

Curriculum

SE Foundations Average: 62.22%

You have a captain's log due before 2024-05-12 (in 2 days)! Log it now! (/captain_logs/5661831/edit)

You just released the advanced tasks of this project. Have fun!

0x07. Python - Test-driven development

Python | UnitTests | TDD

- Weight: 1
- Project over took place from Jan 2, 2024 6:00 AM to Jan 8, 2024 6:00 AM
- An auto review will be launched at the deadline

In a nutshell...

- Auto QA review: 71.0/167 mandatory & 0.0/104 optional
- Altogether: 42.51%
 - Mandatory: 42.51%
 - o Optional: 0.0%
 - Calculation: 42.51% + (42.51% * 0.0%) == 42.51%

Concepts

For this project, we expect you to look at this concept:

• Never forget a test (/concepts/47)







Background Context

Important notice on intranet checks for Python projects

Starting from today:

- Based on the requirements of each task, you should always write the documentation (module(s) + function(s)) and tests first, before you actually code anything
- The intranet checks for Python projects won't be released before their first deadline, in order for you to focus more on TDD and think about all possible cases
- We strongly encourage you to work together on test cases, so that you don't miss any edge case. **But not in the implementation of them!**
- Don't trust the user, always think about all possible edge cases

Resources

Read or watch:

- doctest Test interactive Python examples (/rltoken/BwZJVq2MQ1_Vg_3gphoitQ) (until "26.2.3.7. Warnings" included)
- doctest Testing through documentation (/rltoken/96kLRRIOHzsn3VDDXT21HA)
- Unit Tests in Python (/rltoken/wfuUl81Q3Nku1qCzdDHAfA)
- Unittest module (/rltoken/1v-d9Ol13JabJq8Ul6MlPg)
- Interactive and Non-interactive tests (/rltoken/IB65hNMXBziXy4A0YLIOog)

Learning Objectives

At the end of this project, you are expected to be able to explain to anyone (/rltoken/tYtzLvssHW 9zR6SZQlNrQ), without the help of Google:

General

- Why Python programming is awesome
- · What's an interactive test
- Why tests are important
- How to write Docstrings to create tests
- How to write documentation for each module and function

- What are the basic option flags to create tests
- (/). How to find edge cases

Copyright - Plagiarism

- You are tasked to come up with solutions for the tasks below yourself to meet with the above learning objectives.
- You will not be able to meet the objectives of this or any following project by copying and pasting someone else's work.
- You are not allowed to publish any content of this project.
- Any form of plagiarism is strictly forbidden and will result in removal from the program.

Requirements

Python Scripts

- Allowed editors: vi, vim, emacs
- All your files will be interpreted/compiled on Ubuntu 20.04 LTS using python3 (version 3.8.5)
- All your files should end with a new line
- The first line of all your files should be exactly #!/usr/bin/python3
- A README.md file, at the root of the folder of the project, is mandatory
- Your code should use the pycodestyle (version 2.8.*)
- All your files must be executable
- The length of your files will be tested using wc

Python Test Cases

- Allowed editors: vi, vim, emacs
- All your files should end with a new line
- All your test files should be inside a folder tests
- All your test files should be text files (extension: .txt)
- All your tests should be executed by using this command: python3 -m doctest ./tests/*
- All your modules should have a documentation (python3 -c

```
'print(__import__("my_module").__doc__)')
```

All your functions should have a documentation (python3 -c

```
'print(__import__("my_module").my_function.__doc__)')
```

- A documentation is not a simple word, it's a real sentence explaining what's the purpose of the module, class or method (the length of it will be verified)
- We strongly encourage you to work together on test cases, so that you don't miss any edge case
 The Checker is checking for tests!

Quiz questions

Q

Great! You've completed the quiz successfully! Keep going! (Show quiz)

Tasks

0. Integers addition

mandatory

Score: 50.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Write a function that adds 2 integers.

