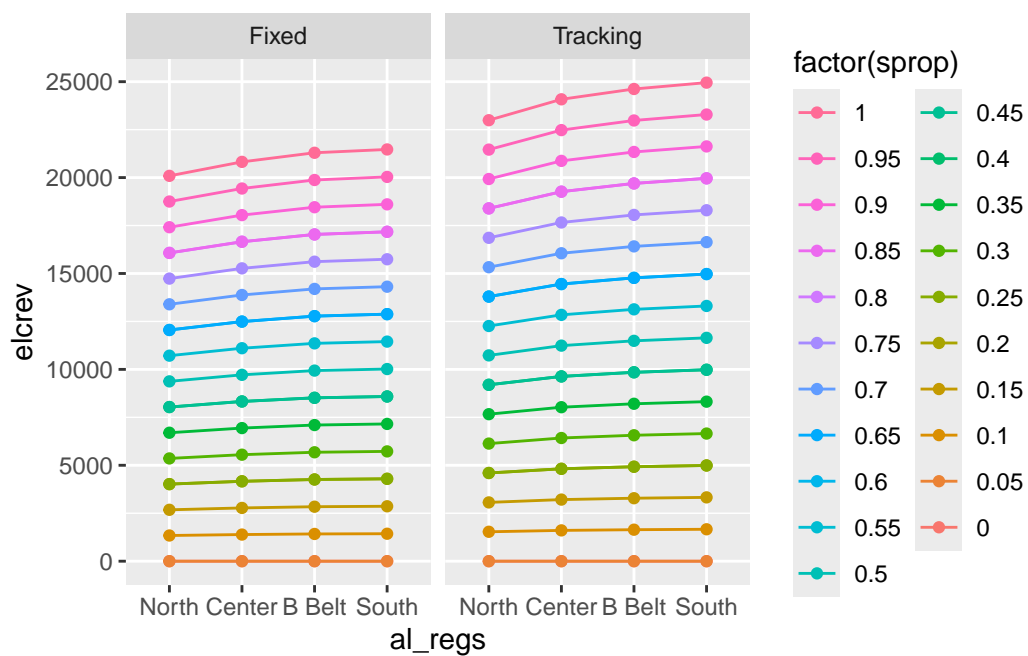
Electricity Price = 0.025



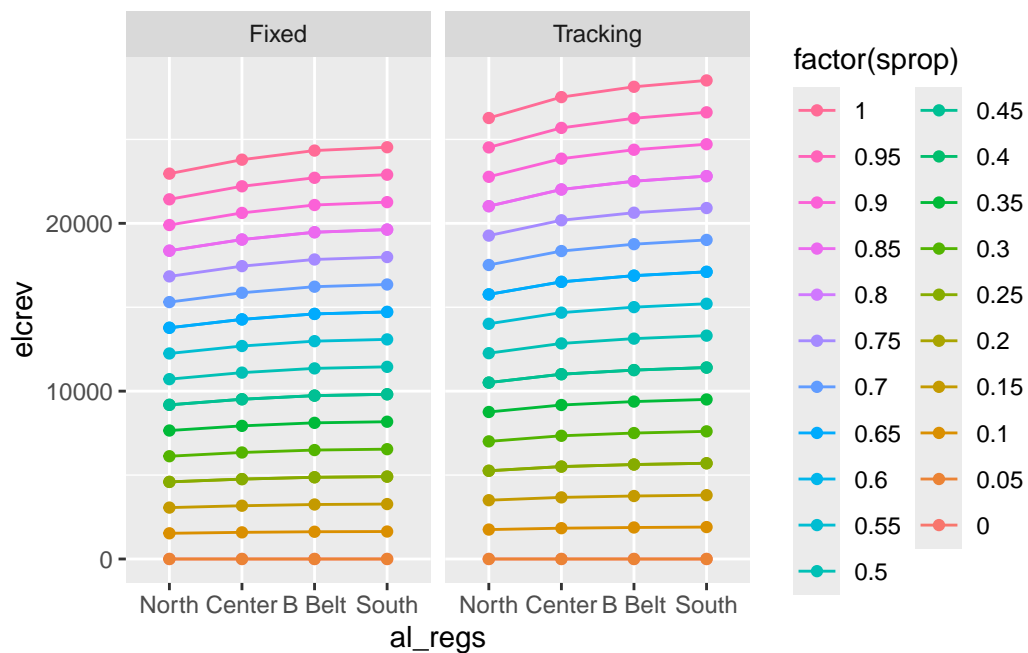
Electricity Price = 0.03



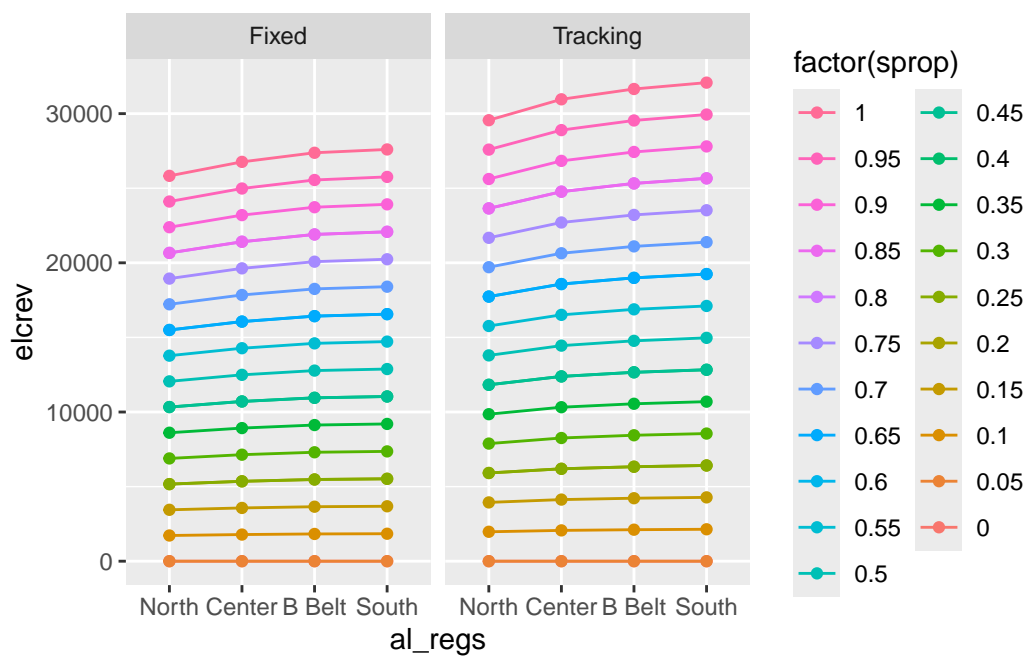
Electricity Price = 0.035



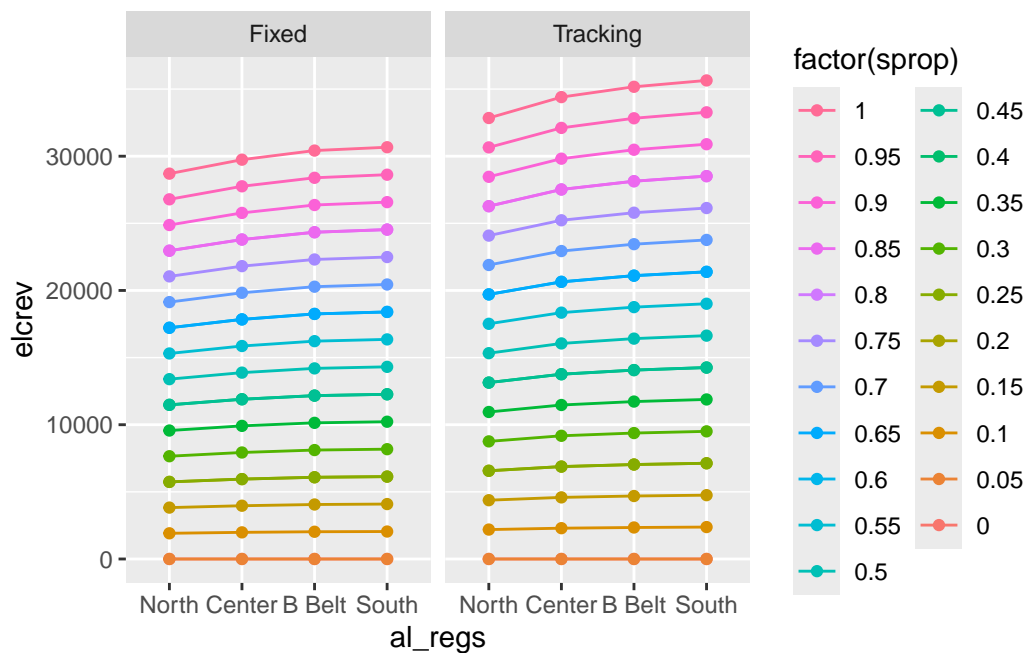
Electricity Price = 0.04



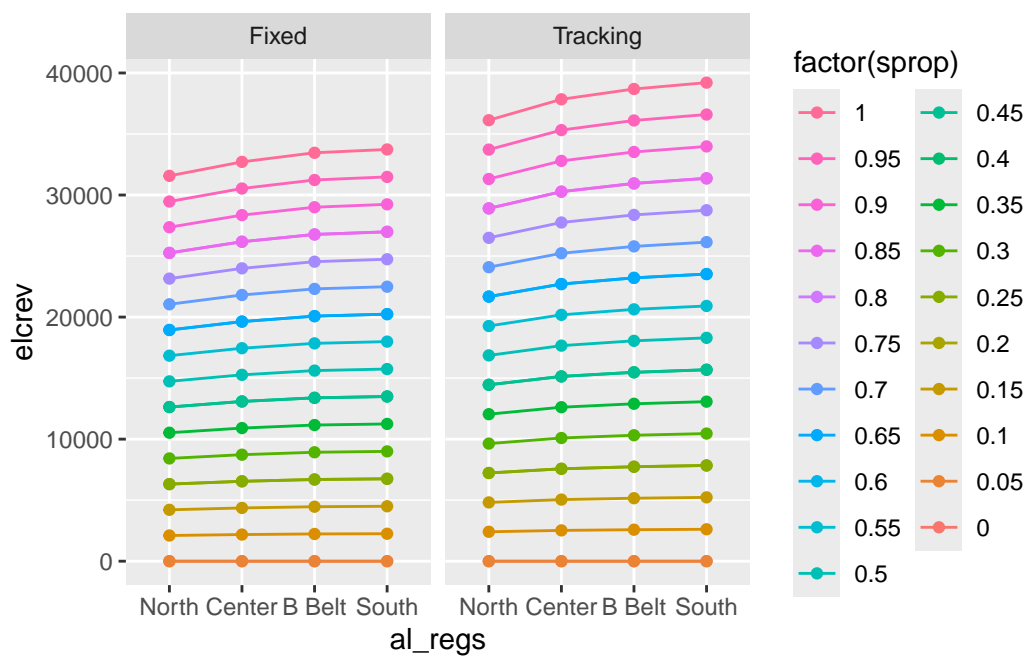
Electricity Price = 0.045



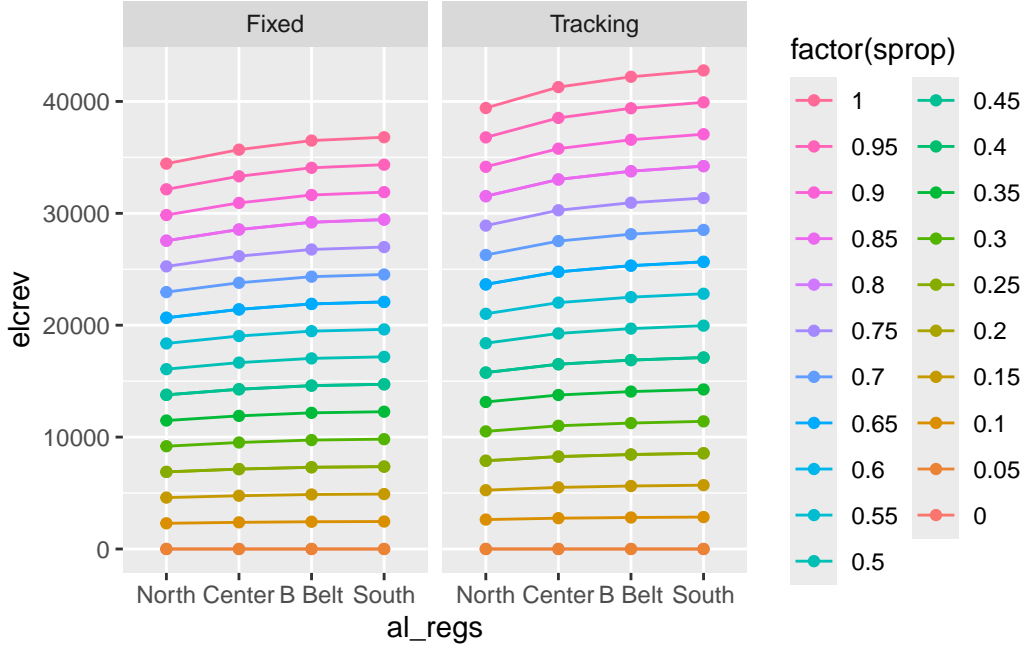
Electricity Price = 0.05



Electricity Price = 0.055



Electricity Price = 0.06



3.4 Cost and Profit from solar

- Cost of solar energy system in agrivoltaic setting.
- I used energy output per 7.75 ft.*3.5 ft. panel (545 w), capex (\$/w), and total number of panels to get total cost for each height and panel tracking system.
- height = height of solar panels; see capex dataset for details.
- capex = capex from capex table; see capex dataset for details.
- opex = Operational cost (\$15/kW/Year) Source: [Ramasamy, 2022. PV Cost Benchmark](#) (This is revised to 3% of annual capex based on Dennis Brother's suggestion).
- ttlcost = Total cost for given DC system size.
- anncost = Annual payment to repay loan ($P_{ann} = \frac{P_o(i(1+i)^t)}{(1+i)^t - 1}$), where P_o = CAPEX loan borrowed to repay in t years; $t = 25$, and i = annual interest rate at 5%.
- moncost = Monthly payment to repay loan ($P_{mon} = \frac{P_o((i/12)(1+(i/12))^{t*12})}{(1+(i/12))^{t*12} - 1}$), where P_o = CAPEX loan borrowed to repay in t years; $t = 25$, and i = annual interest rate at 5%.
- inscst = insurance cost. \$5 per \$1000 capex.
- eprofit = profit from electricity after subtracting total cost (ttlcost) from total revenue (elcrev).

- `eannprof` = annual profit from solar after subtracting annual loan repayment distributed over 25 years.
- `emonprof` = monthly profit from solar after subtracting monthly loan repayment distributed over 25 years.
- `eannprofworeap` = annual profit without REAP benefit.
- `eannprofwoincentives` = Annual profit without incentives.

Policy Components:

- `taxcr` = 30% tax credit of annual cost covered through federal tax exemption (Investment tax credit).
- `reap` = Rural Energy for America Program reimburses 50% of capex (`ttlcost`) upfront. The waiting time for reimbursement is about 6 months. So, 50% of `ttlcost` acquire simple interest for six months. This is changed to 25% and 50%.
- `recredit` = renewable energy credit (\$6.60/MWh).

```
i = 0.07 # Discount/interest Rate
n = 25 # Life Span of solar panels (Years)
reapprop = 25/100 # Percentage of CAPEX covered by REAP program.

expanded_data <- energy_revenue %>%
  slice(rep(1:n(),
            each = 3))
capex_height <- rep(unique(capex$height),
                    length.out = nrow(energy_revenue))

energy_cost = cbind(expanded_data, capex_height) %>%
  rename(height = capex_height)

energy_cost <- left_join(energy_cost,
                        capex,
                        by = c("array", "height")) %>%
  mutate(
    # 7.75*3.5 sq.ft. panel energy output = 545 W.
    # Operational cost (OPEX) = $15/kW-yr; 1 kW = 1,000W.
    # Opex = 545*15/1000*panels,

    # Land lease cost Per acre.
    landlease = 1000,
```

```

# Total Capex
ttlcost = capex*545*panels,

# Cost of Insurance = $5/$1000/Yr Total capex
inscst = ttlcost*5/1000, #Cost

# Renewable energy credit 6.60 $/MWh
recredit = 6.60/1000*energy, #Return

# REAP Program = 50% of Capex - Simple interest rmbrrst delay
reap = reapprop*ttlcost - (reapprop*ttlcost)*i*0.5/100, #Return

# Annualized cost - reap:
annlzcst = (ttlcost - reap + inscst)*(i*(1+i)^n)/((1+i)^n-1),

# Annualized Cost of total cost:
annoftotcost = ttlcost*(i*(1+i)^n)/((1+i)^n-1),

# Monthalized using monthly discount rate:
monthlycost = ttlcost*
  ((i/12)*(1+(i/n))^(n*12))/((1+(i/12))^(n*12)-1),

# Operational cost = 3% of annualized total capex
opex = 3*annoftotcost/100, #Cost

# Tax credit = 30% of annualized capex
taxcr = 30*annoftotcost/100, #Return

# Annualized using annual discount rate:
anncost = annlzcst + opex
)

solar_profit <- energy_cost %>%
  mutate(
    # Annualized Profit
    eannprof = elcrev + recredit + taxcr - anncost,

    eannprofworeap = elcrev + recredit + taxcr - annoftotcost,
    eannprofwoincentives = elcrev - annoftotcost
  )

write_xlsx(file = "Results/Solar Profit R25.xlsx",

```

```

    x = solar_profit,
    overwrite = TRUE,
    as_table = TRUE)
str(solar_profit)

```

```

'data.frame':  5544 obs. of  24 variables:
