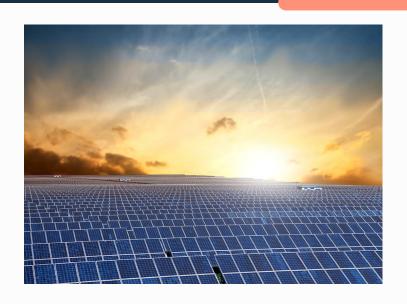
## Solar Power Generation Model

Billie Kim
Jul. 2022

# Problem Identification



- Solar generation forecasting is crucial for planning and maintaining an efficient grid
- How can we predict power generation so that plant managers can use project findings for better grid management and to increase the overall efficiency of the system?

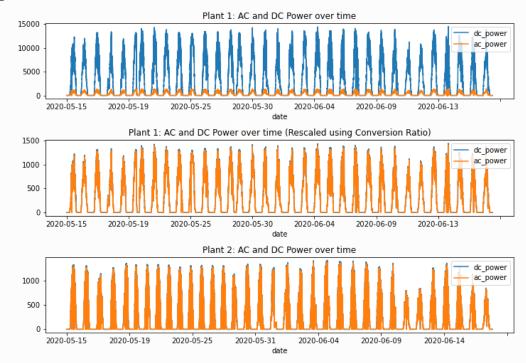
### Variables

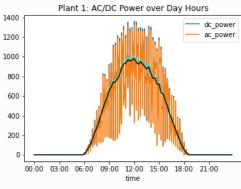
Feature Name	Units	Description
DC Power	kW	The amount of direct current energy generated by the inverter
AC Power	kW	The amount of alternating current generated by the inverter
Daily Yield	kW	The cumulative sum of power generated on that day, till that point in time
Total Yield	kW	The total yield for the inverter till that point in time
Ambient Temperature	°C	The ambient temperature at the location of the plant
Module Temperature	°C	The temperature sensor reading of the solar panel module
Irradiation	W/m <sup>2</sup>	The amount of light intensity from the sun

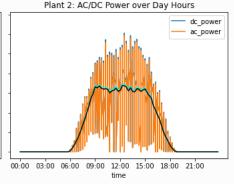
#### **AC-DC Power (Scaling...)**

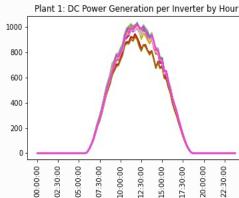
The conversion efficiency for solar inverters are typically around 97% to 99%— meaning energy loss is relatively minor...

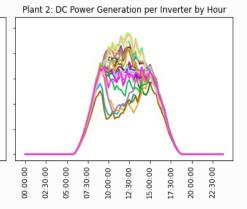
- Plant 1's AC/DC ratio = 9.78 %
- Plant 2's AC/DC ratio = 97.8 %
- Efficiency Conversion Ratio = 10











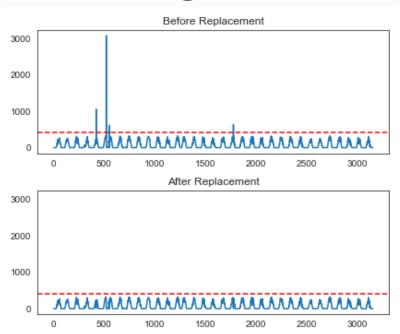
#### Plant 1:

- Bell Shaped Curve
- Inverters are tightly grouped and stable

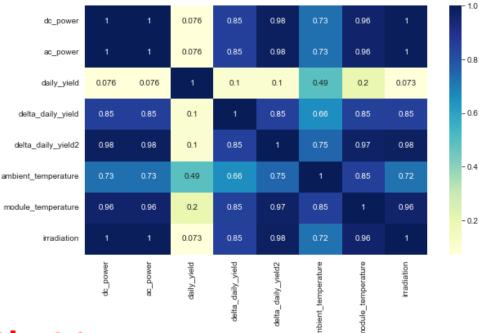
#### Plant 2:

- Capped at a threshold
- High variability at the inverter level

### **Handling Outliers**



#### **Correlation Heatmap**





### **Handling Outliers**

#### **Correlation Heatmap**

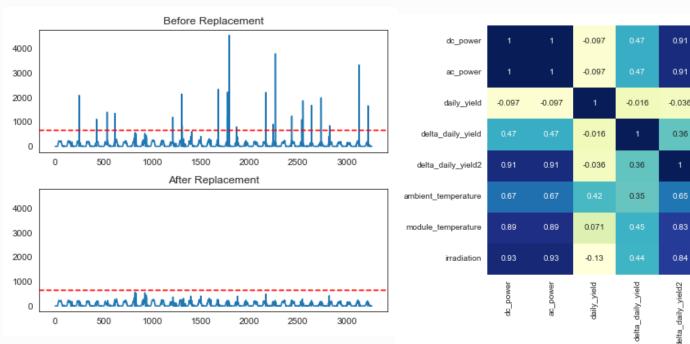
- 0.8

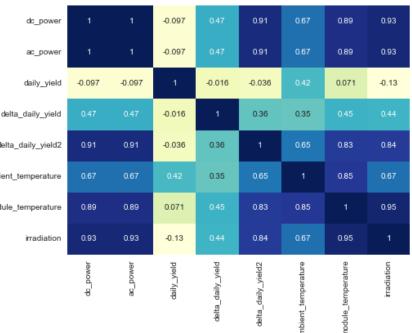
- 0.6

- 0.4

- 0.2

- 0.0







# Modeling Performance Metrics Evaluation

	r_squared		Mean Absolute Error		Mean Standard Error	
	r2 (mean)	r2 (std)	MAE (mean)	MAE (std)	MSE (mean)	MSE (std)
Plant 1 Models						
Linear Regression	0.9878	0.0019	6.3149	1.4682	90.1842	26.7941
Random Forest	0.9883	0.0025	4.9350	1.7925	88.5963	31.8255
<b>Gradient Boosting</b>	0.9885	0.0033	4.8615	1.8495	86.4643	34.9131

#### **Plant 1**

# Modeling Performance Metrics Evaluation

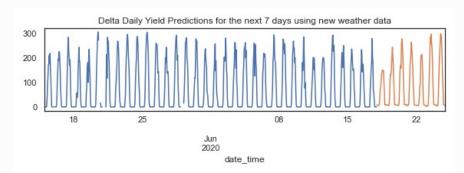
	r_squared		Mean Absolute Error		Mean Standard Error	
	r2 (mean)	r2 (std)	MAE (mean)	MAE (std)	MSE (mean)	MSE (std)
Plant 2 Models						
Linear Regression	0.8433	0.0841	10.9557	8.3594	629.7114	456.1076
Random Forest	0.8171	0.0853	11.9974	8.6789	755.0961	539.4399
<b>Gradient Boosting</b>	0.8210	0.0902	12.4894	8.9215	734.6652	547.2957

#### Plant 2

## Modeling Scenario...

Can we use our model to predict daily yield for the next seven days using weather forecasts?

- Best Model: Gradient Boosting Model
- New weather data: https://weatherdownloader.oikolab.com



	predicted_daily_yield		
date			
2020-06-18	1435.649774		
2020-06-19	1861.912548		
2020-06-20	2175.264188		
2020-06-21	2052.727623		
2020-06-22	1546.800547		
2020-06-23	2395.338236		
2020-06-24	2477.258647		