Version 3.6.9 - Sept 12, 2014

No Changes since Version 3.6.7.

The configuration file for the enhanced search widget allows for the configuration of the enhanced search widget without changes to the source code. Below is a list of the xml elements (tags) and what they do. The following section pertains to all child elements of the layers element.

```
<layer>
    <token/>
    <useproxy>false</useproxy>
    <definitionexpression></definitionexpression>
    <enableprintgrid title="Selected Zoning Areas">true</enableprintgrid>
    <enableexport exportnumbersasformattedstrings="true" >true</enableexport>
    <name>Louisville Zoning</name>
    <url>http://sampleserver1.arcgisonline.com/ArcGIS/rest/services/Louisville/LOJIC_LandRecords_Louisville/MapServer/2</url>
    <expressions>
         <expression alias="Zoning Code" textsearchlabel="Search Zoning Code:" isvaluerequired="false">
              <values>
                  <value prompt="Example: OR1" uniquevalsfromfield="ZONING_CODE" isvaluerequired="false"</p>
autosubmit="false">upper(ZONING_CODE) = upper('[value]')</value>
                  <value prompt="Example: OFFICE" userlist="OFFICE,RESIDENTIAL,all" isvaluerequired="false" autosubmit="false"</p>
operator="AND">ZONING_TYPE = '[value]'</value>
             </values>
         </expression>
         <expression alias="Zoning Type" textsearchlabel="Search Zoning Type:">
              <values>
                  <value prompt="Example: RESIDENTIAL" isvaluerequired="true">upper(ZONING_TYPE) = upper('[value]')</value>
              </values>
         </expression>
         <expression alias="Zoning Name" textsearchlabel="Search Zoning Name [ Example: RES MULTI-FAMILY ]:">
              <values>
                  <value prompt="Example: RES MULTI-FAMILY" isvaluerequired="true">upper(ZONING_NAME) LIKE upper('%[value]%')</value>
              </values>
         </expression>
    </expressions>
    <graphicalsearchlabel>Use one of the graphical search tools to select Zoning</graphicalsearchlabel>
    <spatialsearchlayer>true</spatialsearchlayer>
    <titlefield>ZONING_NAME</titlefield>
    <fields all="false">
         <field name="ZONING_CODE" alias="Zoning Code"/>
         <field name="ZONING_NAME" alias="Zoning Name"/>
         <field name="SALE_DATE" gridfield="true" dateformat="MM/DD/YYYY"/>
         <field name="SALE_PRICE" gridfield="true" currencyformat="$|2|,|."/>
         <field name="URL" alias="Show Image" hyperlinkgridfield="true" hyperlinkaliastext="Get Image"/>
    </fields>
    ks>
         <![CDATA[{URL}]]>
              <icon><![CDATA[assets/images/i_camera.png]]></icon>
         </link>
    </links>
    <zoomscale usegeometry="true" zoompercent="1.2"/>
    <autoopendatagrid>true</autoopendatagrid>
    <relates/>
    <quervattachments>false</quervattachments>
    <symbology>
         <simplefillsymbol color="0x0000ff" alpha="0.5">
                  <outline color="0x00ffff" alpha="0.8" width="2" />
         </simplefillsymbol>
    </symbology>
</layer>
```

The token element allows you to pass a token to the layer for secure services.

<useproxy>true</useproxy>

The useproxy element allows you to specify if this particular layer is to be routed through the proxy url configured in the Viewers main config.xml.

```
<definitionexpression>Local_ID LIKE '%Z'</definitionexpression>
```

The definition expression element limits the query to a subset of the available features in the map service layer. It is similar to the definition query for a layer in ArcMap.

<enableexport exportnumbersasformattedstrings="true">true</enableexport>

The enableexport element specifies whether or not this layer will have export data options on the data grid if one is configured. Default is false. The exportnumbersasformattedstrings attribute allows you to specify that number fields are exported as strings with numeric/currency formatting applied if specified (as was the default in previous versions). Now the default is that numeric fields will be exported without a text qualified and string formatting will be removed.

```
<enableprintgrid title="Selected Sub Types" >true</enableprintgrid>
```

The enableprintgrid element specifies whether or not this layer will have print button on the data grid if one is configured. Default is false. The title attribute is the title that will appear at the top of the print.

```
<name>Louisville Zoning</name>
```

The name element specifies the name of the configured layer and will appear in the layer combo box if more than one layer is configured.

