## **Government of Karnataka Department of Collegiate and Technical Education Board of Technical Examinations, Bangalore**

Course Code	20PM01T	Semester	II
Course Title	Project Management Skills	Course Group	PM
No. of Credits	4	Type of Course	Activity based study
Course Category	Theory with Activities	Total Contact Hours	6 Hrs Per Week (2Theory +4 hrs of classroom activities) 78 Hrs Per Semester
Prerequisites	10 <sup>th</sup> Level Mathematics	Teaching Scheme	4 hrs per week classroom sessions dedicated to case studies & activities
CIE Marks	50	SEE Marks	50

#### **RATIONALE**

Project Management is a confluence of Management principles and Engineering subject area. This course enables the students to develop conceptualisation of Engineering Management principles and apply the same for their engineering projects, in their domains, example, Software Development project or Construction Project and so on. The course integrates three core areas of Planning, Execution and Auditing of Projects.

### 1. COURSE SKILL SET

Student will be able to:

- 1. Understand what constitutes a project, Plan for the execution of the project by breaking into manageable work units, and Prepare necessary project artifacts
- 2. Track and control the Project while preparing verifiable records for Project **Inspections and Audits**
- 3. Inspect and Audit projects for Milestones or other project completion criteria and other metrics, Defects and remediation, Project learnings
- 4. Gain knowledge and develop curiosity on latest technology trends in Project management

#### 2. COURSE OUT COMES

At the end of the course, student will be able to

CO1	Apply the concepts of Project Management to real projects which are expressed in the form of the Project reports or Engineering drawings
CO2	Estimate Project resources needed – Time, Material and Effort, and Plan for execution
соз	Understand, analyse and assess the risks involved in a project and plan for managing them
CO4	Use Project Management Software and processes to track and control Projects
CO5	Conduct inspection of Projects and audit progress and bills
CO6	Understand the Digital Technology trends in Project management and concepts like Smart cities

#### 3. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE WITH HOURS & MARKS

LINUT		TEACHING	MARKS DISTRIBUTION(THEORY)				
NO NO	UNIT TITLE	HOURS (L-T-P)	R LEVEL	U LEVEL	A LEVEL	TOTAL	
1	Introduction	02-00-04	8	8	4	20	
2	Project Administration	06-00-12	8	12	20	40	
3	Project Lifecycle	04-00-08	8	12	20	40	
4	Project Planning, Scheduling and Monitoring	06-00-12	8	12	20	40	
5	Project Control, Review and Audit	06-00-12	8	12	20	40	
6	Digital Project Management	02-00-04	8	8	4	20	
	Total	26-00- 52=78	48	64	88	200	

**Legends:** R = Remember; U = Understand; A = Apply and above levels (Bloom's revised taxonomy)

#### 4. DETAILS OF COURSE CONTENT

The following topics/subtopics is to be taught and assessed in order to develop Unit Skill sets for achieving CO to attain identified skill sets.

UNIT NO	Unit skill set	Topics / Subtopics	Hours
		Topics / Subtopics	L-T-P

		Case Study 2c	
6.Digital Project Management	Understand latest trends of digital technologies impacting the domain of project management and application of the same in multiple scenario	Digital Technology trends in Project management, Cloud Technology, IoT, Smart cities, Data and analytics, case studies Case study 3	02-00- 04

## 1. MAPPING OF CO WITH PO

СО	Course Outcome	PO Mapped	UNIT Linked	CL R/U/A	Sessions in Hrs	TOT AL -
		Марреа	Linkeu	K/O/A	mms	Marks
CO1	Understand the concepts of Project Management in relation to real projects which are expressed in the form of the Project reports or Engineering drawings	1, 2, 5, 7	1, 2	R/U/A	06	10
	Case Study - I					
CO2	Estimate Project resources needed – Time, Material and Effort, and Plan for execution	1, 2, 3, 7	2, 3	R/U/A	18	20
	Case study – 2a	400=			- 10	
CO3	Evaluate the risks involved in a project and Plan for managing them	1,2,3,7	2,3	R/U/A	12	20
	Case Study - 2a					

CO4	Use Project Management methods with Software and/or processes to track and control Projects  Case Study – 2b	1, 4, 6, 7	4	R/U/A	18	20
CO5	Conduct inspection of Projects and audit progress and bills  Case Study 2c	1, 2, 5, 7	5	R/U/A	18	20
CO6	Understand the Digital Technology trends in Project management, and Engineering Industries  Case Study 3	1, 5, 7	6	R/U/A	06	10
		1		ı	78	100

