



CSCI-3753: Operating Systems Spring 2021

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Based on slides by Abigail

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Week 12

> Programming Assignment 4



Assignment Goal

Implement a paging strategy that a paging simulator can use to maximize the performance of the memory access in a set of pre-defined programs

Action items

- Implement **LRU** algorithm

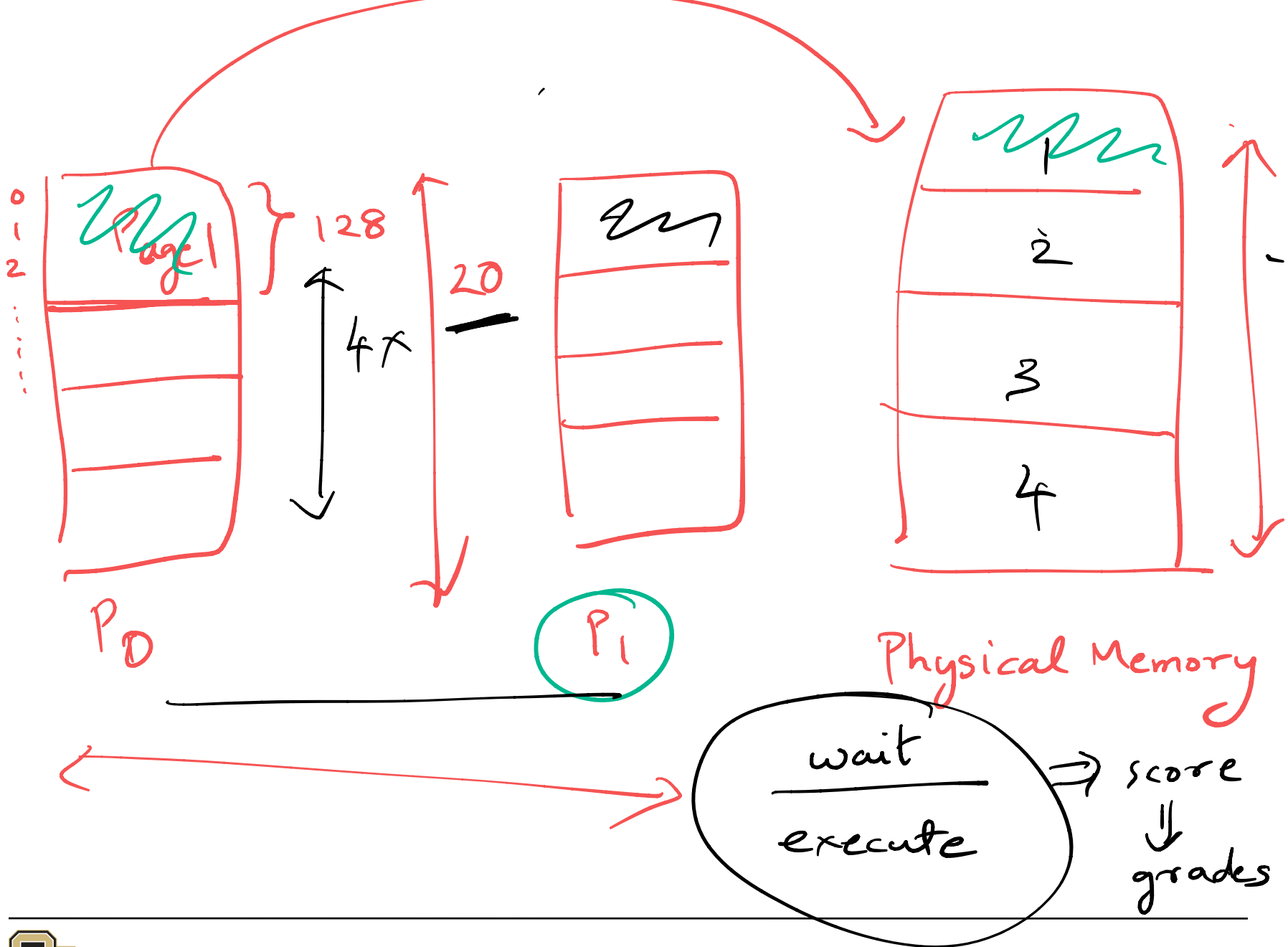
`pager-lru.c`

- Implement any form of **predictive paging algorithm**

`pager-predict.c`

15





Paging Simulator

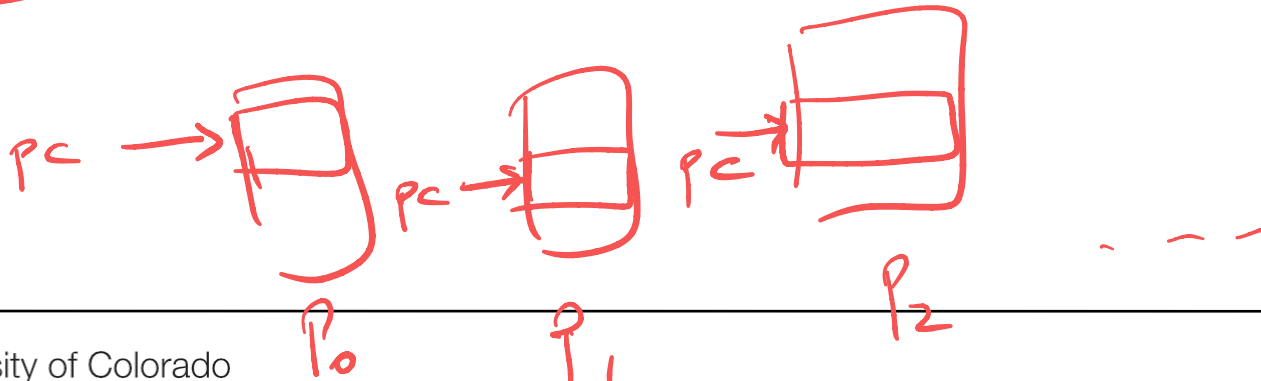
- Run a random set of 5 pre-defined programs utilizing a limited number of shared physical pages
- Provided default values in `simulator.h`
 - 20 virtual pages per process (`MAX_PROC_PAGES`)
 - 100 physical pages (frames) in total (`PHYSICAL_PAGES`)
 - 20 simultaneous processes competing for pages (`MAX_PROCESSES`)
 - 128 memory unit page size (`PAGE_SIZE`)
 - 100 tick delay to swap a page in or out (`PAGE_WAIT`)
