1- Install MongoDB on your EC2 instance

Follow the instruction on

https://docs.aws.amazon.com/zh_cn/dms/latest/sbs/CHAP_MongoDB2DocumentDB.02.html https://docs.mongodb.com/manual/tutorial/install-mongodb-on-amazon/

Verify Linux Distribution:

```
(base) [ec2-user@ip-172-31-94-236 ~]$ grep ^NAME /etc/*release /etc/os-release:NAME="Amazon Linux AMI"
```

Configure the package management system (yum).:

```
(base) [ec2-user@ip-172-31-94-236 ~]$ sudo vi /etc/yum.repos.d/mongodb-org-4.4.repo Input:
```

```
[mongodb-org-4.4]
name=MongoDB Repository
baseurl=https://repo.mongodb.org/yum/amazon/2/mongodb-org/4.4/x86_64/
gpgcheck=1
enabled=1
gpgkey=https://www.mongodb.org/static/pgp/server-4.4.asc
```

Install the MongoDB packages.:

Update **glibc**: if you glibc is old version <= 2.17

```
(base) [ec2-user@ip-172-31-94-236 ~]$ yum check dependencies
Loaded plugins: priorities, update-motd, upgrade-helper
check ['dependencies']
(base) [ec2-user@ip-172-31-94-236 ~]$ sudo yum clean all
Loaded plugins: priorities, update-motd, upgrade-helper
Cleaning repos: amzn-main amzn-updates mongodb-org-4.4
Cleaning up everything
(base) [ec2-user@ip-172-31-94-236 ~]$ sudo yum update
Loaded plugins: priorities, update-motd, upgrade-helper

[base) [ec2-user@ip-172-31-94-236 ~]$ yum whatprovides */libc.so.6
Loaded plugins: priorities, update-motd, upgrade-helper
amzn-main/latest/filelists dh

copy

sudo yum install -y mongodb-org
```

Follow the instructions in the remaining part: **Run MongoDB Community Edition**And remember to **ulimit** the **Resource Utilization**

```
(base) [ec2-user@ip-172-31-94-236 ~]$ ulimit -a
```

Configure host name to public DNS:

sudo vi /etc/mongod.conf

- 2. By default, the MongoDB server (mongod) only allows loopback connections from IP address 127.0.0.1 (localhost). To allow connections from elsewhere in your Amazon VPC, do the following:
 - a. Edit the /etc/mongod.conf file and look for the following lines.

```
# network interfaces
net:
port: 27017
bindIp: 127.0.0.1 # Enter 0.0.0.0,:: to bind to all IPv4 and IPv6 addresses or, alternatively, use the net.bindIpAll
```

b. Modify the bindIp line so that it looks like the following.

```
bindIp: public-dns-name
```

- c. Replace <u>public-dns-name</u> with the actual public DNS name for your instance, for example ec2-11-22-33-44.us-west-2.compute.amazonaws.com.
- d. Save the /etc/mongod.conf file, and then restart mongod.

```
sudo service mongod restart
```

Run MongoDB:

mongo --host ec2-18-211-73-183.compute-1.amazonaws.com:27017

```
(base)*[ec2-usergip-172-31-94-236 -]$ mongo —host ec2-18-211-73-183.compute-1.amazonaws.com:27017
WongoOB shell version v4.4.1
WongoOB shell version v4.4.1
Implicit session: session ( "id": UUID("c378419e-5198-40c7-a07f-cfee0d2fesf1") )
WongoOB server version: 4.4.1
The server generated these startup warnings when booting:
2020-11-11190:26:20.663408:00: ***** SERVER RESIMITED *****
2020-11-11190:26:20.67408:00: Using the XFS filesystem is strongly recommended with the WiredTiger storage engine. See http://dochub.mongodb.org/core/prodnotes-filesystem 2020-11-11190:26:21.725+00:00: Access control is not enabled for the database. Read and write access to data and configuration is unrestricted

Enable MongoOB's free cloud-based monitoring service, which will then receive and display metrics about your deployment (disk utilization, CFU, operation statistics, etc).

The monitoring data will be available on a MongoOB website with a unique UBL accessible to you and anyone you share the UBL with. MongoOB may use this information to make product improvements and to suggest MongoOB products and deployment options to you.

To enable free monitoring, run the following command: db.enableFreeMonitoring()

To permanently disable this reminder, run the following command: db.disableFreeMonitoring()
```