<url>http://sampleserver1.arcgisonline.com/ArcGIS/rest/services/Louisville/LOJIC_LandRecords_Louisville/MapServer/2</url>

The url element specifies the REST End point url of the layer that will be queried.

```
<expressions>
    <expression alias="Zoning Code" textsearchlabel="Search Zoning Code:" isvaluerequired="true">
         <values>
             <value prompt="Example: OR1" userlist="OR1,C2,OTF,all" isvaluerequired="false" autosubmit="false">upper(ZONING_CODE) =
upper('[value]')</value>
             <value prompt="Example: OFFICE" userlist="OFFICE,RESIDENTIAL,all" isvaluerequired="false" operator="AND">ZONING_TYPE =
'[value]'</value>
         </values>
    </expression>
    <expression alias="Zoning Type" textsearchlabel="Search Zoning Type:">
         <values>
              <value prompt="Example: RESIDENTIAL">upper(ZONING_TYPE) = upper('[value]')/value>
         </values>
    </expression>
    <expression alias="Zoning Name" textsearchlabel="Search Zoning Name [ Example: RES MULTI-FAMILY ]:">
              <value prompt="Example: RES MULTI-FAMILY">upper(ZONING_NAME) LIKE upper('%[value]%')/value>
         </values>
    </expression>
</expressions>
```

The expressions parent element contains all the individual expression child elements that will be used for this particular layer. What this means is you can have multiple query expression elements that use different fields from this layer to query your map service.

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</values>

The expression element specifies the actual sql query syntax that will be used against this layer as well as the other optional and required attributes. The alias attribute is required and will be the text that appears in the combo box if more than one expression child is specified. The textsearchlabel attribute is optional but HIGHLY recommended as this gives your user and idea of what value to enter into the input text box. The textsearchlabel should be a valid example value that a user would enter if they are unfamiliar with your data. The values parent element allows you to have multiple value child elements which equates to multiple fields that will make up the expression. The value element has several attributes that specify if the individual value is a userlist, domain, uniquevalsfromfield, etc. The field attribute is optional and only needs to be added if you want to use a field that has a coded value or Range domain associated with it and you specify the usedomain attribute as true. What this does is gets all the valid coded value domain values and adds then to a combo box that replaces the text input box and forces the user to select a valid coded value for the search or sets validation on the text input box to warn you if the value entered is above the max range value or below the minimum value in the range domain. The field attribute needs to be the same field that is used in the SQL expression. The usedomain attribute is either true or false and must be used in conjunction with the field attribute. The usesubtype attribute is very similar to the usedomain attribute, and is either true or false and indicates if the dropdown in the search UI should use the layers subtype as the list. If you are using the usesubtype know that your actual SQL expression is likely to be a numeric query and thus will the [value] is not wrapped in single quotes. The userlist attributes give you the ability to predefine your own list of search values that will be presented to the user in a dropdown instead of the user typing the value. If you use a userlist then you do not specify the field attribute. If you include the value "all" in the userlist then all the values in the userlist will be selected when the search is executed. The userlist can be text qualified with single quotes around **ALL** values if **ANY** of the values contain a comma (i.e. 'all','1,1-Dichloroethane','trichloroethylene'). The uniquevalsfromfield attribute give you the ability to specify the field that will be used to get unique values from to populate a dropdown list in the widget. To use the uniquevalsfromfield your map service layer must come from ArcGIS Server 10 or greater. If using the uniquevalsfromfield attribute on a date field than you need to specify the dateformat and the optional useutc attributes. Using the uniquevalsfromfield attribute on a date field requires that you have an understanding of the proper SQL syntax for your underlying data source. For more information on querying dates for your data source <u>click here</u>. The <u>isvaluerequired</u> on the expression if true, means at least one value must be entered. This was specifically designed for the scenario where all the values are optional, but the user must give at least one. For example, if an expression has 3 values, none of which are required, setting the isvaluerequired on the expression means that the user has to fill out at least 1 of the 3 values before submitting the query. The isvaluerequired on the value tag means that the value must be entered before the search can be submitted. The autosubmit on the value tag if set to false means that the value will not be submitted automatically based on hitting the enter key on a textbox or selecting an item in the Drop down list. The default value of the autosubmit is true if not specified in the value element. If isvaluerequired is given and set to false explicitly, then it is optional (aka not required), otherwise the default is required. Pay attention to the last statement, because if you don't add the isvaluerequired attribute to each value than it will default to required. Thanks to David McCourt for providing code for this feature. The operator attribute is for when you are using multi field expressions and is the operator used to join the expressions. Supported values are AND and OR. This eliminates the need to add the operator in the second value SQL text.

