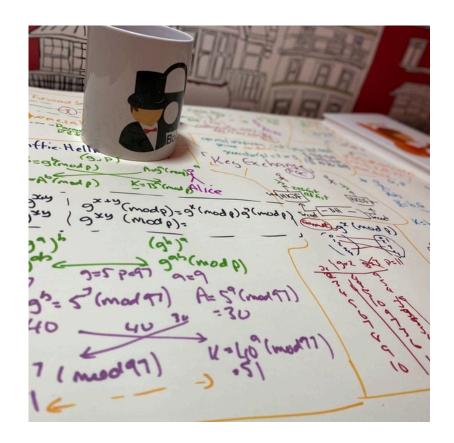
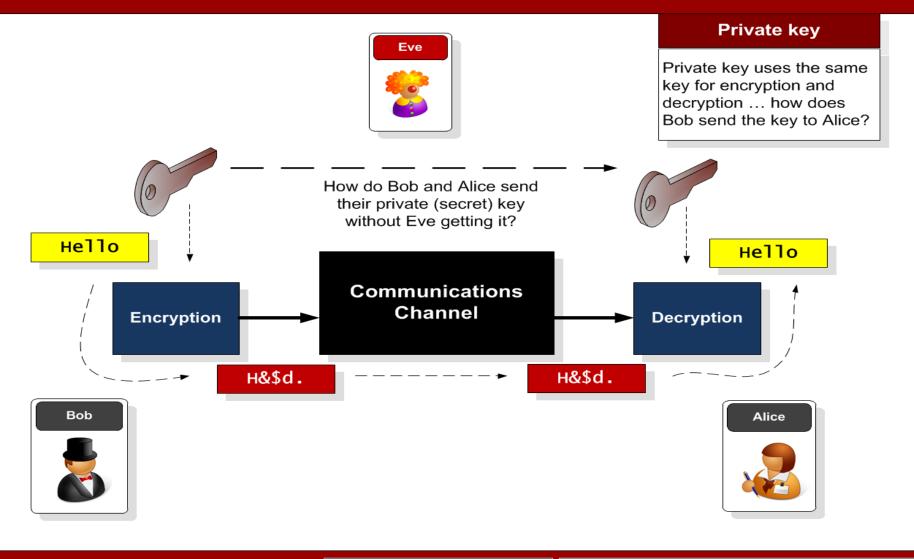
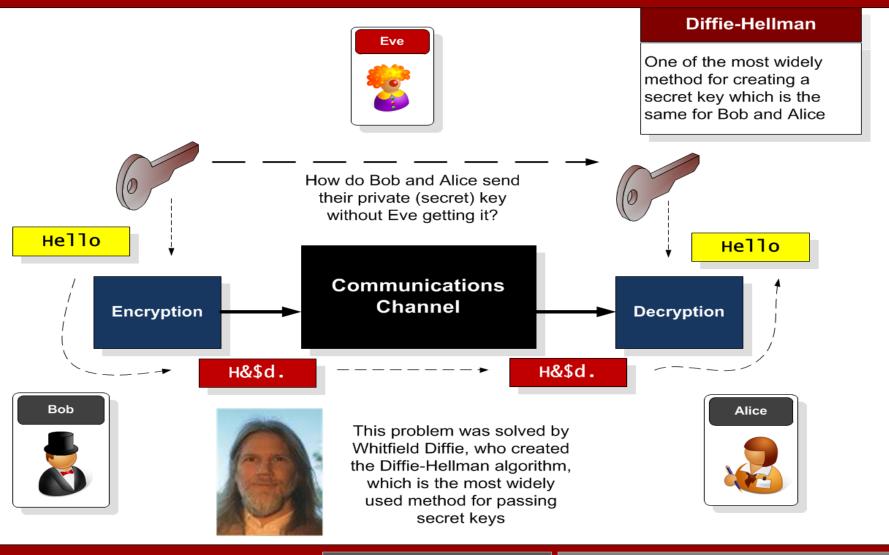
Diffie-Hellman
Diffie-Hellman Weaknesses
Passing Key Using Public Key

Prof Bill Buchanan OBE





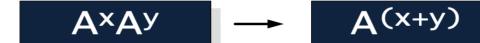


Author: Prof Bill Buchanan Encryption Keys

- **Forward secrecy** (FS), which means that a comprise of the long-term keys will not compromise any previous session keys. A leakage of the public key of the server would cause all the sessions which used this specific public key to be compromised. FS thus aims to overcome this by making sure that all the sessions keys could not be compromised, even though the long-term key was compromised.
- keys could not be compromised, even though the long-term key was compromised.

