

Urban ad-hoc roadway construction zones: Human worker behavior evaluation towards safety notifications

PhD Students: Daniel Lu, Suzana Duran Bernardes, Fan Zuo
Faculty: Dr. Semiha Ergan, Dr. Kaan Ozbay

Can alarm devices improve worker safety?



 **762 crashes^[1]**
135 worker deaths

Minimal safety measures in urban ad-hoc work zones contribute to roadside accidents.

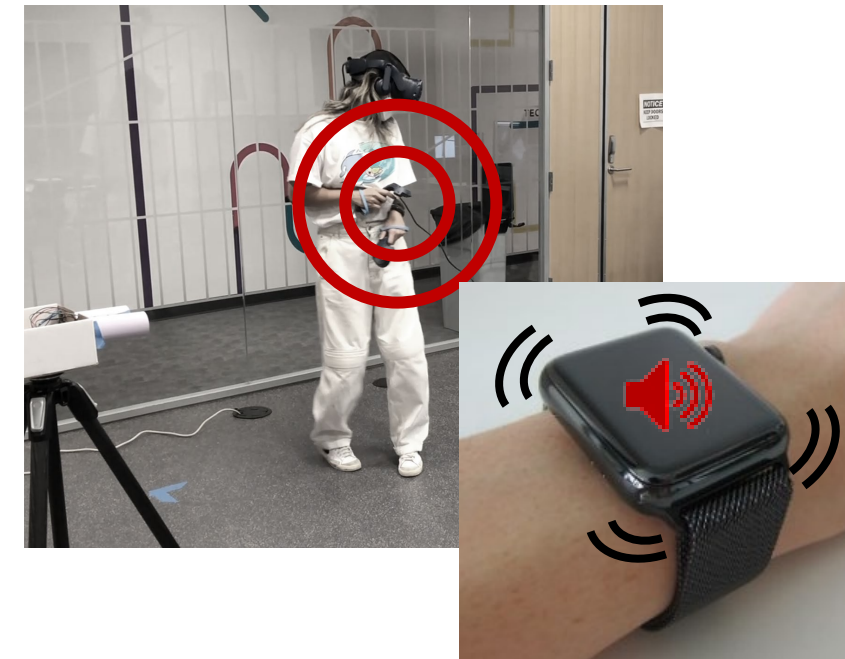


Stationary active alarm devices difficult for workers to hear or see in work zone environments. Workers **tend to ignore** these alarms [2].

Do wearable alarm devices trigger reactions?

Wearable devices (e.g., smart watches, haptic vests) can ensure workers notice safety alarms. But how workers react to different alarm characteristics (sound/vibration, duration, frequency) are still not well understood.

worker senses alarm



...worker taps watch



or...

...worker doesn't react



then...

alarm's
• sound = ?
• vibration = ?
• duration = ?
• frequency = ?

Integrated virtual reality and micro traffic simulation platform

Testing alarm devices in real construction sites or physical roadway testbeds is not safe or effective for testing a wide variety of vehicle related accident scenarios.

