Validating Our Recipes in Virtual Environments

Objectives

After completing this module, you should be able to:

- Use Test Kitchen to verify your recipes converge on a virtual instance
- Read the ServerSpec documentation
- Write and execute tests

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- "Works on my machine".

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- Will the recipes that we created work on another system similar to this one? Will they work in production?
- "Works on my machine".
- So how could we solve a problem like this?

Mandating Testing

What steps would it take to test one of the cookbooks that we have created?

Steps to Verify Cookbooks



Create Virtual Machine
Install Chef Tools
Copy Cookbooks
Run/Apply Cookbooks
Verify Assumptions
Destroy Virtual Machine

CHEF

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• We can start by first mandating that all cookbooks are tested.

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Considerations--

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- How often should you test your cookbook?
- How often do you think changes will occur?
- What happens when the rate of cookbook changes exceed the time interval it takes to verify the cookbook?

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Code Testing

• An automated way to ensure code accomplishes the intended goal and help the team understand its intent.

Test Configuration

"What are we running in production? Maybe I could test the cookbook against a virtual machine."

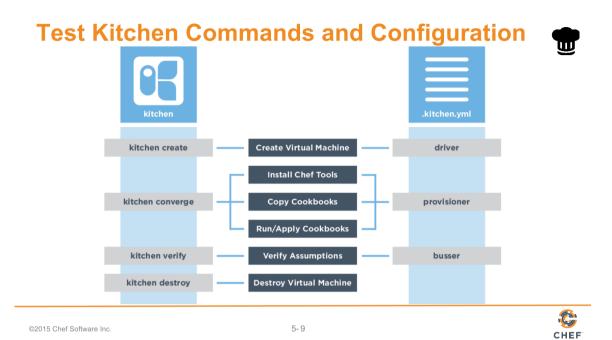
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Test Configuration

"What are we running in production? Maybe I could test the cookbook against a virtual machine."

Objective:

- Configure the **workstation** cookbook to test against the centos-6.7 platform
- Test the workstation cookbook on a virtual machine



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What Can kitchen Do?

\$ kitchen --help

```
Commands:
  kitchen console
                                          # Kitchen Console!
 kitchen converge [INSTANCE|REGEXP|all] # Converge one or more instances
 kitchen create [INSTANCE|REGEXP|all]
                                          # Create one or more instances
  kitchen destroy [INSTANCE|REGEXP|all]
                                          # Destroy one or more instances
  kitchen help [COMMAND]
                                          # Describe available commands or one spe
                                          # Adds some configuration to your cookb
  kitchen init
  kitchen list [INSTANCE|REGEXP|all]
                                          # Lists one or more instances
  kitchen setup [INSTANCE|REGEXP|all]
                                          # Setup one or more instances
  kitchen test [INSTANCE|REGEXP|all]
                                          # Test one or more instances
  kitchen verify [INSTANCE|REGEXP|all]
                                          # Verify one or more instances
  kitchen version
                                          # Print Kitchen's version information
```

What Can kitchen init Do?

\$ kitchen help init

Do We Have a . kitchen.yml?

What is Inside . kitchen.yml?

```
$ cat cookbooks/workstation/.kitchen.yml

---
driver:
   name: vagrant

provisioner:
   name: chef_zero

platforms:
   - name: ubuntu-14.04
   - name: centos-7.1

suites:
   - name: default
```

.kitchen.yml

- When chef generates a cookbook, a default .kitchen.yml is created.
- It contains kitchen configuration for the driver, provisioner, platform, and suites.

http://kitchen.ci/docs/getting-started/creating-cookbook

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Demo: The **kitchen** Driver

~/cookbooks/workstation/.kitchen.yml

```
driver:
    name: vagrant

provisioner:
    name: chef_zero

platforms:
    - name: ubuntu-14.04
    - name: centos-7.1
...
```

The driver is responsible for creating a machine that we'll use to test our cookbook.

Example Drivers:

- docker
- vagrant

Demo: The **kitchen** Provisioner

~/cookbooks/workstation/.kitchen.yml

```
driver:
   name: vagrant

provisioner:
   name: chef_zero

platforms:
   - name: ubuntu-14.04
   - name: centos-7.1
...
```

This tells Test Kitchen how to run Chef to apply the code in our cookbook to the machine under test.

