CHAPTER 0 REVIEW OF ALGEBRA

02. Properties of Real Numbers

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A list of properties of the real numbers.

1. The Transitive Property of Equality

If
$$a = b$$
 and $b = c$, then $a = c$

- 2. The Closures Properties of Addition and Multiplication For all real numbers a and b, there are unique real numbers a + b and ab
- 3. The Commutative Properties of Addition and Multiplication

$$a+b=b+a$$
 and $ab=ba$

4. The Associative Properties of Addition and Multiplication

$$a + (b + c) = (a + b) + c$$
 and $a(bc) = (ab)c$

5. The Identity Properties

There are unique real numbers denoted 0 and 1 such that, for each real number a,

$$0 + a = a$$
 and $1a = a$

6. The Inverse Properties

For each real number a, there is unique real number denoted -a such that

$$a + (-a) = 0$$

The number -a is called the **negative** of a.

For each real number a, except 0, there is a unique real number denoted a^{-1} such that

$$a \times a^{-1} = 1$$

The number a^{-1} is called the **reciprocal** of a

7. The Distributive Properties

$$a(b+c) = ab + ac$$
 and $(b+c)a = ba + ca$
 $0 \times a = 0 = a \times 0$

1

1 Problems 0.2

In Problems 1 - 10, determine the truth of each statement

1. Every real number has a reciprocal.

False. Except 0

2. The reciprocal of 6.6 is 0.1515...

$$\frac{1}{6.6} = 0.1515...$$
 True

3. The negative of 7 is $\frac{-1}{7}$

$$-(7) = -7$$
. False. It should be -7

4. $1(x \times y) = (1 \times x)(1 \times y)$

True. It can be simplified as xy

5.
$$-x + y = -y + x$$

False.
$$-x + y = y - x$$

6.
$$(x+2)(4) = 4x + 8$$

True.

7.
$$\frac{x+3}{5} = \frac{x}{5} + 3$$

False.
$$\frac{x+3}{5} = \frac{x}{5} + \frac{3}{5}$$

8.
$$3\left(\frac{x}{4}\right) = \frac{3x}{4}$$

True.

9.
$$2(x \times y) = (2x) \times (2y)$$

False.
$$2(x \times y) = (2x) \times (2y) = 2xy$$

 $10. \ x(4y) = 4xy$

True.

In Problems 11-20, state which properties of the real numbers are being used.

11. 2(x+y) = 2x + 2y

The Distributive Properties

12. (x+5.2) + 0.7y = x + (5.2 + 0.7y)

The Associative Property of Addition

13. $2(3y) = (2 \cdot 3)y$

The Associative Property of Multiplication

14. $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{1}{b} \cdot a$

The Inverse Property

15. 5(b-a) = (a-b)(-5)

The Commutative Property of Multiplication and Distributive

16. y + (x + y) = (y + x) + y

The Commutative Property of Addition

17. $\frac{5x-y}{7} = 1/7(5x-y)$

The Distributive Property

18. 5(4+7) = 5(7+4)

The Associative Property of Addition

- 19. (2+a)b = 2b + baThe Distributive Property
- 20. (-1)(-3+4) = (-1)(-3) + (-1)(4)The Distributive Property