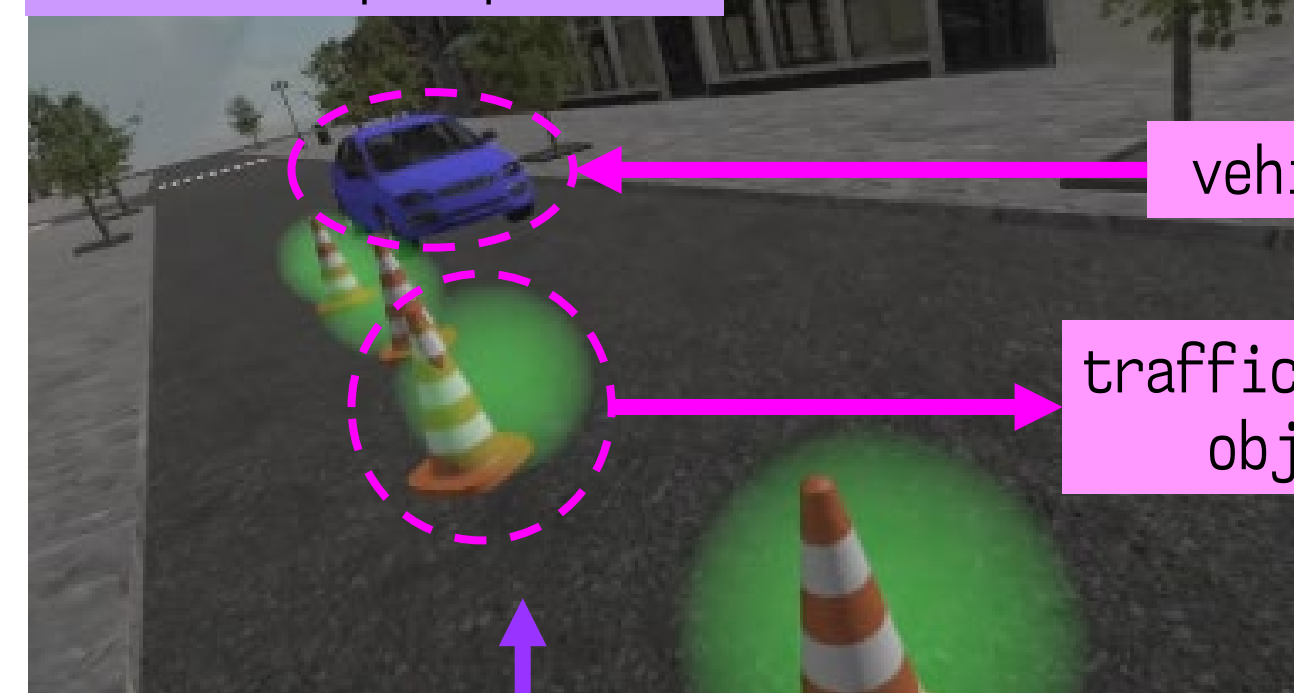
The platform utilizes sensors to measure different forms of worker reactions (watch face response, gaze direction, etc.) to alarms of random characteristics (sound/vibration, duration, frequency).