The default and simplest approach is to use **chef_zero**.

Demo: The kitchen Platforms

~/cookbooks/workstation/.kitchen.yml

```
driver:
   name: vagrant

provisioner:
   name: chef_zero

platforms:
   - name: ubuntu-14.04
   - name: centos-7.1
...
```

This is a list of operation systems on which we want to run our code.

Demo: The kitchen Suites

~/cookbooks/workstation/.kitchen.yml

This section defines what we want to test. It includes the Chef run-list of recipes that we want to test.

We define a single suite named default.

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Demo: The kitchen Suites

~/cookbooks/workstation/.kitchen.yml

The suite named default defines a run_list.

Run the workstation cookbook's default recipe file.

Kitchen Test Matrix

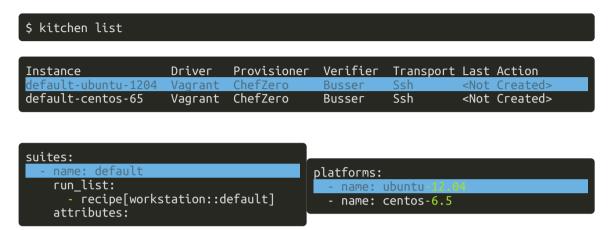
• Kitchen defines a list of instances, or test matrix, based on the platforms multiplied by the suites.

PLATFORMS x SUITES

• Running kitchen list will show that matrix.

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Example: Kitchen Test Matrix



Example: Kitchen Test Matrix

\$ kitchen list Provisioner Verifier Transport Last Action Driver Instance default-ubuntu-1204 Vagrant ChefZero Busser Ssh <Not Created> default-centos-65 Vagrant <Not Created> suites: platforms: run list: - name: ubuntu-12.04 - recipe[workstation::default] - name: centos-6.5 attributes:

Group Exercise: Test Configuration

"What are we running in production? Maybe I could test the cookbook against a virtual machine."

Group Exercise: Test Configuration

"What are we running in production? Maybe I could test the cookbook against a virtual machine."

Objective:

- Configure the **workstation** cookbook's .kitchen.yml to use the Docker driver and centos 6.7 platform.
- Use **kitchen converge** to apply the recipe on a virtual machine.

Group Exercise: Move into the Cookbook's Directory

\$ cd ~/cookbooks/workstation

Group Exercise: Edit the Kitchen Configuration File

~/cookbooks/workstation/.kitchen.yml

```
driver:
name: docker

provisioner:
name: chef_zero

platforms:
- name: centos-6.7

suites:
# ... REMAINDER OF FILE ...
```



https://github.com/portertech/kitchen-docker

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Group Exercise: Edit the Kitchen Configuration File

~/cookbooks/workstation/.kitchen.yml

```
driver:
    name: docker

provisioner:
    name: chef_zero

platforms:
    - name: centos-6.7

suites:
# ... REMAINDER OF FILE ...
```



https://www.centos.org

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Group Exercise: Look at the Test Matrix



Converging a Cookbook

"Before I add features it really would be nice to test these cookbooks against the environments that resemble production."

Converging a Cookbook

"Before I add features it really would be nice to test these cookbooks against the environments that resemble production."

Objective:

- Configure the **workstation** cookbook's .kitchen.yml to use the Docker driver and centos-6.7 platform
- Use kitchen converge to apply the recipe on a virtual machine

Kitchen Create



Create one or more instances.

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Group Exercise: Kitchen Converge



\$ kitchen converge [INSTANCE|REGEXP|all]

Create the instance (if necessary) and then apply the run list to one or more instances.

Group Exercise: Converge the Cookbook

```
$ cd ~/cookbooks/workstation
$ kitchen converge
```

Lab: Converge the Recipe for apache

- We want to validate that our run-list installs correctly.
- Within the **apache** cookbook, use **kitchen converge** for the default suite on the centos 6.7 platform.

Lab: Configuring Test Kitchen for apache

~/cookbooks/apache/.kitchen.yml

```
driver:
   name: docker

provisioner:
   name: chef_zero

platforms:
   - name: centos-6.7

suites:
   - name: default
   run_list:
        - recipe[apache::default]
        attributes:
```

Lab: Converge the apache Cookbook

Test Kitchen

• What is being tested when **kitchen** converges a recipe without error?

