

# CUNNING JAVASCRIPT TIPS

by Tatiana - August 2014 Cohort

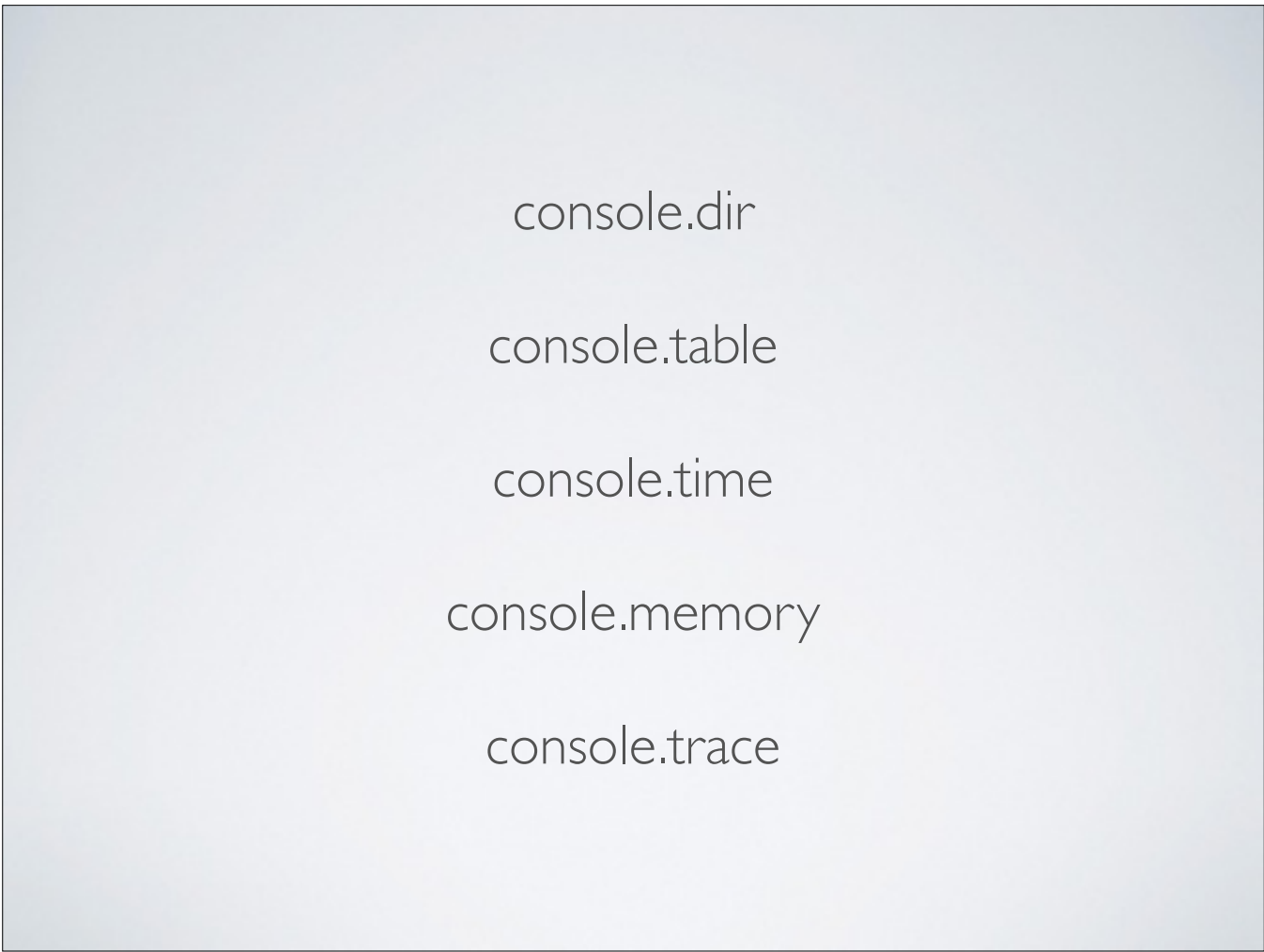
# JAVASCRIPT CONSOLE TIPS

separate Window / mobile / play with CSS



CONSOLE.LOG()

equivalent of p in ruby  
useful for debugging



console.dir

Displays all the properties of an object.

console.table

Formats arrays and objects as tables, and allows sorting on columns.

console.time

Starts and stops a timer, logs time (in ms) of intermediate code.

console.memory

Returns heap information for this process.

console.trace

Returns a stack trace for the function where it is called.

### Question: What is logged?

```
1.  var doSomething = function(){  
2.      console.log(arguments);  
3.  }  
4.  
5.  doSomething("Sunny", 23);
```

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```

### Answer

```
1.  > ["Sunny", 23]
```

The type of arguments is either an array or an "array-like object"

The JSHINT logo is centered on a light blue rectangular background. It consists of the word "JSHINT" in a large, dark grey, sans-serif font. Below the word, the URL "http://www.jshint.com/" is written in a smaller, dark grey, sans-serif font and is underlined.

# JSHINT

<http://www.jshint.com/>

demo code

```
module.exports = function (grunt) {  
  "use strict";  
  
  var sourceFiles = grunt.file.readJSON("sourceFiles.json");  
  var testSpecs = grunt.file.readJSON("testSpecs.json");  
  var glslSourceFiles = [ "src/video/*.glsl" ];  
  
  // Project configuration.  
  grunt.initConfig({  
    pkg : grunt.file.readJSON("package.json"),  
    path : {  
      main : "build/<%= pkg.name %>-<%= pkg.version %>.js",  
      min : "build/<%= pkg.name %>-<%= pkg.version %>-min.js  
    },  
  });  
};
```

# JS BEAUTIFIER

<http://jsbeautifier.org/>

Sometimes, it's nice to rip off code. <http://mikekus.com/portfolio>



```
function getMeBeers(count){  
  if(count){  
    return count;  
  }  
  else{  
    return 1;  
  }  
}
```

||

```
function getMeBeers(count){  
  if(count){  
    return count;  
  }  
  else{  
    return 1;  
  }  
}
```

||

```
function getMeBeers(count){  
  return count || 1;  
}
```

```
function getMeBeers(age, count){  
  if(age >= 18){  
    return count || 1;  
  }  
}
```

&&

```
function getMeBeers(age,count){  
    if(age>=18){  
        return count || 1;  
    }  
}
```

&&

```
function getMeBeers(age,count){  
    return (age>=18) && (count || 1);  
}
```

USE ===, NOT ==  
AND !== NOT !=

```
10 == '10' //true  
10 === '10' //false  
10 === 10 //true
```

=== and !== will consider both value and type equality/non-equality always use === and !==.

while comparing and won't do any automatic type conversion. So, to reliably compare two values for

FALSE EQUALS 0  
TRUE EQUALS 1

ANY TIPS YOU'D LIKE TO  
SHARE?