	CO's	Programme Outcomes's) (PO						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Project Management	CO1	3	3	0	0	2	0	1
	CO2	3	3	3	0	0	0	1
	CO3	3	0	0	3	0	3	1
	CO4	3	0	0	3	0	3	1
	CO5	3	2	0	0	2	0	1
	C06	3	0	0	0	2	0	2

Level 3- Highly Mapped, Level 2-Moderately Mapped, Level 1-Low Mapped, Level 0-**Not Mapped** 

#### 7. INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes

1. Explicit instruction will be provided in intervention classes or by using different differentiation strategies in the main classroom.

- 2. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching method and media that are employed to develop the outcomes.
- 3. Observing the way their more proficient peers use prior knowledge to solve current challenges and persevere in problem solving will help struggling students to improve their approach to engaging with rich contextual problems.
- 4. Topics be introduced always with a reallife example and then answering What, how, why and when.
- 5. The teacher is able to show different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 6. In a perfect world, teacher would always be able to demonstrate how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding. When a concept cannot be applied in that manner, we can still share how it might be applied within mathematics.

#### 8. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES:

Sl No.	Author	Title of Books	Publication/Year
1	Dr. Lalitha Balakrishnan & Dr. Gowri Ramachandran	Project Management	Himalaya Publishing, 2019
2	Shailesh Kumar Shivakumar	Complete Guide to Digital Project Management	Apress, 2019
3	Prasanna Chandra	Project planning, analysis, selection, implementation and review	Tata McGraw Hill
4	Gopala Krishnan	Project Management	Mcmillan India Ltd.

#### 9. COURSE ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION CHART

Sl.No	Assessment	Duration	Max	Conversion
			marks	
	CIE Assessment 1			Average of three
	( Written Test -1)			written tests
1	At the end of 3 <sup>rd</sup> week	80 minutes	30	30
	CIE Assessment 2			30
	(Written Test -2)			
2	At the end of 7 <sup>th</sup> week	80 minutes	30	

Sl.No	Assessment	Duration	Max	Conversion
			marks	
	CIE Assessment 3			
	(Written Test -3)			
3	At the end of 13 <sup>th</sup> week	80 minutes	30	
	CIE Assessment 4			Average of three
	(Group Assignment -1)			20
4	At the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> week	60 minutes	20	20
	CIE Assessment 5			
	(Group Assignment -2)			
5	At the end of 9 <sup>th</sup> week	60 minutes	20	
	CIE Assessment 6			
	(Individual Student			
	activity/Assignment) At			
6	the end of 11 <sup>th</sup> week	60 minutes	20	
	Total Continuous Internal Eval	uation (CIE) Ass	essment	50
	Semester End			
8	Examination (SEE)	3 Hrs	100	50
4 550	Assessment (Written Test)		113 114	
	Total Mark	100		

#### Note:

- 1. SEE (Semester End Examination) is conducted for 100 Marks theory course for a time duration of 3 Hrs
- 2. Three CIE (written test), each of 30 marks for a time duration of 80 minutes shall be conducted. Also, three CIE (MCQ or Quiz/Group Assignment/Individual student activity or assignment) each of 20 marks for the time duration of 60 minutes shall be conducted. Any fraction at any stage during evaluation will be rounded off to the next higher digit
  - Assessment of assignment and student activity is evaluated through appropriate rubrics by the respective course coordinator. The secured mark in each case is rounded off to the next higher digit.