Test Kitchen

- What is being tested when **kitchen** converges a recipe without error?
- What is NOT being tested when **kitchen** converges the recipe without error?

Test Kitchen

- What is being tested when kitchen converges a recipe without error?
- What is NOT being tested when **kitchen** converges the recipe without error?
- What is left to validate to ensure that the cookbook successfully applied the policy defined in the recipe?

The First Test

"Converging seems to validate that the recipe runs successfully. But does it assert what actually is installed?"

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The First Test

"Converging seems to validate that the recipe runs successfully. But does it assert what actually is installed?"

Objective:

• In a few minutes we'll write and execute a test that asserts that the **tree** package is installed when the workstation cookbook's default recipe is applied.

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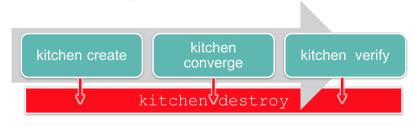
Kitchen Verify



Create, converge, and verify one or more instances.

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Kitchen Destroy



\$ kitchen destroy [INSTANCE|REGEXP|all]

Destroys one or more instances.

Kitchen Test



Destroys (for clean-up), creates, converges, verifies and then destroys one or more instances.

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Serverspec

- Serverspec tests your servers' actual state by executing command locally, via SSH, via WinRM, via Docker API and so on.
- So you don't need to install any agent software on your servers and can use any configuration management tools, Puppet, Chef, CFEngine, Itamae and so on.

http://serverspec.org

Example

Is the **tree** package installed?

```
describe package('tree') do
  it { should be_installed }
end
```

I expect the package **tree** should be installed.

http://serverspec.org/resource_types.html#package

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Group Exercise: Requiring a Test Helper

~/cookbooks/workstation/test/integration/default/serverspec/default_spec.rb

```
require 'spec helper'

describe 'workstation::default' do

  describe package('tree') do
    it { should be_installed }
  end
end
```

Loads a helper file with that name in the same directory.

http://kitchen.ci/docs/getting-started/writing-test

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Group Exercise: Describing the Test Context

~/cookbooks/workstation/test/integration/default/serverspec/default_spec.rb

```
require 'spec_helper'

describe 'workstation::default' do

   describe package('tree') do
      it { should be_installed }
   end
end
```

Describes a body of tests for the workstation cookbook's default recipe.

https://relishapp.com/rspec/rspec-core/v/3-3/docs

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Group Exercise: Our Assertion in a spec File

~/cookbooks/workstation/test/integration/default/serverspec/default_spec.rb

```
require 'spec_helper'

describe 'workstation::default' do

   describe package('tree') do
      it { should be_installed }
   end
end
```

When we converge the workstation cookbook's default recipe we expect the **tree** package to be installed.

http://serverspec.org/resource_types.html#package

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workstation/test/integration/default/serverspec/default_spec.rb

Test Kitchen will look for tests to run under this directory. It allows you to put unit or other tests in test/unit, spec, acceptance, or wherever without mixing them up. This is configurable, if desired.

http://kitchen.ci/docs/getting-started/writing-test

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workstation/test/integration/default/serverspec/default_spec.rb

- This corresponds to the name of the test suite that is defined in the .kitchen.yml file.
- In our case the name of the suite is default so when Test Kitchen performs a kitchen verify for the default suite it will look within the default folder for the specifications to run.

http://kitchen.ci/docs/getting-started/writing-test

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workstation/test/integration/default/serverspec/default_spec.rb

• This tells Test Kitchen that we wish to use Serverspec framework for testing.

http://kitchen.ci/docs/getting-started/writing-test

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workstation/test/integration/default/serverspec/default_spec.rb

- All test files (or specs) are named after the recipe they test and end with the suffix _spec.rb.
- A spec missing that will not be found when executing **kitchen verify**.

http://kitchen.ci/docs/getting-started/writing-test

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Group Exercise: Move into the Cookbook

\$ cd ~/cookbooks/workstation

Group Exercise: Running the Specification

\$ kitchen verify

Group Exercise: Commit Your Work

```
$ cd ~/cookbooks/workstation
$ git add .
$ git status
$ git commit -m "Added first test for the default recipe"
```

More Tests

What are other resources within the recipe that we could test?

