

1. Implement a YACC specification for simple arithmetic calculations.

yacc1.y

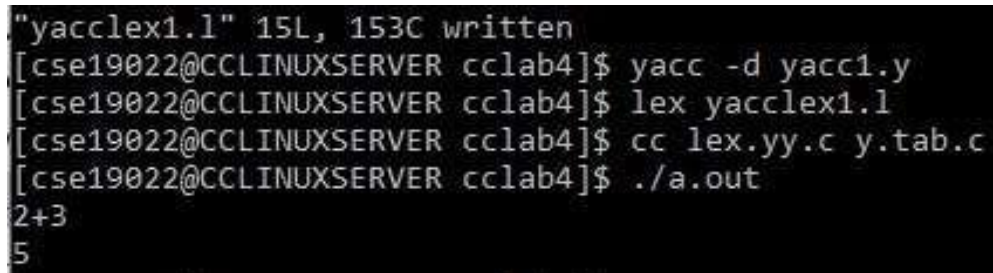
```
%{
#include<stdio.h

>
#include<ctype.h
>
%}
%token NUM
%%
cmd:E {printf("%d\n",$1);}
E: E+'T' {$$ = $1 + $3;}
  |T {$$ = $1;}
;
E: E-'T' {$$ = $1 - $3;}
;
T: T'*'F {$$ = $1 * $3;}
| F {$$ = $1;}
;
T: T/'F' {$$ = $1 / $3;}
;
F: '('E')' {$$ = $2;}
| NUM {$$ = $1;}
;%%
int yyerror(char *s)
{printf("%s \n", s); return
0;}int main(void)
```

```
{ yyparse();return 0;}
```

yacclex1.l

```
%{  
#include "y.tab.h"  
extern int yyval;  
%}  
%%  
[0-9]+  
{yyval=atoi(yytext);return  
NUM;}  
\n return 0;  
. return yytext[0];  
%%  
int yywrap(){return 1;}
```



```
"yacclex1.l" 15L, 153C written  
[cse19022@CCLINUXSERVER cclab4]$ yacc -d yacc1.y  
[cse19022@CCLINUXSERVER cclab4]$ lex yacclex1.l  
[cse19022@CCLINUXSERVER cclab4]$ cc lex.yy.c y.tab.c  
[cse19022@CCLINUXSERVER cclab4]$ ./a.out  
2+3  
5
```

2. Implement the Three address code using YACC.

3add.y

```
%{  
#include<stdio.h  
>
```

```

#include<string.h>
int nIndex=0;
struct Intercode{
char operand1;char operand2;char opera;};
}%}
%union
{char sym;};
%token <sym> letter number
%type <sym> expr
%left '-' '+'
%right '*' '/'
%%
statement: letter '='expr';{addtotable((char)$1,(char)$3,'=');}
|expr;
;
expr:expr'+'expr{ $$=addtotable((char)$1,(char)$3,'+');}
|expr'-'expr{ $$=addtotable((char)$1, (char)$3,'-');}
|expr '*'expr { $$=addtotable((char)$1,(char)$3, '*');}
| expr '/' expr { $$=addtotable((char)$1, (char)$3,'/');}
|('expr'){ $$ =(char)$2;}
|number { $$=(char)$1;}
|letter { $$ = (char)$1;}
%%
yyerror(char *s){
printf("%s", s);
exit(0);}
struct Intercode code[20];
char addtotable(char operand1, char operand2, char
opera){char temp='A';

```

```

        code[nIndex].operand1 =
        operand1;
        code[nIndex].operand2=operand
        2; code[nIndex].opera=opera;
        nIndex++; temp++; return
        temp; }
threeaddresscode()
{
    int nCnt=0; char temp='A';
    printf("\n\n\t three adress
    codes\n\n"); temp++;
    while(nCnt<nIndex){
        printf("%c:=\t", temp);
        if(isalpha(code[nCnt].operand1)
        )
            printf("%c\t",
            code[nCnt].operand1); else
            printf("%c\t", temp);
            printf("%c\t",
            code[nCnt].opera);
            if(isalpha(code[nCnt].operand2)
            )
                printf("%c\t",code[nCnt].operand2);
            else
                printf("%c\t", temp);
            printf("\n"); nCnt++; temp++; } }
main(){
    printf("enter

```

```

expression"); yyparse();
threeaddresscode();}

yywrap()
{
return 1;
}

```

3addlex.l

```

%{
#include "y.tab.h"
extern char yyval;
%}
number[0-9]+
letter[a-zA-Z]+
%%

{number} {yyval.sym=(char)yytext[0];return number;}
{letter} {yyval.sym=(char)yytext[0];return letter;}
\n {return 0;}
. {return yytext[0];}
%%

```

```

"3add.y" 80L, 1408C written
[cse19022@CCLINUXSERVER cclab4]$ yacc -d 3add.y
[cse19022@CCLINUXSERVER cclab4]$ lex 3addlex.l
[cse19022@CCLINUXSERVER cclab4]$ cc lex.yy.c y.tab.c
[cse19022@CCLINUXSERVER cclab4]$ ./a.out
enter expression(a+b)*(c+d)

```

three address codes

```

B:=    a      +      b
C:=    c      +      d
D:=    B      *      B

```

3. Implement the Three address code in form of quadruples.

```
#include<iostream>

#include<string>

using namespace std;

string inttostring(int n){
    string ans="";
    while(n){
        ans+=char('0'+n%10);
        n/=10;
    }
    string t="";
    for(int i=ans.size()-1;i>=0;i--){
        t+=ans[i];
    }
    return t;
}

int main(){
    int a=0,b=0,c=0,d=0,e=0,f=0;
    cout<<"\nThe set of expression: a+b+c*d/e+f\n"<<endl;
    cout<<"Enter value of a,b,c,d,e and f for above expression:";
    cout<<"\na:";
    cin>>a;
    cout<<"b:";
    cin>>b;
    cout<<"c:";
    cin>>c;
    cout<<"d:";
    cin>>d;
```

```

cout<<"e:";
cin>>e;
cout<<"f:";
cin>>f;
int res1=c*d,res3=a+b;
int res2=res1/e;
int res4=res3+res2;
int res5=res4+f,ans=0;
ans=res5;
cout<<"\nQuadruple format representation of given expression is:\n";
cout<<"\nOperator\tArg1\tArg2\tResult"<<endl;
string result[6][4];

for(int i=0;i<6;i++){
    for(int j=0;j<4;j++){
        result[i][j]="",result[0][0]="*";
        result[0][1]=inttostring(c),result[0][2]=inttostring(d);
        result[0][3]=inttostring(c*d),result[1][0]="/";
        result[1][1]=inttostring(res1),result[1][2]=inttostring(e);

result[1][3]=inttostring(res1/e),result[2][0]="+",result[2][1]=inttostring(a);
        result[2][2]=inttostring(b),result[2][3]=inttostring(a+b);
        result[3][0]="+",result[3][1]=inttostring(res3);

result[3][2]=inttostring(res2),result[3][3]=inttostring(res3+res2),result[4][0]="+";
        result[4][1]=inttostring(res4),result[4][2]=inttostring(f);
        result[4][3]=inttostring(res4+f),result[5][0]="=";
        result[5][1]=inttostring(res5),result[5][2]="";
        result[5][3]=inttostring(res5);

```

```

    }

}

int answer=res5;

for(int i=0;i<6;i++){

    cout<<" "<<result[i][0]<<" \t "<<result[i][1]<<" \t "<<result[i][2]<<" \t
"<<result[i][3]<<endl;

}

cout<<"\nResult of above expression is: "<<answer<<endl;

}

```

The set of expression: a+b+c*d/e+f

Enter value of a,b,c,d,e and f for above expression:

a:2

b:3

c:2

d:4

e:7

f:1

Quadruple format representation of given expression is:

Operator	Arg1	Arg2	Result
*	2	4	8
/	8	7	1
+	2	3	5
+	5	1	6
+	6	1	7
=	7		7

Result of above expression is: 7

...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.