 Ephemeral. With some key exchange methods, the same key will be generated if the same parameters are used on either side. This can cause problems as an intruder could guess the key, or even where the key was static and never changed. With ephemeral methods, a different key is used for each connection, and, again, the leakage of any long-term would not cause all the associated session keys to be breached.





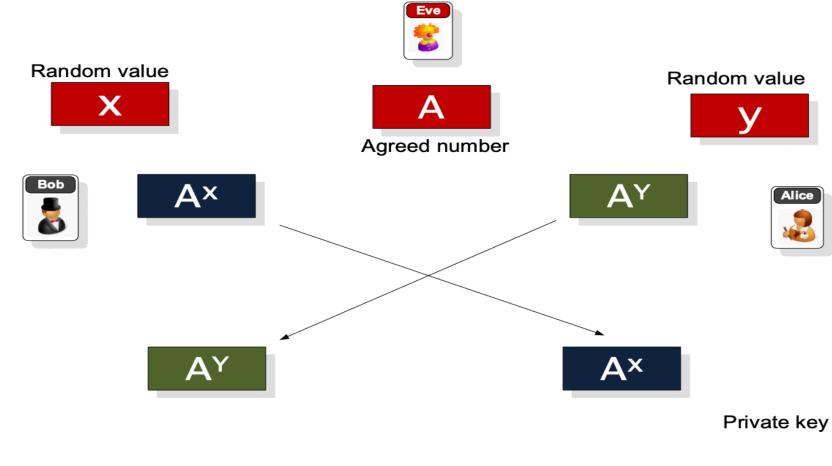


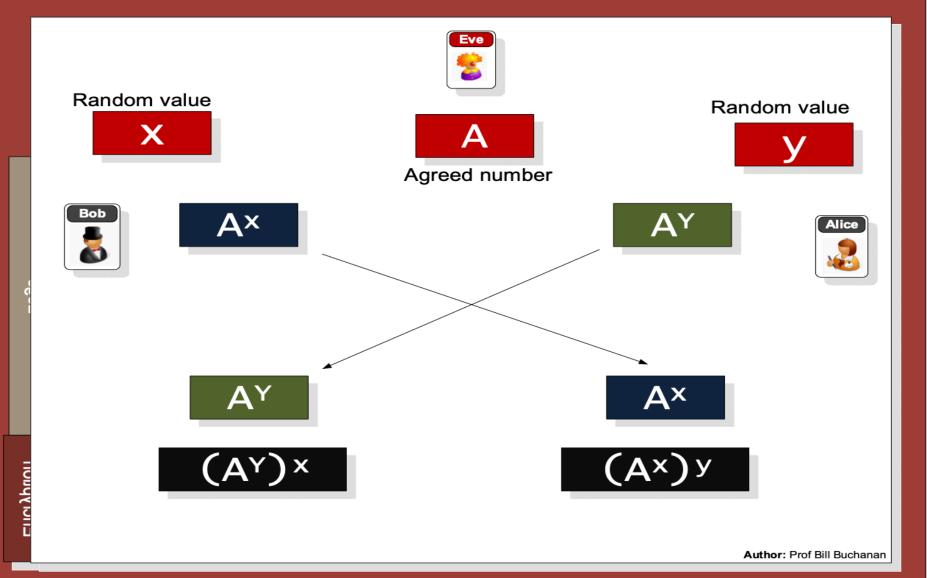


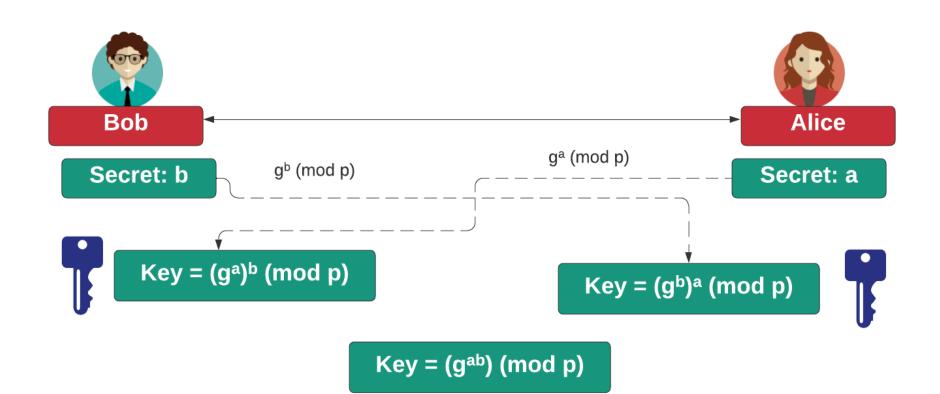


Дху

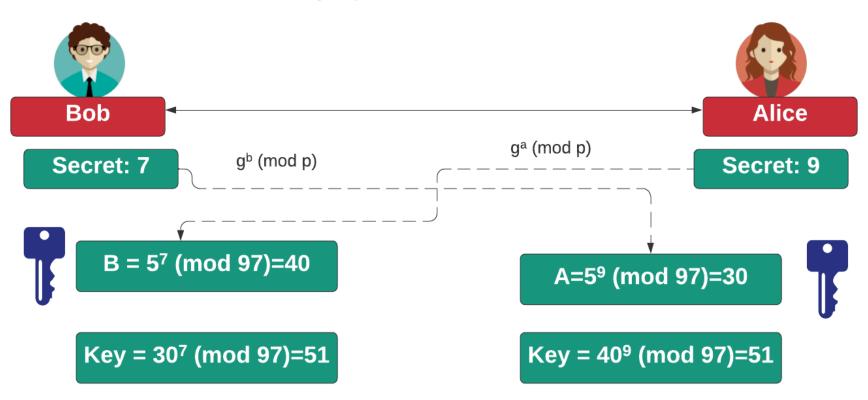


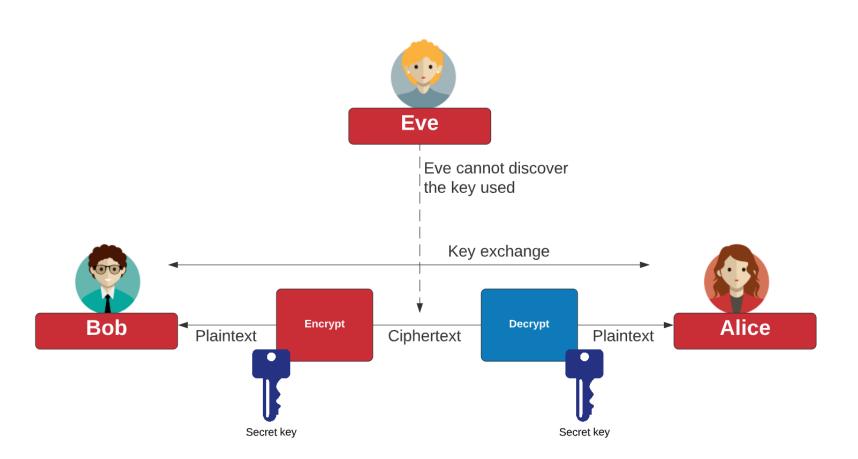






g=5, p=97





Diffie-Hellman Generator

$$Y = g^x \mod p$$

n	11							
μ	11							
Generator	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
x	g^x mod p							
2	4	9	5	3	3	5	9	4
3	8	5	9	4	7	2	6	3
4	5	4	3	9	9	3	4	5
5	10	1	1	1	10	10	10	1
6	9	3	4	5	5	4	3	9
7	7	9	5	3	8	6	2	4
8	3	5	9	4	4	9	5	3
9	6	4	3	9	2	8	7	5
