## Stellar Structure and Evolution —Exercises—

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## Part 2

1) Assume that the equation of state of the stellar matter is described by that of an ideal gas  $p = \frac{\Re}{\mu} \rho T$  (p: pressure,  $\rho$ : density, T: temperature,  $\mu$ : mean molecular weight,  $\Re$ : gas constant) with the specific heat  $c_V = \frac{3}{2} \frac{\Re}{\mu}$ . How big is then the thermal energy content  $E_T$  and the (gravitational) potential energy  $E_G$  of a star? Hint: Use  $M_r$  as independent variable and express  $E_T$  and  $E_G$  as an integral over  $M_r$ .

Derive from the condition of hydrostatic equilibrium (independent variable  $M_r$ ) by integration over  $M_r$  the virial theorem for a star in hydrostatic equilibrium:

$$E_G = -2E_T$$

What is the relation between the total energy  $E_{total}$  and  $E_T$ ? What is the sign of  $E_{total}$ ? What happens, if a star loses energy by radiation (no additional energy sources)? If a specific heat would be assigned to a star, which sign would it have?

2) On the basis of order of magnitude estimates prove that a relation between pressure and density together with the requirement of hydrostatic equilibrium implies a relation between mass M and radius R of a star.

Hint: Derivatives of the form  $\frac{dy}{dM_r}$  may be estimated by y/M, the density by  $\rho \propto M/R^3$ . Assume a power law relation between pressure and density of the form  $p \propto \rho^{\gamma}$ .

What are the mass - radius relations for  $\gamma = 4/3$  and  $\gamma = 5/3$ ? Interpret the result.

3) A stellar model: Assume that pressure and density of the stellar matter are related by an equation of state of the form  $p = K\rho^2$  (p: pressure,  $\rho$ : density, K: Constant). Calculate the density as a function of radius using the requirement of hydrostatic equilibrium.

Hint: Use Poisson's equation for the gravitational potential. For the solution of the problem use  $r\rho$  as dependent variable rather than  $\rho$ .

Are all solutions physically meaningful? Are there free parameters? Sketch and interpret the solution.