4. Implement the Dependency graph using YACC.

sdd.y

```
%{
#include<math.h>
#include<stdio.h>
int sno=1;
}%
%union{
double dval;}
%type<dval>Expr
%type<dval> T
%type<dval> F
%token <dval>NUMBER
%token LOG,SIN,COS
%left '+','-'
%left '*', '/'
%left SIN COS
%%
S :Expr'\n' {printf("%g \n",$1); printf("%d . E.val = %g\n",sno,$1); sno++;}
;
Expr:Expr '+' T {$$=$1+$3; printf("%d . E.val = %g\n",sno,$$); sno++;}
|T {printf("%d . E.val = %g\n",sno,$$); sno++;}

;
T: T '*' F {$$=$1*$3; printf("%d . T.val = %g\n",sno,$$); sno++;}
|F {printf("%d . T.val = %g\n",sno,$$); sno++;}
```

```

;
F : NUMBER {$$=$1; printf("%d . F.val = %g\n",sno,$$); sno++; }
;
%%

int main()
{
  yyparse();
  return 0;
}

int yywrap()
{
  return 1;
}

int yyerror(char *err)
{
  printf("%s",err);
}

```

Sdd.l

```

%{
#include "y.tab.h"
#include<math.h>
%}
%%

([0-9]+|([0-9]*\.[0-9]+)([eE][+-]?[0-9]+)?)
{yyval.dval=atof(yytext);return NUMBER;}

log|LOG {return LOG;}

sin|SIN {return SIN;}

cos|COS {return COS;}

```

```
[\t];
\$$; {return 0;}
\n|. {return yytext[0];}
%%
```

```
"sdd.y" 63L, 738C written
[cse19022@LINUXSERVER cc]$ lex sdd.l
[cse19022@LINUXSERVER cc]$ yacc -d sdd.y
[cse19022@LINUXSERVER cc]$ gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c
[cse19022@LINUXSERVER cc]$ ./a.out
5+9*7
1 . F.val = 5
2 . T.val = 5
3 . E.val = 5
4 . F.val = 9
5 . T.val = 9
6 . F.val = 7
7 . T.val = 63
8 . E.val = 68
68
9 . E.val = 68
```

5. Implement the DAG using YACC.

File: C9.h

```
#include<string>
using namespace std;
// Node structure of a node of the DAG.
struct node
{
    int number;
    node *left, *right;
    bool printed;
    const char *value;
};
```

File: C9.y

```
%{  
#include<iostream>  
#include<vector>  
#include<string.h>  
#include"C9.h"  
using namespace std;  
vector<node*> nodelist;  
extern int yylex();  
int node_count = 0;  
void yyerror(const char *str)  
{  
cerr<<"error : "<<str<<endl;  
}  
// This function creates a node with the value passed as input with  
// its left and right children as the nodes passed as parameters.  
// After that the node is added into the nodelist vector.  
node* make_node(node *left, const char *value, node *right)  
{  
node *n = new node;  
int size = nodelist.size();  
for(int i = 0; i < size; ++i)  
{  
node *x = nodelist[i];  
if(strcmp(x->value, value) == 0 && x->left == left && x->  
>right == right)  
{  
2
```

```

return x;
}
}
n->left = left;
n->value = value;
n->right = right;
n->number = node_count++;
n->printed = false;
nodelist.push_back(n);
return n;
}
// This function is used to print the DAG tree recursively.
void print_tree(node *n)
{
if(!n || (n->printed))
{
return;
}
n->printed = true;
cout<<"Node : "<<n->number<<" value : "<<n->value<<flush;
if(n->left)
{
cout<<" left child at : "<<n->left->number<<flush;
}
if(n->right)
{
cout<<" right child at : "<<n->right->number<<flush;
}
}

```

```

cout<<endl;
print_tree(n->left);
print_tree(n->right);
}
%}
/* Start statet is S. */
%start S
%union
{
char *text;
node *n;
}
/* init the different tokens that will be used. */
%token <text> NUMBER
%token ADD SUB MUL DIV POW OPEN CLOSE
%type <n> S E T P F
%%
/* Start parsing the tree. And print at the end. */
S:
E
3
{
print_tree($$);
}
;
/* If an ADD or SUB are encountered, split it into two halves and
create the nodes of the DAG tree for the operator. */
/* Lowest precedence to ADD and SUB. */

```

```
/* Check for other operators with higher precedence in the expression
using T and for ADD or SUB again using E. */
```

```
/* If ADD or SUB isn't there, going to operators with higher
precedence. */
```

E:

E ADD T

```
{
```

```
$$ = make_node($1, "+", $3);
```

```
}
```

```
|
```

E SUB T

```
{
```

```
$$ = make_node($1, "-", $3);
```

```
}
```

```
|
```

T

```
{
```

```
$$ = $1;
```

```
}
```

```
;
```

```
/* If an MUL or DIV are encountered, split it into two halves and
create the nodes of the DAG tree for the operator. */
```

```
/* Second lowest precedence to MUL and DIV. */
```

```
/* Check for other operators with higher precedence in the expression
using P and for MUL or DIV again using T. */
```

```
/* If MUL or DIV isn't there, going to operators with higher
precedence. */
```

T:

T MUL P

{

\$\$ = make_node(\$1, "*", \$3);

}

|

T DIV P

{

\$\$ = make_node(\$1, "/", \$3);

}

|

P

{

\$\$ = \$1;

}

;

4

/* If an POW is encountered, split it into two halves and create the
nodes of the DAG tree for the operator. */

/* Second highest precedence to POW */

/* Check for other operators with higher precedence in the expression
using F and for POW again using P. */

/* If POW isn't there, going to operator with higher precedence. */

P:

F POW P

{

\$\$ = make_node(\$1, "^", \$3);

}

|


```

F
{
$$ = $1;
}
;
/* If an OPWN and CLOSE are encountered, recursively call state E for
parsing the expression inside the brackets. */
/* Highest precedence to OPEN and CLOSE. */
/* If OPEN and CLOSE isn't there, make node for the number with no
children. */
F:
OPEN E CLOSE
{
$$ = $2;
}
|
NUMBER
{
$$ = make_node(NULL, $1, NULL);
}
;
%%
int main()
{
cout<<"Enter an expression\n";
yyparse();
return 0;
}

```

5

File: C9.l

```
%{
```

```
#include<string.h>
```

```
#include"C9.h"
```

```
#include"y.tab.h"
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
%}
```

```
/*
```

Rules:

If any number is matched, the number is sent as the token.