<graphicalsearchlabel>Use one of the graphical search tools to select Zoning/graphicalsearchlabel>

The graphicalsearchlabel element specifies the label that instructs the user to use the graphical search tools to select feature in the specified layer.

<spatialsearchlayer>true</spatialsearchlayer>

The spatialsearchlayer element specifies if this particular layer will be included in the combo box for an available layer to use in conjunction with the spatial search option.

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<titlefield>ZONING_NAME</titlefield>

The titlefield element specifies the label that will appear at the top of the search widgets result for each feature that is returned and at the top of the info window for the feature.

The fields parent element contains all the individual field child elements that will be used for this particular layer. Everything for the field element is specified as an attribute of the element. The name attribute is the actual field name. If you are using a layer that contains a join than the full join field name should be used. The alias attribute is optional as this information can automatically be retrieved from the map service. If you want to specify an alias that is different than the alias specified in ArcMap than you can set this value. The visible attribute defines if the field will be used in the widget results or not and by default is true. The visible attribute does not need to be provided unless you are setting it to false, which means you want the field returned by the query but it will not be displayed in the widget results. A use case for this is if you need the field to only be used in a datagrid or a link. If you want this field to appear in the floating data grid than you specify true for the gridfield attribute, valid values are true or false, and the default is false. Just specifying the field will add the field to the widget results and the info window. The gridfieldonly attribute will change the default behavior and it will only be added to the floating data grid and not the widget results or the info window, valid values are true or false, and the default is false. The useutc attribute allows the difference, in minutes, between universal time (UTC) and the computer's local time to be added to the date. The dateformat attribute allows you to specify the format of an esri date field. See esri documentation for valid format strings. The currencyformat attribute allows you to format a numeric field that represents currency values. currencyformat - is a string that is pipe delimited. The first-position is the currency symbol, second-number of

decimal places, third-thousands separator, fourth-decimal separator. Example: "\$|2|,|." The numberformat attribute allows you to format a numeric field. numberformat - is a string that is pipe delimited. The first-position is the precision, second-thousands separator, third-decimal separator. Example: "21.1." The hyperlinkgridfield attribute specifies that this field is a grid hyperlink field, valid values are true or false, and the default is false. So if you want a clickable link text in the data grid than you need to use this attribute. The hyperlinkaliastext attribute is the text or a {field} to show instead of the url in the data grid If you want to use a field for the hyperlinkaliastext then just specify the name of the field in curly braces (i.e. {DESCRIPTION}). So if you have a long url or just don't want the url to show in the data grid then you specify the alias that you do want to appear in the data grid using this attribute. The hyperlinkgridfieldonly attribute specifies that this particular field will only be used in the data grid as a hyperlink and not appear in the widget results or the info window, valid values are true or false, and the default is false. If linkprefix and/or linksufix is specified than the static text from the linkprefix and linksuffix field makes a complete url to a document, image, website, etc when it comes to the field being use as a hyperlinkgridfield. The hyperlinkgridicon attribute allows you to specify that the grid hyperlink will be an image instead of the hyperlink text or alias. The sum attribute is a true or false attribute that can be added to a numeric field that is set to be shown in the data grid that will sum all the entries for this field and post this result in the data grid. The sumlabel attribute is the text label that will appear in front of the sum total on the data grid. The sort attribute is a string that is pipe delimited. The firstposition specifies if the sort is ascending or descending (values are asc or dsc), second-is the sort order (i.e. the order in which this field is sorted), third-is the type of field (values are string, numeric, date). Example: "asc|1|string". The sort attribute only applies to grid fields in the fixed, float, and relate datagrid.

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```
</link>
```

The optional links parent element contains your desired links. Specify one or more links. The link is specified much the same way you configure a popup in the Flex Viewer. The alias attribute give you the ability to have a link like http://help.arcgis.com/en/webapps/flexviewer displayed in the popup as ESRI Website. You can use a string for this attribute or a curly braced field name. The disablelinksifnull gives you the ability to specify that a link will not be shown if any of the fields used in the link are null. The link must be wrapped in a CDATA and is a string that contains a url or multiple fields wrapped in curly braces or when combined with the static text from makes a complete url to a document, image, website, etc. The disableinpopups allows you to specify that this link should be excluded from the popup. The popuplinktype is an attribute that you can specify if the popup link will just be a text link or it will attempt to use the url image or the icon image in the popup. Valid values are image and text, the default value is image if not specified.

The optional icon element is a string field that contains a url or when combined with the static text makes a complete url to an image (preferably small) that will replace the standard one icon. So example would be icon elements would have:

```
<icon><![CDATA[http://myserver/icons/{icofield }.jpg]]></icon
```

So if your icon has a value of "pdf" then the complete url would be "http://myserver/icons/pdf.jpg" and that image would be used. Possibly looking like this 📆 . It is important to use a small image around 20x20 pixels.

