2023-01-11 V2 large Ikl asymtotics of 1512 $J^{i} = A^{i}(\vec{b} - \vec{x}_{3} + \vec{x}_{1}) e^{-i\vec{k} \cdot \vec{x}_{1}} - A^{i}(\vec{b} - \vec{x}_{4} + \vec{x}_{1}) e^{-i\vec{k} \cdot \vec{x}_{1}}$ $-A^{i}(\vec{b} - \vec{x}_{3} + \vec{x}_{2}) e^{-i\vec{k} \cdot \vec{x}_{2}} + A^{i}(\vec{b} - \vec{x}_{4} + \vec{x}_{2}) e^{-i\vec{k} \cdot \vec{x}_{2}}$ - (*1)Where $A^{i}(\vec{x}) = \int \frac{d^{2}l}{(2\pi)^{2}} \frac{e^{i\vec{l}\cdot\vec{x}}}{l^{2}} \left\{ \frac{k^{i}}{k^{2}} - \frac{k^{i} - l^{i}}{l^{2} - k^{2}} \right\}$ $= \frac{k^{i}}{k^{2}} H_{1} + \frac{1}{k^{2}} \left\{ -2k^{i}k^{j}(-i\nabla_{1}) + k^{2}(-i\nabla_{1}) \right\} H_{2} - (*2)$ $H_{1} = \int \frac{d^{d}l}{(2\pi)^{d}} \frac{e^{i\vec{l}\cdot\vec{x}}}{l^{2}(l-\vec{k})^{2}} - \frac{e^{i\vec{k}\cdot\vec{x}}}{4\pi} \left\{ \frac{1}{l^{2}} + \log \vec{x}^{2} + \lambda_{E} + \log \pi \right\}$ $H_{2} = \int \frac{d^{d}l}{(2\pi)^{d}} \frac{e^{i\vec{k}\cdot\vec{x}}}{l^{2}(l-\vec{k})^{2}} \sqrt{(*3)}$

Hi diverges at $T = \vec{k}$

Hz diverges at l=0 and l=k, The former vanishes after the derivative in (*2), while the latter cancels the divergence in H_1

Below we consider IEIIXI>>1 limit. 223-01-11 PZ

Hz has two regions comment $\overline{l} \sim \overline{k}$ and $\overline{l} \sim 0$ Hz = $\int \frac{d^d l}{(zz)^d} \frac{e^{i\vec{l}\cdot\vec{x}}}{\vec{l}^2(\vec{l}-\vec{k})^2}$ $\approx \frac{1}{\vec{k}^2} \int \frac{d^d l}{(zz)^d} \frac{e^{i\vec{l}\cdot\vec{x}}}{\vec{l}^2} + \frac{1}{\vec{k}^2} \int \frac{d^d l}{(zz)^d} \frac{e^{i\vec{l}\cdot\vec{x}}}{(\vec{l}-\vec{k})^2}$ $= \frac{1}{\vec{k}^2} \left(1 + e^{i\vec{k}\cdot\vec{x}}\right) \int \frac{d^d l}{(zz)^d} \frac{e^{i\vec{l}\cdot\vec{x}}}{\vec{l}^2}$ $= -\frac{1}{4\pi} \left(1 + e^{i\vec{k}\cdot\vec{x}}\right) \left[\frac{1}{e} + \log \vec{x}^2 + \sqrt{E} + \log \vec{x}\right] - (*4)$

Insert into (+2)

$$A^{i}(\vec{x}) = \frac{k^{i}}{\vec{k}^{2}}H_{1} + \frac{1}{(\vec{k}^{2})} \left[-2k^{i}k^{j}(-i\nabla_{j}) + \vec{k}^{2}(-i\nabla_{i})\right]H_{2}$$

$$(-i\nabla_{i})H_{2} = -\frac{1}{4\pi} \frac{e^{i\vec{k}\cdot\vec{x}}}{\vec{k}^{2}} \left[\frac{1}{\epsilon} + \log \vec{x}^{2} + \gamma_{E} + \log \pi\right]$$

$$-\frac{1}{4\pi} \frac{1 + e^{i\vec{k}\cdot\vec{x}}}{\vec{k}^{2}} \frac{-2ix^{i}}{\vec{x}^{2}}$$

$$= \frac{k^{i}}{\vec{k}^{2}}(-1) \frac{e^{i\vec{k}\cdot\vec{x}}}{4\pi} \left[-\frac{1}{4\pi}e^{i\vec{k}\cdot\vec{x}}k^{j}\right]$$

$$+\frac{1}{(\vec{k}^{2})} \left\{-2k^{i}k^{j}\left[-\frac{1}{4\pi}e^{i\vec{k}\cdot\vec{x}}k^{j}\right] - \frac{1}{2\pi}\frac{1 + e^{i\vec{k}\cdot\vec{x}}}{\vec{k}^{2}} \frac{x^{j}}{\vec{x}^{2}}\right]$$

$$+\vec{k}^{2}\left[-\frac{1}{4\pi}e^{i\vec{k}\cdot\vec{x}}k^{i}\right] \left[-\frac{1}{2\pi}e^{i\vec{k}\cdot\vec{x}}k^{j}\right]$$