If a '+' is matched, send ADD as token.

If a '-' is matched, send SUB as token.

If a '*' is matched, send MUL as token.

If a '\' is matched, send DIV as token.

If a '^' is matched, send POW as token.

If a '(' is matched, send OPEN as token.

If a ')' is matched, send CLOSE as token.

If a space, tab or new line character is matched, end the program.

```
*/
```

```
%%
```

```
[0-9]+ { yylval.text = strdup(yytext); return NUMBER; }
```

```
\+ { return ADD; }
```

```
\- { return SUB; }
```

```
\* { return MUL; }
```

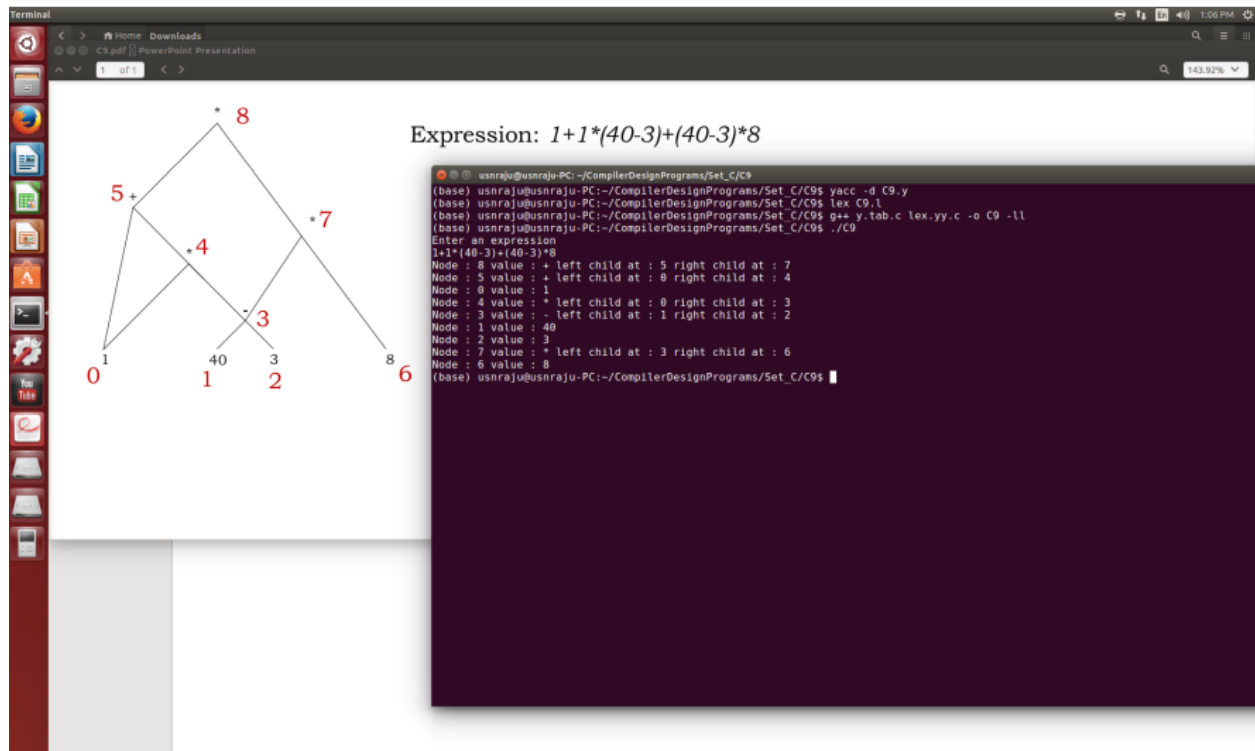
```
\\ { return DIV; }
```

```
\^ { return POW; }
```

\({ return OPEN; }

\) { return CLOSE; }

[\n\t] { return 0; }



6. Implement the SLR (1) parsing table for the given grammar

$E \rightarrow E+T \mid T$

$T \rightarrow T * F \mid T$

$F \rightarrow id \mid (E)$

pip install firfol==0.2.1

from collections import deque

from collections import OrderedDict

from pprint import pprint

from firfol import makeGrammar, findFirsts, findFollows

```

rules = ['S->AA', 'A->aA|b']
start = 'S'
aug = ""
nt_list = ['S', 'A']
t_list = ['a', 'b', '$']
g = makeGrammar(rules)
firsts = findFirsts(g)
follows = findFollows(g, start)

```

```

class State:

```

```

    _id=0
    def __init__(self, closure):
        self.closure=closure
        self.no=State._id
        State._id+=1

```

```

class Item(str):

```

```

    def __new__(cls, item):
        self=str.__new__(cls, item)
        return self
    def __str__(self):
        return super(Item, self).__str__()

```

```

def closure(items):

```

```

    def exists(newitem, items):
        for i in items:
            if i==newitem:
                return True
        return False

```

```

global g

```

```

while True:

```

```

    flag=0
    for i in items:
        if i.index('.')==len(i)-1: continue
        Y=i.split('->')[1].split('.')[1][0]
        if i.index('.')+1<len(i)-1:
            lastr=list(firsts[i[i.index('.')+2]]-set(chr(1013)))
            for prod in g.keys():

```

```

        head, body=prod, g[prod]
        if head!=Y: continue
        for b in body:
            newitem=Item(Y+'->'+b)
            if not exists(newitem, items):
                items.append(newitem)
            flag=1
        if flag==0: break
    return items

```

```

def goto(items, symbol):
    initial=[]
    for i in items:
        if i.index('.')==len(i)-1: continue
        head, body=i.split('->')
        seen, unseen=body.split('.')
        if unseen[0]==symbol and len(unseen) >= 1:
            initial.append(Item(head+'->'+seen+unseen[0]+'.'+unseen[1:]))
    return closure(initial)

```

```

def calc_states():
    def contains(states, t):
        for s in states:
            if len(s) != len(t): continue
            if sorted(s)==sorted(t):
                for i in range(len(s)):
                    if s[i]!=t[i]: break
                else: return True
        return False

```

```

global g, nt_list, t_list, aug

```

```

head, body=aug, g[aug]
for b in body:
    states=[closure([Item(head+'->'+b)])]
while True:
    flag=0
    for s in states:
        for e in nt_list+t_list:
            t=goto(s, e)