Testing a File

- Serverspec can help us assert different characteristics about files on the file system. Like if it is a file, directory, socket or symlink.
- The file's mode owner or group. If the file is readable, writeable, or executable. It is even able to verify the data contained within the file.

http://serverspec.org/resource_types.html#file

Example: The File Contains Data

```
describe file('/etc/passwd') do
  it { should be_file }
end
```

I expect the file named /etc/passwd to be a file (as opposed to a directory, socket or symlink).

http://serverspec.org/resource_types.html#file

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Example: The File Contains Specific Content

```
describe file('/etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf') do
  its(:content) {    should match /ServerName www.example.jp/ }
end
```

I expect the file named /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf to have content that matches ServerName www.example.jp

http://serverspec.org/resource_types.html#file

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Example: The File is Owned by a Particular User

```
describe file('/etc/sudoers') do
  it { should be_owned_by 'root' }
end
```

I expect the file named /etc/sudoers to be owned by the root user.

Lab: More Tests

- Add tests that validate that the remaining package resources have been installed (http://serverspec.org/resource_types.html#package)
- Add tests that validate the file resource (http://serverspec.org/resource_types.html#file)
- Run kitchen verify to validate the test meets the expectations that you defined
- Commit your changes

Lab: Our Assertion in a spec File

~/cookbooks/workstation/test/integration/default/serverspec/default_spec.rb

```
require 'spec_helper'

describe 'workstation::default' do
    # ... other tests for packages ...

describe package('tree') do
    it { should be_installed }
    end

describe package('git') do
    it { should be_installed }
    end

end
```

The package named git is installed.

http://serverspec.org/resource_types.html#package

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Lab: Our Assertion in a spec File

~/cookbooks/workstation/test/integration/default/serverspec/default_spec.rb

```
describe package('git') do
   it { should be_installed }
end

describe file('/etc/motd') do
   it { should be_owned_by 'root' }
end

end
```

The file named /etc/motd should be owned by root.

http://serverspec.org/resource_types.html#file

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Group Exercise: Return to the Cookbook Directory

\$ cd ~/cookbooks/workstation

Lab: Running the Specification

\$ kitchen verify

Lab: Commit Your Work

```
$ cd ~/cookbooks/workstation
$ git add .
$ git status
$ git commit -m "Added additional tests for default recipe"
```

Testing Our Webserver

"I would love to know that the webserver is installed and running correctly."

Testing Our Webserver

"I would love to know that the webserver is installed and running correctly."

Objective:

 Discuss and decide what should be tested with the apache cookbook

Testing

- What are some things we could test to validate our web server has deployed correctly?
- What manual tests do we use now to validate a working web server?

Lab: Testing Apache

- Create a test file for the **apache** cookbook's default recipe
- Add tests that validate a working web server

http://serverspec.org/resource_types.html#port http://serverspec.org/resource_types.html#command

- Run kitchen verify
- Commit your changes

Lab: Switch to the apache cookbook

\$ cd ~/cookbooks/apache

Lab: What Does the Webserver Say?

~/cookbooks/apache/test/integration/default/serverspec/default_spec.rb

```
require 'spec_helper'

describe 'apache::default' do
    describe port(80) do
    it { should be_listening }
    end

describe command('curl http://localhost') do
    its(:stdout) { should match /Hello, world!/ }
    end
end
```

- Port 80 should be listening.
- The standard out from the command **curl** http://localhost should match 'Hello, world!'

Lab: Commit Your Work

```
$ cd ~/cookbooks/apache
$ git add .
$ git status
$ git commit -m "Added tests for the default recipe"
```

• Why do you have to run **kitchen** within the directory of the cookbook?

- Why do you have to run **kitchen** within the directory of the cookbook?
- Where would you define additional platforms?

- Why do you have to run **kitchen** within the directory of the cookbook?
- Where would you define additional platforms?
- Why would you define a new test suite?

- Why do you have to run **kitchen** within the directory of the cookbook?
- Where would you define additional platforms?
- Why would you define a new test suite?
- What are the limitations of using Test Kitchen to validate recipes?

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A&Q

What questions can we help you answer?

- Test Kitchen
- **kitchen** commands
- kitchen configuration
- Serverspec

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