

Prepared by:



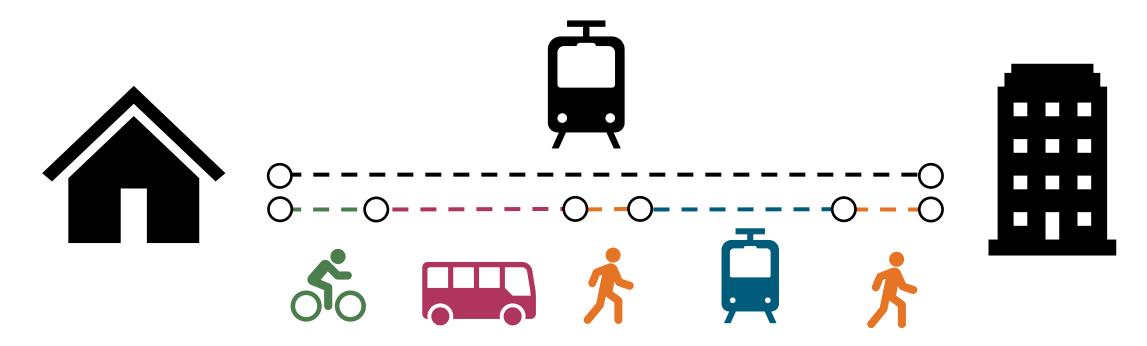




What Is Trip Chain Simulation?

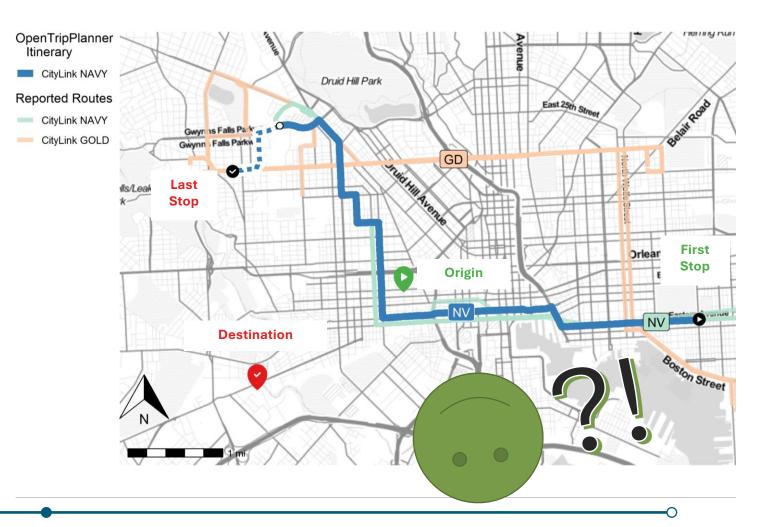
What is Trip Chain Simulation?

Modeling the full sequence of movements that make up a trip from origin to destination.



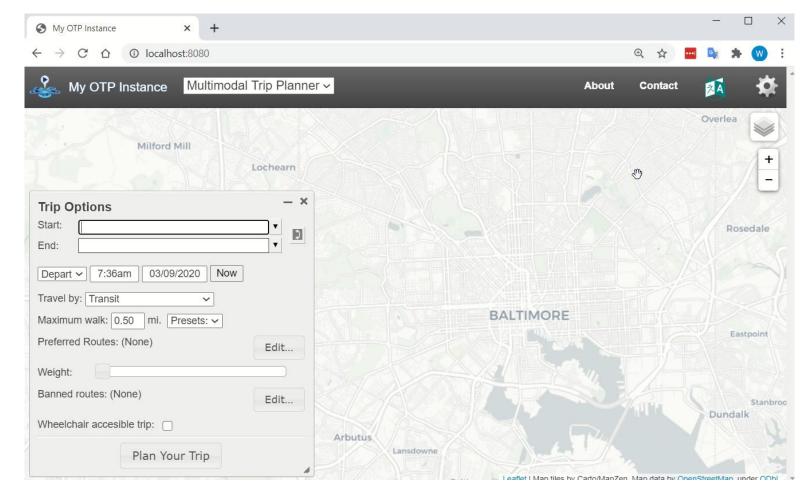
Why Do Trip Chain Simulation?

- Improve survey data quality
- Infer additional details about a trip
- Provide sketch-level assessments of proposed changes



How We Do Trip Chain Simulation

- Open Trip Planner + R / SQL
- Trip data inputs can vary:
 - Origin-destination survey data
 - Travel model outputs
 - Any point-to-point O/D data!



Trip Chain Simulation in Action

Transit Planning Case Studies

Trip Chain Validator

Answers the question: Is this survey trip possible?

Validates whether a person can in fact go from Point A to Point B using routes they reported in an origin-destination survey.