```

```

        if t == [] or contains(states, t): continue
        states.append(t)
        flag=1
    if not flag: break
    return states

def make_table(states):
    global nt_list, t_list
    def getstateno(t):
        for s in states:
            if len(s.closure) != len(t): continue
            if sorted(s.closure)==sorted(t):
                for i in range(len(s.closure)):
                    if s.closure[i]!=t[i]: break
                else: return s.no
        return -1
    def getprodno(closure):
        closure=".".join(closure).replace('.', " ")
        return list(g.keys()).index(closure.split('->')[0])
    SLR_Table=OrderedDict()
    for i in range(len(states)):
        states[i]=State(states[i])
    for s in states:
        SLR_Table[s.no]=OrderedDict()
        for item in s.closure:
            head, body=item.split('->')
            if body=='.':
                for term in follows[item.split('->')[0]]:
                    if term not in SLR_Table[s.no].keys():
                        SLR_Table[s.no][term]='r'+str(getprodno(item))
                    else: SLR_Table[s.no][term] += 'r'+str(getprodno(item))

            continue
        nextsym=body.split('.')[1]
        if nextsym=="":
            if getprodno(item)==0:
                SLR_Table[s.no]['$']='accept'
            else:
                for term in follows[item.split('->')[0]]:

```

```

        if term not in SLR_Table[s.no].keys():
            SLR_Table[s.no][term]={ 'r'+str(getprodno(item))}
        else: SLR_Table[s.no][term] |= { 'r'+str(getprodno(item))}
    continue
    nextsym=nextsym[0]
    t=goto(s.closure, nextsym)
    if t != []:
        if nextsym in t_list:
            if nextsym not in SLR_Table[s.no].keys():
                SLR_Table[s.no][nextsym]={ 's'+str(getstateno(t))}
            else: SLR_Table[s.no][nextsym] |= { 's'+str(getstateno(t))}
        else: SLR_Table[s.no][nextsym] = str(getstateno(t))
    return SLR_Table

def augment_grammar():
    global start, aug
    for i in range(ord('Z'), ord('A')-1, -1):
        if chr(i) not in nt_list:
            g[chr(i)]=start
            aug = chr(i)
    return

def main():
    global ntl, nt_list, tl, t_list
    augment_grammar()
    follows[aug] = ['$']
    nt_list = list(g.keys())
    j = calc_states()
    ctr=0
    for s in j:
        print("Item{ }:".format(ctr))
        for i in s:

            print("\t", i)
            ctr+=1
        table=make_table(j)

print('_____')
_')

```

```

print("\n\tSLR(1) TABLE\n")
sym_list = nt_list + t_list

print('_____
_')
print('\t| ', '\t| '.join(sym_list), '\t\t|')

print('_____')
for i, j in table.items():
    print(i, "\t| ", '\t| '.join(list(j.get(sym, ' ') if type(j.get(sym)) in (str, None) else
next(iter(j.get(sym, ' '))) for sym in sym_list)), '\t\t|')
    s, r=0, 0
    for p in j.values():
        if p!='accept' and len(p)>1:
            p=list(p)
            if('r' in p[0]): r+=1
            else: s+=1
            if('r' in p[1]): r+=1
            else: s+=1

print('_____
_')
return
main()

```


Item0:

Z->.S

S->.AA

A->.aA

A->.b

Item1:

Z->S.

Item2:

S->A.A

A->.aA

A->.b

Item3:

A->a.A

A->.aA

A->.b

Item4:

A->b.

Item5:

S->AA.

Item6:

A->aA.

SLR(1) TABLE

		S		A		Z		a		b		\$	
0		1		2				s3		s4			
1												r2	
2				5				s3		s4			
3				6				s3		s4			
4								r1		r1			
5												accept	
6								r1		r1			

Process finished with exit code 0

7. Construct target code for the given expression.

```
import time
def findoperation(stmt, op, label):
    if(op == ">"):
        cmp = "BGT "+label
        print("ARM STATEMENT: ", cmp)
        time.sleep(0.02)
        stmt.append(cmp)
    elif(op == "<"):
        cmp = "BLT "+label
        print("ARM STATEMENT: ", cmp)
        time.sleep(0.02)
        stmt.append(cmp)
```

```

elif(op == ">="):
    cmp = "BGE "+label
    print("ARM STATEMENT: ", cmp)
    time.sleep(0.02)
    stmt.append(cmp)
elif(op == "<="):
    cmp = "BLE "+label
    print("ARM STATEMENT: ", cmp)
    time.sleep(0.02)
    stmt.append(cmp)
elif(op == "=="):
    cmp = "BEQ "+label
    print("ARM STATEMENT: ", cmp)
    time.sleep(0.02)
    stmt.append(cmp)
elif(op == "!="):
    cmp = "BNE "+label
    print("ARM STATEMENT: ", cmp)
    time.sleep(0.02)
    stmt.append(cmp)
return stmt

def loadconstant(stmt, regval, value):
    lstmt = "MOV "+ "R"+str(regval)+"," + "#" + value
    stmt.append(lstmt)
    print("ARM STATEMENT: ", lstmt)
    time.sleep(0.02)
    r1 = regval
    regval = (regval + 1)%13
    return stmt, regval, r1

def loadvariable(stmt, regval, value, isarr, offset=None):
    if(isarr == 0):
        st1 = "MOV "+ "R" + str(regval) + ","+"="+str(value)
        r1 = regval
        regval = (regval + 1)%13

        print("ARM STATEMENT: ", st1)

```

```

time.sleep(0.02)
stmt.append(st1)

st2 = "MOV "+"R" + str(regval) + "," + "[R" + str(r1) + "]"
stmt.append(st2)
print("ARM STATEMENT: ", st2)
time.sleep(0.02)
r2 = regval
regval = (regval + 1)%13
return stmt, regval, r1, r2
else:
    st1 = "MOV "+"R" + str(regval) + "," + "=" + str(value)
    r1 = regval
    regval = (regval + 1)%13

    print("ARM STATEMENT: ", st1)
    time.sleep(0.02)
    stmt.append(st1)
    if(not offset.isdigit()):
        st2 = "MOV "+"R" + str(regval) + "," + "[R" + str(r1) + "," + str(offset) + "]"
    else:
        st2 = "MOV "+"R" + str(regval) + "," + "[R" + str(r1) + "," + " #" +
str(offset) + "]"
    stmt.append(st2)
    print("ARM STATEMENT: ", st2)
    time.sleep(0.02)
    r2 = regval
    regval = (regval + 1)%13
    return stmt, regval, r1, r2
def binaryoperation(stmt, lhs, arg1, op, arg2):
    if(op == "+"):
        st = "ADD "+"R"+str(lhs)+","+"R"+str(arg1)+",R"+str(arg2)
        print("ARM STATEMENT: ", st)
        time.sleep(0.02)
        stmt.append(st)

    elif(op == "-"):
        st = "SUBS "+"R"+str(lhs)+","+"R"+str(arg1)+",R"+str(arg2)
        print("ARM STATEMENT: ", st)