 - Each instruction or step in the simulated programs requires 1 tick to complete.



Paging Simulator

YES 100 pages
 $20 \times 20 = 400$
process page 400
↑

- Is the environment resource constrained?
- How many physical pages can be swapped in at a given time?
- How many virtual pages will you have to access at most?
- Swapping a page in and out takes how much time?



Paging Simulator

```
struct pentry {  
    long active;  
    long pc;  
    long npages;  
    long pages[MAXPROCPAGES]; /* 0 if not allocated, 1 if allocated */  
};
```

0 1 2
[1, 0, 1, ...,]
20

Paging Simulator

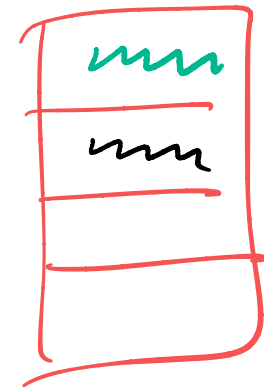
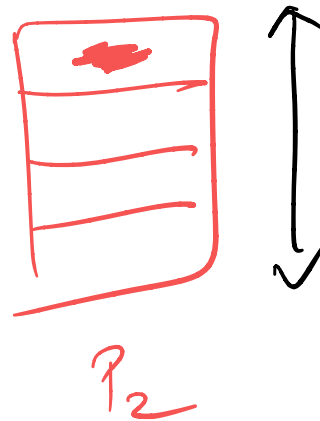
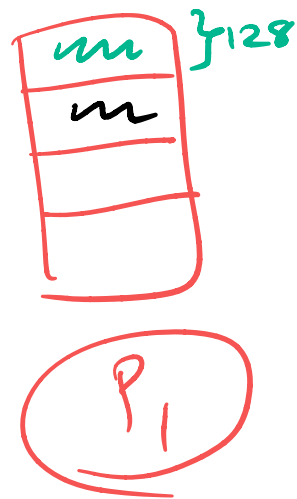
pagein(1, 20) ✓

Provide 3 functions for interaction

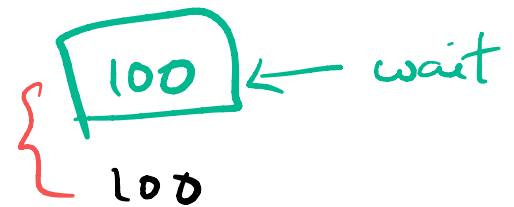
- To control the allocation of virtual and physical pages
 - pagein() →
 - pageout() →
- To handle the page fault
 - **pageit()** ← core paging function that needs implementation

Source code is provided.