 $ sprop           : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ al_regs         : chr  "Black Belt" "Black Belt" "Black Belt" "Black Belt" ...
 $ array           : chr  "Fixed" "Fixed" "Fixed" "Tracking" ...
 $ dc_kw           : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ panels          : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ energy          : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ elcprc          : num  0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 ...
 $ elcrev          : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ height          : num  4.6 6.4 8.2 4.6 6.4 8.2 4.6 6.4 8.2 4.6 ...
 $ capex           : num  1.59 1.85 2.33 1.73 1.92 ...
 $ landlease       : num  1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 ...
 $ ttlcost         : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ inscst          : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ recredit        : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ reap           : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ annlzcst        : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ annoftotcost    : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ monthlycost     : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ opex            : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ taxcr           : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ anncost         : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ eannprof        : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ eannprofworeap  : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ eannprofwoincentives: num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...

```

```
head(solar_profit); tail(solar_profit)
```

	sprop	al_regs	array	dc_kw	panels	energy	elcprc	elcrev	height	capex
1	0	Black Belt	Fixed	0	0	0	0.01	0	4.6	1.593333
2	0	Black Belt	Fixed	0	0	0	0.01	0	6.4	1.850000
3	0	Black Belt	Fixed	0	0	0	0.01	0	8.2	2.330000
4	0	Black Belt	Tracking	0	0	0	0.01	0	4.6	1.733333
5	0	Black Belt	Tracking	0	0	0	0.01	0	6.4	1.921667
6	0	Black Belt	Tracking	0	0	0	0.01	0	8.2	2.110000

landlease ttlcost inscst recredit reap annlzcst annoftotcost monthlycost

1	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

	opex	taxcr	anncost	eannprof	eannprofworeap	eannprofwoincentives
1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0

	sprop	al_regs	array	dc_kw	panels	energy	elcprc	elcrev	height
5539	1	Southern	Fixed	423.74	885	613342	0.06	36800.52	4.6
5540	1	Southern	Fixed	423.74	885	613342	0.06	36800.52	6.4
5541	1	Southern	Fixed	423.74	885	613342	0.06	36800.52	8.2
5542	1	Southern	Tracking	423.74	885	712873	0.06	42772.38	4.6
5543	1	Southern	Tracking	423.74	885	712873	0.06	42772.38	6.4
5544	1	Southern	Tracking	423.74	885	712873	0.06	42772.38	8.2

	capex	landlease	tllcost	inscst	recredit	reap	annlzcst
5539	1.593333	1000	768504.5	3842.523	4048.057	192058.9	49794.83
5540	1.850000	1000	892301.2	4461.506	4048.057	222997.2	57816.17
5541	2.330000	1000	1123817.3	5619.086	4048.057	280856.0	72817.12
5542	1.733333	1000	836030.0	4180.150	4704.962	208934.3	54170.10
5543	1.921667	1000	926867.9	4634.339	4704.962	231635.9	60055.89
5544	2.110000	1000	1017705.8	5088.529	4704.962	254337.4	65941.68

	annoftotcost	monthlycost	opex	taxcr	anncost	eannprof
5539	65945.77	2194.929	1978.373	19783.73	51773.20	8859.109
5540	76568.83	2548.506	2297.065	22970.65	60113.23	3705.994
5541	96435.34	3209.740	2893.060	28930.60	75710.18	-5931.001
5542	71740.17	2387.789	2152.205	21522.05	56322.31	12677.084
5543	79535.01	2647.232	2386.050	23860.50	62441.94	8895.902
5544	87329.86	2906.674	2619.896	26198.96	68561.58	5114.720

	eannprofworeap	eannprofwoincentives
5539	-5313.461	-29145.25
5540	-12749.605	-39768.31
5541	-26656.160	-59634.82
5542	-2740.775	-28967.79
5543	-8197.166	-36762.63
5544	-13653.558	-44557.48

3.5 Profit from Solar

```
pf_solar_r25 <- solar_profit %>%
  filter(sprop == 1,
         elcprc == 0.04) %>%
  select(al_regs, array, height, eannprof, eannprofworeap)
cat("Maximum profit from solar at 100% PVD at 25% REAP = ",
    max(pf_solar_r25$eannprof),
    fill = TRUE)
```

Maximum profit from solar at 100% PVD at 25% REAP = -1580.376

```
pf_solar_r25[which.max(pf_solar_r25$eannprof),]
```

	al_regs	array	height	eannprof	eannprofworeap
22	Southern Tracking		4.6	-1580.376	-16998.23

```
cat("Minimum profit from solar at 100% PVD at 25% REAP = ",
    min(pf_solar_r25$eannprof),
    fill = TRUE)
```