```

```

        time.sleep(0.02)
        stmt.append(st)

    elif(op == "*"):
        st = "MUL "+ "R"+str(lhs)+", "+ "R"+str(arg1)+",R"+str(arg2)
        print("ARM STATEMENT: ", st)
        time.sleep(0.02)
        stmt.append(st)

    elif(op == "/"):
        st = "SDIV "+ "R"+str(lhs)+", "+ "R"+str(arg1)+",R"+str(arg2)
        print("ARM STATEMENT: ", st)
        time.sleep(0.02)
        stmt.append(st)
    return stmt
offset = 0
def genAssembly(lines, file):
    vardec = []
    stmt = []
    varlist = []
    regval = 0
    for i in lines:
        i = i.strip("\n")

        if(len(i.split()) == 2):
            if(i.split()[0] == "GOTO"):
                st = "B " + i.split()[1]
                print("ARM STATEMENT: ", st)
                time.sleep(0.02)
                stmt.append(st)
            else:
                st = i
                print("ARM STATEMENT: ", st)
                time.sleep(0.02)
                stmt.append(st)
        if(len(i.split()) == 5):
            lhs, ass, arg1, op, arg2 = i.split()
            if(lhs[0] == '*' and arg1[0] == '*'):
                if(arg2.isdigit()):

```

```
        offset = arg2
    else:
        stmt, regval, r1, r2 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, arg2, 0)
        offset = "R"+str(r2)
```

elif(arg1.isdigit() and arg2.isdigit()):

```
    stmt, regval, r1 = loadconstant(stmt, regval, arg1)
    stmt, regval, r2 = loadconstant(stmt, regval, arg2)
    if(lhs[0] == '*'):
        stmt, regval, r3, r4 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, lhs[1:], 1, offset)
    else:
        stmt, regval, r3, r4 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, lhs, 0)
    stmt = binaryoperation(stmt, r4, r1, op, r2)
    if(lhs[0] == '*'):
        st = "STR R"+str(r4) + ", [R" + str(r3) + ", #", str(offset)+"]"
    else:
        st = "STR R"+str(r4) + ", [R" + str(r3) + "]"
    print("ARM STATEMENT: ", st)
    time.sleep(0.02)
    stmt.append(st)
```

elif(arg1.isdigit()):

```
    stmt, regval, r1 = loadconstant(stmt, regval, arg1)
    if(arg2[0] == '*'):
        stmt, regval, r2, r3 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, arg2[1:], 1, offset)
    else:
        stmt, regval, r2, r3 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, arg2, 0)
    if(lhs[0] == '*'):
        stmt, regval, r4, r5 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, lhs[1:], 1, offset)
    else:
        stmt, regval, r4, r5 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, lhs, 0)
    stmt = binaryoperation(stmt, r5, r1, op, r3)
    if(lhs[0] == '*'):
        st = "STR R"+str(r5) + ", [R" + str(r4) + ", #"+str(offset)+"]"
    else:
        st = "STR R"+str(r5) + ", [R" + str(r4) + "]"
    print("ARM STATEMENT: ", st)
    time.sleep(0.02)
```

```

    stmt.append(st)
    #STR Op
elif(arg2.isdigit()):
    if(arg1[0] == '*'):
        stmt, regval, r1, r2 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, arg1[1:], 1, offset)
    else:
        stmt, regval, r1,r2 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, arg1, 0)
    stmt, regval, r3 = loadconstant(stmt, regval, arg2)
    if(lhs[0] == '*'):
        stmt, regval, r4, r5 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, lhs[1:], 1, offset)
    else:
        stmt, regval, r4, r5 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, lhs,0)
    stmt = binaryoperation(stmt, r5, r2, op, r3)
    if(lhs[0] == '*'):
        st = "STR R"+str(r5) + ", [R" + str(r4) + ", #" +str(offset)+"]"
    else:
        st = "STR R"+str(r5) + ", [R" + str(r4) + "]"
    print("ARM STATEMENT: ", st)
    time.sleep(0.02)
    stmt.append(st)
else:
    if(arg1[0] == '*'):
        stmt, regval, r1,r2 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, arg1[1:], 1, offset)
    else:
        stmt, regval, r1,r2 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, arg1, 0)
    if(arg2[0] == '*'):
        stmt, regval, r3,r4 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, arg2[1:], 1, offset)
    else:
        stmt, regval, r3,r4 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, arg2)
    if(lhs[0] == '*'):
        stmt, regval, r5,r6 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, lhs[1:], 1, offset)
    else:
        stmt, regval, r5,r6 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, lhs, 0)
    stmt = binaryoperation(stmt, r6, r2, op, r4)
    if(lhs[0] == '*'):
        st = "STR R"+str(r6) + ", [R" + str(r5) + ", #" +str(offset)+"]"
    else:
        st = "STR R"+str(r6) + ", [R" + str(r5) + "]"
    print("ARM STATEMENT: ", st)

```

```

        time.sleep(0.02)
        stmt.append(st)
    if(len(i.split())==4 and i.split()[0]=="ARR"):
        variable = i.split()[1]
        value = i.split()[3].split(",")
        if(variable not in varlist):
            out = ""
            out = out + variable + ":" + " .WORD "
            vals = ""
            for x in value:
                vals = vals + x + " "
            out = out + vals
            print("ARM DECLARATION :", out)
            time.sleep(0.02)
            vardec.append(out)
            varlist.append(variable)

```

```

if(len(i.split()) == 4 and i.split()[0]!="ARR"):

```

```

    condition = i.split()[1]
    label = i.split()[3]
    flag = 0
    lhs = ""
    rhs = ""
    operator = [ ">", "<", ">=", "<=", "=", "!=" ]
    op = ""
    for j in condition:
        if(j in operator):
            op = op + j
            flag = 1
            continue
        if(j == "="):
            op = op + j
            continue
        if(flag == 0):
            lhs += j
        else:
            rhs += j

```



```

if(rhs.isdigit() and lhs.isdigit()):
    stmt, regval, r1 = loadconstant(stmt, regval, lhs)
    stmt, regval, r2 = loadconstant(stmt, regval, rhs)
    cmp = "CMP R"+str(r1)+", "+"R"+str(r2)
    print("ARM STATEMENT: ", cmp)
    time.sleep(0.02)
    stmt.append(cmp)
    stmt = findoperation(stmt, op, label)

elif(lhs.isdigit()):
    stmt, regval, r1 = loadconstant(stmt, regval, lhs)
    if(rhs[0] == '*'):
        stmt, regval, r2, r3 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, rhs[1:], 1, offset)
    else:
        stmt, regval, r2, r3 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, rhs, 0)

    st4 = "CMP " + "R"+str(r1) + "," + "R" + str(r3)
    print("ARM STATEMENT: ", st4)
    time.sleep(0.02)
    stmt.append(st4)
    stmt = findoperation(stmt, op, label)
elif(rhs.isdigit()):
    if(lhs[0] == '*'):
        stmt, regval, r1, r2 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, lhs[1:], 1, offset)
    else:
        stmt, regval, r1, r2 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, lhs, 0)
    stmt, regval, r3 = loadconstant(stmt, regval, rhs)
    st4 = "CMP " + "R"+str(r2) + "," + "R" + str(r3)
    print("ARM STATEMENT: ", st4)
    time.sleep(0.02)
    stmt.append(st4)
    stmt = findoperation(stmt, op, label)
else:
    if(lhs[0] == '*'):
        stmt, regval, r1, r2 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, lhs[1:], 1, offset)
    else:
        stmt, regval, r1, r2 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, lhs, 0)
    if(rhs[0] == '*'):
        stmt, regval, r1, r2 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, lhs[1:], 1, offset)

