

Curriculum

SE Foundations Average: 58.48%

You have a captain's log due before 2024-05-12 (in 3 days)! Log it now! (/captain logs/5661831/edit)

0x04. Python - More Data Structures: Set, Dictionary

Python

- Weight: 1
- Project over took place from Dec 6, 2023 6:00 AM to Dec 7, 2023 6:00 AM
- An auto review will be launched at the deadline

In a nutshell...

- Auto QA review: 7.15/139 mandatory & 0.0/48 optional
- Altogether: 5.14%
 - o Mandatory: 5.14%
 - o Optional: 0.0%
 - Calculation: 5.14% + (5.14% * 0.0%) == **5.14%**

Resources

Read or watch:

- Data structures (/rltoken/GmgoSUtBbHBW8suWkws51g)
- Lambda, filter, reduce and map (/rltoken/53f4kKVT0-jyzrJstOSJWg)
- Learn to Program 12 Lambda Map Filter Reduce (/rltoken/v9eyFryhkYmxDl13iTx2VA)

man or help:

python3





Learning Objectives

At the end of this project, you are expected to be able to explain to anyone (/rltoken/nbatZmfQyeB03w9ipyFhSw), without the help of Google:

General

- Why Python programming is awesome
- · What are sets and how to use them
- What are the most common methods of set and how to use them
- When to use sets versus lists
- How to iterate into a set
- · What are dictionaries and how to use them
- When to use dictionaries versus lists or sets
- What is a key in a dictionary
- · How to iterate over a dictionary
- What is a lambda function
- What are the map, reduce and filter functions

Copyright - Plagiarism

- You are tasked to come up with solutions for the tasks below yourself to meet with the above learning objectives.
- You will not be able to meet the objectives of this or any following project by copying and pasting someone else's work.
- You are not allowed to publish any content of this project.
- Any form of plagiarism is strictly forbidden and will result in removal from the program.

Requirements

General

- Allowed editors: vi, vim, emacs
- All your files will be interpreted/compiled on Ubuntu 20.04 LTS using python3 (version 3.8.5)
- All your files should end with a new line
- The first line of all your files should be exactly #!/usr/bin/python3
- A README.md file, at the root of the folder of the project, is mandatory
- Your code should use the pycodestyle (version 2.8.*)
- All your files must be executable
- The length of your files will be tested using wc

Quiz questions

Great! You've completed the quiz successfully! Keep going! (Show quiz)



Tasks

0. Squared simple

mandatory

Score: 65.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Write a function that computes the square value of all integers of a matrix.

- Prototype: def square_matrix_simple(matrix=[]):
- matrix is a 2 dimensional array
- Returns a new matrix:
 - Same size as matrix
 - Each value should be the square of the value of the input
- · Initial matrix should not be modified
- You are not allowed to import any module
- You are allowed to use regular loops, map, etc.

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$ cat 0-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
square_matrix_simple = __import__('0-square_matrix_simple').square_matrix_simple

matrix = [
      [1, 2, 3],
      [4, 5, 6],
      [7, 8, 9]
]

new_matrix = square_matrix_simple(matrix)
print(new_matrix)
print(matrix)

guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$ ./0-main.py
[[1, 4, 9], [16, 25, 36], [49, 64, 81]]
[[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]]
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x04-python-more_data_structures
- File: 0-square_matrix_simple.py

Q

1. Search and replace

mandatory

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Write a function that replaces all occurrences of an element by another in a new list.

- Prototype: def search_replace(my_list, search, replace):
- my_list is the initial list
- search is the element to replace in the list
- replace is the new element
- You are not allowed to import any module

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$ cat 1-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
search_replace = __import__('1-search_replace').search_replace

my_list = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 4, 2, 1, 1, 4, 89]
new_list = search_replace(my_list, 2, 89)

print(new_list)
print(my_list)

guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$ ./1-main.py
[1, 89, 3, 4, 5, 4, 89, 1, 1, 4, 89]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 4, 2, 1, 1, 4, 89]
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x04-python-more_data_structures
- File: 1-search_replace.py



2. Unique addition

mandatory

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Write a function that adds all unique integers in a list (only once for each integer).

- Prototype: def uniq_add(my_list=[]):
- You are not allowed to import any module

```
gwillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$ cat 2-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
uniq_add = __import__('2-uniq_add').uniq_add

my_list = [1, 2, 3, 1, 4, 2, 5]
result = uniq_add(my_list)
print("Result: {:d}".format(result))

guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$ ./2-main.py
Result: 15
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$
```

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x04-python-more_data_structures
- File: 2-uniq_add.py

☐ Done?

Check your code

Ask for a new correction

>_ Get a sandbox

QA Review

3. Present in both

mandatory

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Write a function that returns a set of common elements in two sets.

