

ITCS113 Fundamentals of Programming

Lecture 14 - Advanced Struct

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Agenda

- RECAP: Struct
- Array of structure
- Structure of structure



Recap: Struct

What is Structure?



Structure: a user-defined data type in C/C++.

A structure creates a data type that can be used to group items of possibly different types into a single type.

```
struct struct_name
{
  datatype var_name1;
  datatype *var_name2;
  datatype var_name3[size];
  ...
};
```

```
struct Date
{
  int month;
  int day;
  int year;
};
```

```
struct Point
{
  int x;
  int y;
};
```

Access Members of Structure



To access any variable of a structure, we use the member access operator "." (i.e., period).

```
struct struct_name
{
  datatype var_name1;
  datatype *var_name2;
  datatype var_name3[size];
  ...
};
```

```
struct struct_name var_name;
```

```
var_name.var_name1 = ...
var_name.var_name2 = ...
var_name.var_name3 = ...
```

```
struct Date
 int month;
 int day;
 int year;
struct Date birth day;
birth day .month = 12;
birth day. day = 29;
birth day .year = 2018;
printf("%d", birth day .month);
printf("%d", birth day .day);
printf("%d", birth day .year);
```



Exercise: Design the following struct

Create a structure for Book including book id, title, author, and number of pages

Struct Declaration

```
struct Book {
    int book_id;
    char title[50];
    char author[50];
    int num_pages;
};
```

Struct Initialization



Exercise: struct Book

Create a structure for Book including book id, title, author, and number of pages, receives the book information from users and print it out.

```
struct Book{
   int book_id;
   char title[50];
   char author[50];
   int num_pages;
};
```



Exercise: struct Book

```
struct Book{
                                                       int book id;
#include <stdio.h>
                                                       char title[50];
#include <string.h>
                                                       char author[50];
                                                       int num pages;
int main(){
    struct Book b1;
    scanf("%d", &b1.book id); // Book ID
    fgets(b1.title, 50, stdin); // Title
    char *pos;
    if ((pos=strchr(b1.title, '\n')) != NULL)
        *pos = '\0';
    fgets(b1.author, 50, stdin); // Author
    if ((pos=strchr(b1.author, '\n')) != NULL)
        *pos = '\0';
    scanf("%d", &b1.num pages); // Number of Pages
    printf("Book(#%d)named %s authored by %s (%d pages)\n",
    b1.book id, b1.title, b1.author, b1.num pages);
    return 0;
```





Structure Copy

Assignment operator '=' copies all member values to another structure variable.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
struct Account{
  int id;
  char name[20];
  float amount;
};
int main() {
   struct Account acc1 = {1, "Akara", 178.7};
   struct Account acc2;
   acc2 = acc1; // copy values from 'acc1' to 'acc2'
   acc2.id = 2;
   acc2.amount -= 100;
   printf("%d %s %.2f\n", accl.id, accl.name, accl.amount);
  printf("%d %s %.2f\n", acc2.id, acc2.name, acc2.amount);
  return 0;
```





Assignment operator '=' copies all member values to another structure variable.

```
1 Akara 178.70
#include <stdio.h>
                                                  2 Akara 78.70
#include <string.h>
struct Account{
  int id;
  char name[20];
  float amount;
};
int main() {
   struct Account acc1 = {1, "Akara", 178.7};
   struct Account acc2;
   acc2 = acc1; // copy values from 'acc1' to 'acc2'
   acc2.id = 2;
   acc2.amount -= 100;
   printf("%d %s %.2f\n", accl.id, accl.name, accl.amount);
  printf("%d %s %.2f\n", acc2.id, acc2.name, acc2.amount);
  return 0;
```

Why Structure?



- Group various data in one place
- Easy to access (e.g., acc1.amount, acc1.name, etc.)
- Easy to manage (e.g., copy, pass to a function, etc.)
- Array of structures

struct Account int id; char name[20]; float amount;

Account: acc1