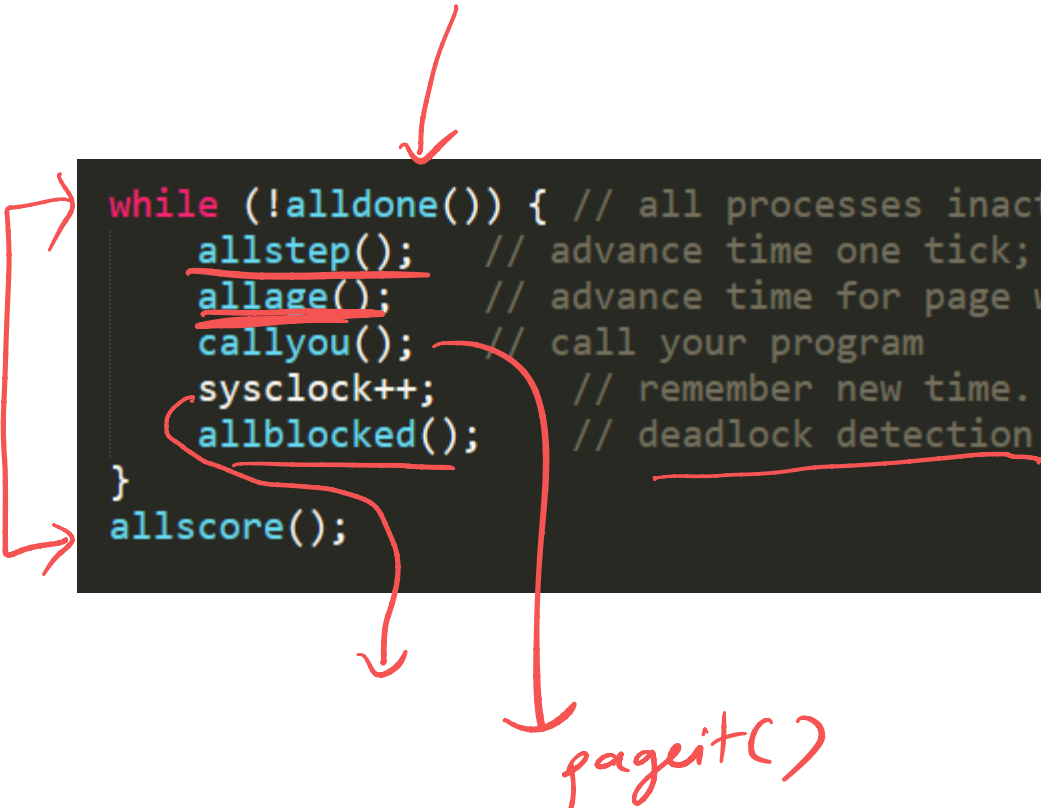
- `simulator.h, simulator.c`
- `pager-basic.c, pager-lru.c, pager-predict.c`



Phys. Mem



Paging Simulator



```
while (!alldone()) { // all processes inactive
    allstep();        // advance time one tick; if process done, reload
    allage();        // advance time for page wait variables.
    callyou();        // call your program
    sysclock++;        // remember new time.
    allblocked();    // deadlock detection
}
allscore();
```