- Prototype: def common_elements(set_1, set_2):
- You are not allowed to import any module

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$ cat 3-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
common_elements = __import__('3-common_elements').common_elements

set_1 = { "Python", "C", "Javascript" }
set_2 = { "Bash", "C", "Ruby", "Perl" }
c_set = common_elements(set_1, set_2)
print(sorted(list(c_set)))

guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$ ./3-main.py
['C']
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$
```

Repo:

• GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming

• Directory: 0x04-python-more_data_structures

• File: 3-common_elements.py

☐ Check your code Ask for a new correction ☐ ☐ Get a sandbox ☐ QA Review

4. Only differents

mandatory

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Write a function that returns a set of all elements present in only one set.

- Prototype: def only_diff_elements(set_1, set_2):
- You are not allowed to import any module

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$ cat 4-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
only_diff_elements = __import__('4-only_diff_elements').only_diff_elements

set_1 = { "Python", "C", "Javascript" }
set_2 = { "Bash", "C", "Ruby", "Perl" }
od_set = only_diff_elements(set_1, set_2)
print(sorted(list(od_set)))

guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$ ./4-main.py
['Bash', 'Javascript', 'Perl', 'Python', 'Ruby']
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x04-python-more_data_structures
- File: 4-only_diff_elements.py

□ Done? Check your code Ask for a new correction > Get a sandbox QA Review

5. Number of keys

mandatory

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Write a function that returns the number of keys in a dictionary.

- Prototype: def number_keys(a_dictionary):
- You are not allowed to import any module

```
millaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$ cat 5-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
number_keys = __import__('5-number_keys').number_keys

a_dictionary = { 'language': "C", 'number': 13, 'track': "Low level" }
nb_keys = number_keys(a_dictionary)
print("Number of keys: {:d}".format(nb_keys))

guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$ ./5-main.py
Number of keys: 3
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$
```

☐ Done?

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x04-python-more_data_structures
- File: 5-number_keys.py

6. Print sorted dictionary

mandatory

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Check your code

Write a function that prints a dictionary by ordered keys.

Prototype: def print_sorted_dictionary(a_dictionary):

Ask for a new correction

- You can assume that all keys are strings
- Keys should be sorted by alphabetic order
- Only sort keys of the first level (don't sort keys of a dictionary inside the main dictionary)
- Dictionary values can have any type
- You are not allowed to import any module

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$ cat 6-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
print_sorted_dictionary = __import__('6-print_sorted_dictionary').print_sorted_di
ctionary

a_dictionary = { 'language': "C", 'Number': 89, 'track': "Low level", 'ids': [1,
2, 3] }
print_sorted_dictionary(a_dictionary)

guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$ ./6-main.py
Number: 89
ids: [1, 2, 3]
language: C
track: Low level
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$
```

- Gitl lub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x04-python-more_data_structures
- File: 6-print_sorted_dictionary.py

☐ Done?

Check your code

Ask for a new correction

>_ Get a sandbox

QA Review

7. Update dictionary

mandatory

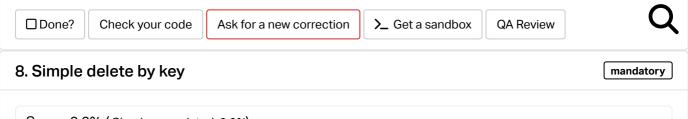
Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Write a function that replaces or adds key/value in a dictionary.

- Prototype: def update_dictionary(a_dictionary, key, value):
- key argument will be always a string
- value argument will be any type
- If a key exists in the dictionary, the value will be replaced
- If a key doesn't exist in the dictionary, it will be created
- You are not allowed to import any module

```
gwillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$ cat 7-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
update_dictionary = __import__('7-update_dictionary').update_dictionary
print_sorted_dictionary = __import__('6-print_sorted_dictionary').print_sorted_di
ctionary
a_dictionary = { 'language': "C", 'number': 89, 'track': "Low level" }
new_dict = update_dictionary(a_dictionary, 'language', "Python")
print_sorted_dictionary(new_dict)
print("--")
print_sorted_dictionary(a_dictionary)
print("--")
print("--")
new_dict = update_dictionary(a_dictionary, 'city', "San Francisco")
print_sorted_dictionary(new_dict)
print("--")
print_sorted_dictionary(a_dictionary)
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$ ./7-main.py
language: Python
number: 89
track: Low level
language: Python
number: 89
track: Low level
- -
city: San Francisco
language: Python
number: 89
track: Low level
city: San Francisco
language: Python
number: 89
track: Low level
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$
```

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- $\bullet \quad Directory: \ {\tt 0x04-python-more_data_structures}$
- File: 7-update_dictionary.py



Write a function that deletes a key in a dictionary.