```
<zoomscale usegeometry="false" zoompercent="1.2">2400</zoomscale>
```

The zoomscale element is a numeric value that the maps scale will be set to when widget result is clicked or the data grid row is clicked. The usegeometry is false by default but if set to true then the results geometry will be used to zoom the map to the result. If the usegeometry value is false, than the specified scale will be used to set the scale of the map. If the usegeometry value is true than the zoompercent is used to set the percent of the geometries extent that will be used to set the maps extent. The default for the zoompercent is 1.2 which means 120 percent of the geometries extent, so the map will be zoomed to 120% of the returned geometry.

<queryattachments>true</queryattachments>

The queryattachments element is a Boolean value that specifies if the search result popup will attempt to query for attachments. The queryattachments is false by default.

Symbology can now be specified at the layer level as well as the widget level. What this means is that you can have unique symbology of each search. Only the same basic symbology is supported at the layer level as is supported at the widget level, (i.e. simplefillsymbol, simplelinesymbol, picturmakersymbol, and simplemarkersymbol).

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The relates parent element contains all the individual relate child elements that will be used for this particular layer. Everything for the relate element is specified as an attribute of the element. The id attribute is the actual relate id number from the REST Services directory. The label attribute is a name that will be shown to the user to select this relate in the UI and used for messages concerning the relate. The icon attribute is a String that specifies the path to the image that is displayed for the relate icon button in the search results if only one relate is specified for that layer or if the layer has more than one relate the icon will appear in the choose relate dialog. The enable export attribute defines if the relates datagrid will display export options for the selected relate, (default is false). The printtitle attribute defines the title of the print output for this relate. The enableprintgrid attribute defines if the relates datagrid will display a print button for the selected relate, (default is false). The fields parent element contains all the individual field child elements that will be used for this particular layer. Everything for the field element is specified as an attribute of the element. The name attribute is the actual field name. If you are using a layer that contains a join than the full join field name should be used. The alias attribute is optional as this information can automatically be retrieved from the map service. If you want to specify an alias that is different than the alias specified in ArcMap than you can set this value. The useutc attribute allows the difference, in minutes, between universal time (UTC) and the computer's local time to be added to the date. The dateformat attribute allows you to specify the format of an esri date field. See esri documentation for valid format strings. The currencyformat attribute allows you to format a numeric field that represents currency values. currencyformat - is a string that is pipe delimited. The first-position is the currency symbol, second-number of decimal places, third-thousands separator, fourth-decimal separator. Example: "\$|2|,|." The numberformat attribute allows you to format a numeric field. numberformat - is a string that is pipe delimited. The first-position is the precision, second-thousands separator, third-decimal separator. Example: "2|,|." The hyperlinkgridfield attribute specifies that this field is a grid hyperlink field, valid values are true or false, and the default is false. So if you want a clickable link text in the data grid, than you need to use this attribute. The hyperlinkaliastext attribute is the text to show instead of the url in the data grid. So if you have a long url or just don't want the url to show in the data grid then you specify the alias that you do want to appear in the data grid using this attribute. The sum attribute is a true or false attribute that can be added to a numeric field that is set to be shown in the data grid that will sum all the entries for this field and post this result in the data grid. The sumlabel attribute is the text label that will appear in front of the sum total on the data grid. The zoomscale element is a numeric value that the maps scale will be set to when widget result is clicked or the data grid row is clicked. The usegeometry is false by default but if set to true then the results geometry will be used to zoom the map to the result. If the usegeometry value is false, than the specified scale will be used to set the scale of the map. If the usegeometry value is true than the zoompercent is used to set the percent of the geometries extent that will be used to set the maps extent. The default for the zoompercent is 1.2 which means 120 percent of the geometries extent, so the map will be zoomed to 120% of the returned geometry.

<autoopendatagrid>true</autoopendatagrid>

The <u>autoopendatagrid</u> element is a Boolean value that specifies if the datagrid will automatically be opened be a search is performed for this layer. The <u>autoopendatagrid</u> is false by default.

The following section pertains to all child elements of the tables element.