10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Diffie-Hellman Generation

```
C:\> openssl dhparam -out dhparams.pem 768 -text
C:\> type dhparams.pem
                                                                       DH Group 5:
Diffie-Hellman-Parameters: (768 bit)
  prime:
    00:d0:37:c2:95:64:02:ea:12:2b:51:50:a2:84:6c:
    71:6a:3e:2c:a9:80:e2:65:b2:a5:ee:77:26:22:31:
    66:9e:fc:c8:09:94:e8:9d:f4:cd:bf:d2:37:b2:fb:
    b8:38:2c:87:28:38:dc:95:24:73:06:d3:d9:1f:af:
    78:01:10:6a:7e:56:4e:7b:ee:b4:8d:6b:4d:b5:9b:
    93:c6:f1:74:60:01:0d:96:7e:85:ca:b8:1f:f7:bc:
    43:b7:40:4d:4e:87:e3
  generator: 2 (0x2)
----BEGIN DH PARAMETERS-----
MGYCYQDQN8KVZALqEitRUKKEbHFqPiypgOJlsqXudyYiMWae/
MgJlOid9M2/0jev
+7g4LlcoONyVJHMG09kfr3gBEGp+Vk577rSNa021m5PG8XRgAQ2WfoXK
uB/3vEO3
QE10h+MCAQI=
----FND DH PARAMETERS-----
```

1,536 bit prime.

DH Group 2: 1,024 bit

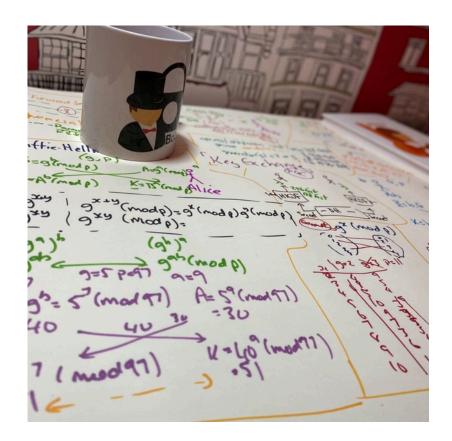
prime.

DH Group 1: 768-bit

prime.