- Prototype: def simple_delete(a_dictionary, key=""):
- · key argument will be always a string
- If a key doesn't exist, the dictionary won't change
- You are not allowed to import any module

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$ cat 8-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
simple_delete = __import__('8-simple_delete').simple_delete
print\_sorted\_dictionary = \setminus
    __import__('6-print_sorted_dictionary').print_sorted_dictionary
a_dictionary = { 'language': "C", 'Number': 89, 'track': "Low", 'ids': [1, 2, 3]
}
new_dict = simple_delete(a_dictionary, 'track')
print_sorted_dictionary(a_dictionary)
print("--")
print_sorted_dictionary(new_dict)
print("--")
print("--")
new_dict = simple_delete(a_dictionary, 'c_is_fun')
print_sorted_dictionary(a_dictionary)
print("--")
print_sorted_dictionary(new_dict)
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$ ./8-main.py
Number: 89
ids: [1, 2, 3]
language: C
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$
```

Repo:

• GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming

• Directory: 0x04-python-more_data_structures

• File: 8-simple_delete.py

☐Done? Check your code Ask for a new correction > Get a sandbox QA Review

9. Multiply by 2

mandatory

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Write a function that returns a new dictionary with all values multiplied by 2

- Prototype: def multiply_by_2(a_dictionary):
- · You can assume that all values are only integers
- Returns a new dictionary
- You are not allowed to import any module

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$ cat 9-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
multiply_by_2 = __import__('9-multiply_by_2').multiply_by_2
print_sorted_dictionary = \
    __import__('6-print_sorted_dictionary').print_sorted_dictionary
a_dictionary = {'John': 12, 'Alex': 8, 'Bob': 14, 'Mike': 14, 'Molly': 16}
new_dict = multiply_by_2(a_dictionary)
print_sorted_dictionary(a_dictionary)
print("--")
print_sorted_dictionary(new_dict)
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$ ./9-main.py
Alex: 8
Bob: 14
John: 12
Mike: 14
Molly: 16
Alex: 16
Bob: 28
John: 24
Mike: 28
Molly: 32
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x04-python-more_data_structures
- File: 9-multiply_by_2.py

☐ Done? Check your code Ask for a new correction

rection >_ Get a sandbox

QA Review

19) Best score

mandatory

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Write a function that returns a key with the biggest integer value.

- Prototype: def best_score(a_dictionary):
- You can assume that all values are only integers
- If no score found, return None
- You can assume all students have a different score
- You are not allowed to import any module

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$ cat 10-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
best_score = __import__('10-best_score').best_score

a_dictionary = {'John': 12, 'Bob': 14, 'Mike': 14, 'Molly': 16, 'Adam': 10}
best_key = best_score(a_dictionary)
print("Best score: {}".format(best_key))

best_key = best_score(None)
print("Best score: {}".format(best_key))

guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$ ./10-main.py
Best score: Molly
Best score: None
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x04-python-more_data_structures
- File: 10-best_score.py

□ Done? Check your code Ask for a new correction > Get a sandbox QA Review

11. Multiply by using map

mandatory

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Write a function that returns a list with all values multiplied by a number without using any loops.

- Prototype: def multiply_list_map(my_list=[], number=0):
- Returns a new list:
 - Same length as my_list
 - Each value should be multiplied by number
- Initial list should not be modified
- You are not allowed to import any module
- You have to use map

```
• Your file should be max 3 lines

(/)

guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$ cat_11-main.py

#!/usr/bin/python3

multiply_list_map = __import__('11-multiply_list_map').multiply_list_map

my_list = [1, 2, 3, 4, 6]

new_list = multiply_list_map(my_list, 4)

print(new_list)

print(my_list)

guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$ ./11-main.py

[4, 8, 12, 16, 24]

[1, 2, 3, 4, 6]

guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$
```

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x04-python-more_data_structures
- File: 11-multiply_list_map.py

□ Done? Check your code Ask for a new correction > Get a sandbox QA Review

12. Roman to Integer

mandatory

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Technical interview preparation:

- You are not allowed to google anything
- Whiteboard first

Create a function def roman_to_int(roman_string): that converts a Roman numeral (/rltoken/oSuwqUrLOBL_hi4VqVvs_g) to an integer.

- You can assume the number will be between 1 to 3999.
- def roman_to_int(roman_string) must return an integer
- If the roman_string is not a string or None, return O

```
gwillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$ cat 12-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
""" Roman to Integer test file
roman_to_int = __import__('12-roman_to_int').roman_to_int
roman_number = "X"
print("{} = {}".format(roman_number, roman_to_int(roman_number)))
roman_number = "VII"
print("{} = {}".format(roman_number, roman_to_int(roman_number)))
roman_number = "IX"
print("{} = {}".format(roman_number, roman_to_int(roman_number)))
roman_number = "LXXXVII"
print("{} = {}".format(roman_number, roman_to_int(roman_number)))
roman number = "DCCVII"
print("{} = {}".format(roman_number, roman_to_int(roman_number)))
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$ ./12-main.py
X = 10
VII = 7
IX = 9
LXXXVII = 87
DCCVII = 707
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x04$
```

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x04-python-more_data_structures
- File: 12-roman_to_int.py

□ Done? Check your code Ask for a new correction >_ Get a sandbox QA Review

Done with the mandatory tasks? Unlock 4 advanced tasks now!

Q

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