- Prototype: def add_integer(a, b=98):
- a and b must be integers or floats, otherwise raise a TypeError exception with the message a must be an integer or b must be an integer
- a and b must be first casted to integers if they are float
- Returns an integer: the addition of a and b
- You are not allowed to import any module

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ cat 0-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
add_integer = __import__('0-add_integer').add_integer
print(add_integer(1, 2))
print(add_integer(100, -2))
print(add_integer(2))
print(add_integer(100.3, -2))
try:
    print(add_integer(4, "School"))
except Exception as e:
    print(e)
try:
    print(add_integer(None))
except Exception as e:
    print(e)
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ ./0-main.py
98
100
98
b must be an integer
a must be an integer
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ python3 -m doctest -v ./tests/0-add_integer.txt | tail -
2
9 passed and 0 failed.
Test passed.
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ python3 -c 'print(__import__("0-add_integer").__doc__)'
| wc -l
5
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ python3 -c 'print(__import__("0-add_integer").add_intege
r.__doc__)' | wc -l
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$
```

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- (/) Directory: 0x07-python-test_driven_development
 - File: 0-add_integer.py, tests/0-add_integer.txt

1. Divide a matrix

mandatory

Score: 50.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Write a function that divides all elements of a matrix.

- Prototype: def matrix_divided(matrix, div):
- matrix must be a list of lists of integers or floats, otherwise raise a TypeError exception with the message matrix must be a matrix (list of lists) of integers/floats
- Each row of the matrix must be of the same size, otherwise raise a TypeError exception with the message Each row of the matrix must have the same size
- div must be a number (integer or float), otherwise raise a TypeError exception with the message div must be a number
- div can't be equal to 0, otherwise raise a ZeroDivisionError exception with the message division by zero
- All elements of the matrix should be divided by div, rounded to 2 decimal places
- Returns a new matrix
- You are not allowed to import any module

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ cat 2-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
matrix_divided = __import__('2-matrix_divided').matrix_divided
matrix = [
    [1, 2, 3],
    [4, 5, 6]
1
print(matrix_divided(matrix, 3))
print(matrix)
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ ./2-main.py
[[0.33, 0.67, 1.0], [1.33, 1.67, 2.0]]
[[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]]
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ python3 -m doctest -v ./tests/2-matrix_divided.txt | tai
1 -2
5 passed and 0 failed.
Test passed.
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$
```

Note: you might have a different number of tests than in the above example. As usual, your tests should cover all possible cases.

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- (/) Directory: 0x07-python-test_driven_development
 - File: 2-matrix_divided.py, tests/2-matrix_divided.txt

2. Say my name

mandatory

Score: 50.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Write a function that prints My name is <first name> <last name>

- Prototype: def say_my_name(first_name, last_name=""):
- first_name and last_name must be strings otherwise, raise a TypeError exception with the message first_name must be a string or last_name must be a string
- You are not allowed to import any module

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ cat 3-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
say_my_name = __import__('3-say_my_name').say_my_name
say_my_name("John", "Smith")
say_my_name("Walter", "White")
say_my_name("Bob")
try:
    say_my_name(12, "White")
except Exception as e:
    print(e)
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ ./3-main.py | cat -e
My name is John Smith$
My name is Walter White$
My name is Bob $
first_name must be a string$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ python3 -m doctest -v ./tests/3-say_my_name.txt | tail -
5 passed and 0 failed.
Test passed.
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$
```

Note: you might have a different number of tests than in the above example. As usual, your tests should cover all possible cases.

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x07-python-test_driven_development
- File: 3-say_my_name.py, tests/3-say_my_name.txt



3. Print square

mandatory

Score: 50.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Write a function that prints a square with the character #.

- Prototype: def print_square(size):
- size is the size length of the square
- size must be an integer, otherwise raise a TypeError exception with the message size must be an integer
- if size is less than 0, raise a ValueError exception with the message size must be >= 0
- if size is a float and is less than O, raise a TypeError exception with the message size must be an integer
- You are not allowed to import any module

```
puillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ cat 4-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
print_square = __import__('4-print_square').print_square
print_square(4)
print("")
print_square(10)
print("")
print_square(0)
print("")
print_square(1)
print("")
try:
    print_square(-1)
except Exception as e:
    print(e)
print("")
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ ./4-main.py
####
####
####
##########
###########
###########
##########
##########
##########
##########
###########
##########
##########
#
size must be >= 0
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ python3 -m doctest -v ./tests/4-print_square.txt
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$
```

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x07-python-test_driven_development
- File: 4-print_square.py, tests/4-print_square.txt

Q

4_{(/}Text indentation

mandatory

Score: 50.0% (Checks completed: 100.0%)

Write a function that prints a text with 2 new lines after each of these characters: . , ? and :

- Prototype: def text_indentation(text):
- text must be a string, otherwise raise a TypeError exception with the message text must be a string
- There should be no space at the beginning or at the end of each printed line
- You are not allowed to import any module