Person 1

| Reported in Survey: | - Route 1 |
|----------------------|-----------|
| Suggested Itinerary: | - Route 1 |



Person 2

| Reported in Survey: | - Route 1 |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| Suggested Itineraries: | - Route 10 - Route 15 |



What it Produces

- Spreadsheet exports with results
- Dashboard & report with step-bystep itinerary for validated responses
- Automatically generated report with diagnostic maps and details
- Other benefits:
 - Total travel time
 - Access/egress trip time/distance/path
 - Transfer locations

Showing Survey Record 100056

Validation Details

Click a colored cell to show that path in map below. If present, Transit '6' leg occurs when the survey route is not in the trip chain and is inserted

| Path Group | Path | |
|----------------------|------------------------|--|
| Key Validation Paths | Origin to Destination | not validated: No OpenTripPlanner itineraries found using trip chain routes |
| | Survey Route On to Off | not validated: Missing path start and/or end point geometry to run validati |
| By Leg | Access Leg | not validated: Missing path start and/or end point geometry to run validati |
| | Egress Leg | validated: Walk access/egress legs with itinerary length less than 1.5 miles |

Record Details

| TCV Record | Trip Start Date | Trip Start Time | Update Source | Trip Chain (Survey Route Starred) |
|------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|
| 100056 | 2024-09-11 | 05:10:00 | paper | *770* |

Showing Path: Origin-to-Destination

Record Map



More Trustworthy Data!

- Verify quality of survey data to improve analysis accuracy
- Improve data by identifying records to review/correct

| Tablet Survey | | Paper Survey | |
|--------------------------------|-------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Number of Records Analyzed | 1,266 | Number of Records Analyzed | 2,562 |
| Percent Validated by Any Means | 97% | Percent Validated by Any Means | 59 % |
| Number of Records to Review | 93 | Number of Records to Review | 1,191 |

Service Change Impacts Analysis

 Analyze service scenarios by comparing travel times between baseline and proposed systems

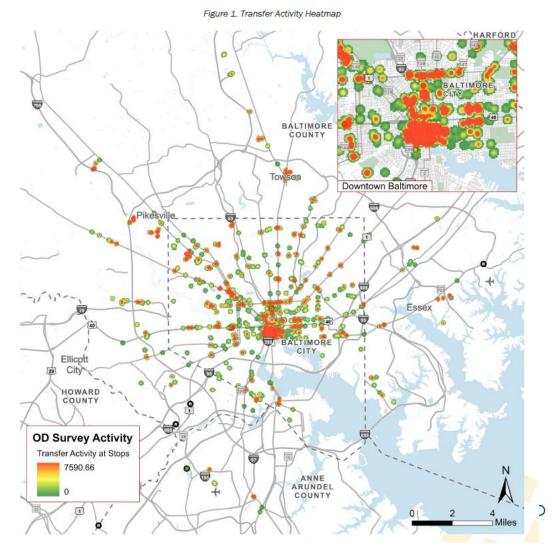
| FISCAL CLIFF SCENARIO IMPACT | VALUE | |
|---|----------------------|--|
| Average Change in Travel Time (%) | 5.7% | |
| Average Change in Travel Time (minutes) | 2.76 minutes (02:46) | |
| Median Change in Travel Time (%) | 3.1% | |
| Median Change in Travel Time (minutes) | 1.3 minutes (01:18) | |

Transfer Hotspot Analysis

- Use O-D survey data to model transit trips and find transfer locations
- Identify key transfer locations throughout the service area

Table 1. Top 20 Transfer Locations Ranked by Weekday Interpolated OD Survey Transfer Activity

| Rank | | Routes with Activity at Location | Boarding & Alighting Transfer Activity ¹ | Percent of Activity that is Transfer Related |
|------|---|---|--|--|
| 1 | Mondawmin | 22, 26, 29, 79, 82, 83, 85, 91, LM, MS, NV, YW | 11,157 | 52% |
| 2 | Lexington Market | 105, 115, 150, 54, 71, 73, 78, 80, 94, BL, LR, MS, OR, PR, RD | 9,644 | 57% |
| 3 | Charles Center | 103, 105, 120, 150, 51, 56, 65, 67, 71, 76, 78, 95, GR, MS, OR, PR, RD, SV | 7,236 | 61% |
| 4 | Rogers Avenue | 28, 30, 31, 34, 80, 82, 89, 94, MS | 6,813 | 60% |
| 5 | Baltimore Arena (University Center) | 105, 120, 150, 160, 320, 51, 54, 56, 65, 71, 78, 94, LR, NV, OR, PR, RD | 5,044 | 54% |
| 6 | Owings Mills | 87, 89, MS | 4,846 | 66% |
| 7 | Penn-North | 22, 85, GD, LM, MS | 4,227 | 48% |
| 8 | Patapsco | 29, 69, 70, 71, 73, 75, LR, YW | 3,981 | 72% |
| 9 | Courthouse | 103, 105, 115, 120, 160, 56, 67, | 3,757 | 54% |



Assess First/Last Mile Connections

- Analyze average walk/bike distance during reported access/egress/transfer trips
- Identify key infrastructure gaps in bike/ped networks around stops

| Mode Service Area Definition | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Core Bus | All Census Block Groups within 0.5 miles of Core Bus stops. |
| Commuter Bus | All Census Block Groups within three miles of Commuter Bus stops, excluding stops where morning boarding is not possible. |
| MARC Commuter Rail | All Census Block Groups within three miles of MARC stations. |
| Light Rail | All Census Block Groups within 0.75 miles of Light Rail stations. |
| Metro Subway | All Census Block Groups within 0.75 miles of Metro Subway stations. |

Thank you!

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