Minimum profit from solar at 100% PVD at 25% REAP = -20030.25

```
pf_solar_r25[which.min(pf_solar_r25$eannprof),]
```

	al_regs	array	height	eannprof	eannprofworeap
15	Northern Fixed		8.2	-20030.25	-40755.41

3.5.1 Plot Solar profit

Solar annual profit by number of solar panels

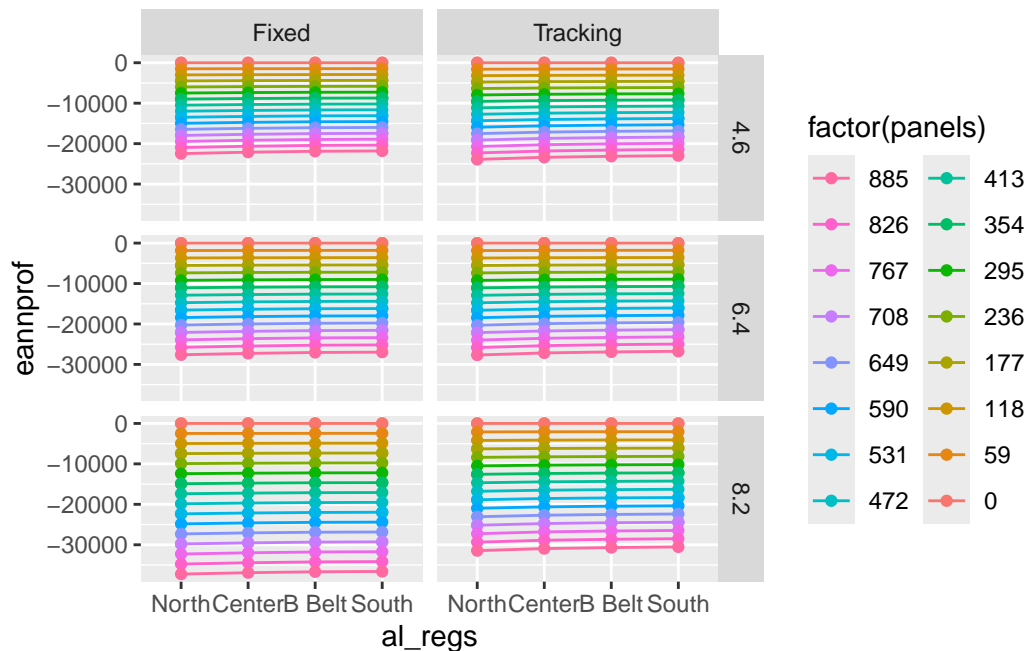
```
lox <- c("Northern", "Central", "Black Belt", "Southern")
array_levs = c("Single Axis Rotation", "Fixed Open Rack")
datalot_levs = c("Location 1", "Location 2")
for (i in unique(solar_profit$elcprc)) {
  b = ggplot(
    data = (solar_profit %>%
```

```

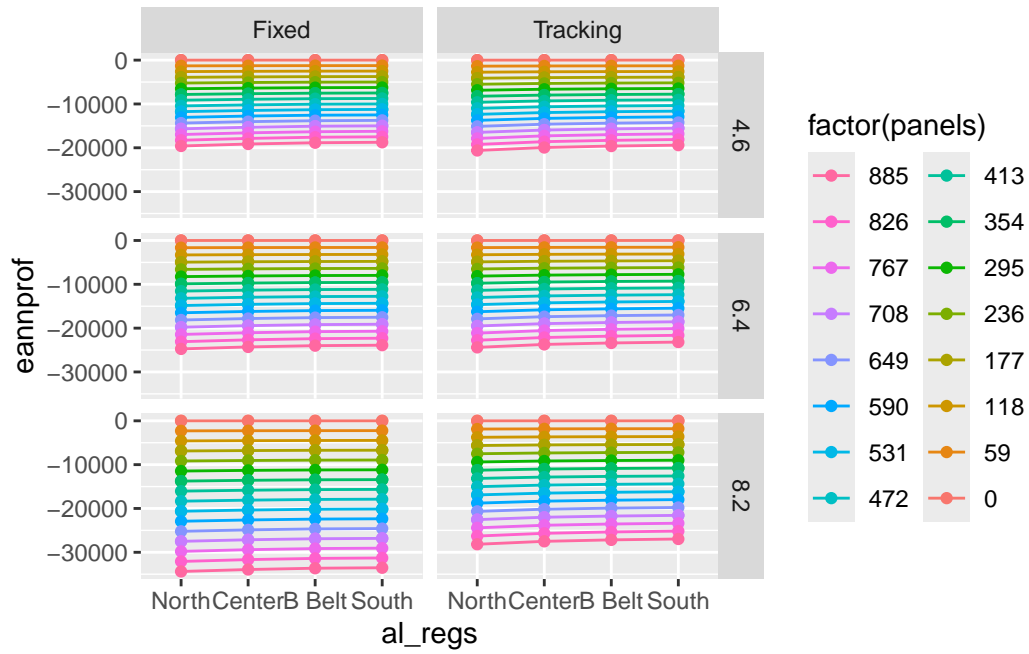
        dplyr::filter(elcprc == i)),
  mapping = aes(
    x = al_regs,
    y = eannprof, #Annual Profit
    #fill = energy,
    color = factor(panels),
    group = factor(panels)
  )
) +
  geom_line() +
  geom_point() +
  facet_grid(height ~ array) +
  scale_x_discrete(limits = lox,
                   labels = c("North", "Center",
                              "B Belt", "South")) +
  guides(color = guide_legend(ncol = 2,
                              reverse = TRUE))
cat("Electricity Price = ", i)
print(b)
}