```
gwillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ cat 5-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
text_indentation = __import__('5-text_indentation').text_indentation
text_indentation("""Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. \
Quonam modo? Utrum igitur tibi litteram videor an totas paginas commovere? \
Non autem hoc: igitur ne illud quidem. Fortasse id optimum, sed ubi illud: \
Plus semper voluptatis? Teneo, inquit, finem illi videri nihil dolere. \
Transfer idem ad modestiam vel temperantiam, quae est moderatio cupiditatum \
rationi oboediens. Si id dicis, vicimus. Inde sermone vario sex illa a Dipylo \
stadia confecimus. Sin aliud quid voles, postea. Quae animi affectio suum \
cuique tribuens atque hanc, quam dico. Utinam quidem dicerent alium alio \
beatiorem! Iam ruinas videres""")
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ ./5-main.py | cat -e
Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.$
Quonam modo?$
Utrum igitur tibi litteram videor an totas paginas commovere?$
Non autem hoc:$
igitur ne illud quidem.$
Fortasse id optimum, sed ubi illud:$
Plus semper voluptatis?$
Teneo, inquit, finem illi videri nihil dolere.$
Transfer idem ad modestiam vel temperantiam, quae est moderatio cupiditatum ratio
ni oboediens.$
$
Si id dicis, vicimus.$
Inde sermone vario sex illa a Dipylo stadia confecimus.$
Sin aliud quid voles, postea.$
Quae animi affectio suum cuique tribuens atque hanc, quam dico.$
Utinam quidem dicerent alium alio beatiorem! Iam ruinas videresguillaume@ubuntu:
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ python3 -m doctest -v ./tests/5-text_indentation.txt
quillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$
```

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x07-python-test_driven_development
- File: 5-text_indentation.py, tests/5-text_indentation.txt



5. Max integer - Unittest

mandatory

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Since the beginning you have been creating "Interactive tests". For this exercise, you will add Unittests.

In this task, you will write unittests for the function def max_integer(list=[]):.

- Your test file should be inside a folder tests
- You have to use the unittest module (/rltoken/hX5a13o-1mXGTQASWBitFQ)
- Your test file should be python files (extension: .py)
- Your test file should be executed by using this command: python3 -m unittest tests.6max_integer_test
- All tests you make must be passable by the function below
- We strongly encourage you to work together on test cases, so that you don't miss any edge case

```
gwillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ cat 6-max_integer.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
"""Module to find the max integer in a list
def max_integer(list=[]):
    """Function to find and return the max integer in a list of integers
        If the list is empty, the function returns None
    11 11 11
    if len(list) == 0:
        return None
    result = list[0]
    i = 1
    while i < len(list):</pre>
        if list[i] > result:
            result = list[i]
        i += 1
    return result
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ cat 6-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
max_integer = __import__('6-max_integer').max_integer
print(max_integer([1, 2, 3, 4]))
print(max_integer([1, 3, 4, 2]))
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ ./6-main.py
4
4
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ python3 -m unittest tests.6-max_integer_test 2>&1 | tail
-1
0K
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ head -7 tests/6-max_integer_test.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
"""Unittest for max_integer([..])
11 11 11
import unittest
max_integer = __import__('6-max_integer').max_integer
class TestMaxInteger(unittest.TestCase):
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$
```

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x07-python-test_driven_development
- File: tests/6-max_integer_test.py



6. Matrix multiplication

#advanced

Score: 47.87% (Checks completed: 95.74%)

Write a function that multiplies 2 matrices:

- Read: Matrix multiplication only Matrix product (two matrices) (/rltoken/Qw_rYR3IYYL5DHDHiCWCA)
- Prototype: def matrix_mul(m_a, m_b):
- m_a and m_b must be validated with these requirements in this order
- m_a and m_b must be an list of lists of integers or floats:
 - if m_a or m_b is not a list: raise a TypeError exception with the message m_a must be a list or m_b must be a list
 - if m_a or m_b is not a list of lists: raise a TypeError exception with the message m_a
 must be a list of lists or m_b must be a list of lists
 - o if m_a or m_b is empty (it means: = [] or = [[]]): raise a ValueError exception with the message m_a can't be empty or m_b can't be empty
 - if one element of those list of lists is not an integer or a float: raise a TypeError exception with the message m_a should contain only integers or floats or m_b should contain only integers or floats
 - if m_a or m_b is not a rectangle (all 'rows' should be of the same size): raise a TypeError exception with the message each row of m_a must be of the same size or each row of m_b must be of the same size
- If m_a and m_b can't be multiplied: raise a ValueError exception with the message m_a and m_b can't be multiplied
- You are not allowed to import any module

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ cat 100-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
matrix_mul = __import__('100-matrix_mul').matrix_mul

print(matrix_mul([[1, 2], [3, 4]], [[1, 2], [3, 4]]))
print(matrix_mul([[1, 2]], [[3, 4], [5, 6]]))

guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ ./100-main.py
[[7, 10], [15, 22]]
[[13, 16]]
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ python3 -m doctest -v ./tests/100-matrix_mul.txt | tail
-2
6 passed and 0 failed.
Test passed.
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$
```