Virtual Reality

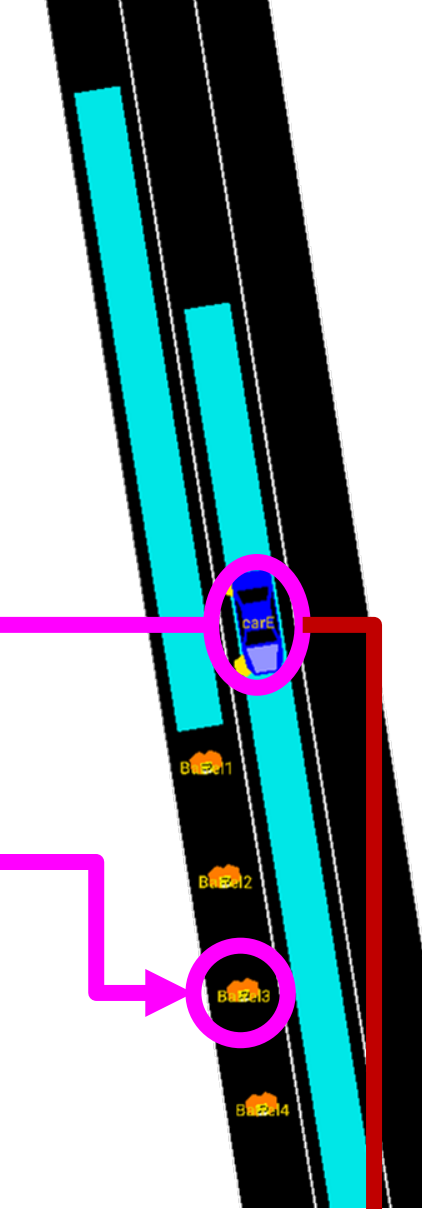
work zone environments



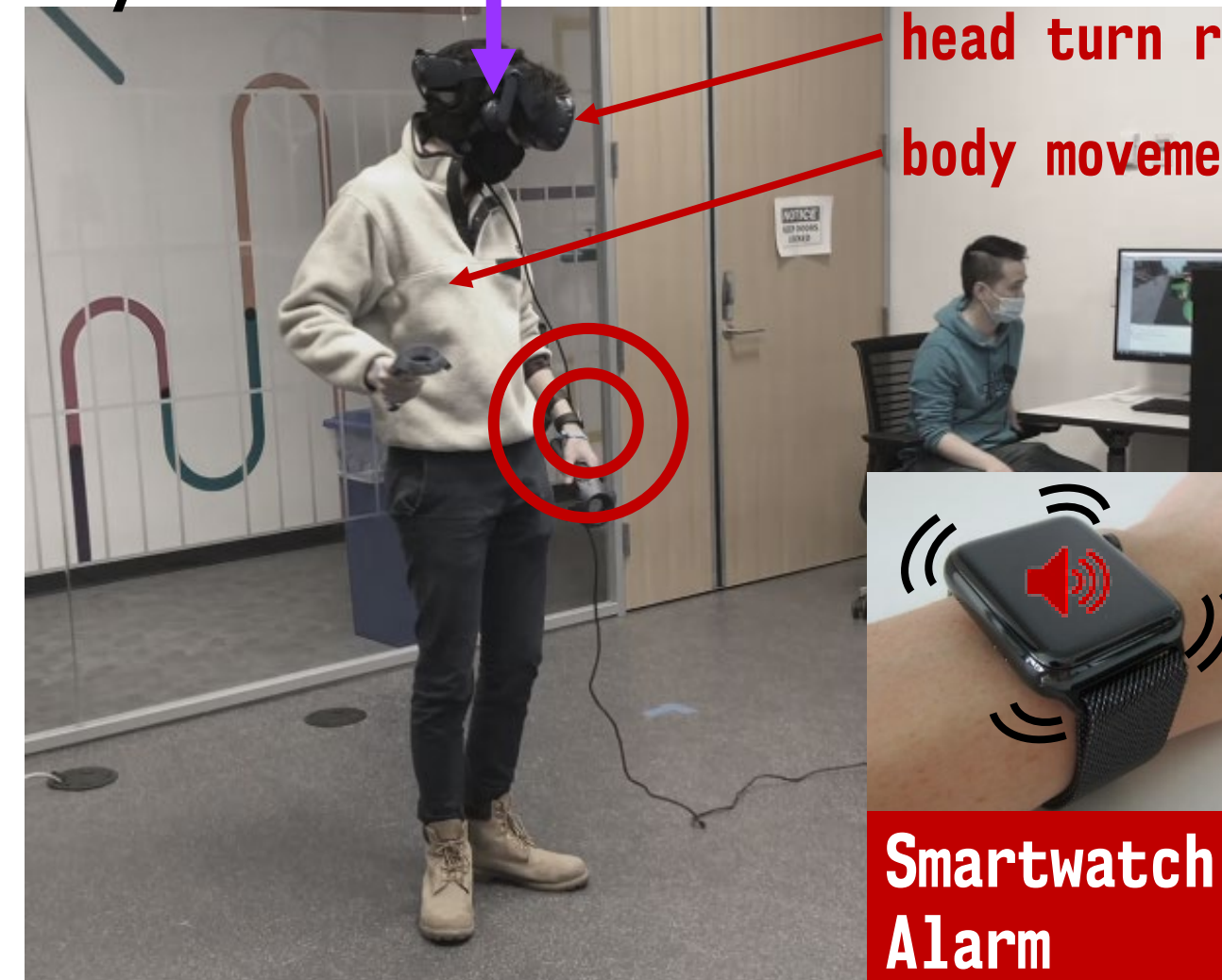
worker VR perspective



Micro-traffic Simulation



Physical Lab

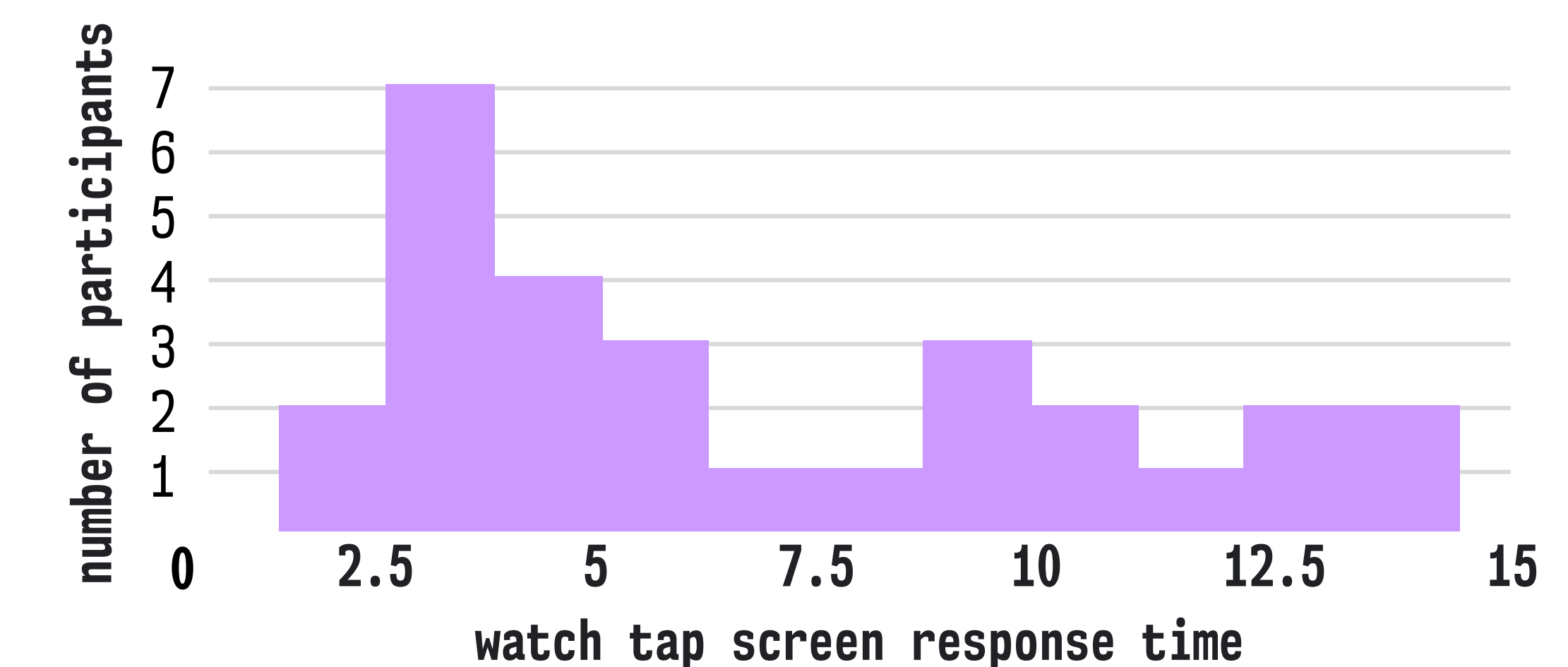


Smartwatch Alarm

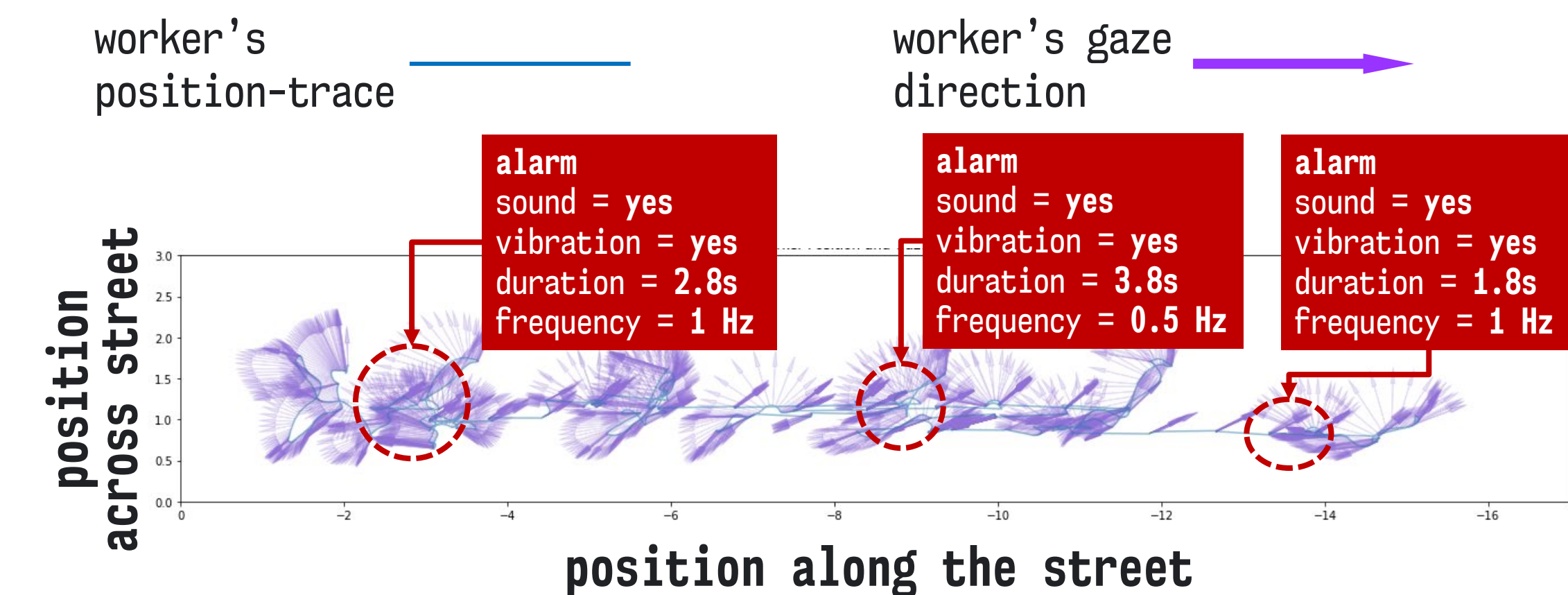
vehicle triggers alarm

Data collection on worker reactions

Collected data from **thirty-three (n=33)** participants using the platform to evaluate worker reactions to alarms.



Currently analyzing the captured data on worker behavior for developing a **reinforcement learning-based model** to **calibrate alarm characteristics** for achieving faster physical reactions from workers.



Expected Contributions and References

An improved **alarm control system** that optimizes alarm characteristics to evoke faster physical reactions from workers during a workday.

- Bureau of Labor Statistics (2019), 2019 National Work Zone Fatal Crashes & Fatalities, retrieved from "https://www.workzonesafety.org/crash-information/work-zone-fatal-crashes-fatalities/" access date: 11/27/2021.
- TxDOT (2002), Use of drone radar, safety intrusion alarms, CB Wizard, and automated flaggers in work zones, retrieved from "https://www.workzonesafety.org/practice/use-of-drone-radar-safety-intrusion-alarms-cb-wizard-and-automated-flaggers-in-work-zones/", access date: 11/27/2018.