

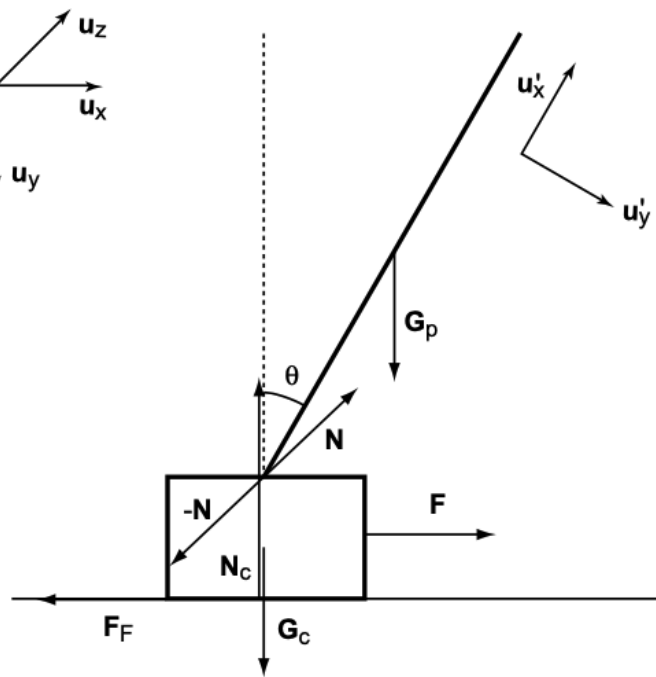
# Solve DAE for cart-pole system

Example from documentation:

- <https://www.mathworks.com/help/symbolic/solve-differential-algebraic-equations.html>

Equations and diagram below from:

- R. V. Florian, 2007, Correct equations for the dynamics of the cart-pole system



State variables

- Horizontal position of pendulum (from left)  $x(t)$
- Horizontal velocity of cart  $\dot{x}(t)$
- Angle of pole (clockwise)  $\theta(t)$
- Angular rotation of pole  $\dot{\theta}(t)$

Other variables

- Downwards force on track from cart  $N_c(t)$
- Frictional force exerted on cart by track  $F_F(t)$
- Force exerted on cart by pole (and vice versa)  $N(t)$

Potential input variables

- Horizontal force on cart  $F(t)$

## Parameters

- Cart mass  $m_c$
- Pole mass  $m_p$
- Pendulum length  $l$
- Acceleration due to gravity  $g$
- Coefficient of friction for cart and track  $\mu_c$
- Coefficient of friction for pole and cart joint  $\mu_p$

## System of DAEs

$$N_c = (m_c + m_p)g - m_p l (\ddot{\theta} \sin\theta + \dot{\theta}^2 \cos\theta)$$

$$\ddot{\theta} = \frac{g \sin\theta + \cos\theta \left\{ \frac{-F - m_p l \dot{\theta}^2 (\sin\theta + \mu_c \operatorname{sgn}(N_c \dot{x})) \cos\theta}{m_c + m_p} + \mu_c g \operatorname{sgn}(N_c \dot{x}) \right\} - \frac{\mu_p \dot{\theta}}{m_p l}}{l \left\{ \frac{4}{3} - \frac{m_p \cos\theta}{m_c + m_p} (\cos\theta - \mu_c \operatorname{sgn}(N_c \dot{x})) \right\}}$$

$$\ddot{x} = \frac{F + m_p l (\dot{\theta}^2 \sin\theta - \ddot{\theta} \cos\theta) - \mu_c N_c \operatorname{sgn}(N_c \dot{x})}{m_c + m_p}$$

```
clear variables
```

```
syms x(t) theta(t) Nc(t) F mc mp l g muc mup
```

```
eqn1 = 1000 * Nc == (mc + mp) * g - mp * l * (diff(theta(t), 2) * sin(theta(t)) + diff
```

```
eqn1(t) =
```

$$1000 N_c(t) = g (m_c + m_p) - l m_p \left( \sin(\theta(t)) \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} \theta(t) + \cos(\theta(t)) \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta(t) \right)^2 \right)$$

```
eqn2 = diff(theta(t), 2) == ...
    (g * sin(theta(t)) + cos(theta(t)) * ( ...
        (-F - mp * l * diff(theta(t))^2 * (sin(theta(t)) + muc * sign(Nc * diff(x(t)))
        ) / (mc + mp) + muc * g * sign(Nc * diff(x(t))) - mup * diff(theta(t)) / (mp * l
        / (l * (4/3 - mp * cos(theta(t)) / (mc + mp) * (cos(theta(t)) - muc * sign(Nc * di
```

```
eqn2(t) =
```

