CHAPTER 0 REVIEW OF ALGEBRA

02. Properties of Real Numbers

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A list of properties of the real numbers.

1. The Transitive Property of Equality

If
$$a = b$$
 and $b = c$, then $a = c$

- 2. The Closures Properties of Addition and Multiplication For all real numbers a and b, there are unique real numbers a + b and ab
- 3. The Commutative Properties of Addition and Multiplication

$$a+b=b+a$$
 and $ab=ba$

4. The Associative Properties of Addition and Multiplication

$$a + (b + c) = (a + b) + c$$
 and $a(bc) = (ab)c$

5. The Identity Properties

There are unique real numbers denoted 0 and 1 such that, for each real number a,

$$0 + a = a$$
 and $1a = a$

6. The Inverse Properties

For each real number a, there is unique real number denoted -a such that

$$a + (-a) = 0$$

The number -a is called the **negative** of a.

For each real number $a, except\ 0$, there is a unique real number denoted a^{-1} such that

$$a \times a^{-1} = 1$$

The number a^{-1} is called the **reciprocal** of a

7. The Distributive Properties

$$a(b+c) = ab + ac$$
 and $(b+c)a = ba + ca$
 $0 \times a = 0 = a \times 0$

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1 Problems 0.2

In Problems 1 - 10, determine the truth of each statement

1. Every real number has a reciprocal.

False. Except 0

2. The reciprocal of 6.6 is 0.1515...

$$\frac{1}{6.6} = 0.1515...$$
 True

3. The negative of 7 is $\frac{-1}{7}$

$$-(7) = -7$$
. False. It should be -7

 $4. \ 1(x \times y) = (1 \times x)(1 \times y)$

True. It can be simplified as xy

5. -x + y = -y + x

False.
$$-x + y = y - x$$

6. (x+2)(4) = 4x + 8

True.

7. $\frac{x+3}{5} = \frac{x}{5} + 3$

False.
$$\frac{x+3}{5} = \frac{x}{5} + \frac{3}{5}$$

 $8. \ 3\left(\frac{x}{4}\right) = \frac{3x}{4}$

True.

9. $2(x \times y) = (2x) \times (2y)$

False.
$$2(x \times y) = (2x) \times (2y) = 2xy$$

10. x(4y) = 4xy

True.