```

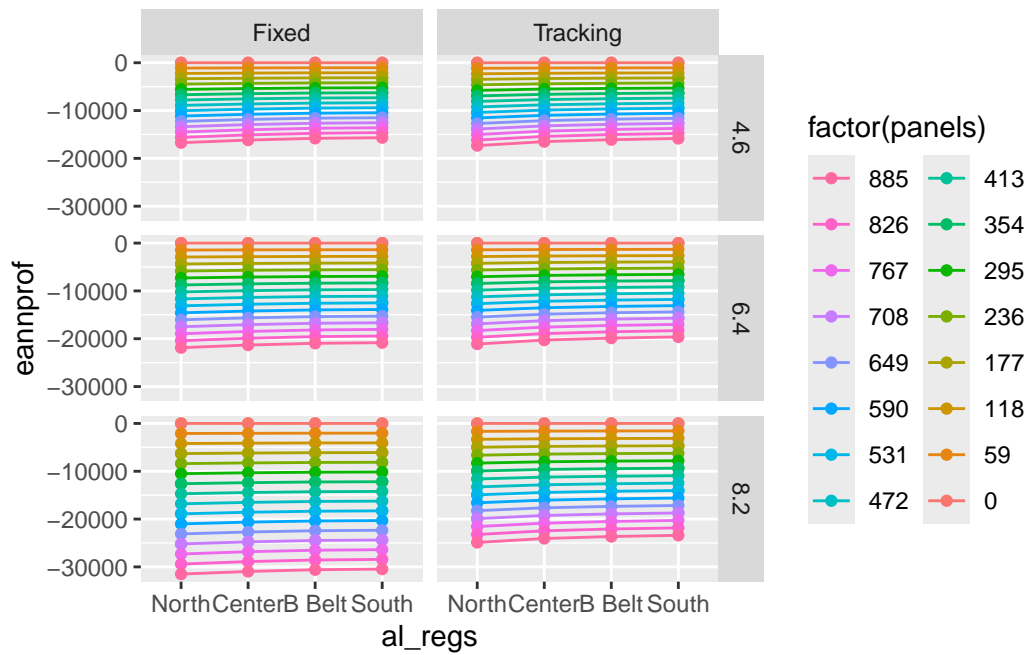
Electricity Price = 0.01



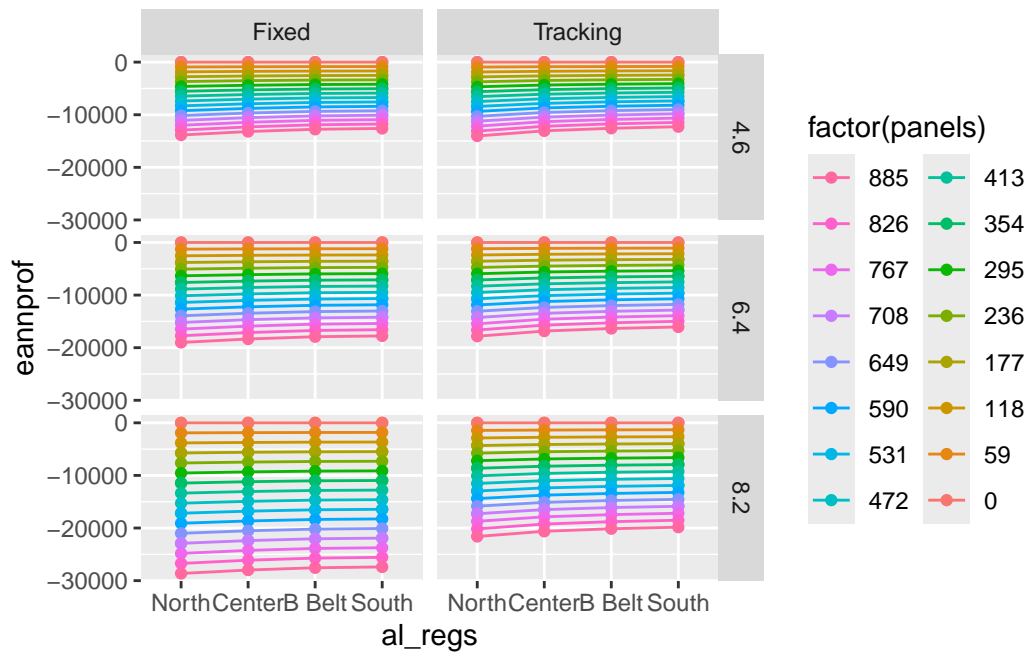
Electricity Price = 0.015



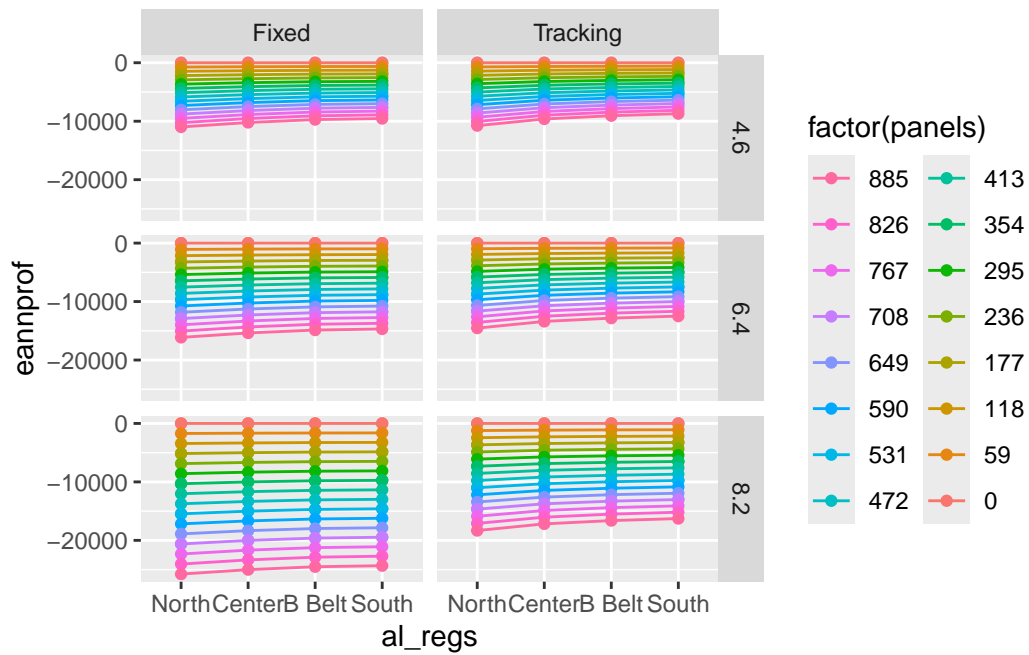
Electricity Price = 0.02



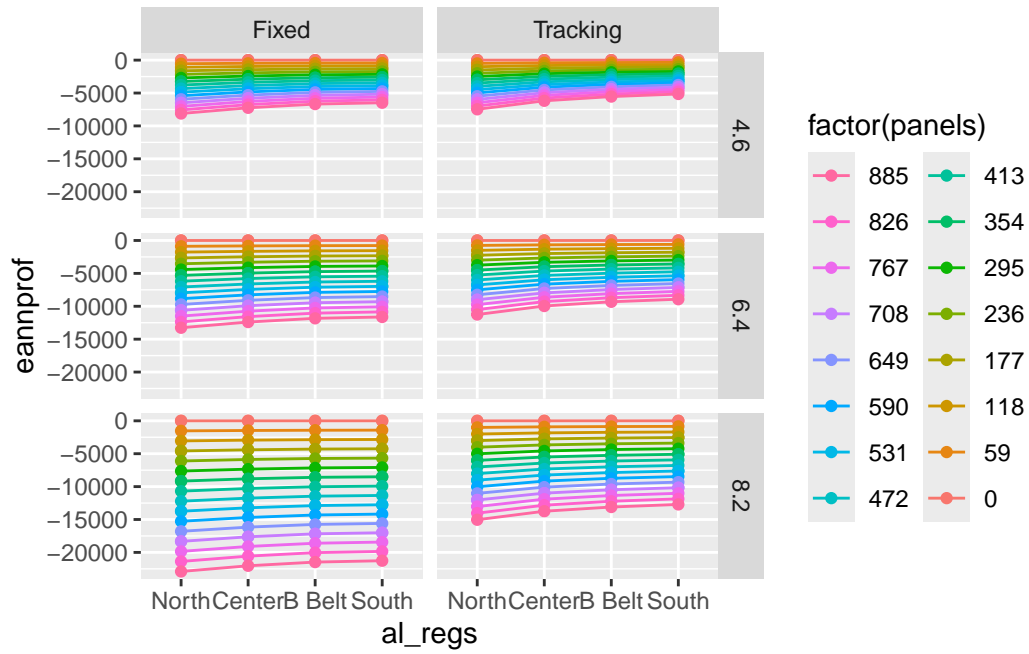
Electricity Price = 0.025



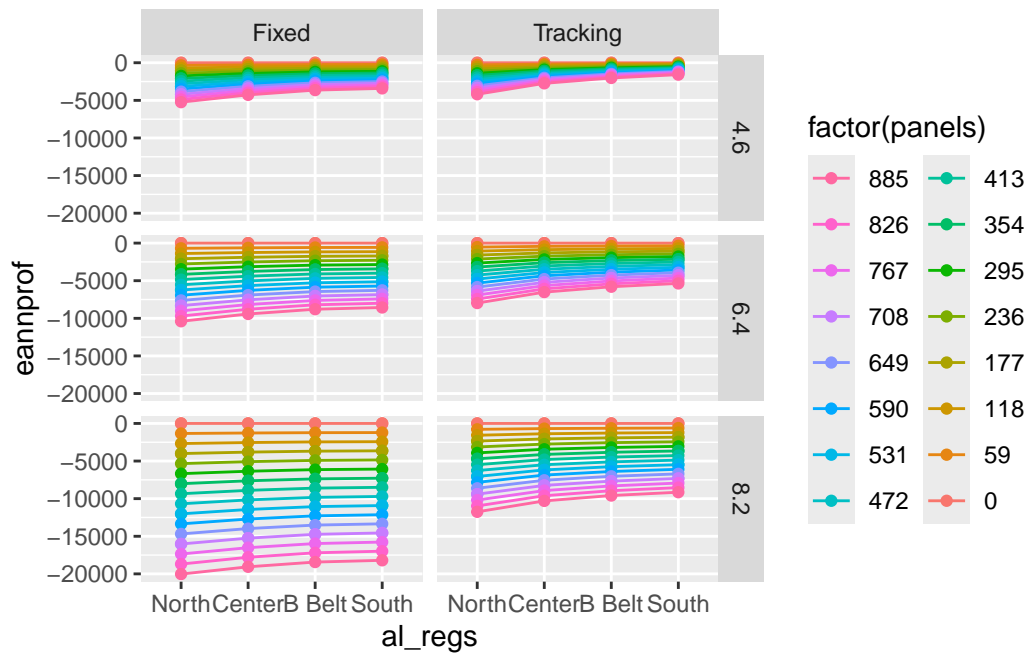
Electricity Price = 0.03



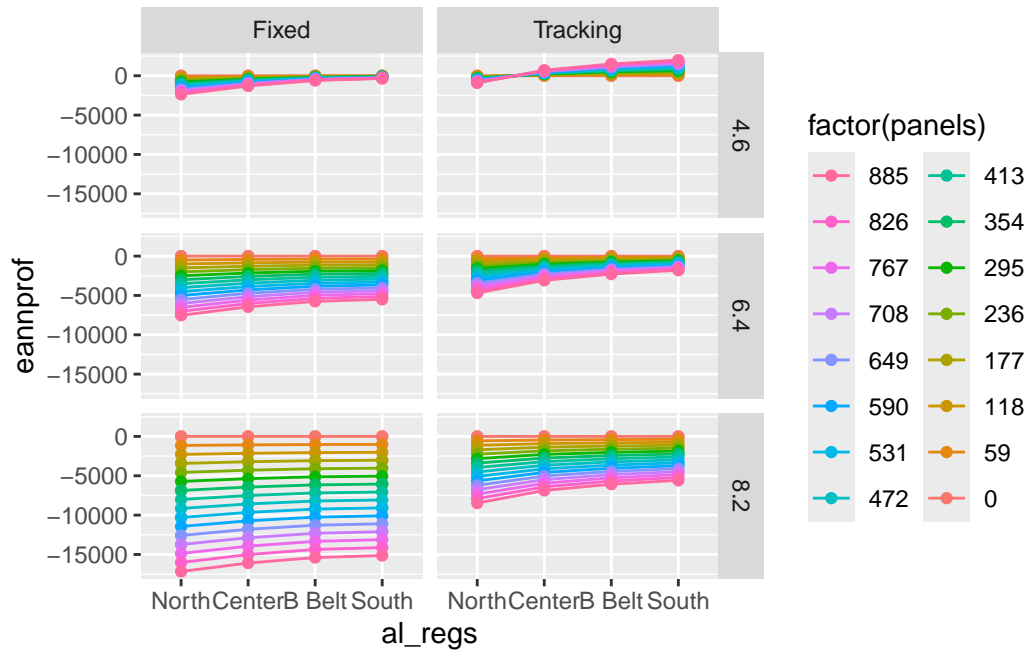
Electricity Price = 0.035



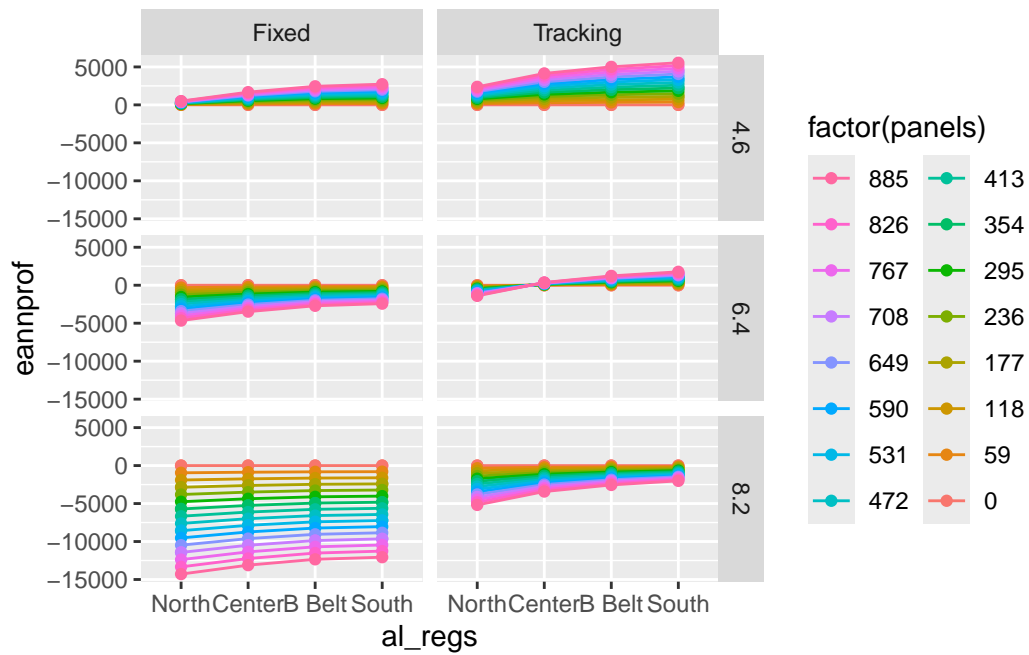
Electricity Price = 0.04



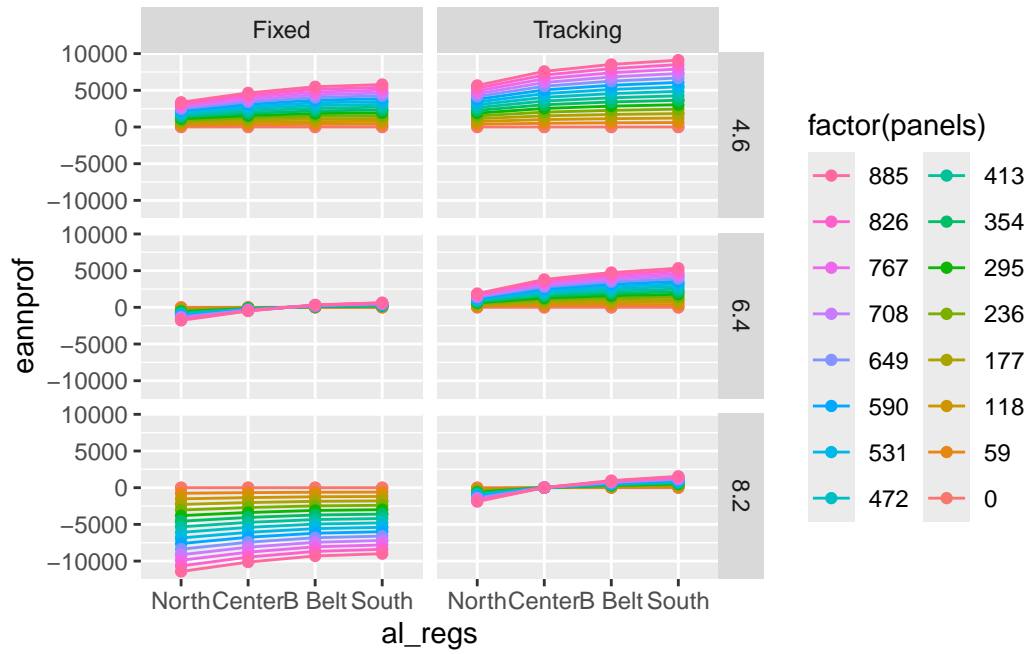
Electricity Price = 0.045



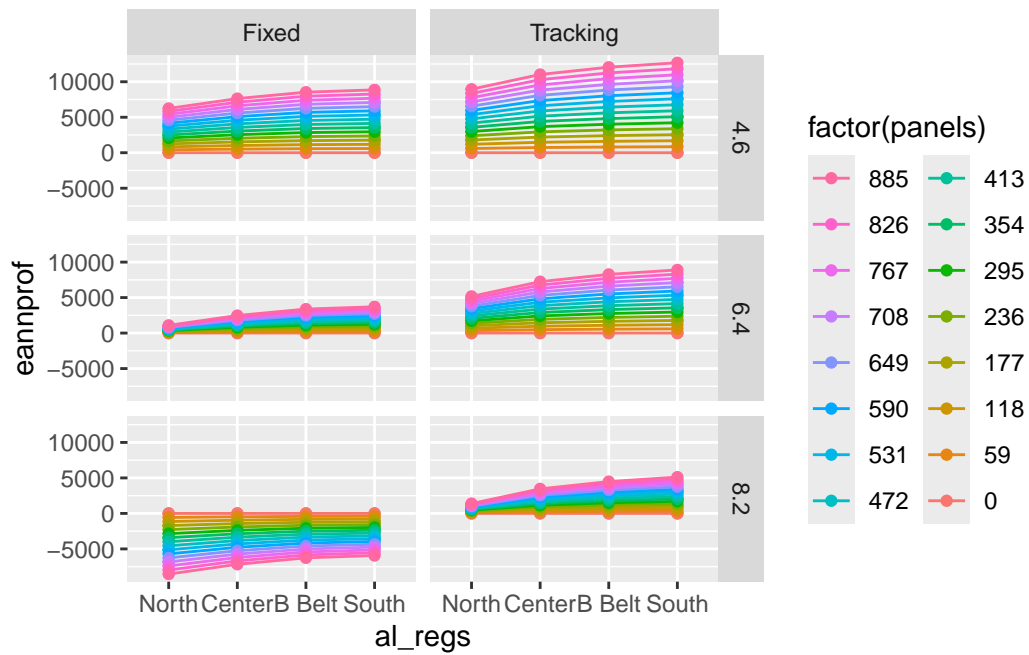
Electricity Price = 0.05



Electricity Price = 0.055



Electricity Price = 0.06



4 Profit from crops

4.1 Tomato

Filter return to operator, land and capital profit from Tomato:

```
tomato_profit = tomato %>%  
  select(yldvar, yield,  
         rolac17, rolac18, rolac19, rolac20,  
         rolac21, rolac22, rolac23)  
dim(tomato_profit)
```

```
[1] 21  9
```

```
tomato_profit
```

	yldvar	yield	rolac17	rolac18	rolac19	rolac20	rolac21
3	2.0	2720	21679.3826	24399.3826	27119.3826	29839.3826	32559.3826
4	1.9	2584	20065.3826	22649.3826	25233.3826	27817.3826	30401.3826
5	1.8	2448	18451.3826	20899.3826	23347.3826	25795.3826	28243.3826
6	1.7	2312	16837.3826	19149.3826	21461.3826	23773.3826	26085.3826
7	1.6	2176	15223.3826	17399.3826	19575.3826	21751.3826	23927.3826
8	1.5	2040	13609.3826	15649.3826	17689.3826	19729.3826	21769.3826
9	1.4	1904	11995.3826	13899.3826	15803.3826	17707.3826	19611.3826
10	1.3	1768	10381.3826	12149.3826	13917.3826	15685.3826	17453.3826
11	1.2	1632	8767.3826	10399.3826	12031.3826	13663.3826	15295.3826
12	1.1	1496	7153.3826	8649.3826	10145.3826	11641.3826	13137.3826
13	1.0	1360	5539.3826	6899.3826	8259.3826	9619.3826	10979.3826
14	0.9	1224	3925.3826	5149.3826	6373.3826	7597.3826	8821.3826
15	0.8	1088	2311.3826	3399.3826	4487.3826	5575.3826	6663.3826
16	0.7	952	697.3826	1649.3826	2601.3826	3553.3826	4505.3826
17	0.6	816	-916.6174	-100.6174	715.3826	1531.3826	2347.3826
18	0.5	680	-2530.6174	-1850.6174	-1170.6174	-490.6174	189.3826
19	0.4	544	-4144.6174	-3600.6174	-3056.6174	-2512.6174	-1968.6174
20	0.3	408	-5758.6174	-5350.6174	-4942.6174	-4534.6174	-4126.6174
21	0.2	272	-7372.6174	-7100.6174	-6828.6174	-6556.6174	-6284.6174
22	0.1	136	-8986.6174	-8850.6174	-8714.6174	-8578.6174	-8442.6174