Next step please see the next page

- 2- Download GSE13355.zip (attached)
- 3- Create GSE13355 database on MySQL and MongoDB
- 4- Upload GSE13355_targets.csv to MySQL and MongoDB

MySQL:

CREATE SCHEMA `GSE13355`; Use MySQL Workbench to create table and import data. Result: 1 • SELECT * FROM GSE13355.targets; Export: Wrap Cell Content: IA geo_accession target GSM337201 1-normal skin from controls GSM337202 1-normal skin from controls GSM337203 1-normal skin from controls GSM337204 1-normal skin from controls 1-normal skin from controls 1-normal skin from controls GSM337205

MongoDB:

```
use GSE13355
db.targets.insert({})
 > use GSE13355
 switched to db GSE13355
 > db.targets.insert({})
 WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
 > show dbs
 GSE13355 0.000GB
           0.000GB
 admin
 config
           0.000GB
           0.000GB
 local
           0.000GB
 test
```

Import data by shell:

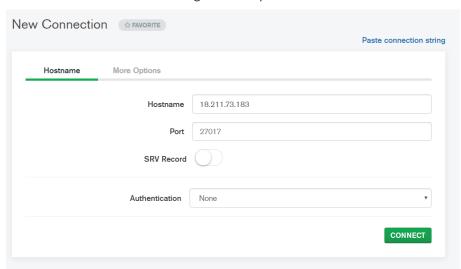
```
mongoimport --db GSE13355 --collection targets --type csv --
headerline --file /home/ec2-user/GSE13355_targets.csv --host ec2-18-
211-73-183.compute-1.amazonaws.com:27017
```

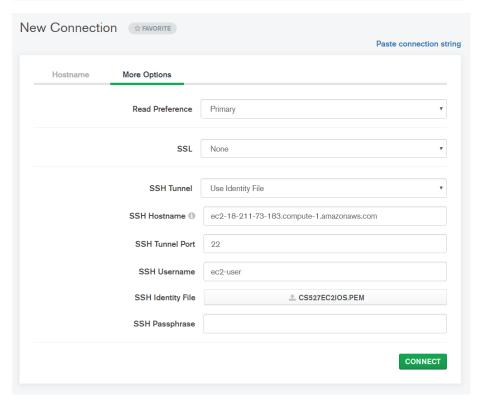
Reference: https://blog.csdn.net/qq_32447321/article/details/79223332

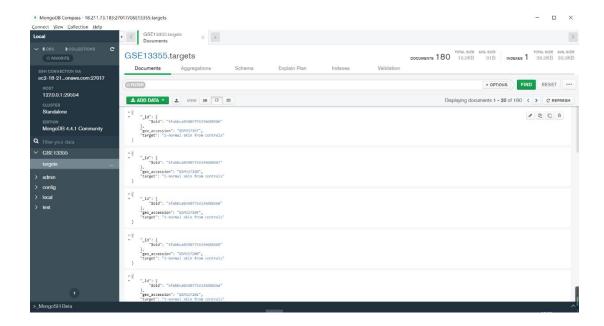
Valid import data using UI interface: MongoDB Compass Firstly config the MongoDB server:



Then create connection in MongoDB Compass:







5- Transpose GSE13355_expr.csv and upload the transposed file to MySQL and MongoDB

MySQL:

Use transpose.py to transpose the csv file and get raw data.

```
import pandas as pd

file=open('C:\\Users\\95236\\Desktop\\MongoDB_assignment_Group5\\GSE13355_expr_transpose.csv','w')

df = pd.read_csv('C:\\Users\\95236\\Desktop\\MongoDB_assignment_Group5\\GSE13355_expr.csv',header= None)

data = df.values

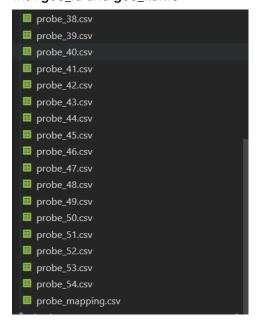
# data = df.as_matrix()

data = list(map(list,zip(*data)))

data = pd.DataFrame(data)

data.to_csv(file, header=0, index=0)
```

Split the csv into multiple tables by **split_table.py** each has 1001 columns, since the max number of columns in MySQL is 4096, that one is the id related to the **geo_info** like GSM337197 and others are **probe_name** and the mapping between the **probe_name** and **table_name** is stored in table **probe_mapping**. And write the **geo_info** into the table **expr** with **geo_id** and **geo_name**



then use the **load** method to import the data from ec2 to rds:

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS 'GSE1335S'. probe_mapping'(

-> 'probe_name' VARCHAR(G00) NOT NULL COMMENT 'column name',

-> 'table_name' VARCHAR(G00) NOT NULL,

-> PRIMARY KEY ('probe_name'),

-> UNIQUE INDEX ('probe_name'),

-> )EMGINE=InnoBD DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4;

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)

mysql>
mysql> LOAD DATA LOCAL INFILE '/home/ec2-user/result_table/probe_mapping.csv' INTO TABLE 'GSE1335S'. probe_mapping' FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',' ENCLOSED BY '|';

Query OK, 56475 rows affected (1.33 sec)

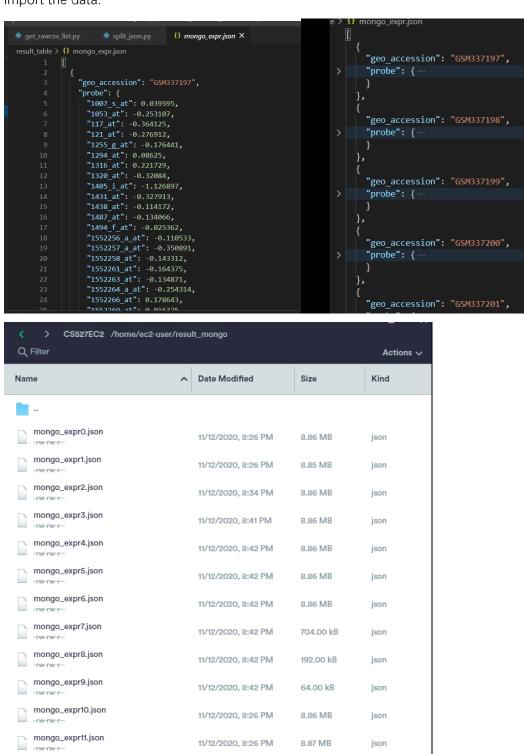
Records: 54675 Deleted: 0 Skipped: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql>

mysql>
```

MongoDB:

We use **split_json.py** to split the data to the json file as the following format, because the json result is too large and in order to import more convenient, we split the json file to 36 json files and each of it is less than 10 MB so that we can use **mongoimport –jsonArray** to import the data:



11/12/2020, 8:26 PM

mongo_expr13.json

8.87 MB

ison

And then as the above method, use the **mongoimport** to import the json data into MongoDB:

```
mongo --host ec2-18-211-73-183.compute-1.amazonaws.com:27017
use GSE13355
db.targets.insert({})
          [ec2-user@ip-172-31-94-236 ~]$ mongo --host ec2-18-211-73-183.compute-1.amazonaws.com:27017
  MongoDB shell version v4.4.1
  connecting to: mongodb://ec2-18-211-73-183.compute-1.amazonaws.com:27017/?compressors=disabled&gssapiServic
Implicit session: session { "id" : UUID("299ee530-7097-4efb-9427-2ba55652bd9f") }
  MongoDB server version: 4.4.1
  The server generated these startup warnings when booting:
             2020-11-11T13:02:49.008+00:00: ***** SERVER RESTARTED *****
             2020-11-11T13:02:49.025+00:00: Using the XFS filesystem is strongly recommended with the WiredTiger 2020-11-11T13:02:50.082+00:00: Access control is not enabled for the database. Read and write access
            Enable MongoDB's free cloud-based monitoring service, which will then receive and display metrics about your deployment (disk utilization, CPU, operation statistics, etc).
            The monitoring data will be available on a MongoDB website with a unique URL accessible to you and anyone you share the URL with. MongoDB may use this information to make product
             improvements and to suggest MongoDB products and deployment options to you.
            To enable free monitoring, run the following command: db.enableFreeMonitoring()
To permanently disable this reminder, run the following command: db.disableFreeMonitoring()
 switched to db GSE13355
 > db.expr.insert({})
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
  > show dbs
            0.000GB
0.000GB
  admin
  config
```

Example:

```
mongoimport -- jsonArray -- db GSE13355 -- collection expr -- type json --
file /home/ec2-user/result_mongo/mongo_expr1.json --host ec2-18-211-73-
183.compute-1.amazonaws.com:27017
```

6- Up to 5 teams will be selected to present their assignment