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} \theta(t) = \frac{\cos(\theta(t)) \left( \frac{F + l m_p (\sin(\theta(t)) + \mu_c \cos(\theta(t)) \sigma_1) \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta(t) \right)^2}{m_c + m_p} - g \mu_c \sigma_1 \right) - g \sin(\theta(t)) + \dots}{l \left( \frac{m_p \cos(\theta(t)) (\cos(\theta(t)) - \mu_c \sigma_1)}{m_c + m_p} - 1.3333 \right)}$$

where

$$\sigma_1 = \operatorname{sign} \left( N_c(t) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} x(t) \right)$$

```
eqn3 = diff(x(t), 2) == ...
      (F + mp * l * (diff(theta(t))^2 * sin(theta(t)) - diff(theta(t), 2) * cos(theta(t))
      - muc * 1000 * Nc * sign(Nc * diff(x(t)))) ...
      / (mc + mp)
```

```
eqn3(t) =
```

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} x(t) = \frac{F + l \, mp \left( \sin(\theta(t)) \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta(t) \right)^2 - \cos(\theta(t)) \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} \theta(t) \right) - 1000 \, muc \, \text{sign} \left( Nc(t) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} x(t) \right) Nc(t)}{mc + mp}$$

```
eqns = [eqn1 eqn2 eqn3];
vars = [x(t); theta(t); Nc(t)];
origVars = length(vars)
```

```
origVars = 3
```

Check Incidence of Variables

```
M = incidenceMatrix(eqns, vars)
```

```
M = 3x3
      0      1      1
      1      1      1
      1      1      1
```

Reduce Differential Order

```
[eqns, vars] = reduceDifferentialOrder(eqns, vars)
```

```
eqns =
```

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} 1000 \, Nc(t) - g \, (mc + mp) + l \, mp \left( \sin(\theta(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} D\theta(t) + \cos(\theta(t)) D\theta(t)^2 \right) \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial t} D\theta(t) - \frac{\cos(\theta(t)) \left( \frac{l \, mp \left( \sin(\theta(t)) + muc \cos(\theta(t)) \sigma_1 \right) D\theta(t)^2 + F}{mc + mp} - g \, muc \, \sigma_1 \right) - g \sin(\theta(t))}{l \left( \frac{mp \cos(\theta(t)) \left( \cos(\theta(t)) - muc \, \sigma_1 \right)}{mc + mp} - 1.3333 \right)} \\ \frac{l \, mp \left( \cos(\theta(t)) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} D\theta(t) - \sin(\theta(t)) D\theta(t)^2 \right) - F + 1000 \, muc \, \sigma_1 \, Nc(t)}{mc + mp} + \frac{\partial}{\partial t} D \\ Dxt(t) - \frac{\partial}{\partial t} x(t) \\ D\theta(t) - \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \theta(t) \end{array} \right)$$

where

$$\sigma_1 = \text{sign}(Dxt(t) \, Nc(t))$$

```
vars =
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} x(t) \\ \theta(t) \\ Nc(t) \\ Dxt(t) \\ Dthetat(t) \end{pmatrix}$$

Check Differential Index of System

```
if ~isLowIndexDAE(eqns, vars)
    disp("Reducing Differential Index...")
    % Reduce Differential Index with reduceDAEIndex
    [DAEs, DAEvars] = reduceDAEIndex(eqns, vars)
    % Eliminate redundant equations and variables
    [DAEs, DAEvars] = reduceRedundancies(DAEs, DAEvars)
    % Check the differential index of the new system
    assert(isLowIndexDAE(DAEs, DAEvars))
else
    DAEs = eqns;
    DAEvars = vars;
end
```

## Convert DAE system to MATLAB function

```
pDAEs = symvar(DAEs);
pDAEvars = symvar(DAEvars);
extraParams = setdiff(pDAEs, pDAEvars)
```

```
extraParams = (F g l mc mp muc mup)
```

Create the function handle.

```
f = daeFunction(DAEs, DAEvars, F, g, l, mc, mp, muc, mup);
```

To save the DAE equations as a function script use this option

```
% filename = 'cartpoleDAEFunction.m';
% f = daeFunction(DAEs, DAEvars, F, g, l, mc, mp, muc, mup, 'File', filename);
```

## Set parameter values

```
F = 10;
g = 10;
l = 2;
mc = 5
```

```
mc = 5
```

```
mp = 1;
muc = 0.2;
mup = 0.2;
```

Create function for ode15i

```
F_DAE = @(t, Y, YP) f(t, Y, YP, F, g, l, mc, mp, muc, mup);
```

## Find initial condition

DAEvars

```
DAEvars =  


$$\begin{pmatrix} x(t) \\ \theta(t) \\ Nc(t) \\ Dxt(t) \\ Dthetat(t) \end{pmatrix}$$

```

Note that  $Dxt(t)$ ,  $Dthetat(t)$ , ... etc. are the first derivatives of  $x(t)$  ... etc.

Provide an estimate of the initial condition

```
% Variables  

% 1 degrees = 0.0172  

y0est = [0; pi/12; 0.001*9.81*5; 0; 0];  

% Their derivatives  

yp0est = [0; 0; 0; 0; 0];
```

Set tolerances and do numerical search.