23	0.0	0	-10600.6174	-10600.6174	-10600.6174	-10600.6174	-10600.6174
			rolac22	rolac23			
3			35279.3826	37999.3826			
4			32985.3826	35569.3826			

5	30691.3826	33139.3826
6	28397.3826	30709.3826
7	26103.3826	28279.3826
8	23809.3826	25849.3826
9	21515.3826	23419.3826
10	19221.3826	20989.3826
11	16927.3826	18559.3826
12	14633.3826	16129.3826
13	12339.3826	13699.3826
14	10045.3826	11269.3826
15	7751.3826	8839.3826
16	5457.3826	6409.3826
17	3163.3826	3979.3826
18	869.3826	1549.3826
19	-1424.6174	-880.6174
20	-3718.6174	-3310.6174
21	-6012.6174	-5740.6174
22	-8306.6174	-8170.6174
23	-10600.6174	-10600.6174

Convert data to long format:

```
# Assign column names for clarity
colnames(tomato_profit) <- c("yldvar", "yield",
                             "rolac17", "rolac18", "rolac19",
                             "rolac20", "rolac21", "rolac22",
                             "rolac23")

# Reshape the data frame from wide to long format
tomato_long <- melt(tomato_profit,
                    id.vars = c("yldvar", "yield"),
                    measure.vars = c("rolac17", "rolac18", "rolac19",
                                      "rolac20", "rolac21", "rolac22",
                                      "rolac23"),
                    variable.name = "price",
                    value.name = "profit")

# Convert the 'Price' column to numeric by extracting the number
tomato_long$price <- as.numeric(gsub("rolac", "", tomato_long$price))
str(tomato_long)
```

'data.frame': 147 obs. of 4 variables:

```
$ yldvar: num  2 1.9 1.8 1.7 1.6 1.5 1.4 1.3 1.2 1.1 ...
$ yield : num  2720 2584 2448 2312 2176 ...
$ price : num  17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 ...
$ profit: num  21679 20065 18451 16837 15223 ...
```

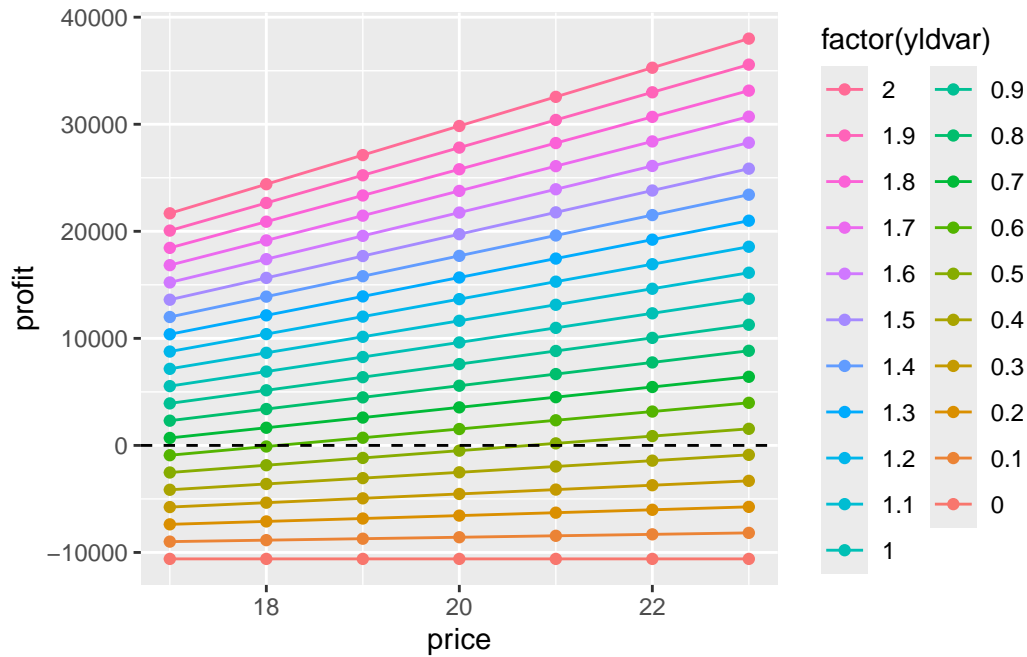
```
head(tomato_long); tail(tomato_long)
```

```
  yldvar yield price  profit
1    2.0  2720    17 21679.38
2    1.9  2584    17 20065.38
3    1.8  2448    17 18451.38
4    1.7  2312    17 16837.38
5    1.6  2176    17 15223.38
6    1.5  2040    17 13609.38
```

```
  yldvar yield price  profit
142    0.5   680    23 1549.3826
143    0.4   544    23 -880.6174
144    0.3   408    23 -3310.6174
145    0.2   272    23 -5740.6174
146    0.1   136    23 -8170.6174
147    0.0     0    23 -10600.6174
```