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Insert into (x1) $Ji = \frac{i}{2\pi} \frac{1}{(\vec{k}^2)^2} \left\{ \frac{e^{-i\vec{k}\vec{\lambda}_1} + e^{i\vec{k}\cdot(\vec{b}-\vec{k}_2)}}{(\vec{b}-\vec{k}_3+\vec{k}_1)^2} \left[(\vec{b}-\vec{k}_3^2+\vec{k}_1^2) \vec{k}^2 - 2\vec{k}\cdot(\vec{b}-\vec{k}_3+\vec{k}_1) \vec{k}^2 \right] \right\}$ - (x3 -> x4) $-(\vec{x_1} \rightarrow \vec{x_2})$ + (13 - 74, 71 - 72) 31 1丁1= 12元ではら4 「(は一元+前)」「(は一元+前)」「(は一元+前)ではとりさナ4は、(は一元+前)ではこ -4 R E (1 x + 81) · R] > - 2+2005(K·(B-X4+X1)) (B-X4+X1)2(K2)2 $\frac{2+2\cos(\vec{k}\cdot(\vec{k}\cdot\vec{\chi}_{3}+\vec{\chi}_{2}))}{(\vec{k}-\vec{\chi}_{3}+\vec{\chi}_{2})^{2}(\vec{k}\cdot(\vec{k}-\vec{\chi}_{4}+\vec{\chi}_{2}))} + \frac{2+2\cos(\vec{k}\cdot(\vec{k}-\vec{\chi}_{4}+\vec{\chi}_{2}))}{(\vec{k}-\vec{\chi}_{4}+\vec{\chi}_{2})^{2}(\vec{k}\cdot\vec{\chi}_{3}+\vec{\chi}_{3})}$ $= (+e^{i\vec{k}\cdot(\vec{k}-\vec{\chi}_{4}+\vec{\chi}_{3})}+c.c.)$ (ビーだ+ぶ)~(ビーズ+ス)~(ビーガ+ス)~(ビーガ+ス)(ビー)~ 一2だ。(は一名+な)た。(は一次+なり)だる ーとだ・は一巻+ガンだ・(15-124+ガ)だ。 [+eik·(6-20+x4)+e-ik·(6-20+x)]
-[+eik·(6-20+x4)+e-ik·(6-20+x)]
-[+eik·(6-20+x4)+e-ik·(6-20+x)]
-[+eik·(6-20+x4)+e-ik·(6-20+x)] (は一元+前)さ(は一元+元)さし(は一元+元)・(は一元+元)](ようさ (は一般+成)では一般+を)を(は一般+な)では一般+なり](だろ) + (E-74+xi) (E-x3+x2) [(E-x4+xi) · (E-x3+x2)] (E2)2 $-\frac{(E_{-x_{1}+x_{1}})^{2}(E_{-x_{1}+x_{2}})}{(E_{-x_{1}+x_{1}})^{2}(E_{-x_{1}+x_{2}})} [(E_{-x_{1}+x_{2}})^{2}(E_{-x_{1}+x_{2}})] (E_{-x_{1}+x_{2}})^{2}$

$$= \frac{\left[1 + e^{i\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{k}\cdot\vec{k} + \vec{k}_0^2)} e^{i\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{k}\cdot\vec{k} + \vec{k}_0^2)} + e^{i\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{k}_0^2 \cdot \vec{k}_0^2)} + e^{-i\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{k}_0^2 \cdot \vec{k}_0^2)} \right] }$$

$$= \frac{2}{(kx)^2 (\vec{k}^2)^2} \left[(\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2) \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2)} \right] + \frac{1 + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2))}{(\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2)^2} + \frac{1 + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2))}{(\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2)^2} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{(kx)^2 (\vec{k}^2)^2} \left[\frac{1 + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2))}{(\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2)^2} + \frac{1 + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2))}{(\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2)^2} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{(kx)^2 (\vec{k}^2 \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2)^2} \left[\frac{1 + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2))}{(\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2)^2 (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2)} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{(kx)^2 (\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2)^2} \left[\frac{1 + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2))}{(\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2)^2 (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2)} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{(kx)^2 (\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2)^2} \left[\frac{1 + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2))}{(\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2)^2 (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2)^2} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{(kx)^2 (\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2)^2} \left[\frac{1 + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2))}{(kx \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2)^2 (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2)^2} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{(kx)^2 (\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2)^2} \left[\frac{1 + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2)}{(kx \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2))^2} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{(kx)^2 (\vec{k} \cdot \vec{k} + \vec{k}_0^2)^2} \left[\frac{1 + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2)}{(kx \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2)^2} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{(kx)^2 (\vec{k} \cdot \vec{k} + \vec{k}_0^2)^2} \left[\frac{1 + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2)}{(kx \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2)} \right]$$