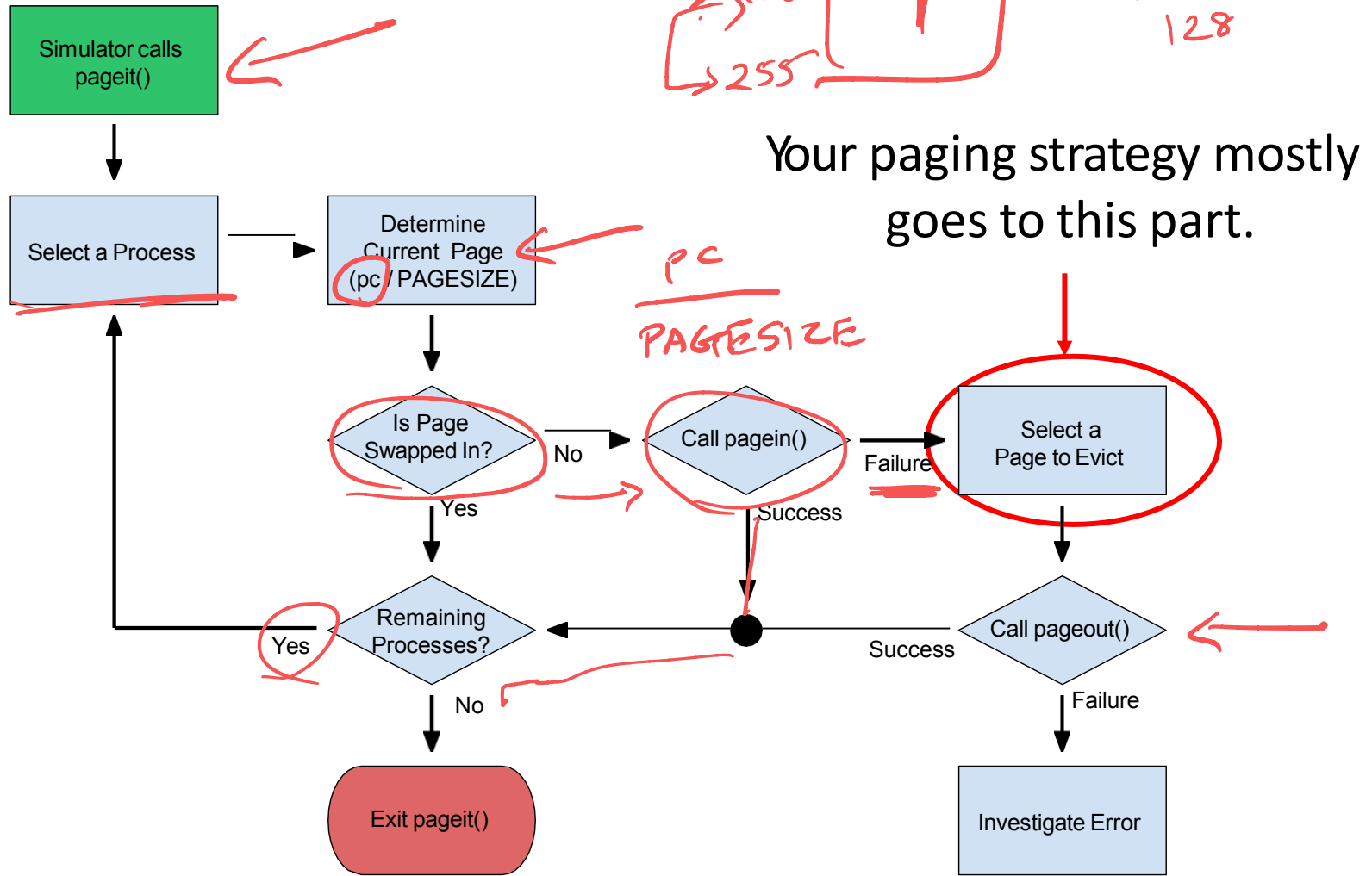
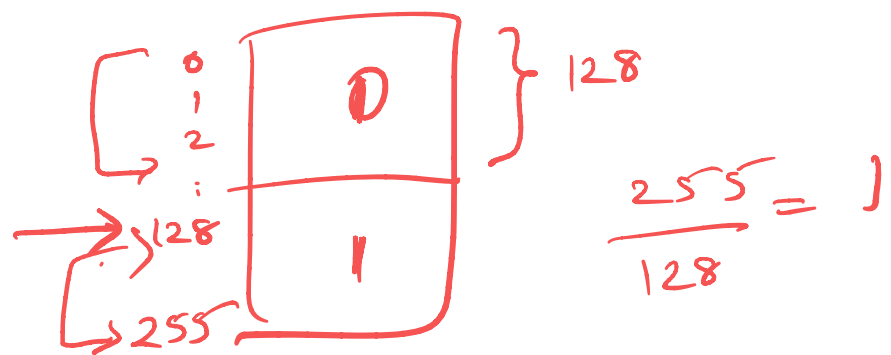
pageit()



pager-basic.c

- A basic “one-process-at-a-time” implementation
- A simple demonstration of the simulator API
- **Doesn't need any implementation from YOU!!!**