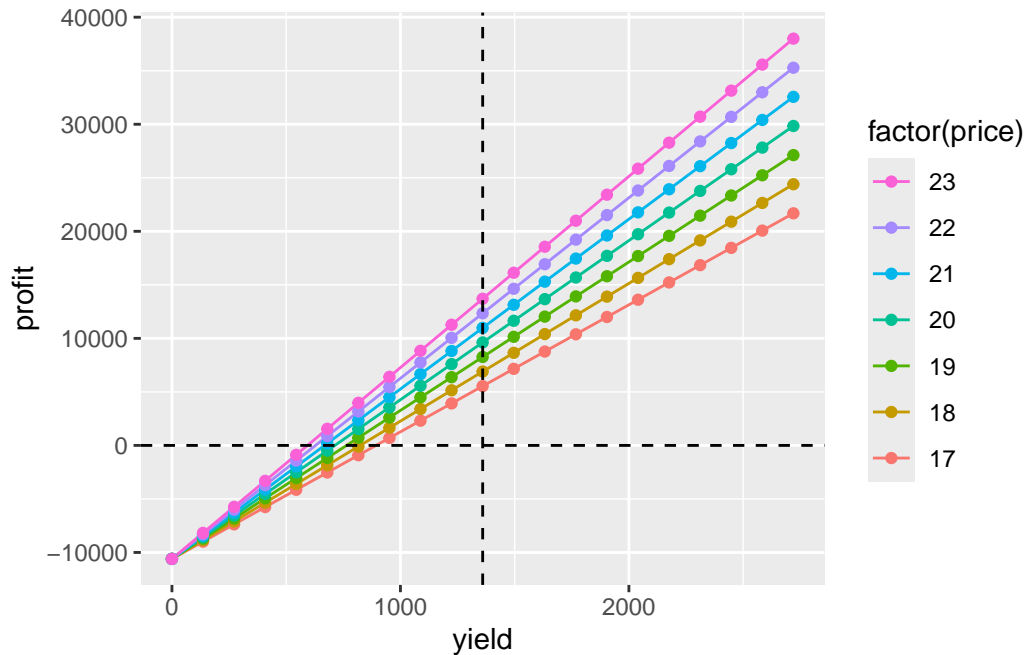
4.1.1 Plot Tomato Profit

```
ggplot(data = tomato_long,
       mapping = aes(x = price,
                     y = profit,
                     color = factor(yldvar),
                     group = factor(yield))) +
  geom_line() +
  geom_point() +
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0,
            linetype = "dashed",
            color = "black") +
  guides(color = guide_legend(ncol = 2,
                             reverse = TRUE))
```



```
ggplot(data = tomato_long,
       mapping = aes(x = yield,
                     y = profit,
                     #fill = yield,
                     color = factor(price),
                     group = factor(price))) +

  geom_line() +
  geom_point() +
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0,
            linetype = "dashed",
            color = "black") +
  # Vertical dashed line is 100% yield
  geom_vline(xintercept = tomato_long$yield[11],
            linetype = "dashed",
            color = "black") +
  guides(color = guide_legend(reverse = TRUE))
```



4.2 Strawberry

Filter return to operator, land and capital profit from strawberry

```
strawberry_profit = strawberry %>%
  select(yldvar, yield,
         rolac3, rolac4, rolac5, rolac6,
         rolac7, rolac8, rolac9)
str(strawberry_profit)
```

```
'data.frame':  21 obs. of  9 variables:
 $ yldvar: num  2 1.9 1.8 1.7 1.6 1.5 1.4 1.3 1.2 1.1 ...
 $ yield : num  6150 5843 5535 5228 4920 ...
 $ rolac3: num  719 143 -435 -1010 -1588 ...
 $ rolac4: num  6869 5986 5100 4218 3332 ...
 $ rolac5: num  13019 11829 10635 9446 8252 ...
 $ rolac6: num  19169 17672 16170 14674 13172 ...
 $ rolac7: num  25319 23515 21705 19902 18092 ...
 $ rolac8: num  31469 29358 27240 25130 23012 ...
 $ rolac9: num  37619 35201 32775 30358 27932 ...
```


strawberry_profit

	yldvar	yield	rolac3	rolac4	rolac5	rolac6	rolac7
3	2.0	6150	719.205	6869.205	13019.20503	19169.205	25319.20503
4	1.9	5843	143.288	5986.288	11829.28801	17672.288	23515.28801
5	1.8	5535	-434.505	5100.495	10635.49503	16170.495	21705.49503
6	1.7	5228	-1010.422	4217.578	9445.57801	14673.578	19901.57801
7	1.6	4920	-1588.215	3331.785	8251.78503	13171.785	18091.78503
8	1.5	4613	-2164.132	2448.868	7061.86801	11674.868	16287.86801
9	1.4	4305	-2741.925	1563.075	5868.07503	10173.075	14478.07503
10	1.3	3998	-3317.842	680.158	4678.15801	8676.158	12674.15801
11	1.2	3690	-3895.635	-205.635	3484.36503	7174.365	10864.36503
12	1.1	3383	-4471.552	-1088.552	2294.44801	5677.448	9060.44801
13	1.0	3075	-5049.345	-1974.345	1100.65503	4175.655	7250.65503
14	0.9	2768	-5625.262	-2857.262	-89.26199	2678.738	5446.73801
15	0.8	2460	-6203.055	-3743.055	-1283.05497	1176.945	3636.94503
16	0.7	2153	-6778.972	-4625.972	-2472.97199	-319.972	1833.02801
17	0.6	1845	-7356.765	-5511.765	-3666.76497	-1821.765	23.23503
18	0.5	1538	-7932.682	-6394.682	-4856.68199	-3318.682	-1780.68199
19	0.4	1230	-8510.475	-7280.475	-6050.47497	-4820.475	-3590.47497
20	0.3	923	-9086.392	-8163.392	-7240.39199	-6317.392	-5394.39199
21	0.2	615	-9664.185	-9049.185	-8434.18497	-7819.185	-7204.18497
22	0.1	308	-10240.102	-9932.102	-9624.10199	-9316.102	-9008.10199
23	0.0	0	-10817.895	-10817.895	-10817.89497	-10817.895	-10817.89497
	rolac8	rolac9					
3	31469.205	37619.205					
4	29358.288	35201.288					
5	27240.495	32775.495					
6	25129.578	30357.578					
7	23011.785	27931.785					
8	20900.868	25513.868					
9	18783.075	23088.075					
10	16672.158	20670.158					
11	14554.365	18244.365					
12	12443.448	15826.448					
13	10325.655	13400.655					
14	8214.738	10982.738					
15	6096.945	8556.945					
16	3986.028	6139.028					
17	1868.235	3713.235					
18	-242.682	1295.318					
19	-2360.475	-1130.475					

```

20 -4471.392 -3548.392
21 -6589.185 -5974.185
22 -8700.102 -8392.102
23 -10817.895 -10817.895

```

Convert data to long format:

```

# Assign column names for clarity
colnames(strawberry_profit) <- c("yldvar", "yield",
                                "rolac3", "rolac4", "rolac5",
                                "rolac6", "rolac7", "rolac8",
                                "rolac9")

# Reshape the data frame from wide to long format
stberry_long <- melt(strawberry_profit,
                    id.vars = c("yldvar", "yield"),
                    measure.vars = c("rolac3", "rolac4", "rolac5",
                                     "rolac6", "rolac7", "rolac8",
                                     "rolac9"),
                    variable.name = "price",
                    value.name = "profit")

# Convert the 'Price' column to numeric by extracting the number
stberry_long$price <- as.numeric(gsub("rolac", "", stberry_long$price))
str(stberry_long)

```

```

'data.frame':  147 obs. of  4 variables:
 $ yldvar: num  2 1.9 1.8 1.7 1.6 1.5 1.4 1.3 1.2 1.1 ...
 $ yield : num  6150 5843 5535 5228 4920 ...
 $ price : num  3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
 $ profit: num  719 143 -435 -1010 -1588 ...

```

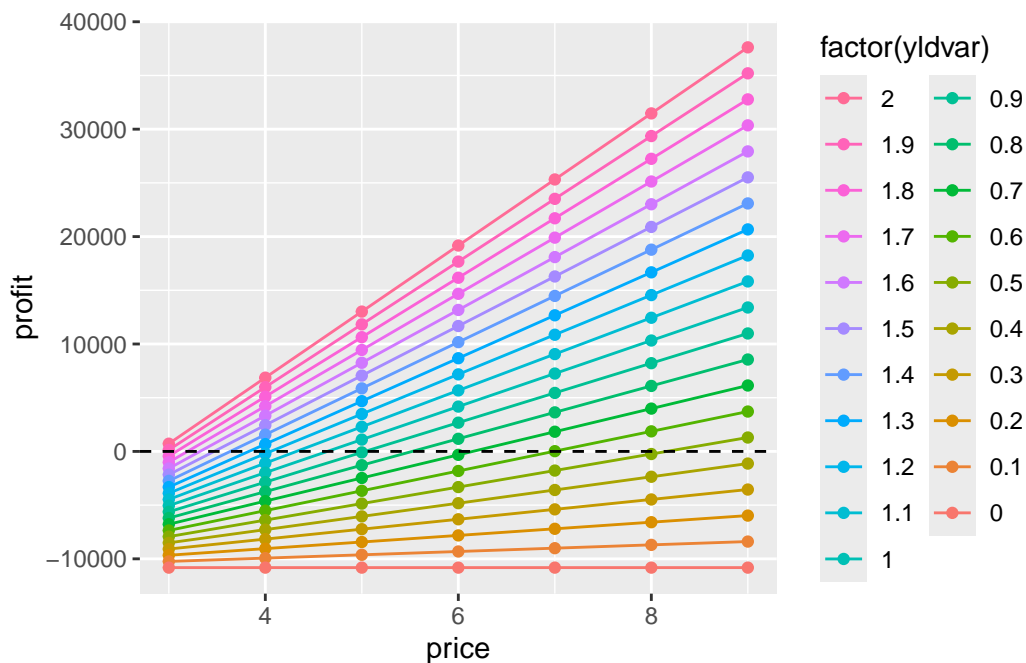
```
head(stberry_long); tail(stberry_long)
```

	yldvar	yield	price	profit
1	2.0	6150	3	719.205
2	1.9	5843	3	143.288
3	1.8	5535	3	-434.505
4	1.7	5228	3	-1010.422
5	1.6	4920	3	-1588.215
6	1.5	4613	3	-2164.132

	yldvar	yield	price	profit
142	0.5	1538	9	1295.318
143	0.4	1230	9	-1130.475
144	0.3	923	9	-3548.392
145	0.2	615	9	-5974.185
146	0.1	308	9	-8392.102
147	0.0	0	9	-10817.895

