Incident AUD diagnosis in patients with obesity and no prior history of AUD

during 12-month follow-up time period (comparison between propensity-score matched cohorts)

	Semaglutide	Non-GLP-1RAs		
Population	cohort	anti-obesity medications cohor	·t	HR (95% CI)
Overall (n = 26,784/cohort)	0.28% (74)	0.48% (128)	⊢ •-	0.56 (0.42–0.75)
Women (n = 17,938/cohort)	0.24% (43)	0.35% (63)		0.66 (0.45–0.98)
Men (n = 7,260/cohort)	0.29% (21)	0.65% (47)	⊢•	0.43 (0.27-0.72)
age <= 55 years (n = 15,791/cohort)	0.32% (51)	0.52% (82)		0.61 (0.43–0.86)
age > 55 years (n = 10,639/cohort)	0.16% (17)	0.33% (35)	⊢ •	0.46 (0.26-0.82)
Black (n = 4,221/cohort)	0.50% (21)	0.45% (19)		1.06 (0.57–1.98)
White $(n = 17,956/cohort)$	0.21% (37)	0.49% (88)	⊢ •	0.41 (0.28–0.60)
No T2D (n = 17,754/cohort)	0.23% (40)	0.36% (63)	 ├ - -	0.63 (0.42–0.93)
T2D (n = 8,817/cohort)	0.41% (36)	0.66% (58)	⊢ •	0.58 (0.38-0.88)
			0.10 0.20 0.40 0.80	2.0 4.0 8.00

Hazard Ratio (HR)