pager-basic.c



```
#include "simulator.h"
```

```
void pageit(Pentry q[MAXPROCESSES]) {
```

```
/* Local vars */
```

```
int proc;
```

```
int pc;
```

```
int page;
```

```
int oldpage;
```

```
/* Trivial paging strategy */
```

```
/* Select first active process */
```

```
for(proc=0; proc<MAXPROCESSES; proc++) {
```

```
/* Is process active? */
```

```
if(q[proc].active) {
```

```
/* Dedicate all work to first active process*/
```

```
pc = q[proc].pc;
```

```
page = pc/PAGESIZE;
```

```
// program counter for process
```

```
// page the program counter needs
```

```
/* Is page swapped-out? */
```

```
if(!q[proc].pages[page]) {
```

```
/* Try to swap in */
```

```
if(!pagein(proc,page)) {
```

```
/* If swapping fails, swap out another page */
```

```
for(oldpage=0; oldpage < q[proc].npages; oldpage++) {
```

```
/* Make sure page isn't one I want */
```

```
if(oldpage != page) {
```

```
/* Try to swap-out */
```

```
if(pageout(proc,oldpage)) {
```

```
/* Break loop once swap-out starts*/
```

```
break;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

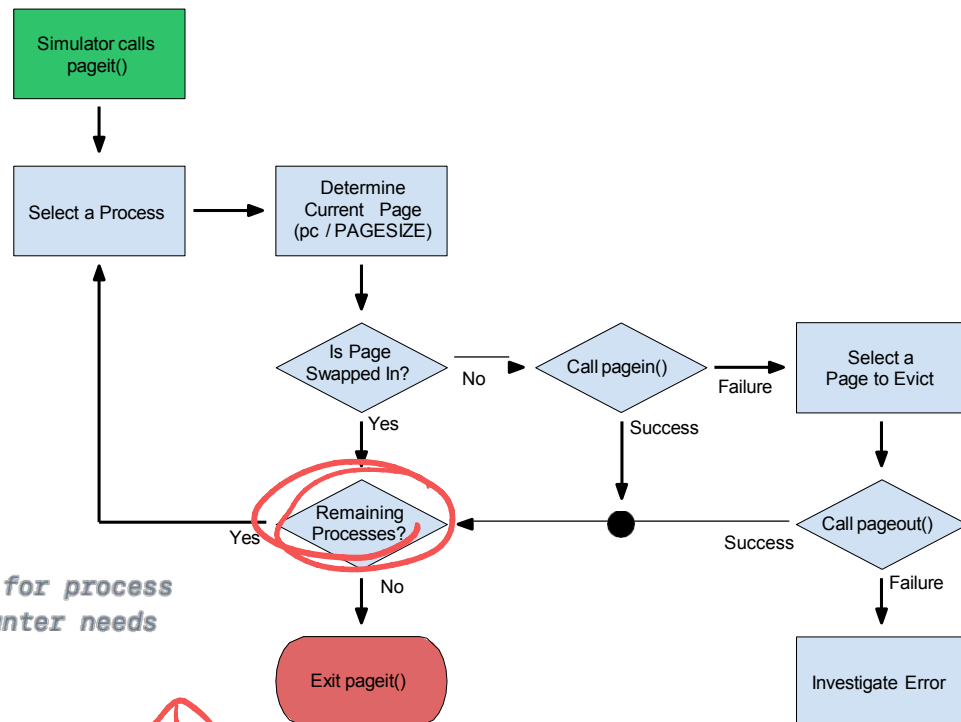
```
}
```

