Department of Electronic and Telecommunication Engineering University of Moratuwa, Sri Lanka

EN4603 - Digital IC Design



Laboratory Experiment 1 RTL Synthesis

Laboratory Report

Submitted by

Thalagala B.P. 180631J

Submitted on

January 8, 2023

Contents

Li	st of Figures	1
Li	st of Tables	1
List of Abbreviations		1
1	Introduction 1.1 Practical	2 2 2
2	Exercise 2.1 System Clocks & Resets 2.1.1 System Clocks	3 3
Bi	ibliography	3
\mathbf{L}^{i}	ist of Figures	
	1 Overview of an Register-Transfer Level (RTL) synthesis flow	2
\mathbf{L}^{i}	ist of Tables	
\mathbf{L}^{i}	ist of Abbreviations	
AS	SIC Application Specific Integrated Circuit	
\mathbf{G}	PDK Generic Process Design Kit	
H	DL Hardware Description Language	
\mathbf{R}'	TL Register-Transfer Level	

*PDF is clickable

Note:

All the materials related to the report can also be found at ht tps://github.com/bimalka98/Digital-IC-Design

1 Introduction

1.1 Practical

In this practical, we will be using *Cadence Genus* to synthesize an example RTL design, a transceiver. As inputs to Genus, we will provide

- 1. Source Verilog files
- 2. Technology libraries provided by the fabrication plant (here, 45 nm educational Generic Process Design Kit (GPDK) given by Cadence): (.lib, .lef, .tch)
- 3. Timing constraints

and will obtain the synthesized netlist (Verilog files) and further timing constrains (.sdc) as output. We will then analyze the area, timing and power of the synthesized design.

1.2 RTL Synthesis

In the context of digital hardware design, RTL synthesis is the process of converting an RTL description of a digital circuit into an optimized gate-level design.

The RTL description of a digital circuit is written in a Hardware Description Language (HDL) such as Verilog or VHDL. It specifies the digital circuit in terms of the flow of digital signals between registers, and the logical operations that are performed on those signals as they are transferred between the registers.

During RTL synthesis, an RTL compiler reads the RTL description of the digital circuit and generates an optimized gate-level representation of the circuit. This gate-level representation is a description of the digital circuit in terms of gates and interconnections between them. Figure 1 illustrates an overview of an RTL synthesis flow.

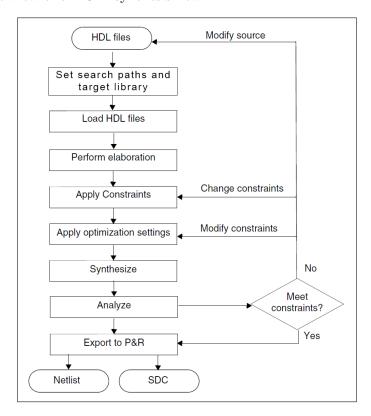


Figure 1: Overview of an RTL synthesis flow.

2 Exercise2.1 System Clocks & Resets2.1.1 System Clocks