

Feedback — Quiz 1

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Thank you. Your submission for this quiz was received.

You submitted this quiz on **Mon 7 Dec 2015 12:50 PM PST**. You got a score of **6.00** out of **6.00**.

Question 1

Consider influenza epidemics for two parent heterosexual families. Suppose that the probability is 17% that at least one of the parents has contracted the disease. The probability that the father has contracted influenza is 12% while the probability that both the mother and father have contracted the disease is 6%. What is the probability that the mother has contracted influenza?

(Hints look at lecture 2 around 5:30 and homework question on page 3/10).

Your Answer	Score	Explanation
<input checked="" type="radio"/> 11%	✓ 1.00	
<input type="radio"/> 6%		
<input type="radio"/> 17%		
<input type="radio"/> 5%		
Total	1.00 / 1.00	

Question 2

A random variable, X is uniform, a box from 0 to 1 of height 1. (So that its density is $f(x) = 1$ for $0 \leq x \leq 1$.) What is its 75th percentile?

(Hints, look at lecture 2 around 21:30 and homework 1 page 4/10. Also, look up the help function for the qunif command in R.)

Your Answer	Score	Explanation
<input type="radio"/> 0.50		
<input type="radio"/> 0.10		
<input type="radio"/> 0.25		
<input checked="" type="radio"/> 0.75	✓ 1.00	
Total	1.00 / 1.00	

Question 3

You are playing a game with a friend where you flip a coin and if it comes up heads you give her X dollars and if it comes up tails she gives you Y dollars. The probability that the coin is heads is p (some number between 0 and 1.) What has to be true about X and Y to make so that both of your expected total earnings is 0. The game would then be called “fair”.

(Hints, look at Lecture 4 from 0 to 6:50 and Homework 1 page 5/10. Also, for further reading on fair games and gambling, start with the [Dutch Book problem](#)).

Your Answer	Score	Explanation
<input checked="" type="radio"/> $\frac{p}{1-p} = \frac{Y}{X}$	✓ 1.00	
<input type="radio"/> $\frac{p}{1-p} = \frac{X}{Y}$		
<input type="radio"/> $X = Y$		
<input type="radio"/> $p = \frac{X}{Y}$		
Total	1.00 / 1.00	

Question 4

A density that looks like a normal density (but may or may not be exactly normal) is exactly symmetric about zero. (Symmetric means if you flip it around zero it looks the same.) What

is its median?

(Hints, look at quantiles from Lecture 2 around 21:30 and the problem on page 9/10 from Homework 1.)

Your Answer	Score	Explanation
<input type="radio"/> We can't conclude anything about the median.		
<input type="radio"/> The median must be 1.		
<input type="radio"/> The median must be different from the mean.		
<input checked="" type="radio"/> The median must be 0.	✓ 1.00	
Total	1.00 / 1.00	

Question 5

Consider the following PMF shown below in R

```
x <- 1:4
p <- x/sum(x)
temp <- rbind(x, p)
rownames(temp) <- c("X", "Prob")
temp
```

```
##      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]
## X      1.0  2.0  3.0  4.0
## Prob  0.1  0.2  0.3  0.4
```

What is the mean?

(Hint, watch Lecture 4 on expectations of PMFs and look at Homework 1 problem on page 10/10 for a similar problem calculating the variance.)

Your Answer	Score	Explanation
<input checked="" type="radio"/> 3	✓ 1.00	
<input type="radio"/> 2		
<input type="radio"/> 1		

☐ 4

Total

1.00 / 1.00

Question 6

A web site (www.medicine.ox.ac.uk/bandolier/band64/b64-7.html) for home pregnancy tests cites the following: "When the subjects using the test were women who collected and tested their own samples, the overall sensitivity was 75%. Specificity was also low, in the range 52% to 75%." Assume the lower value for the specificity. Suppose a subject has a positive test and that 30% of women taking pregnancy tests are actually pregnant. What number is closest to the probability of pregnancy given the positive test?

(Hints, watch Lecture 3 at around 7 minutes for a similar example. Also, there's a lot of Bayes' rule problems and descriptions out there, for example [here's one for HIV testing](#). Note, discussions of Bayes' rule can get pretty heady. So if it's new to you, stick to basic treatments of the problem. Also see Homework 2 question on page 5/12.)

Your Answer	Score	Explanation
<input type="radio"/> 10%		
<input type="radio"/> 20%		
<input type="radio"/> 30%		
<input checked="" type="radio"/> 40%	✓ 1.00	
Total	1.00 / 1.00	