```
    <table
```

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```
<values>
               <value prompt="Example: True" field="agree_with_incident" usedomain="true">agree_with_incident = [value]/value>
          </values>
     </expression>
     <expression alias="Incident date" textsearchlabel="Search Incidents on or after date:">
          <values>
               <value prompt="Example: 2012/04/16">datetime >= '[value] 00:00:00'</value>
          </values>
     </expression>
</expressions>
<titlefield>sf_311_serviceoid</titlefield>
<fields all="false">
     <field name="sf_311_serviceoid" alias="Incident OID"/>
     <field name="agree_with_incident" alias="Website Link" hyperlinkgridfield="true"
                         hyperlinkaliastext="Go to Website"
                         linkprefix="http://someWebSite/aspx/web/details.aspx?p entity="
                         linksuffix=".aspx"/>
     <field name="cient_ip" alias="Client IP" gridfield="true"/>
     <field name="datetime" alias="Date" dateformat="MM/DD/YYYY" useutc="true" gridfield="true"/>
     <field name="notes" alias="Notes" gridfield="true"/>
</fields>
ks>
     k alias="">
          <![CDATA[]]>
          <icon><![CDATA[]]></icon>
     </link>
</links>
<relates>
     <relate id="1" label="Incident Priority Service Request" enableexport="true" icon="widgets/eSearch/assets/images/i_relate.png">
          <fields all="true" />
     </relate>
</relates>
<queryattachments>false</queryattachments>
```

The table element is identical to the layer element except for those tags that pertain to geometry, graphical or spatial searches:

- 1. graphicalsearchlabel not applicable.
- 2. spatialsearchlayer not applicable.
- 3. zoomscale not applicable.

The following section pertains to spatialrelationships.

```
<spatialrelationships>
     <spatialrelationship>
          <name>esriSpatialRelContains</name>
          <label>entirely contained in</label>
     </spatialrelationship>
     <spatialrelationship>
          <name>esriSpatialRelIntersects</name>
          <label>interssected by</label>
     </spatialrelationship>
     <spatialrelationship>
          <name>esriSpatialRelEnvelopeIntersects</name>
          <label>intersected by envelop of</label>
     </spatialrelationship>
</spatialrelationships>
<buf><br/>differunits></br>
     <buf><br/><br/>deferunit></br>
          <name>UNIT FOOT</name>
          <label>Feet</label>
     </bufferunit>
     <buf><br/><br/>dufferunit></br>
          <name>UNIT_STATUTE_MILE</name>
          <label>Miles</label>
     </bufferunit>
     <buf><br/><br/>deferunit></br>
          <name>UNIT_METER</name>
          <label>Meters</label>
```

```
</bufferunit>
<bufferunit>
<bufferunit>
<name>UNIT_KILOMETER</name>
<label>Kilometers</label>
</bufferunit>
</bufferunits>
```

The spatialrelationships parent element contains all the individual spatialrelationship child elements that will be used for all layers.

The spatialrelationship element specifies the buttons and spatial operators that will be available for the spatial search portion of the widget.

<name>esriSpatialRelContains</name>

The name element is the esri constant that specifies the esri spatial relation operation that will be executed against the selected graphics. Possible values are:

- esriSpatialRelIntersects
- esriSpatialRelContains
- esriSpatialRelCrosses
- esriSpatialRelEnvelopeIntersects
- esriSpatialRelIndexIntersects
- esriSpatialRelOverlaps
- esriSpatialRelTouches
- esriSpatialRelWithin

Unsupported value is esriSpatialRelRelation.

<label>entirely contained in</label>

The label element is the tooltip that will be displayed when the user hovers their mouse over the button.

The bufferunits parent element contains all the individual bufferunit child elements that will be used for all buffer operations.

```
<bufferunit selected="true">
     <name>UNIT_FOOT</name>
     <label>Feet</label>
</bufferunit>
```

The bufferunit element specifies the buffer units that appear in the unit combo box on spatial search portion of the widget. The selected attribute specifies that the bufferunit that has this attribute set to true will be selected in the widgets GUI dropdown.