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- (/) Directory: 0x07-python-test_driven_development
 - File: 100-matrix_mul.py, tests/100-matrix_mul.txt

☐ Done?

Check your code

Ask for a new correction

>_ Get a sandbox

QA Review

7. Lazy matrix multiplication

#advanced

Score: 50.00% (Checks completed: 100.00%)

Write a function that multiplies 2 matrices by using the module NumPy (/rltoken/sXnBuOVSyhKEGt-biOyOWg)

To install it: pip3 install numpy==1.15.0

- Prototype: def lazy_matrix_mul(m_a, m_b):
- Test cases should be the same as 100-matrix_mul but with new exception type/message

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ cat 101-main.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
lazy_matrix_mul = __import__('101-lazy_matrix_mul').lazy_matrix_mul

print(lazy_matrix_mul([[1, 2], [3, 4]], [[1, 2], [3, 4]]))
print(lazy_matrix_mul([[1, 2]], [[3, 4], [5, 6]]))

guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ ./101-main.py
[[ 7 10]
    [15 22]]
[[13 16]]
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$ python3 -m doctest -v ./tests/101-lazy_matrix_mul.txt
guillaume@ubuntu:~/0x07$
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x07-python-test_driven_development
- File: 101-lazy_matrix_mul.py, tests/101-lazy_matrix_mul.txt

☐ Done?

Check your code

Ask for a new correction

>_ Get a sandbox

QA Review

8. CPython #3: Python Strings

#advanced

Score: 50.00% (Checks completed: 100.00%)



Create a function that prints Python strings.

- Prototype: void print_python_string(PyObject *p);
- Format: see example
- If p is not a valid string, print an error message (see example)
- Read: Unicode HOWTO (/rltoken/UkkHHalLiYf9d_a3nc4Bxw)

About:

- Python version: 3.4
- You are allowed to use the C standard library
- Your shared library will be compiled with this command line: gcc -shared -Wl, soname, libPython.so -o libPython.so -fPIC -I/usr/include/python3.4 102-python.c

```
julien@ubuntu:~/0x07. Pyhton Strings$ cat 102-tests.py import ctypes
lib = ctypes.CDLL('./libPython.so')
lib.print_python_string.argtypes = [ctypes.py_object]
s = "The spoon does not exist"
lib.print_python_string(s)
s = "ложка не существует"
lib.print_python_string(s)
s = "La cuillère n'existe pas"
lib.print_python_string(s)
s = "勺子不存在"
lib.print_python_string(s)
s = "숟가락은 존재하지 않는다."
lib.print_python_string(s)
s = "スプーンは存在しない"
lib.print_python_string(s)
s = b"The spoon does not exist"
lib.print_python_string(s)
julien@ubuntu:~/0x07. Pyhton Strings$ gcc -shared -Wl,-soname,libPython.so -o lib
Python.so -fPIC -I/usr/include/python3.4 102-python.c
julien@ubuntu:~/0x07. Pyhton Strings$ python3 ./102-tests.py
[.] string object info
  type: compact ascii
  length: 24
  value: The spoon does not exist
[.] string object info
  type: compact unicode object
  length: 19
  value: ложка не существует
[.] string object info
  type: compact unicode object
  length: 24
  value: La cuillère n'existe pas
[.] string object info
  type: compact unicode object
  length: 5
  value: 勺子不存在
[.] string object info
  type: compact unicode object
  length: 14
  value: 숟가락은 존재하지 않는다.
[.] string object info
  type: compact unicode object
  length: 10
  value: スプーンは存在しない
[.] string object info
  [ERROR] Invalid String Object
julien@ubuntu:~/0x07. Pyhton Strings$
```

- GitHub repository: alx-higher_level_programming
- Directory: 0x07-python-test_driven_development

10/05/2024, 02:47

• File: 102-python.c

(/)

Done? Check your code Ask for a new correction > Get a sandbox QA Review

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