```

```

else:
    stmt, regval, r3, r4 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, rhs, 0)

    st4 = "CMP " + "R"+str(r2) + "," + "R" + str(r4)
    print("ARM STATEMENT: ", st4)
    time.sleep(0.02)
    stmt.append(st4)
    stmt = findoperation(stmt, op, label)

if(len(i.split()) == 3):
    variable = i.split()[0]
    value = i.split()[2]
    variable = str(variable)
    if variable not in varlist:
        out = ""
        out = out + variable + ":" + " .WORD " + str(value)
        print("ARM DECLARATION :", out)
        time.sleep(0.02)
        vardec.append(out)
        varlist.append(variable)
    else:
        if(variable[0] == '*'):
            stmt, regval, r1, r2 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, variable[1:], 1, offset)
        else:
            stmt, regval, r1, r2 = loadvariable(stmt, regval, variable, 0)
            stmt, regval, r3 = loadconstant(stmt, regval, value)
        if(variable[0] == '*'):
            st = "STR R"+str(r3)+", [R" + str(r1) + ", #" +str(offset)+"]"
        else:
            st = "STR R"+str(r3)+", [R" + str(r1) + "]"
        print("ARM STATEMENT: ", st)
        time.sleep(0.02)
        stmt.append(st)
return vardec, stmt

```

```

def writeassembly(stmt, vardec, File):
    File.write(".text\n")
    for i in stmt:
        time.sleep(0.001)
        File.write("%s\n"%(i))
    File.write("SWI 0x011\n")
    File.write(".DATA\n")
    for i in vardec:

        time.sleep(0.01)
        File.write("%s\n"%(i))

    print("Written to File")

fin = open("input.txt", "r")
fout = open("output.s", "w")

lines = fin.readlines()
print("Generating Assembly ... ")
vardec, stmt = genAssembly(lines, fout)
print("Assembly Code Generated")
print("Writing to File")
print("-----")
writeassembly(stmt, vardec, fout)
print("-----")
print("Compilation Succesful")
fin.close()
fout.close()

fin.close()
fout.close()

```

Input

c = 0

if (a < b) goto (4)

goto (7)

T1 = x + 1

x = T1

goto (9)

T2 = x - 1

x = T2

T3 = c + 1

c = T3

if (c < 5) goto (2)

Output

.text

goto (7)

MOV R0,=x

MOV R1,[R0]

MOV R2,#1

MOV R3,=T1

MOV R4,[R3]

ADD R4,R1,R2

STR R4, [R3]

goto (9)

MOV R5,=x

MOV R6,[R5]

MOV R7,#1

MOV R8,=T2

MOV R9,[R8]

STR R9, [R8]

MOV R10,=x

MOV R11,[R10]

MOV R12,=T2

STR R12, [R10]

MOV R0,=c

MOV R1,[R0]

MOV R2,#1

MOV R3,=T3

MOV R4,[R3]

```

ADD R4,R1,R2
STR R4, [R3]
MOV R5,=c
MOV R6,[R5]
MOV R7,#T3
STR R7, [R5]
SWI 0x011
.DATA
c: .WORD 0
x: .WORD T1

```

8. Implement the CLR parsing table for the given grammar

$S \rightarrow CC$

$C \rightarrow aC \mid d$

```
pip install firfol==0.2.1
```

```

from collections import deque
from collections import OrderedDict
from pprint import pprint
from firfol import makeGrammar, findFirsts, findFollows

```

```

rules = ['S->AA', 'A->aA|b']
start = 'S'
aug = ""
nt_list = ['S', 'A']
t_list = ['a', 'b', '$']
g = makeGrammar(rules)
firsts = findFirsts(g)
follows = findFollows(g, start)

```

```

class State:
    _id=0
    def __init__(self, closure):
        self.closure=closure

```

```
self.no=State._id
State._id+=1
```

```
class Item(str):
    def __new__(cls, item, lookahead=list()):
        self=str.__new__(cls, item)
        self.lookahead=lookahead
        return self
    def __str__(self):
        return super(Item, self).__str__()+" "+'|'.join(self.lookahead)
```

```
def closure(items):
    def exists(newitem, items):
        for i in items:
            if i==newitem and
sorted(set(i.lookahead))==sorted(set(newitem.lookahead)):
                return True
        return False
```

```
global g
while True:
    flag=0
    for i in items:
        if i.index('.')==len(i)-1: continue
        Y=i.split('->')[1].split('.')[1][0]
        if i.index('.')+1<len(i)-1:
            lastr=list(firsts[i[i.index('.')+2]]-set(chr(1013)))
        else:
            lastr=i.lookahead
        for prod in g.keys():
            head, body=prod, g[prod]
            if head!=Y: continue
            for b in body:
                newitem=Item(Y+'->'+b, lastr)
                if not exists(newitem, items):
                    items.append(newitem)
                    flag=1
            if flag==0: break
    return items
```

```

def goto(items, symbol):
    initial=[]
    for i in items:
        if i.index('.')==len(i)-1: continue
        head, body=i.split('->')
        seen, unseen=body.split('.')
        if unseen[0]==symbol and len(unseen) >= 1:
            initial.append(Item(head+'->'+seen+unseen[0]+'.'+unseen[1:],
i.lookahead))
    return closure(initial)

```

```

def calc_states():
    def contains(states, t):
        for s in states:
            if len(s) != len(t): continue
            if sorted(s)==sorted(t):
                for i in range(len(s)):
                    if s[i].lookahead!=t[i].lookahead: break
                else: return True

```

```

        return False
    global g, nt_list, t_list, aug
    head, body=aug, g[aug]
    for b in body:
        states=[closure([Item(head+'->'+b, ['$'])])]
    while True:
        flag=0
        for s in states:
            for e in nt_list+t_list:
                t=goto(s, e)
                if t == [] or contains(states, t): continue
                states.append(t)
            flag=1
        if not flag: break
    return states

```

```

def make_table(states):
    global nt_list, t_list

```

```

def getstateno(t):
    for s in states:
        if len(s.closure) != len(t): continue
        if sorted(s.closure)==sorted(t):
            for i in range(len(s.closure)):
                if s.closure[i].lookahead!=t[i].lookahead: break
            else: return s.no
    return -1
def getprodno(closure):
    closure=".".join(closure).replace('.', '')
    return list(g.keys()).index(closure.split('->')[0])
SLR_Table=OrderedDict()
for i in range(len(states)):
    states[i]=State(states[i])
for s in states:
    SLR_Table[s.no]=OrderedDict()
    for item in s.closure:
        head, body=item.split('->')
        if body=='.':
            for term in item.lookahead:
                if term not in SLR_Table[s.no].keys():

                    SLR_Table[s.no][term]={r'+str(getprodno(item))}
                else: SLR_Table[s.no][term] |= {r'+str(getprodno(item))}
            continue
        nextsym=body.split('.')[1]
        if nextsym=="":
            if getprodno(item)==0:
                SLR_Table[s.no]['$']='accept'
            else:
                for term in item.lookahead:
                    if term not in SLR_Table[s.no].keys():
                        SLR_Table[s.no][term]={r'+str(getprodno(item))}
                    else: SLR_Table[s.no][term] |= {r'+str(getprodno(item))}
                continue
        nextsym=nextsym[0]
        t=goto(s.closure, nextsym)
        if t != []:
            if nextsym in t_list:

