Date: 28/07/2025

Experiment No: 02

Aim: To implement LL(1) parsing using C program.

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
char s[20], stack[20];
char *m[5][6] = {
                                      )
"n",
                                                $ */
""},
    /* i
                       "",
    {"tb",
             "",
                               "tb",
                               "",
"fc",
    {"",
{"fc",
             "+tb",
                                                 "n"},
            "",
"n",
                                       ""
"n",
                                                ""},
    {"fc",
{"",
{"i",
                       "", "fc",
"*fc", "",
"", "(e)",
                                                "n"},
                                                 ""}
};
int size[5][6] = {
    {2, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0},
    \{0, 3, 0, 0, 1, 1\},\
    {2, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0},
    \{0, 1, 3, 0, 1, 1\},\
    \{1, 0, 0, 3, 0, 0\}
};
int main()
    int i, j, k;
    int str1, str2;
    int n;
    printf("\nEnter the input string: ");
    scanf("%s", s);
    strcat(s, "$");
    n = strlen(s);
    stack[0] = '$';
    stack[1] = 'e';
    i = 1;
    j = 0;
    printf("\nStack\tInput\n");
printf("_____\n\n");
```

```
while (!(stack[i] == '$' && s[j] == '$')) {
    if (stack[i] == s[j]) {
        i--;
        j++;
   } else {
        switch (stack[i]) {
           case 'e': str1 = 0; break;
            case 'b': str1 = 1; break;
           case 't': str1 = 2; break;
            case 'c': str1 = 3; break;
            case 'f': str1 = 4; break;
            default:
                printf("\nERROR: Invalid non-terminal %c\n", stack[i]);
                exit(0);
       }
        // Get column for current input symbol
        switch (s[j]) {
            case 'i': str2 = 0; break;
            case '+': str2 = 1; break;
            case '*': str2 = 2; break;
           case '(': str2 = 3; break;
            case ')': str2 = 4; break;
            case '$': str2 = 5; break;
            default:
                printf("\nERROR: Invalid input symbol %c\n", s[j]);
                exit(0);
       }
        if (m[str1][str2][0] == '\0') {
            printf("\nERROR: No rule for [%c][%c]\n", stack[i], s[j]);
            exit(0);
        } else if (m[str1][str2][0] == 'n') {
            // 'n' means epsilon production (pop)
            i--;
        } else if (m[str1][str2][0] == 'i') {
            // 'i' means push 'i' on stack
            stack[i] = 'i';
        } else {
            // Push RHS of production in reverse order
            for (k = size[str1][str2] - 1; k >= 0; k--) {
                stack[i] = m[str1][str2][k];
                i++;
```

```
L++;
           i--; // Adjust for extra increment
       }
   }
   // Print stack
   for (k = 0; k <= i; k++)
       printf("%c", stack[k]);
   printf("\t");
   // Print input from current pointer
   for (k = j; k < n; k++)
       printf("%c", s[k]);
   printf("\n");
if (stack[i] == '$' && s[j] == '$')
   printf("\nSUCCESS\n");
else
   printf("\nERROR: Parsing incomplete\n");
return 0;
```

Output:

```
asecomputerlab@hp-desktop:~/Desktop/22075$ gcc ll1.c
asecomputerlab@hp-desktop:~/Desktop/22075$ ./a.out
Enter the input string: i*i+i
Stack
        Input
$bt
       i*i+i$
$bcf
       i*i+i$
$bci
       i*i+i$
$bc
        *i+i$
$bcf*
       *i+i$
$bcf
       i+i$
$bci
       i+i$
$bc
        +i$
$b
        +i$
$bt+
       +i$
       i$
$bt
$bcf
       i$
       i$
$bci
$bc
        $
        $
$b
        $
$
SUCCESS
```

Conclusion:

Thus, the program to implement LL(1) has been successfully executed.