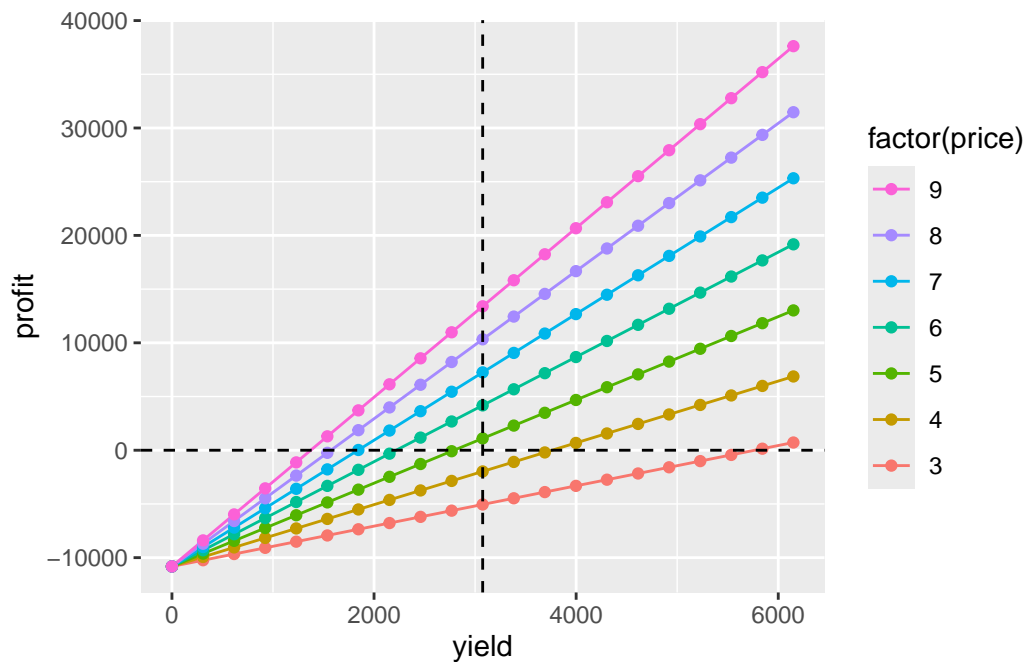
4.2.1 Plot Strawberry Profit

```
ggplot(data = stberry_long,
       mapping = aes(x = price,
                     y = profit,
                     color = factor(yldvar),
                     group = factor(yield))) +
  geom_line() +
  geom_point() +
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0,
            linetype = "dashed",
            color = "black") +
  guides(color = guide_legend(ncol = 2,
                             reverse = TRUE))
```



```
ggplot(data = stberry_long,
       mapping = aes(x = yield,
                     y = profit,
                     color = factor(price),
                     group = factor(price))) +

  geom_line() +
  geom_point() +
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0,
            linetype = "dashed",
            color = "black") +
  #Vertical dashed line is 100% yield
  geom_vline(xintercept = stberry_long$yield[11],
            linetype = "dashed",
            color = "black") +
  guides(color = guide_legend(reverse = TRUE))
```



4.3 Squash

```
squash_profit = squash %>%
  dplyr::select(yldvar, yield,
```

```

        rolac11, rolac12, rolac13, rolac14,
        rolac15, rolac16, rolac17)
# Reshape the data frame from wide to long format
squash_long <- melt(squash_profit,
                    id.vars = c("yldvar", "yield"),
                    measure.vars = c("rolac11", "rolac12", "rolac13",
                                     "rolac14", "rolac15", "rolac16",
                                     "rolac17"),
                    variable.name = "price",
                    value.name = "profit")

# Convert the 'Price' column to numeric by extracting the number
squash_long$price <- as.numeric(gsub("rolac", "", squash_long$price))
head(squash_profit); tail(squash_profit)

```

	yldvar	yield	rolac11	rolac12	rolac13	rolac14	rolac15	rolac16	rolac17
3	2.0	2180	10309.117	12489.117	14669.12	16849.12	19029.12	21209.12	23389.12
4	1.9	2071	9607.367	11678.367	13749.37	15820.37	17891.37	19962.37	22033.37
5	1.8	1962	8905.617	10867.617	12829.62	14791.62	16753.62	18715.62	20677.62
6	1.7	1853	8203.867	10056.867	11909.87	13762.87	15615.87	17468.87	19321.87
7	1.6	1744	7502.117	9246.117	10990.12	12734.12	14478.12	16222.12	17966.12
8	1.5	1635	6800.367	8435.367	10070.37	11705.37	13340.37	14975.37	16610.37

	yldvar	yield	rolac11	rolac12	rolac13	rolac14	rolac15	rolac16
18	0.5	545	-217.133	327.867	872.86702	1417.867	1962.867	2507.86702
19	0.4	436	-918.883	-482.883	-46.88298	389.117	825.117	1261.11702
20	0.3	327	-1620.633	-1293.633	-966.63298	-639.633	-312.633	14.36702
21	0.2	218	-2322.383	-2104.383	-1886.38298	-1668.383	-1450.383	-1232.38298
22	0.1	109	-3024.133	-2915.133	-2806.13298	-2697.133	-2588.133	-2479.13298
23	0.0	0	-3725.883	-3725.883	-3725.88298	-3725.883	-3725.883	-3725.88298
			rolac17					
18			3052.867					
19			1697.117					
20			341.367					
21			-1014.383					
22			-2370.133					
23			-3725.883					

```
head(squash_long); tail(squash_long)
```

	yldvar	yield	price	profit
--	--------	-------	-------	--------

1	2.0	2180	11	10309.117
2	1.9	2071	11	9607.367
3	1.8	1962	11	8905.617
4	1.7	1853	11	8203.867
5	1.6	1744	11	7502.117
6	1.5	1635	11	6800.367

	yldvar	yield	price	profit
142	0.5	545	17	3052.867
143	0.4	436	17	1697.117
144	0.3	327	17	341.367
145	0.2	218	17	-1014.383
146	0.1	109	17	-2370.133
147	0.0	0	17	-3725.883

5 Profit from agrivoltaics

Total profit from solar and crops for all combinations of AVs simulated.

5.1 Profit from TAV

- Joint profit from tomato (tomato_long) and solar energy production (solar_profit) from 1 acre of land.
- The last variable (tav_profit) is the final profit from tomato agrivoltaic system which is the result of our interest.

```
# Calculate all combinations of rows from both matrices in a vectorized way
solar_expanded <- solar_profit[rep(1:nrow(solar_profit),
                                   each = nrow(tomato_long)), ]
tomato_expanded <- tomato_long[rep(1:nrow(tomato_long),
                                   times = nrow(solar_profit)), ]

# Calculate the new column for tav_profit directly
tav_profit_values <- solar_expanded$eannprof + tomato_expanded$profit

# Combine the matrices and the calculated tav_profit column
tav_profit <- cbind(solar_expanded,
                    tomato_expanded,
                    tav_profit = tav_profit_values)
```

```

# Convert to a data frame and ensure the correct format
tav_profit <- as.data.frame(tav_profit)
tav_profit <- data.frame(lapply(tav_profit, unlist))

# Create a new variable
tav_profit <- tav_profit %>%
  group_by(price) %>% # Control for unique prices
  mutate(
    tavp_ge_t = if_else(yldvar == 1 & tav_profit >= profit, 1, 0)
  ) %>%
  ungroup()

# Check the result
str(tav_profit)

```

```

tibble [814,968 x 30] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
 $ sprop           : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ al_regs         : chr [1:814968] "Black Belt" "Black Belt" "Black Belt" "Black Belt"
 $ array           : chr [1:814968] "Fixed" "Fixed" "Fixed" "Fixed" ...
 $ dc_kw           : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ panels          : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ energy          : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ elcprc          : num [1:814968] 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 ..
 $ elcrev          : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ height          : num [1:814968] 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 ...
 $ capex           : num [1:814968] 1.59 1.59 1.59 1.59 1.59 ...
 $ landlease       : num [1:814968] 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 ..
 $ ttlcost         : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ inscst          : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ recredit        : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ reap            : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ annlzcst        : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ annoftotcost    : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ monthlycost     : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ opex            : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ taxcr           : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ anncost         : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ eannprof        : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ eannprofworeap  : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ eannprofwoincentives: num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ yldvar          : num [1:814968] 2 1.9 1.8 1.7 1.6 1.5 1.4 1.3 1.2 1.1 ...
 $ yield           : num [1:814968] 2720 2584 2448 2312 2176 ...

```

```
$ price          : num [1:814968] 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 ...
$ profit         : num [1:814968] 21679 20065 18451 16837 15223 ...
$ tav_profit     : num [1:814968] 21679 20065 18451 16837 15223 ...
$ tavp_ge_t      : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
```

```
head(tav_profit); tail(tav_profit)
```

```
# A tibble: 6 x 30
```

```
  sprop al_regs array dc_kw panels energy elcprc elcrev height capex landlease
  <dbl> <chr>   <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
1     0 Black Be~ Fixed      0      0      0  0.01      0   4.6  1.59   1000
2     0 Black Be~ Fixed      0      0      0  0.01      0   4.6  1.59   1000
3     0 Black Be~ Fixed      0      0      0  0.01      0   4.6  1.59   1000
4     0 Black Be~ Fixed      0      0      0  0.01      0   4.6  1.59   1000
5     0 Black Be~ Fixed      0      0      0  0.01      0   4.6  1.59   1000
6     0 Black Be~ Fixed      0      0      0  0.01      0   4.6  1.59   1000
# i 19 more variables: ttlcost <dbl>, inscst <dbl>, recredit <dbl>, reap <dbl>,
#   annlzcst <dbl>, annoftotcost <dbl>, monthlycost <dbl>, opex <dbl>,
#   taxcr <dbl>, anncost <dbl>, eannprof <dbl>, eannprofworeap <dbl>,
#   eannprofwoincentives <dbl>, yldvar <dbl>, yield <dbl>, price <dbl>,
#   profit <dbl>, tav_profit <dbl>, tavp_ge_t <dbl>
```

```
# A tibble: 6 x 30
```

```
  sprop al_regs array dc_kw panels energy elcprc elcrev height capex landlease
  <dbl> <chr>   <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
1     1 Southern Track~ 424.   885 712873  0.06 42772.   8.2  2.11   1000
2     1 Southern Track~ 424.   885 712873  0.06 42772.   8.2  2.11   1000
3     1 Southern Track~ 424.   885 712873  0.06 42772.   8.2  2.11   1000
4     1 Southern Track~ 424.   885 712873  0.06 42772.   8.2  2.11   1000
5     1 Southern Track~ 424.   885 712873  0.06 42772.   8.2  2.11   1000
6     1 Southern Track~ 424.   885 712873  0.06 42772.   8.2  2.11   1000
# i 19 more variables: ttlcost <dbl>, inscst <dbl>, recredit <dbl>, reap <dbl>,
#   annlzcst <dbl>, annoftotcost <dbl>, monthlycost <dbl>, opex <dbl>,
#   taxcr <dbl>, anncost <dbl>, eannprof <dbl>, eannprofworeap <dbl>,
#   eannprofwoincentives <dbl>, yldvar <dbl>, yield <dbl>, price <dbl>,
#   profit <dbl>, tav_profit <dbl>, tavp_ge_t <dbl>
```

```
# TAV Profit Greater or Equal to Tomato
```

```
tavp_ge_tomato = tav_profit %>% filter(tavp_ge_t == 1)
```


5.1.1 Saving results locally

```
write_feather(tav_profit,
  sink = "Data/tav_profit R25.feather",
  version = 2,
  chunk_size = 65536L,
  compression = c("default"),
  #compression = c("default", "lz4", "lz4_frame", "uncompressed", "zstd"),
  compression_level = NULL
)
tictoc::tic("Using Dplyr:")
write_xlsx(x = tav_profit %>%
  dplyr::sample_n(100),
  file = "Results/TAV Profit Sample R25.xlsx",
  as_table = TRUE)
tictoc::toc()
```