```



```

        if nextsym not in SLR_Table[s.no].keys():
            SLR_Table[s.no][nextsym]={'s'+str(getstateno(t))}
        else: SLR_Table[s.no][nextsym] |= {'s'+str(getstateno(t))}
    else: SLR_Table[s.no][nextsym] = str(getstateno(t))
return SLR_Table

def augment_grammar():
    global start, aug
    for i in range(ord('Z'), ord('A')-1, -1):
        if chr(i) not in nt_list:
            g[chr(i)]=start
            aug = chr(i)
    return

def main():
    global ntl, nt_list, tl, t_list
    augment_grammar()
    nt_list = list(g.keys())
    j = calc_states()
    ctr=0
    for s in j:
        print("Item{ }:".format(ctr))

        for i in s:
            print("\t", i)
        ctr+=1
    table=make_table(j)

print('_____')
_)
    print("\n\tCLR(1) TABLE\n")
    sym_list = nt_list + t_list

print('_____')
_)
    print('\t| ','\t| '.join(sym_list),'\t|')

print('_____')
_)

```

```

    for i, j in table.items():
        print(i, "\t| ", '\t| '.join(list(j.get(sym,' ') if type(j.get(sym))in (str , None) else
next(iter(j.get(sym,' '))) for sym in sym_list)),'\t\t|')
        s, r=0, 0
        for p in j.values():
            if p!='accept' and len(p)>1:
                p=list(p)
                if('r' in p[0]): r+=1
                else: s+=1
                if('r' in p[1]): r+=1
                else: s+=1

print('_____
_')
    return

main()

```

Item0:
 Z->.S, \$
 S->.AA, \$
 A->.aA, b|a
 A->.b, b|a

Item1:
 Z->S., \$

Item2:
 S->A.A, \$
 A->.aA, \$
 A->.b, \$

Item3:
 A->a.A, b|a
 A->.aA, b|a
 A->.b, b|a

Item4:
 A->b., b|a

Item5:
 S->AA., \$

Item6:
 A->a.A, \$
 A->.aA, \$
 A->.b, \$

Item7:
 A->b., \$

Item8:
 A->aA., b|a

Item9:
 A->aA., \$

CLR(1) TABLE

	S	A	Z	a	b	\$	
0	1	2		s3	s4		
1						r2	
2		5		s6	s7		
3		8		s3	s4		
4				r1	r1		
5						accept	
6		9		s6	s7		
7						r1	
8				r1	r1		
9						r1	

9. Construct DAG for the given expression using value number method.

```
#include<stdio.h>
main(){
struct da{
int ptr,left,right;
char label;
} dag[25];
int ptr,l,j,change,n=0,i=0,state=1,x,y,k;
char store,*input1,input[25],var;clrscr();
for(i=0;i<25;i++){
dag[i].ptr=NULL;
dag[i].left=NULL;
dag[i].right=NULL;
dag[i].label=NULL;}
printf("\n\nENTER THE EXPRESSION\n\n");
scanf("%s",input1);/EX:((a*b-c))+((b-c)*d)) like this give with paranthesis.limitis 25
char ucan change that/
for(i=0;i<25;i++)
input[i]=NULL;
l=strlen(input1);
a:for(i=0;input1[i]!='\0';i++);
for(j=i;input1[j]!='\0';j--);
for(x=j+1;x<i;x++)
if(isalpha(input1[x]))
input[n++]=input1[x];
elseif(input1[x]!='\0')
store=input1[x];
input[n++]=store;
for(x=j;x<=i;x++)
input1[x]='\0';
if(input1[0]!='\0')
goto a;for(i=0;i<n;i++){
dag[i].label=input[i];
dag[i].ptr=i;
if(!isalpha(input[i])&&!isdigit(input[i])){
```

```

dag[i].right=i-1;
ptr=i;
var=input[i-1];
if(isalpha(var))
ptr=ptr-2;
else{ptr=i-1;
b:if(!isalpha(var)&&!isdigit(var))
{ptr=dag[ptr].left;var=input[ptr];goto b;}
elseptr=ptr-1;}dag[i].left=ptr;}}
printf("\n SYNTAX TREE FOR GIVEN EXPRESSION\n\n");
printf("\n\n PTR \t\t LEFT PTR \t\t RIGHT PTR \t\t LABEL\n\n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)/* draw the syntax tree for the followingoutput with pointer value*/
printf("\n%d\t%d\t%d\t%c\n",dag[i].ptr,dag[i].left,dag[i].right,dag[i].label);
getch();
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
for(j=0;j<n;j++){
if((dag[i].label==dag[j].label&&dag[i].left==dag[j].left)&&dag[i].right==dag[j].right)
){
for(k=0;k<n;k++){
if(dag[k].left==dag[j].ptr)
dag[k].left=dag[i].ptr;
if(dag[k].right==dag[j].ptr)
dag[k].right=dag[i].ptr;}
dag[j].ptr=dag[i].ptr;}}}}
printf("\n DAG FOR GIVEN EXPRESSION\n\n");
printf("\n\n PTR \t LEFT PTR \t RIGHT PTR \t LABEL \n\n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)/draw DAG for the following output withpointer value/
printf("\n
%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%c\n",dag[i].ptr,dag[i].left,dag[i].right,dag[i].label);getch();
}

```

10. Identify the common subexpression from the given expression using DAG.

A.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int tc[10],fb=0,i=0,j=0,k=0,p=0,fstar=0,c=-1,c1=0,c2=0,t1,t2,t3,t4,fo=0;
char m[30],temp[30],opt[10][4];
operatormajid(char haj,char haj1)
{
    m1: for(i=0;m[i]!='\0';i++)
        if(m[i]==haj||m[i]==haj1)
        {
            fstar++;
            break;
        }
    if(fstar==1)
    {
        for(j=0;j<i;j++)
            if(m[j]=='T')c++;
        printf("\nT%d=",k);
        if(m[i-1]=='T'&& m[i+1]=='T')
        {
            printf("%c%d%c%c%d",m[i-1],tc[c],m[i],m[i+1],tc[c+1]);
            tc[c]=k++;
            for(t2=c+1;t2<9;t2++)
                tc[t2]=tc[t2+1];
        }
        else if(m[i-1]!='T'&& m[i+1]!='T')
        {
```