```
/* Break loop after finding first active process */
```

```
break;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```



pagein() ←

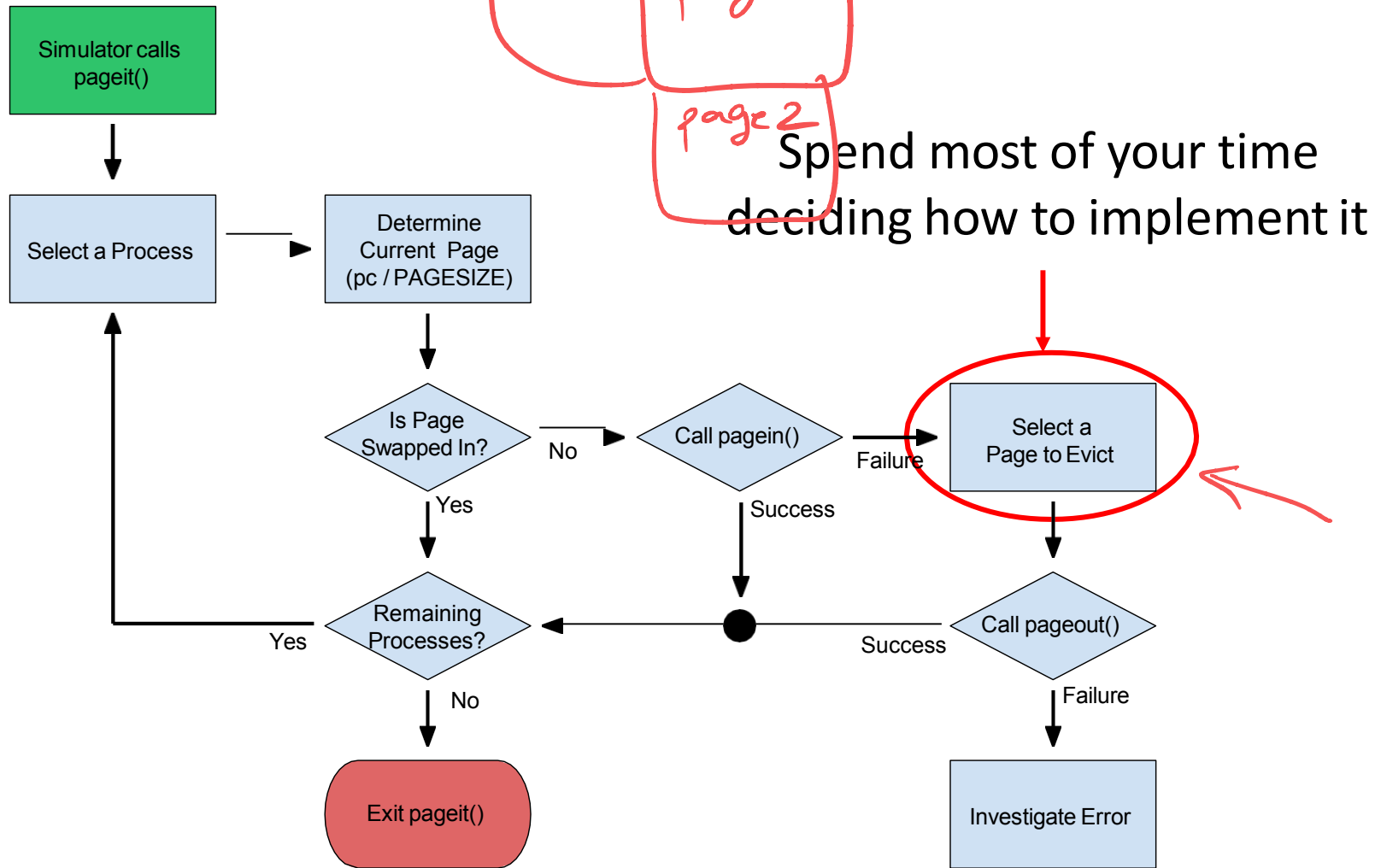
! pagein → 1

! 0

11

1

pager-lru.c



```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

#include "simulator.h"
```

```
void pageit(Pentry q[MAXPROCESSES]) {

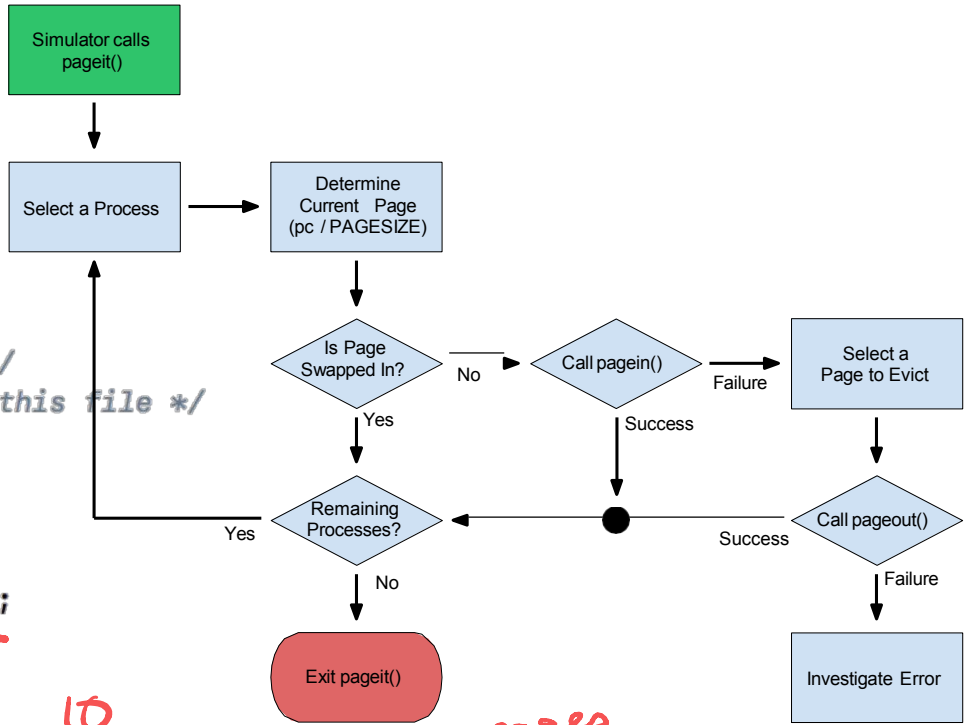
    /* This file contains the stub for an LRU pager */
    /* You may need to add/remove/modify any part of this file */

    /* Static vars */
    static int initialized = 0;
    static int tick = 1; // artificial time
    static int timestamps[MAXPROCESSES][MAXPROCPAGES];

    /* Local vars */
    int proctmp;
    int pagetmp;

    /* initialize static vars on first run */
    if(!initialized){
        for(proctmp=0; proctmp < MAXPROCESSES; proctmp++){
            for(pagetmp=0; pagetmp < MAXPROCPAGES; pagetmp++){
                timestamps[proctmp][pagetmp] = 0;
            }
        }
        initialized = 1;
    }

    /* TODO: Implement LRU Paging */
    fprintf(stderr, "pager-lru not yet implemented. Exiting...\n");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    // tick++;
    /* advance time for next pageit iteration */
}
```