Diffie-Hellman Weaknesses
Passing Key Using Public Key

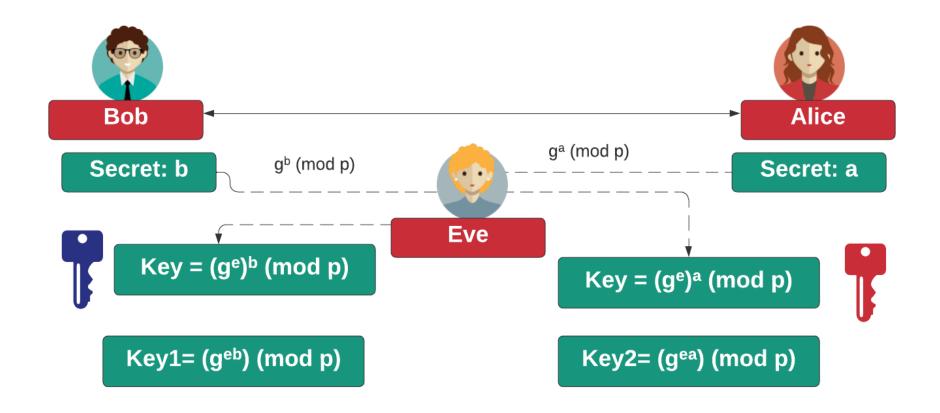
Prof Bill Buchanan OBE



Diffie-Hellman Weaknesses

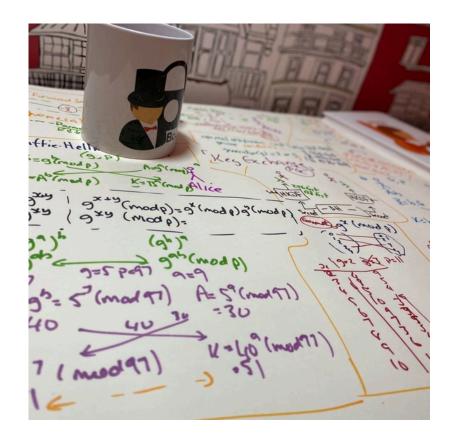
- In 2015, a paper entitled Imperfect Forward Secrecy: How Diffie-Hellman Fails in Practice – showed that it was fairly easy to precompute on values for two popular Diffie-Hellman parameters (and which use the DHE_EXPORT cipher set).
- The research team found that one was used as a default in the around 7% of the Top 1 million web sites and was hard coded into the Apache httpd service. Overall, at the time, it was found that over 3% of Web sites were still using the default.
