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PandemicGraph



Problem

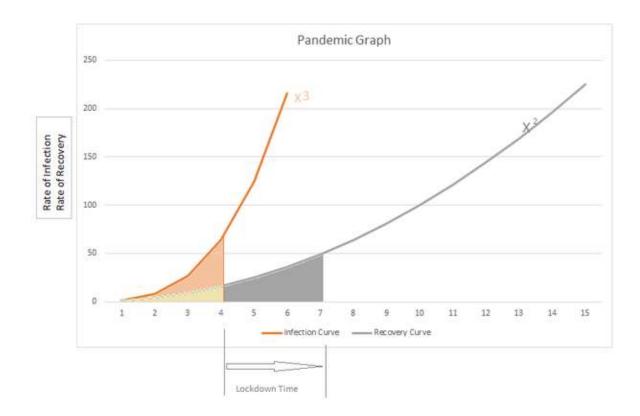
Submissions

Leaderboard

Discussions

COVID-19 pandemic is impacting rapidly because it infects exponentially. At some stage we see the numbers as a simple, but it in couple of weeks, everything become out of control.

Assume Covid-19 is spreading X to the power 3 [X^3)]. It also depends on certain other factors like virus's reproduction number, mobility of the society. The recovering is only [X^2] rate.



Assumptions: No spreading once lockdown applied Recovering starts as infection occurs [both curves start at same point]

Input Format

```
n - number of entries
i - Incomming rate

Ex:

n
i1
i2
```

Constraints

```
Incomming rate: Positive Integer [input] < 1000000000
Lockdown Days Positive Integer [output]</pre>
```

Output Format

O -days till from lockdown to raising restrictions.

ex:

01

о2

Sample Input 0

1 100

Sample Output 0

4

Explanation 0

100 incomming will be reached on 5th day of the pandamic. because

at the end of 5th day there will be 225 patients. 1*1*1 + 2*2*2 + 3*3*3 + 4*4*4 + 5*5*5 -> 1+8+27+64+125 > 225

```
In the rate of x^2, it need 9 days to recover 225 patients 1*1 + 2*2 + 3*3 + 4*4 + 5*5 + 6*6 + 7*7 + 8*8 + 9*9 -> <math>1+4+9+16+25+36+49+64+81 >= 285
```

100 incomming received on today [which means on 5th day] and we need another 4 days [9-5] to recover all existing patients.



```
C++
 1 ▼#include <cmath>
 2 #include <cstdio>
 3 #include <vector>
  #include <iostream>
  #include <algorithm>
6
   using namespace std;
7
 8
9 vint main() {
        /* Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print output to STDOUT */
10 ▼
       return 0;
11
12 }
13
                                                                                             Line: 1 Col: 1
```

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