

Due Date : 2020/01/10 23:55:00

Backpropagation – 100%

1. Description

Write a backpropagation program to separate $y = x$ data, which has 100 points.

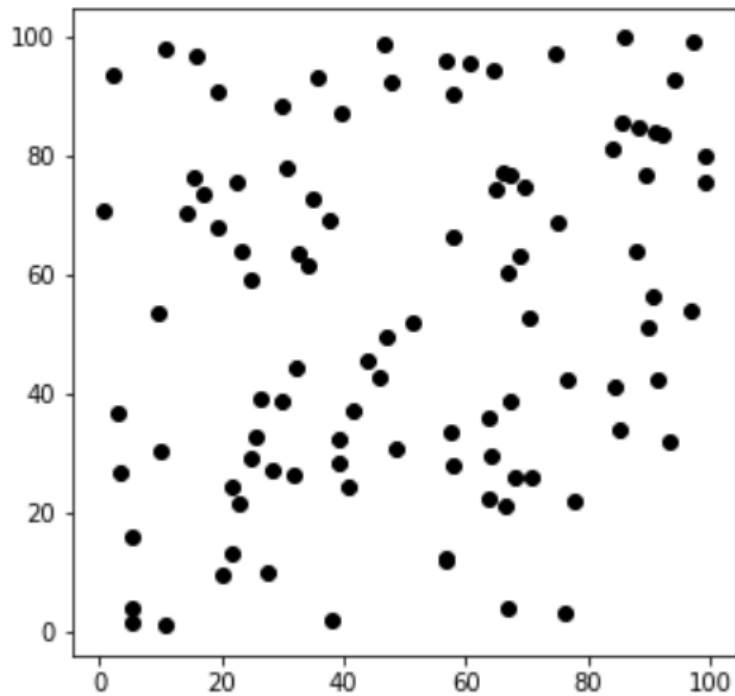


Figure 1: Data

2. Rules

- (a) Implementing a two-layer neural network.
- (b) Two inputs(x, y).
- (c) One output(label). If $x > y$, label = 0. If $x < y$, label = 1.
- (d) You must use backpropagation in this neural network.
- (e) You can only use Numpy and other python standard library, so you can't use libraries like Scikit-Learn.

3. Input Parameter

A set of data points(comma seperated : x,y,label)

```

1 93.48593529605985,31.917718543008778,0
2 60.72731321857323,95.55663424197722,1
3 57.6150809862247,33.37892972249287,0
4 27.365576625686437,9.866993053829153,0
5 32.17978396365503,44.45633670731573,1
6 70.95909771736822,25.89793202923594,0
7 22.83493010847568,21.62742131964993,0
8 67.91465461670093,25.97461253165546,0
9 3.3895015129173145,26.500886516315347,1
10 35.76294873084911,93.29968759099675,1
11 26.391914750084677,39.2555816602013,1
12 67.27141299115084,76.90379952745646,1
13 63.62813916161462,22.347884823316623,0
14 40.63631947093871,24.12362046356692,0

```

Figure 2: Inputs

4. Grading Policy

- (a) Forward propagation. 10%
- (b) Sigmoid function. 5%
- (c) Back propagation. 30%
- (d) Update weights. 10%
- (e) Plot your predictions and ground truth. 10%
- (f) Print loss(You can use Mean Absolute Error). 15%
- (g) Print accuracy. 20%

5. Output Format

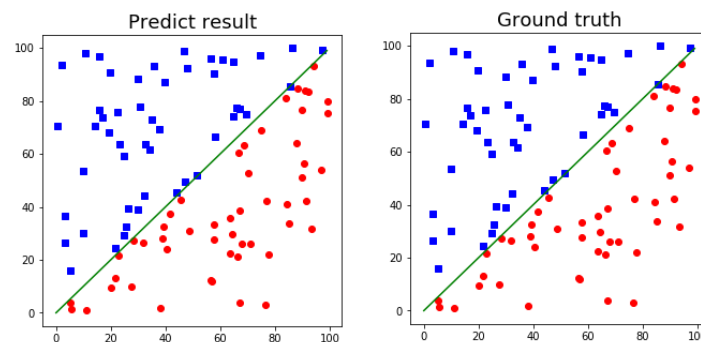


Figure 3: Result

```
epochs 10000 loss : 0.00013502790539324507
epochs 20000 loss : 8.70356437361673e-05
epochs 30000 loss : 5.677070031071446e-05
epochs 40000 loss : 5.270236838225153e-05
epochs 50000 loss : 6.013724184955847e-05
epochs 60000 loss : 3.3416408752577175e-05
epochs 70000 loss : 2.9257950380554214e-05
epochs 80000 loss : 2.641794095654291e-05
epochs 90000 loss : 2.4623162896016416e-05
epochs 100000 loss : 2.2143493186173894e-05
```

Figure 4: Loss

```
[[5.56117876e-06]
 [9.99971447e-01]
 [5.56117876e-06]
 [5.56117876e-06]
 [9.99971447e-01]
 [5.56117876e-06]
 [5.56117876e-06]
 [5.56117876e-06]
 [9.99974515e-01]
```

Figure 5: Accuracy

6. Reference

(a) Sigmoid function

```
def sigmoid(x):
    return 1.0 / (1.0 + np.exp(-x))
```

(b) Derivative of the Sigmoid function

```
def sigmoid_deriv(x):
    return sigmoid(x) * (1.0 - sigmoid(x))
```

E3 Submission

Please submit a **zip** file, which contains the following, to the newE3 system.

1. Report

- (a) Explanation of how your code works.
- (b) All the content mentioned above.
- (c) Your name and student ID.
- (d) Accept formats: PDF, HTML

2. Source codes

- (a) Accept languages: C/C++, C#, R, python2/python3, MATLAB, JAVA
- (b) NO package-provided model allowed, so the algorithm must be done by you.

However, numerical computing and visualization packages are allowed, solely for data manipulation and visualization. Take python3 for example:

- i. sklearn X
- ii. numpy O
- iii. pandas O
- iv. matplotlib O

- Your score will be determined mainly by the submitted report.
 - If there is any problem with your code, TA might ask you (through email) to demo it. Otherwise, no demo needed.
- Plagiarizing is not allowed.
 - You will get ZERO on that homework if you get caught the first time.
 - The second time, you'll FAIL this class.
- In order to meet the grading rules the school formulated, your final score of this homework will be normalized by the following formula:
$$\text{final_score} = (\text{raw_score} - \text{raw_score.mean}()) * 15. / \text{raw_score.std}() + 80$$

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