 - Diffie-Hellman-Parameters: (512 bit)
- prime:
 - 00:9f:db:8b:8a:00:45:44:f0:04:5f:17:37:d0:ba:
 - 2e:0b:27:4c:df:1a:9f:58:82:18:fb:43:53:16:a1:
- 6e:37:41:71:fd:19:d8:d8:f3:7c:39:bf:86:3f:d6:
 - 0e:3e:30:06:80:a3:03:0c:6e:4c:37:57:d0:8f:70:
- 00.30.30.00.00.83.03.00.00.40.37.37.00.81.70
- e6:aa:87:10:33generator: 2 (0x2)

Eve-in-the-middle

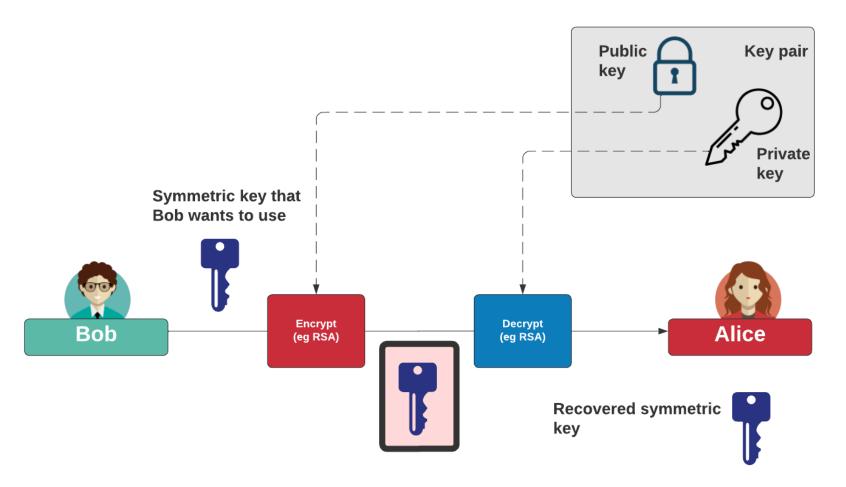


Diffie-Hellman
Diffie-Hellman Weaknesses
Passing Key Using Public Key

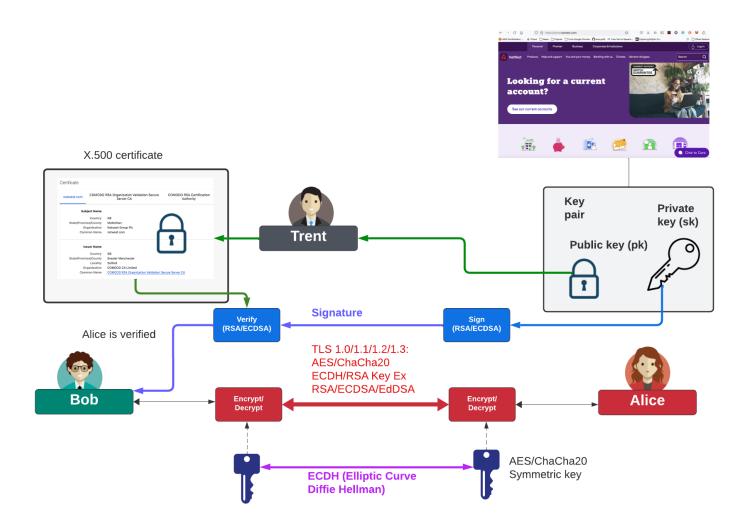
Prof Bill Buchanan OBE



Key Exchange with Public Key



Key Exchange and Digital Signatures



Diffie-Hellman
Diffie-Hellman Weaknesses
Passing Key Using Public Key

Prof Bill Buchanan OBE

