(Week 8)

21. Integration by Parts

Let f and g be differentiable functions. By the product rule for derivatives,

$$\frac{d}{dx}[f(x)g(x)] = f(x)g'(x) + g(x)f'(x)$$

The integral of the above equality is

$$\int \frac{d}{dx} [f(x)g(x)]dx = \int f(x)g'(x)dx + \int g(x)f'(x)dx$$
$$f(x)g(x) + c = \int f(x)g'(x)dx + \int g(x)f'(x)dx$$
$$\int f(x)g'(x)dx = f(x)g(x) - \int g(x)f'(x)dx + c$$

Equivalently,

$$\int f(x)g'(x)dx = f(x)g(x) - \int g(x)f'(x)dx \qquad ***** (1)$$

Let u = f(x) and dv = g'(x)dx, therefore du = f'(x)dx and v = g(x).

Substitutions yeild

$$\int u dv = uv - \int v du \qquad ***** (2)$$

Both integrals in (1) and (2) are called integration by parts.

For definite integral the formula corresponding to (2) is

$$\int_{a}^{b} u \ dv = uv \Big]_{a}^{b} - \int_{a}^{b} v \ du$$

Example: Evaluate $\int xe^x dx$.

Solution Let
$$u = x$$
 and $dv = e^x dx$, so $du = dx$ and $v = \int e^x dx = e^x$

Thus, $\int xe^x dx = \int u dv$

$$= uv - \int v du$$

$$= xe^x - \int e^x dx$$

$$= xe^x - e^x + C$$