LO

pages

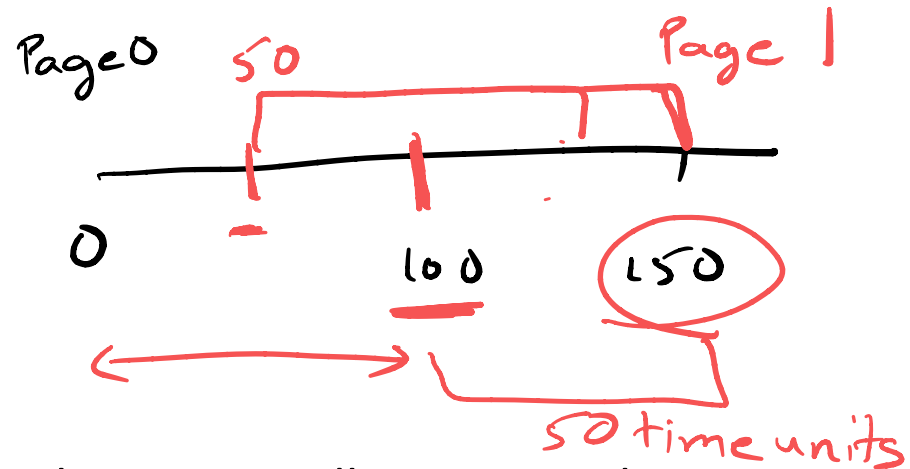
0-1-2-3 20

10 11 12 13

processes

20

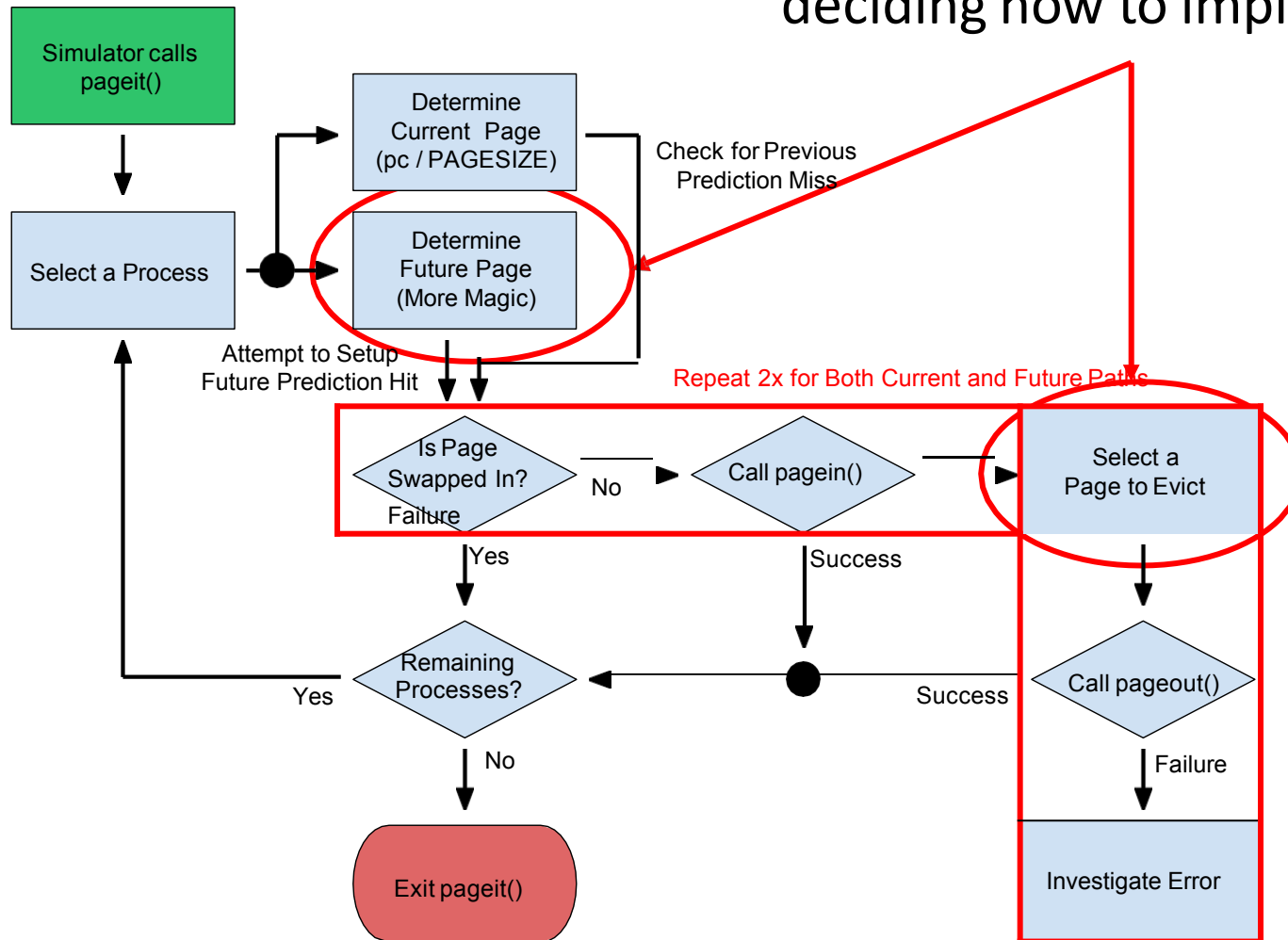
pager-predict.c



- Require a predictive algorithm that
 - Attempts to predict what pages each process will require in the future and then
 - Swaps these pages in before they are needed
- **Note:** In any predictive operation, you ideally wish to stay 100-200 ticks ahead of the execution of each process.

pager-predict.c

Spend most of your time
deciding how to implement it



```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

#include "simulator.h"
```

```
void pageit(Pentry q[MAXPROCESSES]) {
```

```
/* This file contains the stub for a predictive pager */