```
opt = odeset('RelTol', 10.0^(-7), 'AbsTol', 10.0^(-7));  

FIXED_Y0 = [1 1 0 1 1]';  

FIXED_YP0 = [0 0 0 0 0]';  

[y0, yp0] = decic(F_DAE, 0, y0est, FIXED_Y0, yp0est, FIXED_YP0, opt)
```

```
y0 = 5x1  

    0  

    0.2618  

    0.0598  

    0  

    0  

yp0 = 5x1  

    0  

    0  

    0  

    1.5329  

    0.4153
```

## Solve DAEs Using ode15i

```
[tSol, ySol] = ode15i(F_DAE, [0 1], y0, yp0, opt);
```

Plot solution

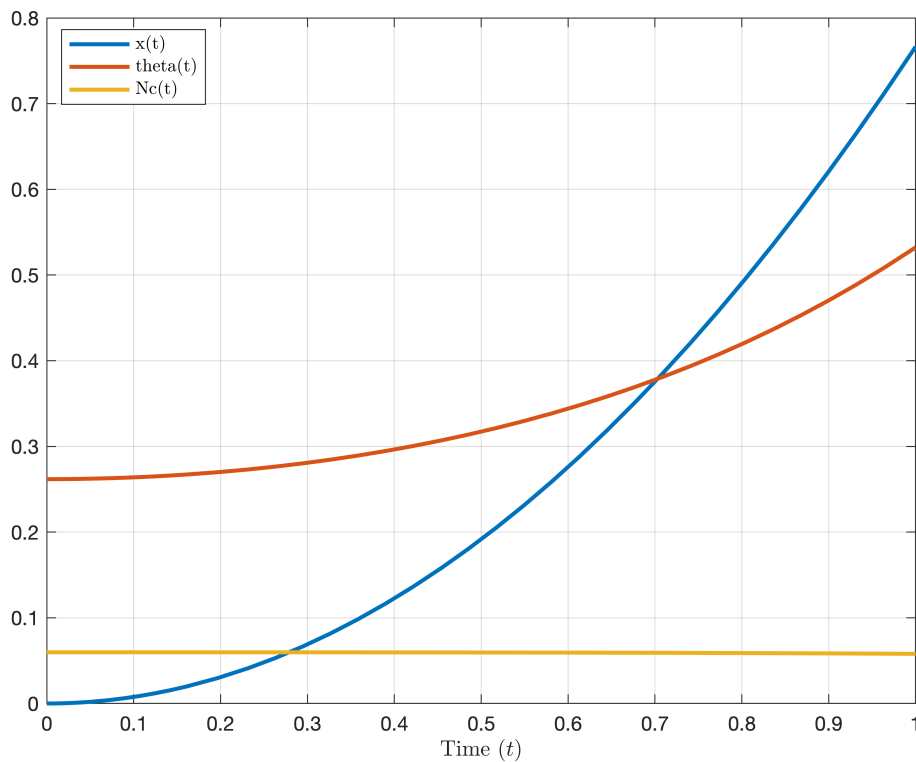
```
plot(tSol, ySol(:, 1:origVars), 'LineWidth', 2)  

xlabel("Time ($t$)", 'Interpreter', 'latex')  

labels = arrayfun(@(i) char(DAEvars(i)), 1:origVars, 'UniformOutput', false);  

legend(labels, 'Location', 'Best', 'Interpreter', 'latex')  

grid on
```



## Solve using function script file

Solve the equations using the function script created by `daeFunction` above and check results are identical.

```
% Solve again
% F_DAE2 = @(t, Y, YP) cartpoleDAEFunction(t, Y, YP, F, g, l, mc, mp, muc, mup);
% [tSol2, ySol2] = ode15i(F_DAE2, [0 1], y0, yp0, opt);
% assert(isequal(tSol, tSol2))
% assert(max(ySol - ySol2, [], [1 2]) < 1e-13)

% Parameter values
params = struct();
params.F = F;
params.g = g;
params.l = l;
params.mc = mc;
params.mp = mp;
params.muc = muc;
params.mup = mup;

% Solve again
F_DAE2 = @(t, Y, YP) cartpole_DAEs(t, Y, YP, params);
[tSol2, ySol2] = ode15i(F_DAE2, [0 1], y0, yp0, opt);
assert(isequal(tSol, tSol2))
assert(max(ySol - ySol2, [], [1 2]) < 1e-13)
```