<name>UNIT_FOOT</name>

The name element is the esri constant that specifies the esri unit type that will be used in the buffer operation on the selected graphics. Possible values are:

- UNIT FOOT
- UNIT ACRES
- UNIT ARES
- UNIT HECTARES
- UNIT_KILOMETER

- UNIT METER
- UNIT NAUTICAL MILE
- UNIT STATUTE MILE
- UNIT_US_NAUTICAL_MILE

<label>Feet</label>

The label element is the text that will be displayed in the unit combo box on spatial search portion of the widget.

<buf>

/buffervalue>
</br/>
/buffervalue></br/>

The buffervalue element is a numeric value that specifies if the default distance that will be in the widgets GUI for buffering (both graphical and spatial).

The following section pertains to several different configuration options.

The printdatagrid parent element contains child element for default when printing from the datagrid.

The addheadertoeachpage element specifies whether the datagrid column headers should be added to the top of each print page. This element is a Boolean value and its default is false.

The columnheaderbgcolor element specifies the background color of the datagrid header columns that are printed. This is an unsigned integer value and the default is 0xa7a7a7 (a light gray).

The columnheaderfontcolor element specifies the font color of the datagrid header columns that are printed. This is an unsigned integer value and the default is 0x000000 (Black).

The footer parent element contains child elements for the footer.

The pageoftext element specifies the string to be used in the page x of x in the footer added to the bottom of each print page. This element is a String value and its default is "Page ## of ##". Take notice of the required format of this string, they are (indicated in red): Some string (i.e. Page), space, pound sign, pound sign, space, some string (i.e. of), space, pound sign, pound sign.

The includeprintdate element specifies whether the date of printing should be added to the footer of each print page. This element is a Boolean value and its default is false. The attribute of format allows you to specify the date format.

The disclaimer element specifies the string to be used in the center of the footer added to the bottom of each print page and allows you to add a single line of text for use as a disclaimer. Caution should be used when it comes to the length of this string. Be aware that this option ONLY accommodates one single line.

<spatialReference>102003/spatialReference>

The spatialReference element is the WKID to use for the buffer operations and spatial operations. The WKID of 102003 will work the best for most applications around the world.

<zoomscale>2400</zoomscale>

The zoomscale element is a numeric value that the maps scale will be set to when widget result is clicked or the data grid row is clicked.

<csvseparator>,</csvseparator>

The csvseparator element is for internationalization of the data grid export data button functionality and only applies to the data grid export file.

<textqualifier>"</textqualifier>

The textqualifier element is for defining the character that will be used in the export datagrid to signify that the field contents are a string to programs like Excel[®]. You can change this to a single quote if your data contains a double quote in it for designation of inches.

<re>moveserchlayersminmaxscale>true</removeserchlayersminmaxscale>

The removeserchlayersminmaxscale element is a Boolean that specifies whether or not to remove the MinScale and MaxScale of the layer that is set on the particular layer from ArcGIS Server. Default is false if not specified.

<keepgraphicalsearchenabled>true</keepgraphicalsearchenabled>

The keepgraphicalsearchenabled element is a Boolean that specifies whether or not to keep the graphical selection tool that the user chooses active even after a selection has been made. This means that you will not have to clear your selection and re-choose a graphical selection tool in order to make another selection. To unselect/disable the current graphical search tool all you have to do is clear your selection. Default is false if not specified.

<autozoomtoresults>true</autozoomtoresults>

The <u>autozoomtoresults</u> element is a Boolean that specifies whether or not to automatically zoom to the selected features after a search is completed. The Default is false if not specified.

<enabledatagridinteractionwithwidget>true</enabledatagridinteractionwithwidget>

The enabledatagridinteractionwithwidget element is a Boolean that specifies whether or not to enable interaction between the widget results and the datagrid results. The default for this element is false. This interaction is seen when you hover the mouse over a record in the data grid the corresponding record in the widgets results are highlighted and vice versa. With large result datasets this interaction causes a delay that can affect the performance of the viewer.

<popupsdisabled>false</popupsdisabled>

The popupsdisabled element is a Boolean that specifies whether or not to enable popups for this widget. This includes both datagrid (fixed or float) and the widget results. The default is false.

<toleranceforpointgraphicalselection>3</toleranceforpointgraphicalselection>

The toleranceforpointgraphical selection element is a number that is in screen pixels that represents the tolerance that will be added to the graphical point search when click on the map. The toleranceforpointgraphical selection is for point on point selection. This option is unchecked by default.

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<tolerancebydefault >false</tolerancebydefault>

The tolerancebydefault element is a Boolean that specifies whether to check the "Add search tolerance to point selection" checkbox in the User Interface by default or not. This option is unchecked (false) by default.