/* You may need to add/remove/modify any part of this file */
```

```
/* Static vars */
```

```
static int initialized = 0;
static int tick = 1; // artificial time
```

```
/* Local vars */
```

```
/* initialize static vars on first run */
```

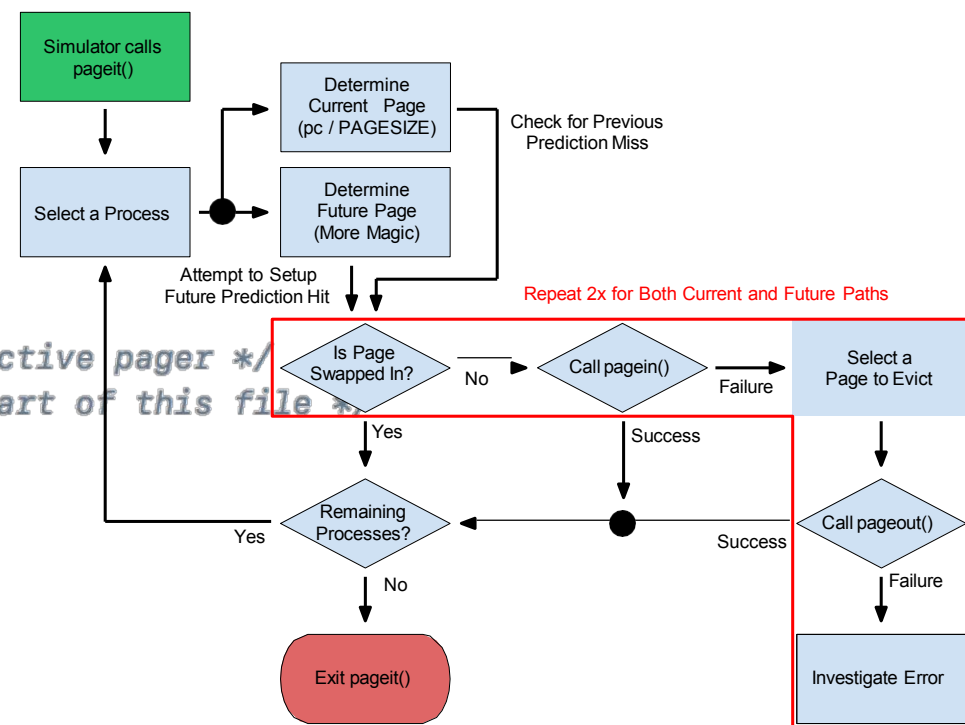
```
if(!initialized){
/* Init complex static vars here */
```

```
initialized = 1;
}
```

```
/* TODO: Implement Predictive Paging */
```

```
fprintf(stderr, "pager-predict not yet implemented. Exiting...\n");
exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
```

```
/* advance time for next pageit iteration */
tick++;
```



Week 11 – Checklist

- ☐ Start on PA4
- ☐ Complete Quiz 13