$$= \frac{(kx)^2 (\vec{k} \cdot \vec{k} + \vec{k}_0^2)}{(kx)^2 (\vec{k} \cdot \vec{k} + \vec{k}_0^2)^2} \left[\frac{1 + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2)}{(kx \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2)} \right]$$

$$= \frac{(kx)^2 (\vec{k} \cdot \vec{k} + \vec{k}_0^2)}{(kx)^2 (\vec{k} \cdot \vec{k} + \vec{k}_0^2)^2} \left[\frac{1 + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^2)}{(kx \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{k}_0^2 + \vec{k}_0^$$

$$= \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{2}(\vec{k}^{2})} \left\{ -\frac{(\vec{x}_{1} + \vec{x}_{4} - \vec{x}_{2} - \vec{x}_{2})^{2}}{(\vec{b} - \vec{x}_{3} + \vec{x}_{1})^{2}(\vec{b} - \vec{x}_{4} + \vec{x}_{2})^{2}} \left\{ \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{x}_{1} - \vec{x}_{2})) + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{x}_{3} - \vec{x}_{4})) + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{b} - \vec{x}_{3} + \vec{x}_{2})) + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{b} - \vec{x}_{4} + \vec{x}_{1})) \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{2}(\vec{k}^{2})} \left\{ -\frac{(\vec{x}_{1} + \vec{x}_{4} - \vec{x}_{1})^{2}}{(\vec{b} - \vec{x}_{4} + \vec{x}_{1})^{2}} \right\}$$

$$-\frac{(\vec{x_1} + \vec{x_3} - \vec{x_4} - \vec{x_2})^2}{(\vec{b} - \vec{x_4} + \vec{x_1})^2 \left[\cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{x_1} - \vec{x_2})) + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{x_3} - \vec{x_4})) + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{x_3} + \vec{x_1})) + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{x_4} + \vec{x_2}))\right]}$$

+
$$(\vec{x_1} - \vec{x_2})^2 \left[\frac{1 + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{x_1} - \vec{x_2})) + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{b} - \vec{x_3} + \vec{x_1})) + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{b} - \vec{x_3} + \vec{x_2})^2 (\vec{b} - \vec{x_3} + \vec{x_2})^2 (\vec{b} - \vec{x_3} + \vec{x_2})^2 \right]$$

+
$$\frac{1+\cos(\vec{k}\cdot(\vec{x_1}-\vec{x_2}))+\cos(\vec{k}\cdot(\vec{b}-\vec{x_4}+\vec{x_1}))+\cos(\vec{k}\cdot(\vec{b}-\vec{x_4}+\vec{x_2}))}{(\vec{b}-\vec{x_4}+\vec{x_1})^2(\vec{b}-\vec{x_4}+\vec{x_2})^2}$$

+
$$(\vec{x}_3 - \vec{x}_4)^2 \left[\frac{1 + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{x}_3 - \vec{x}_4)) + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{b} - \vec{x}_3 + \vec{x}_1)) + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{b} - \vec{x}_4 + \vec{x}_1)) + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{b} - \vec{x}_4 + \vec{x}_1)) \right]$$

+
$$\frac{1 + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{k} - \vec{x}_4)) + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{b} - \vec{x}_3 + \vec{x}_2)) + \cos(\vec{k} \cdot (\vec{b} - \vec{x}_4 + \vec{x}_2))}{(\vec{b} - \vec{x}_3 + \vec{x}_2)^2 (\vec{b} - \vec{x}_4 + \vec{x}_2)^2}$$

where
$$\vec{x_A} = \vec{x_1} - \vec{x_2}$$

$$\vec{x_B} = \vec{x_3} - \vec{x_4}$$

In general, $|\vec{J}|^2 = \frac{1}{(\vec{k}^2)^2}B_1 + \frac{1}{(\vec{k}^2)^2}B_2 \cos(|\vec{k}| |\vec{x}| \cos(\theta_k - \theta_X))$ Integrate over the angle θ_k of \vec{k} $\int_0^{2\pi} d\theta_k |\vec{J}|^2 = \frac{1}{(\vec{k}^2)^2}B_1 + 2\pi + \frac{1}{(\vec{k}^2)^2}2\pi |J_0(|\vec{k}| |\vec{x}|) B_2$ $\int_0^{2\pi} d\theta_k |\vec{J}|^2 \cos(2\theta_k) = -2\pi \frac{1}{(\vec{k}^2)^2}B_2 \cos(2\theta_X) |J_2(|\vec{k}| |\vec{x}|)$