```
acc1.id = 1;
strcpy(acc1.name,"Peter");
acc1.amount = 10.50;
```

Account: acc2

```
acc1.id = 2;
strcpy(acc1.name, "Mary");
acc1.amount = 1112.99;
```

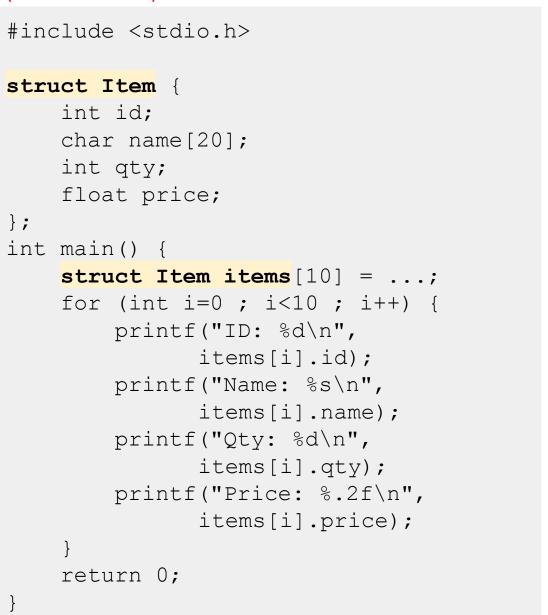
Why Structure?

Rewrite with struct

Each item consists of id, name, quantity, and price: group in one unit

(With Structure)











As we can use struct to define a new data type, we can also create an array of such new type.

```
struct struct_name
{
   datatype var_name1;
   datatype *var_name2;
   datatype var_name3[size];
   ...
};
```

```
struct struct_name var_name[size];
```





For example, in a vending machine program, each item has a number of attributes associated with it (e.g., ID, name, quantity, price, etc.).

ID	Name	Quantity	Price
1	Lipton	21	20
2	Lay's	7	30
20	Pringles	14	55





For example, in a vending machine program, each item has a number of attributes associated with it (e.g., ID, name, quantity, price, etc.).

```
struct Item {
    int id;
    char name[16];
    int qty;
    float price;
};

struct Item list_items[20];
```



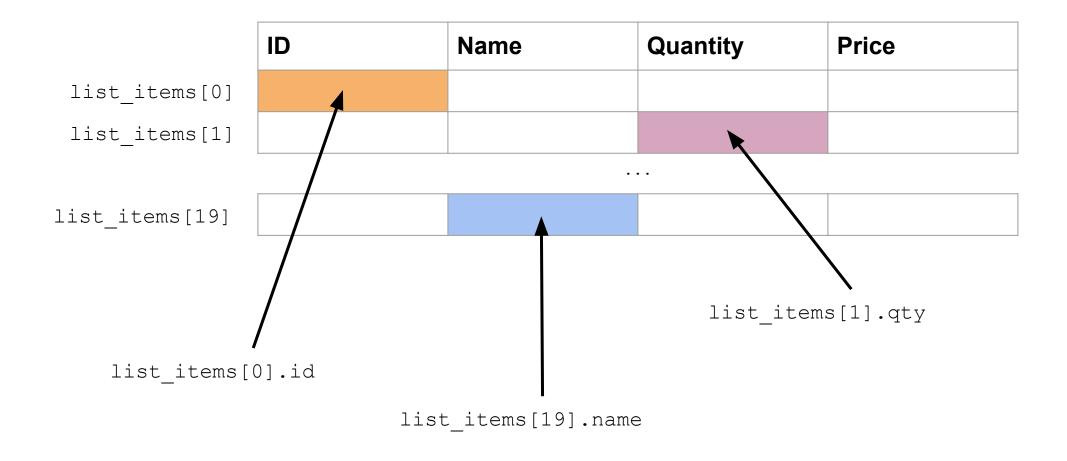
list_	_items	[0]
list_	_items	[1]

ID	Name	Quantity	Price

. . .

list_items[19]







list_items[0]
list_items[1]

ID Name Quantity Price

. . .

list_items[19]