<disablebuttons></disablebuttons>

The disablebuttons element is a comma separated string. Possible values include one or more, but not all three search types text,graphic,spatial. The results button can also be disabled by adding result to the list and the datagrid button can also be disabled by adding datagrid to the list. (example text,graphic,result,datagrid). Disabling the result button also prevents the widget from displaying the search results in the widget, but continues to display the results in the datagrid.

*Depreciated the grid option as it was erroneously called grid and should have been result.

<defaultselectionoption>textInput</defaultselectionoption><!--possible values only one graphicalInput or textInput or spatialInput -->

The defaultselectionoption element is a string that specifies which search option (i.e graphicalInput or textInput or spatialInput) will be the default search option for the widget.

<enabledrawgraphicbutton>true</enabledrawgraphicbutton>

The enabledrawgraphic button element is a Boolean that specifies whether to show the graphical selection button for using existing draw/eDraw graphics.

<enablelocategraphicbutton>true</enablelocategraphicbutton>

The enablelocategraphic button element is a Boolean that specifies whether to show the graphical selection button for using existing eLocate graphics.

<enablebuffergraphicbutton>true</enablebuffergraphicbutton>

The enablebuffergraphicbutton element is a Boolean that specifies whether to show the graphical selection button for using existing point buffer widget graphics.

<enablemultigraphicssearch>true</enablemultigraphicssearch>

The enablemultigraphicssearch element is a Boolean that specifies whether to show the enable multi-part graphics search checkbox and label. This should be set to false along with the multipartgraphicsearch to completely remove the multi-part graphics search from the widgets interface.

<enableincludetextsearch>true</enableincludetextsearch>

The enableincludetextsearch element is a Boolean that specifies whether to show the "include text query in selection criteria" checkbox and label.

<enableaddtollerance>true</enableaddtollerance>

The enableaddtollerance element is a Boolean that specifies whether to show the "Add search tolerance to point selection" checkbox and label.

<enablegraphicsbuffering>true</enablegraphicsbuffering>

The enablegraphicsbuffering element is a Boolean that specifies whether to show the "Buffer Graphic" options in the user interface.

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<selectedgraphicaltool></selectedgraphicaltool>

The selectedgraphicaltool element is a string that specifies if and which graphical selection button is the default button selected when the widget is opened and the defaultselectionoption = graphicalInput. The default is to have nothing optional values are extent, polygon, mappoint, polyline.

<multipartgraphicsearch>true</multipartgraphicsearch>

The multipartgraphicsearch element is a Boolean that specifies whether if the graphical selection tools allow multiple similar geometries to be drawn and the search button to activate the search. The multipartgraphicsearch is true by default.

<floatorfixed disablerelatestabinfixed="false">float</floatorfixed>

The floatorfixed element is a String that specifies whether if the datagrid will be a floating datagrid or a fixed datagrid. The new fixed datagrid allows you to specify a permanent location of the datagrid in the Flex Viewer UI. Please refer to the Enhanced Search Widget Fixed Datagrid Setup.pdf for details on how to setup the fixed datagrid. In this version if you are using the fixed datagrid and you have relates configured for a specific layer than the relates tab will be visible when you select that layer in the widget. If you do not have any relates configured for that layer than the relates tab will not be visible.

<relatetooltip>Show Relates</relatetooltip>

The relatetooltip element is a String that specifies the tool tip that is displayed when you hover over the relate icon button in the search results.

<relateicon>widgets/eSearch/assets/images/i_relate.png</relateicon>

The relateicon element is a String that specifies the path to the image that is displayed for the relate icon button in the search results.

<subselection color="0xfbfe0a" linewidth="4" alpha="0.8" />

The <u>subselection</u> element defines the color, linewidth and alpha (opacity) of the datagrids sub selection color. Like in ArcMap, now when you complete a search you can choose a row in the results datagrid and the selected result will use this subselection color on the map.

<keepbufferaftersearch>true</keepbufferaftersearch>

The keepbufferaftersearch element defines the if the buffer graphic is cleared after the search is completed or not.

The following section pertains to labels.

