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ASGN3 Design

Goal

The goal for Assignment 3 is to modify the HTTP server that you already implemented to have one additional feature: caching.

Assumptions

I'm assuming that server will only support GET and PUT methods of HTTP protocol, therefore it will generate an error that server does not support this HTTP header if it will receive anything else. In addition, it will only run on Linux/Unix environment and use executable file path as the root directory of server.

Design

My strategy of cache implementation is to wait for client GET request. When server receive request it queries cached whether resources exist in its cache or not. If entry found, it sends the page from cache. In case of query fail, server load the page from disk, after sending page to client server also save it to in cache for later use.

Pseudocode

```
STARTUP:
// Declaring and initializing variables at startup of main function
int server fd, client socket;
struct sockaddr in address;
int addrlen = sizeof(address);
int port = DEFULT PORT;
// Setting Root path of web server
char *ROOT = getenv("PWD");
// Declaring an arroy of type struct cache item and a variable int pointer to implement cache
functionality
cache_item_t _cache_item[4];
int pointer;
// Parsing and processing command line arguments
for (size t idx = 1; idx < argc && argv[idx][0] == '-'; idx++)
{
       if(argv[idx][0] == '-')
```

```
switch (argv[idx][1])
               {
                      case 'c':
                      logging = 1;
                      Break;
                      case 'p':
                      port = atoi(argv[idx+1]);
                      Break;
                      Default:
                      cout << "Usage: ./httpserver -p <port> or ./httpserver <port> -c\n" << endl;</pre>
                      exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
               }
       }
}
CACHE IMPLEMENTATION:
// Structure that will hold the entry of chache
typedef struct cache_item
       int init;
       string resource_key;
       string resource_data;
} cache_item_t;
// This is a function that takes an argument of resource key if resource found it means resource
exists in cache therefore no need to load from disk.
string* cache_find(string resource_key)
{
       for(int i=0; i<4; i++)
               if( _cache_item[i].init == 1 )
               {
                      if( _cache_item[i].resource_key.compare(resource_key) == 0 )
                      {
                              return &_cache_item[i].resource_data;
                      }
               }
return NULL;
}
```

// This is the main piece of code that will implement the actual logic of cache for simplicity and efficiency I have chosen FIFO page replacement policy.

```
void cache add(string resource key, string resource data)
{
       for(int i=0; i<4; i++)
       {
              if( _cache_item[i].init == 0 )
              {
                     _cache_item[i].init = 1;
                      _cache_item[i].resource_key.clear();
                      _cache_item[i].resource_data.clear();
                     _cache_item[i].resource_key.append(resource_key);
                      _cache_item[i].resource_data.append(resource_data);
                      return:
              }
       }
       if(_pointer==4)
       _pointer=0;
       _cache_item[_pointer].resource_key.clear();
       _cache_item[_pointer].resource_data.clear();
       _cache_item[_pointer].resource_key.append(resource_key);
       _cache_item[_pointer].resource_data.append(resource_data);
       _pointer++;
}
// An array _cache_item declared at the startup of main()
cache_item_t _cache_item[4];
// If page is not found in cache then it should be cached here is the logic and code to adding
page into cache
string data_to_cached;
send(client_socket, "HTTP/1.0 200 OK\n\n", 17, 0);
while ((bytes_read = read(fd, data_to_send, BUFFER_SIZE)) > 0)
{
       write(client_socket, data_to_send, bytes_read);
       data_to_cached.append(data_to_send);
cache_add(path, data_to_cached);
```

```
// If page found in cache here is the logic and code to sending page from cache without loading
it from disk
if(cache_find(path) != NULL)
{
       log("GET Request, Sending page %s\n", path );
       string* cached = cache_find(path);
       send(client_socket, "HTTP/1.0 200 OK\n\n", 17, 0);
       write(client_socket, cached->c_str(), cached->length());
}
LOGGING:
// A variable is declared at global scope
int logging = 0;
// Logging can be enable by providing -c argument on command line this flag will change the
value of logging variable to 1
for (size_t idx = 1; idx < argc && argv[idx][0] == '-'; idx++)
{
       switch (argv[idx][1])
       {
               case 'c':
               logging = 1;
               Break;
               //...
       }
}
// log() will print the logging out on the screen
void log(const char *format, ...)
{
       if(logging)
       {
               va_list args;
               va_start(args, format);
               vprintf(format, args);
               va_end(args);
       }
}
```

```
// Usage of log function log( "GET Request for home page.\n" ); log( "GET %s length %d [was in cache]\n", path, cached->length()); log( "GET Request, Sending page %s\n", path );
```