```
list_items[0].id = 1;
strcpy(list_items[0].name, "Lipton");
list_items[0].qty = 21;
list_items[0].price = 20.0;
```



```
list_items[0]
list_items[1]
```

ID	Name	Quantity	Price
1	Lipton	21	20

. . .

list_items[19]

```
list_items[0].id = 1;
strcpy(list_items[0].name, "Lipton");
list_items[0].qty = 21;
list_items[0].price = 20.0;
```

```
scanf("%d", &list_items[0].id);
scanf("%s", list_items[0].name);
scanf("%d", &list_items[0].qty);
scanf("%f", &list_items[0].price);
```





```
list_items[0]
list_items[1]
```

ID	Name	Quantity	Price
1	Lipton	21	20
2	Lay's	7	30
3	Pringles	14	55

```
struct Item {
    int id;
    char name[16];
    int qty;
    float price;
};
```





```
#include <stdio.h>
#define N ITEMS 3
int main() {
   struct Item list items[N ITEMS] = {
       {1, "Lipton", 21, 20},
       {2, "Lay's", 7, 30},
       {3, "Pringles", 14, 55},
   };
  for (int i=0 ; i<N ITEMS ; i++) {
      printf("%d %s %d %.2f\n",
           list items[i].id, list items[i].name,
           list items[i].qty, list items[i].price
      );
  return 0;
```

```
struct Item {
   int id;
   char name[16];
   int qty;
   float price;
};
```





```
#include <stdio.h>
#define N ITEMS 3
int main() {
   struct Item list items[N ITEMS] = {
       {1, "Lipton", 21, 20},
       {2, "Lay's", 7, 30},
       {3, "Pringles", 14, 55},
   };
  for (int i=0 ; i<N ITEMS ; i++) {
      printf("%d %s %d %.2f\n",
           list items[i].id, list items[i].name,
           list items[i].qty, list items[i].price
       );
  return 0;
```

```
struct Item {
   int id;
   char name[16];
   int qty;
   float price;
};
```

```
1 Lipton 21 20.00
2 Lay's 7 30.00
3 Pringles 14 55.00
```



Exercise

Write a program to create an array of **HousePrice** structure containing the following values:

Size of house (square m.)	# of bedrooms	# of bathrooms	Newly renovated	Price (10,000B)
52.3	1	2	N	115
103.4	3	3	Υ	280
99.8	2	2	Υ	210



Struct in Struct

Structure in Structure



One structure can be declared inside another structure as we declare structure members inside a structure.

```
struct Date { •
   int day;
   int month;
   int year;
};
struct Item {
   int id;
   char name[16];
   int qty;
   float price;
   struct Date restock; -
};
```

Date is declared first and used as a member in **Item**





Structure in Structure

One structure can be declared inside another structure as we declare structure members inside a structure.

```
struct Date { •
                                  an item.id = 1;
   int day;
                                  strcpy(an item.name, "Lipton");
   int month;
                                  an item.qty = 21;
   int year;
                                  an item.price = 20;
                                  an item.restock.day = 1;
};
                                  an item.restock.month = 1;
                                  an item.restock.year = 1999;
struct Item {
   int id;
   char name[16];
   int qty;
   float price;
   struct Date restock; ←
};
```





One structure can be declared inside another structure as we declare structure members inside a structure.

```
struct Date {
   int day;
   int month;
   int year;
};
struct Item {
   int id;
   char name[16];
   int qty;
   float price;
   struct Date restock;
};
```

```
struct Item list_items[3] = {
{1,"Lipton",21,20,{1,1,1999}},
{2,"Lay's",7,30,{2,2,2009}},
{3,"Pringles",14,55,{3,3,2019}},
};
```





