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--- Day 3: Spiral Memory ---

You come across an experimental new kind of memory stored on an infinite two-dimensional grid.

Each square on the grid is allocated in a spiral pattern starting at a location marked **1** and then counting up while spiraling outward. For example, the first few squares are allocated like this:

```
17 16 15 14 13
18  5  4  3 12
19  6  1  2 11
20  7  8  9 10
21 22 23---> ...
```

While this is very space-efficient (no squares are skipped), requested data must be carried back to square **1** (the location of the only access port for this memory system) by programs that can only move up, down, left, or right. They always take the shortest path: the **Manhattan Distance** between the location of the data and square **1**.

For example:

- Data from square **1** is carried **0** steps, since it's at the access port.
- Data from square **12** is carried **3** steps, such as: down, left, left.
- Data from square **23** is carried only **2** steps: up twice.
- Data from square **1024** must be carried **31** steps.

How many steps are required to carry the data from the square identified in your puzzle input all the way to the access port?

Your puzzle answer was **475**.

--- Part Two ---

As a stress test on the system, the programs here clear the grid and then store the value **1** in square **1**. Then, in the same allocation order as shown above, they store the sum of the values in all adjacent squares, including diagonals.

So, the first few squares' values are chosen as follows:

- Square **1** starts with the value **1**.
- Square **2** has only one adjacent filled square (with value **1**), so it also stores **1**.
- Square **3** has both of the above squares as neighbors and stores the sum of their values, **2**.
- Square **4** has all three of the aforementioned squares as neighbors and stores the sum of their values, **4**.
- Square **5** only has the first and fourth squares as neighbors, so it gets the value **5**.

Once a square is written, its value does not change. Therefore, the first few squares would receive the following values:

```
147 142 133 122 59
304  5  4  2 57
330 10  1  1 54
351 11 23 25 26
362 747 806---> ...
```

What is the first value written that is larger than your puzzle input?

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Your puzzle answer was `279138`.

Both parts of this puzzle are complete! They provide two gold stars: **

At this point, you should [return to your advent calendar](#) and try another puzzle.

Your puzzle input was `277678`.

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