Using Dplyr:: 0.07 sec elapsed

```
write_xlsx(x = tav_profit %>%
  filter(sprop %in% c(0, 0.25, 0.50, 0.75, 1),
    yldvar == 1,
    price == 20,
    elcprc == 0.04)%>%
  dplyr::select(sprop, panels, height, array,
    al_regs, yldvar, yield, price,
    elcprc, tav_profit) %>%
  mutate(al_regs1 = case_when(
    al_regs == "Northern" ~ 1,
    al_regs == "Central" ~ 2,
    al_regs == "Black Belt" ~ 3,
    al_regs == "Southern" ~ 4,
    TRUE ~ NA_real_)),
  file = "Results/Profit TAV WriteUp R25.xlsx",
  as_table = TRUE)
```

```
write_xlsx(
  x = tavp_ge_tomato %>%
  dplyr::filter(tavp_ge_t == 1) %>%
  dplyr::select(
```

```

    sprop, panels, height, array, al_regs,
    yldvar, yield, price, elcprc, tav_profit
  ) %>%
  mutate(al_regs1 = case_when(
    al_regs == "Northern" ~ 1,
    al_regs == "Central" ~ 2,
    al_regs == "Black Belt" ~ 3,
    al_regs == "Southern" ~ 4,
    TRUE ~ NA_real_
  )),
  file = "Results/Profit TAV GE Tomato R25.xlsx",
  as_table = TRUE
)

```

5.2 Profit from SBAV

- Joint profit from strawberry (stberry_long) and solar energy production (solar_profit) from 1 acre of land.
- The last variable (sbav_profit) is the final profit from strawberry agrivoltaic system which is the result of our interest.

```

# Generate all combinations of rows from both matrices in a vectorized way
solar_expanded <- solar_profit[rep(1:nrow(solar_profit),
                                each = nrow(stberry_long)), ]
stberry_expanded <- stberry_long[rep(1:nrow(stberry_long),
                                    times = nrow(solar_profit)), ]

# Calculate the new column for sbav_profit directly
sbav_profit_values <- solar_expanded$eannprof + stberry_expanded$profit

# Combine the matrices and the calculated sbav_profit column
sbav_profit <- cbind(solar_expanded,
                    stberry_expanded,
                    sbav_profit = sbav_profit_values)

# Convert to a data frame and ensure the correct format
sbav_profit <- as.data.frame(sbav_profit)
sbav_profit <- data.frame(lapply(sbav_profit, unlist))
# Create the new variable

sbav_profit <- sbav_profit %>%

```

```

group_by(price) %>% # Control for unique prices
mutate(
  sbavp_ge_sb = if_else(yldvar == 1 & sbav_profit >= profit, 1, 0)
) %>%
ungroup()

str(sbav_profit)

```

```

tibble [814,968 x 30] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
 $ sprop      : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ al_regs    : chr [1:814968] "Black Belt" "Black Belt" "Black Belt" "Black Belt"
 $ array      : chr [1:814968] "Fixed" "Fixed" "Fixed" "Fixed" ...
 $ dc_kw      : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ panels     : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ energy     : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ elcprc     : num [1:814968] 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 ...
 $ elcrev     : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ height     : num [1:814968] 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 ...
 $ capex      : num [1:814968] 1.59 1.59 1.59 1.59 1.59 ...
 $ landlease  : num [1:814968] 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 ...
 $ ttlcost    : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ inscst     : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ recredit   : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ reap       : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ annlzcst   : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ annoftotcost : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ monthlycost : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ opex       : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ taxcr      : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ anncost    : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ eannprof   : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ eannprofworeap : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ eannprofwoincentives : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
 $ yldvar     : num [1:814968] 2 1.9 1.8 1.7 1.6 1.5 1.4 1.3 1.2 1.1 ...
 $ yield      : num [1:814968] 6150 5843 5535 5228 4920 ...
 $ price      : num [1:814968] 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
 $ profit     : num [1:814968] 719 143 -435 -1010 -1588 ...
 $ sbav_profit : num [1:814968] 719 143 -435 -1010 -1588 ...
 $ sbavp_ge_sb : num [1:814968] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...

```

```
head(sbav_profit); tail(sbav_profit)
```

```
# A tibble: 6 x 30
  sprop al_regs array dc_kw panels energy elcprc elcrev height capex landlease
  <dbl> <chr>    <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
1      0 Black Be~ Fixed      0      0      0  0.01      0   4.6  1.59    1000
2      0 Black Be~ Fixed      0      0      0  0.01      0   4.6  1.59    1000
3      0 Black Be~ Fixed      0      0      0  0.01      0   4.6  1.59    1000
4      0 Black Be~ Fixed      0      0      0  0.01      0   4.6  1.59    1000
5      0 Black Be~ Fixed      0      0      0  0.01      0   4.6  1.59    1000
6      0 Black Be~ Fixed      0      0      0  0.01      0   4.6  1.59    1000
# i 19 more variables: ttlcost <dbl>, inscst <dbl>, recredit <dbl>, reap <dbl>,
# annlzcst <dbl>, annoftotcost <dbl>, monthlycost <dbl>, opex <dbl>,
# taxcr <dbl>, anncost <dbl>, eannprof <dbl>, eannprofworeap <dbl>,
# eannprofwoincentives <dbl>, yldvar <dbl>, yield <dbl>, price <dbl>,
# profit <dbl>, sbav_profit <dbl>, sbavp_ge_sb <dbl>
```

```
# A tibble: 6 x 30
  sprop al_regs array dc_kw panels energy elcprc elcrev height capex landlease
  <dbl> <chr>    <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
1      1 Southern Track~ 424.    885 712873  0.06 42772.    8.2  2.11    1000
2      1 Southern Track~ 424.    885 712873  0.06 42772.    8.2  2.11    1000
3      1 Southern Track~ 424.    885 712873  0.06 42772.    8.2  2.11    1000
4      1 Southern Track~ 424.    885 712873  0.06 42772.    8.2  2.11    1000
5      1 Southern Track~ 424.    885 712873  0.06 42772.    8.2  2.11    1000
6      1 Southern Track~ 424.    885 712873  0.06 42772.    8.2  2.11    1000
# i 19 more variables: ttlcost <dbl>, inscst <dbl>, recredit <dbl>, reap <dbl>,
# annlzcst <dbl>, annoftotcost <dbl>, monthlycost <dbl>, opex <dbl>,
# taxcr <dbl>, anncost <dbl>, eannprof <dbl>, eannprofworeap <dbl>,
# eannprofwoincentives <dbl>, yldvar <dbl>, yield <dbl>, price <dbl>,
# profit <dbl>, sbav_profit <dbl>, sbavp_ge_sb <dbl>
```

```
# TAV Profit Greater or Equal to Tomato
sbavp_ge_sberry = sbav_profit %>% filter(sbavp_ge_sb == 1)
```

5.2.1 Saving results locally

```
#write_csv(sbav_profit, "tav_profit.csv")
write_feather(sbav_profit,
```

```

sink = "Data/sbav_profit R25.feather",
version = 2,
chunk_size = 65536L,
compression = c("default"),
#compression = c("default", "lz4", "lz4_frame", "uncompressed", "zstd"),
compression_level = NULL
)
tictoc::tic("Using Base R Matrix:")
write_xlsx(x = sbav_profit[sample(nrow(tav_profit), 100),],
          file = "Results/SBAV Profit Sample R25.xlsx",
          as_table = TRUE)
tictoc::toc()

```

Using Base R Matrix:: 0.09 sec elapsed

```

write_xlsx(x = sbav_profit %>%
  filter(sprop %in% c(0, 0.25, 0.50, 0.75, 1),
         yldvar == 1,
         price == 9,
         elcprc == 0.04)%>%
  dplyr::select(sprop, panels, height, array, al_regs,
               #price, elcprc, yldvar, yield,
               sbav_profit) %>%
  mutate(al_regs1 = case_when(
    al_regs == "Northern" ~ 1,
    al_regs == "Central" ~ 2,
    al_regs == "Black Belt" ~ 3,
    al_regs == "Southern" ~ 4,
    TRUE ~ NA_real_)),
  file = "Results/Profit SBAV WriteUp R25.xlsx",
  as_table = TRUE)

```

```

write_xlsx(
  x = sbavp_ge_sberrry %>%
  dplyr::filter(sbavp_ge_sb == 1) %>%
  dplyr::select(
    sprop, panels, height, array, al_regs,
    yldvar, yield, price, elcprc, sbav_profit
  ) %>%
  mutate(al_regs1 = case_when(
    al_regs == "Northern" ~ 1,

```

```

    al_regs == "Central" ~ 2,
    al_regs == "Black Belt" ~ 3,
    al_regs == "Southern" ~ 4,
    TRUE ~ NA_real_
  )),
  file = "Results/Profit SBAV GE Strawberry R25.xlsx",
  as_table = TRUE
)

```

5.3 Profit from SQAV

```

solar_expanded <- solar_profit[rep(1:nrow(solar_profit),
                                each = nrow(squash_long)), ]
squash_expanded <- squash_long[rep(1:nrow(squash_long),
                                times = nrow(solar_profit)), ]

# Calculate the new column for tav_profit directly
sqav_profit_values <- solar_expanded$eannprof + squash_expanded$profit

# Combine the matrices and the calculated tav_profit column
sqav_profit <- cbind(solar_expanded,
                    squash_expanded,
                    sqav_profit = sqav_profit_values)

# Convert to a data frame and ensure the correct format
sqav_profit <- as.data.frame(sqav_profit)
sqav_profit <- data.frame(lapply(sqav_profit, unlist))

# Create a new variable
sqav_profit <- sqav_profit %>%
  group_by(price) %>% # Control for unique prices
  mutate(
    sqavp_ge_sq = if_else(yldvar == 1 & sqav_profit >= profit, 1, 0)
  ) %>%
  ungroup()

# SQAV Profit Greater or Equal to Squash
sqavp_ge_squash = sqav_profit %>% filter(sqavp_ge_sq == 1)

write_feather(sqav_profit,

```

```

sink = "Data/sqav_profit R25.feather",
version = 2,
chunk_size = 65536L,
compression = c("default"),
compression_level = NULL
)

write_xlsx(x = sqav_profit[sample(nrow(sqav_profit), 100),],
  file = "Results/SQAV Profit Sample R25.xlsx",
  as_table = TRUE)

write_xlsx(x = sqav_profit %>%
  filter(sprop %in% c(0, 0.25, 0.50, 0.75, 1),
    yldvar == 1,
    price == 14,
    elcprc == 0.04)%>%
  dplyr::select(sprop, panels, height, array,
    al_regs, yldvar, yield, price,
    elcprc, sqav_profit) %>%
  mutate(al_regs1 = case_when(
    al_regs == "Northern" ~ 1,
    al_regs == "Central" ~ 2,
    al_regs == "Black Belt" ~ 3,
    al_regs == "Southern" ~ 4,
    TRUE ~ NA_real_)),
  file = "Results/Profit SQAV WriteUp R25.xlsx",
  as_table = TRUE)

write_xlsx(
  x = sqavp_ge_squash %>%
  dplyr::filter(sqavp_ge_sq == 1) %>%
  dplyr::select(
    sprop, panels, height, array, al_regs,
    yldvar, yield, price, elcprc, sqav_profit
  ) %>%
  mutate(al_regs1 = case_when(
    al_regs == "Northern" ~ 1,
    al_regs == "Central" ~ 2,
    al_regs == "Black Belt" ~ 3,
    al_regs == "Southern" ~ 4,
    TRUE ~ NA_real_
  )),
  file = "Results/Profit SQAV GE Squash R25.xlsx",

```

```
    as_table = TRUE  
)
```