```
#include <stdio.h>
#define N ITEMS 3
int main() {
    struct Item list items[N ITEMS] = {
        {1, "Lipton", 21, 20, {1, 1, 1999}},
        {2, "Lay's", 7, 30, {2, 2, 2009}},
        {3, "Pringles", 14, 55, {3, 3, 2019}},
   } ;
    for (int i=0; i<N ITEMS; i++) {
        printf("%d %s %d %.2f %d-%d-%d\n",
            list items[i].id, list items[i].name,
            list items[i].qty,
list items[i].price,
            list items[i].restock.day,
            list items[i].restock.month,
            list items[i].restock.year
        );
    return 0;
```

```
struct Date {
   int day;
   int month;
   int year;
};
struct Item {
   int id;
   char name[16];
   int qty;
   float price;
   struct Date restock;
};
```





```
#include <stdio.h>
                                                       struct Date {
#define N ITEMS 3
                                                          int day;
                                                          int month;
int main() {
                                                          int year;
    struct Item list items[N ITEMS] = {
                                                       };
        {1, "Lipton", 21, 20, {1, 1, 1999}},
        {2, "Lay's", 7, 30, {2, 2, 2009}},
                                                       struct Item {
        {3, "Pringles", 14, 55, {3, 3, 2019}},
                                                          int id;
   } ;
                                                          char name[16];
                                                          int qty;
   for (int i=0; i<N ITEMS; i++) {
                                                          float price;
        printf("%d %s %d %.2f %d-%d-%d\n",
                                                          struct Date restock;
           list items[i].id, list items[i].name,
           list items[i].qty,
list items[i].price,
           list items[i].restock.day,
                                               1 Lipton 21 20.00 1-1-1999
            list items[i].restock.month,
                                               2 Lay's 7 30.00 2-2-2009
           list items[i].restock.year
                                               3 Pringles 14 55.00 3-3-2019
       );
   return 0;
```





Write a program to create a struct Person with the struct Address as one of the member as shown in the table.

Name	Age	Address		
		House Number	District	Zip Code
Zhongli	20	199	Liyue	11002
Barbara	18	300	Mondstadt	15213
Klee	17	773	Mondstadt	15213

typedef



typedef can be used to give a type a new name.

We can then use typedef to shorten the code we use to create a structure variable.

```
struct struct_name
{
  datatype var_name1;
  datatype *var_name2;
  datatype var_name3[size];
  ...
};
```

```
typedef struct struct_name short_name;

short_name var_name1, var_name2;
// struct struct_name var_name1, var_name2;
```

typedef



typedef can be used to give a type a new name.

We can then use typedef to shorten the code we use to create a structure variable.

```
struct struct_name
{
  datatype var_name1;
  datatype *var_name2;
  datatype var_name3[size];
  ...
};
```

```
typedef struct struct_name short_name;

short_name var_name1, var_name2;
// struct struct_name var_name1, var_name2;
```

```
struct Date {
   int month;
   int day;
   int year;
};

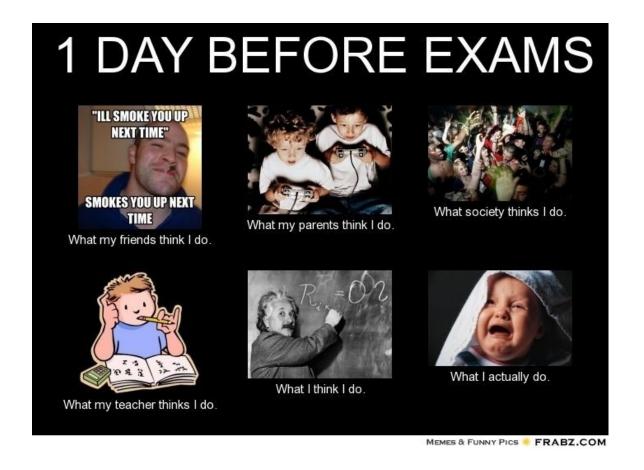
typedef struct Date DATE;

DATE d1, d2;
```

Mock Final Exam (Quiz 6)

Suriaudice

- 3 questions (1.5 hour)
- Closed-book
- Allowed materials
 - A PDF cheat sheet (MyCourse)
 - An empty physical A4 paper





Lab Exercises