```

printf("%c%c%c",m[i-1],m[i],m[i+1]);
if(c==-1)
{
for(t1=9;t1>0;t1--)
tc[t1]=tc[t1-1];
tc[0]=k++;
}
else if(c>=0)
{
for(t1=9;t1>c+1;t1--)
tc[t1]=tc[t1-1];
tc[t1]=k++;
}
}
else if(m[i-1]=='T'&& m[i+1]!='T')
{
printf("%c%d%c%c",m[i-1],tc[c],m[i],m[i+1]);
tc[c]=k++;
}
else if(m[i-1]!='T'&& m[i+1]=='T')
{
printf("%c%c%c%d",m[i-1],m[i],m[i+1],tc[c+1]);
tc[c+1]=k++;
}
for(t1=0;t1<i-1;t1++)
temp[t1]=m[t1];
temp[t1++]='T';
for(t2=i+2;m[t2]!='\0';t2++)
temp[t1++]=m[t2];
temp[t1++]='\0';

```

```

fstar=0;
for(i=0;temp[i]!='\0';i++)
m[i]=temp[i];
m[i]='\0';
c=-1;
goto m1;
}
else
return 0;
}
int main()
{
int a,d;
for(i=0;i<10;i++)
tc[i]=-1;
printf("\n Code stmt evaluation follow following precedence: ");
printf("\n 1.( ) within the ( ) stmt should be of the form: x op z");
printf("\n 2.*,/ equal precedence");
printf("\n 3.+,- equal precedence");
printf("\n Enter ur Code Stmt-");
gets(m);
i=0;
while(m[i]!='\0'){
if(m[i++]=='('){
fb++;
break;
}
}
}
i=0;
printf("\nThe Intermediate Code may generated as-");

```



```

if(fb==1)
{ /* evaluating sub exp */
while(m[i]!='\0')
if(m[i]=='(')
{
temp[j++]= 'T';
i++;
t3=i; /* optimising the code */
while(m[i]!=')')
opt[c1][c2++]=m[i++];
for(t4=c1-1;t4>=0;t4--)
if(strcmp(opt[c1],opt[t4])==0)
{
tc[p++]=t4;
fo=1;
} /* end of optimising */
if(fo==0)
{
tc[p++]=k++;
printf("\nT%d=",k-1);
while(m[t3]!=')')
printf("%c",m[t3++]);
}
i++;
c1++;
c2=fo=0;
}
else if(m[i]!='(')
temp[j++]=m[i++];
if(fb==1)

```

```

{
temp[j]='\0';
for(i=0;temp[i]!='\0';i++)
m[i]=temp[i];
m[i]='\0';
}
} /* end of evaluating sub exp */
a=operatormajid('*', '/'); /* operator fun call depends on priority */
d=operatormajid('+', '-');
if(a==0&& d==0&& m[1]=='=')
printf("\n%s%d", m, k-1);
getch();
}

```

```

Code stmt evaluation follow following precedence:
1.( ) within the ( ) stmt should be of the form: x op z
2.*,/ equal precedence
3.+,- equal precedence
Enter ur Code Stmt-a+(b*c)-d/(b*c)

The Intermediate Code may generated as-
T0=b*c
T1=d/T0
T2=a+T0
T3=T2-T1

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.





```

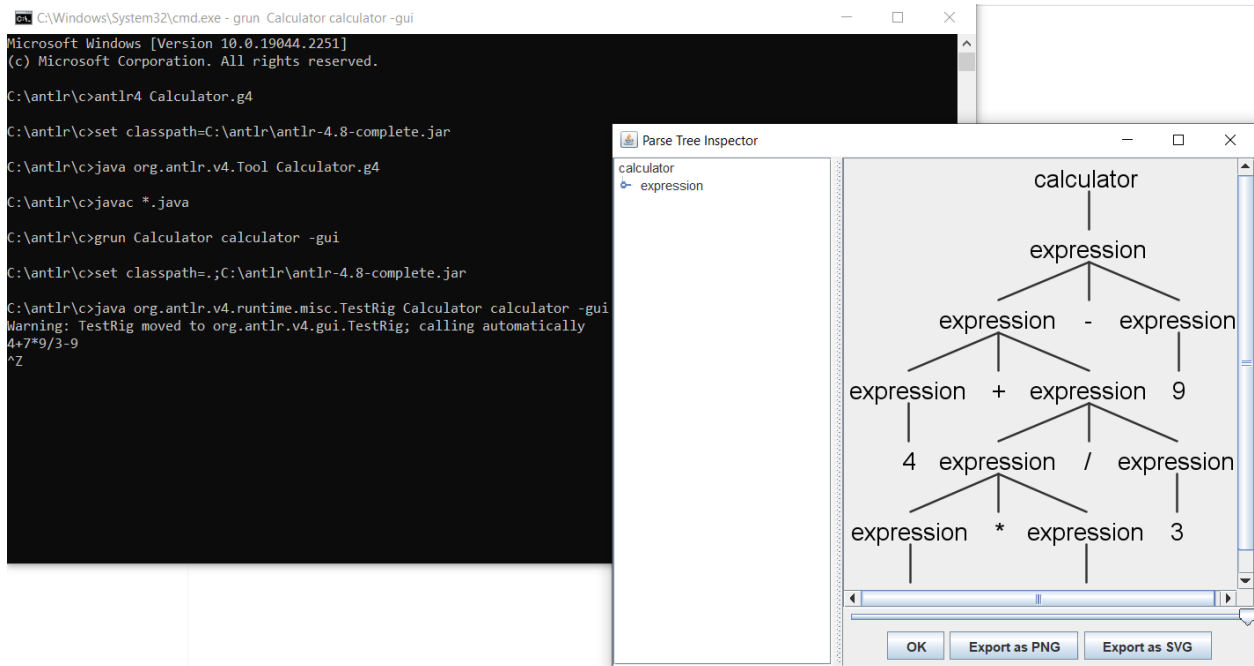
11. Construct syntax tree for expression grammar by using ANTLR.

Calculator.g4

```
grammar Calculator;
calculator : expression;
expression
    : expression operator = ('*'|'/') expression
    | expression operator = ('+'|'-') expression
    | '-' expression
    | Number
    | '(' expression ')'
    ;
Number : DIGIT+ '.' DIGIT*
    | '.' DIGIT+
    | DIGIT+
    ;

DIGIT: ('0'..'9');
WS: [ \t\r\n]+ -> skip;
```

Name	Date modified	Type	Size
 antlr-4.9-complete	12-11-2022 15:37	Executable Jar File	2,052 KB
 antlr4	12-11-2022 15:37	Windows Batch File	1 KB
 Calculator.g4	12-11-2022 15:37	G4 File	1 KB
 grun	12-11-2022 15:37	Windows Batch File	1 KB



antlr4.bat

set classpath=C:\antlr\antlr-4.8-complete.jar (May change depending on machine)
java org.antlr.v4.Tool %*

grun.bat

set classpath=.;C:\antlr\antlr-4.8-complete.jar (May change depending on machine)
java org.antlr.v4.runtime.misc.TestRig %*