<labels>

- <url><urlsearcherrormessage>URL search parameters are incorrect</urlsearcherrormessage></url>
- <includetextquery>include text query in selection criteria</includetextquery>
- <includetextquerywarn>Must be the same search layer in both
graphical and text search pages.</includetextquerywarn>
- <buffergrapicprops>Buffer graphic properties</buffergrapicprops>
- <bufferusergraphics>Buffer Graphic</bufferusergraphics>
- <norelatesfound>No related features found for: </norelatesfound>
- <norelatesfoundalerttitle>No Results</norelatesfoundalerttitle>
- <addtolerance>Add search tolerance to point selection</addtolerance>
- <existingdrawgraphicslabel>Use Existing Enhanced Draw Widget Graphics</existingdrawgraphicslabel>
- <existinglocategraphicslabel>Use Existing Enhanced Locate Widget Graphics</existinglocategraphicslabel>
- <existingbuffergraphicslabel>Use Existing Point Buffer Widget Graphics</existingbuffergraphicslabel>
- <graphicalsearchlabel>Graphical Search/graphicalsearchlabel>
- <textsearchlabel>Text Search</textsearchlabel>
- <resultslabel>Results</resultslabel>
- <a href="mailto: layerlabel <a h
- <a href

```
<nolayerlabel>No search layer defined.</nolayerlabel>
    <submitlabel>Search</submitlabel>
    <pointlabel>Select by Point
    linelabel>Select by Line/linelabel>
    <rectanglelabel>Select by Rectangle</rectanglelabel>
    <polygonlabel>Select by Polygon</polygonlabel>
    <clearlabel>Clear</clearlabel>
    <loadinglabel>Loading...</loadinglabel>
    <selectionlabel>Features Selected:</selectionlabel>
    <gridresultslabel>Show Results in Grid</gridresultslabel>
    <csvdefaultname>Selected Records</csvdefaultname>
    <relatescsvdefaultname>Related Records</relatescsvdefaultname>
    <exportbtnlabel>Export...</exportbtnlabel>
    <export2csvoptionlabel>Export to CSV...</export2csvoptionlabel>
    <export2txtoptionlabel>Export to Txt...</export2txtoptionlabel>
    <buf>election:</bufferlabel>
    <spatialsearchlabel>Spatial search
    <applybufferlabel>Apply buffer</applybufferlabel>
    <searchlayerlabel>Search entities of:</searchlayerlabel>
    <enablemultipartsearch>enable multi-part graphics</enablemultipartsearch>
    <zoomalllabel>Zoom</zoomalllabel>
    <zoomalltip>Zoom to all results</zoomalltip>
    <buf>
<br/>bufferalpha>Fill opacity</bufferalpha></br>
    <buffercolor>Fill color</buffercolor>
    <nobuffercolor>No fill color</nobuffercolor>
    <buf><br/>dufferoutlinecolor>Outline color</bufferoutlinecolor></br/>
    <nobufferoutlinecolor>No outline color</nobufferoutlinecolor>
    <buf><bufferoutlinewidth>Outline Width</bufferoutlinewidth></bufferoutlinewidth></bufferoutlinewidth></br>
    <configbuffergra>Configure buffer graphic properties...
    <required>*</required>
    <requiredtooltip>This field is required.&#13;Enter a value to enable search button</requiredtooltip>
    <selectmethodtip>Click to change the selection method</selectmethodtip>
    <newselectionmethodtip>Create new selection
    <addselectionmethodtip>Add to current selection</addselectionmethodtip>
    <re>moveselectionmethodtip>Remove from current selection</removeselectionmethodtip>
    <intersectmessage>There is no result to intersect, please make a graphical or text search first. </intersectmessage>
    <edrawgraphicsmessage>There are no graphics available</edrawgraphicsmessage>
    <nodatagridmessage>No Datagrid configured for this layer</nodatagridmessage>
    <buffermessage>There is no result to buffer, please make a graphical or text search first.
    <clearbufferlabel>Clear Buffer</clearbufferlabel>
    <alloquiontext>all</alloptiontext><!-- this is for those international users to change the text of the 'all' option in the dropdown lists -->
    <spatialchoicemsq>Do you want to use the Buffer Graphics or the Selection Graphics?</spatialchoicemsq>
    <spatialchoicetitle>Choose</spatialchoicetitle>
    <buffergraphicstext>Buffer Graphics</buffergraphicstext>
    <selectiongraphicstext>Selection Graphics</selectiongraphicstext>
    <selectiongraphicstext>Selection Graphics</selectiongraphicstext>
</labels>
```

The following section pertains to symbols.

Default symbols can be set using syntax as above to set the default symbology for search results. For point data you can either use simplemarkersymbol **OR** picturemarkersymbol.