#### 10 DETAILED COURSE CONTENT

Unit No And Name	DETAILED COURSE CONTENT	CONTACT HRS	TOTAL
	1.1 Introduction	3	

Unit No And Name	DETAILED COURSE CONTENT	CONTACT HRS	TOTAL
	1.2 Meaning of Project		
	1.3 Definition and No Change Mode		
	1.4 Features of a Project		
1. Introduction	1.5 Types of Projects		6
meroduction	1.6 Benefits of Project Management	-	
	1.7 Obstacles in Project Management		
	1.8 Project Management – A Profession		
	1.9 Project Manager and His Role		
	1.10 Project Consultants		
	1.11 What is Operation?	3	
	1.12 Difference between Project and Operation		
	1.13 What is Process in Project Management and Process Groups?		
	1.14 What is Scope? Difference between Project		
	Group Objectives and		
	1.15 Project Scope		
2. Project	2.1 Essentials of Project Administration	3	18
Administrat	2.2 Project Team		
ion	2.3 Project Design		
	2.4 Work Breakdown Structure (WBS)		
	2.5 Project Execution Plan (PEP)	6	
	2.6 Contracting Plan		
	2.7 Work Packing Plan		
	2.8 Organisation Plan	3	
	2.9 Systems and Procedure Plan		
	2.10 Project Procedure Manual		
	2.11 Project Diary	3	
	2.12 Project Execution System		
	2.13 Project Direction		
	2.14 Communication in a Project	3	
	2.15 Project Co-ordination		

	2.16 Pre-requisites for Successful Project Implementation		
3. Project Lifecycle	3.1 Introduction	6	12
	3.2 Phases of Project Life Cycle		
	3.3 Project Management Life Cycle – General		
	3.4 Project Planning		
	3.5 Project Execution		
	3.6 Project Closure		
	3.7 Project Risks	3	
	3.8 Types of Risks: Illustrations		
	3.9 Risk Assessment Techniques with Illustrations		
	3.10 Project Cost Risk Analysis	3	
	3.11 Estimating Time and Cost Overrun Risks		
	3.12 Organisation/Procedural/Systemic Reasons for Project Cost Overruns		
	3.13 Time Overruns		
4. Project	4.1 Introduction	6	18
Planning, Scheduling	4.2 Nature of Project Planning		
and Monitoring	4.3 Need for Project Planning		
	4.4 Functions of Project Planning		
	4.5 Steps in Project Planning		
	4.6 Project Planning Structure		
	4.7 Project Objectives and Policies		
	4.8 Tools of Project Planning		
	4.9 Project Scheduling	6	
	4.10 Time Monitoring Efforts		
	4.11 Bounding Schedules		
	4.12 Scheduling to Match Availability of Manpower		
	4.13 Scheduling to Match Release of Funds		
	4.14 Problems in Scheduling Real-life Projects		
	4.15 Introduction	3	

6.3 Data Science and Analytics in Project Management	1
6.4 Case Studies	3

#### **Case Studies:**

Please note: The Tutors can either use the following Case studies and activities or Design on their own, with the overall Learning Outcomes being met.

#### Case Study I: Residential House - Project Execution Plan

- 1. Dr. Sunil Kulkarni wants to build a house on his 9000 square feet (90x100) vacant plot in Bengaluru. His requirements were given below.
  - i) He lives with his wife, parents and two college going children.
  - ii) He likes open space around his house and likes to do gardening during free
  - iii) His wife teaches Yoga and about 30 middle aged and old people attend the daily sessions.
  - He has a budget limitation of INR 230,00,000 for this project and wants to iv) present to his wife on their 20th wedding anniversary which is 18 months
  - v) His parents can not climb stairs and hence prefer a ground floor room
  - All the rooms should have attached bathrooms vi)

How-ever the Civil contractor who took the work, overshot the time and money available and hence Dr Sunil was unhappy with the Architect firm who recommended the Contractor.

#### Task:

- Split the class into groups of three
- Ask them to prepare 2D drawings with Plan, Elevation, Sections and perspectives.
- Prepare the detailed WBS, a Project execution plan and Project communication plan for contractors
- Estimate the quantities
- Discuss on the possible reasons for delay and methods with which performance to both time and budget could have been achieved
- Present it in a seminar, with each group getting 5-10 minutes to present their idea.

#### Case Study 2a:

The Columbus Hospital proposed in Hubli is a 200 bed speciality private hospital for treatment of Cancer. The hospital will come up on a 12 acre plot between Hubli-Dharwad. A leading construction company has come forward to complete the hospital works from concept to commissioning in 9 months. The promoters are willing to spend a premium to complete the hospital in 9 month time and are not particular about type of construction, ie, RCC, Steel frame etc. The key requirements are as follows:

- i) 200 bed hospital of which 40 are for critical care (ICU), 40 for pre and post Operative care
- ii) 4 Operation Theatres - 2 Major (Minimum 800 SFT each) and 2 minor (minimum 400 sft each)
- One full fledged Diagnostic laboratory (1500 Sft) iii)
- One 24x7 pharmacy (360 Sft min) iv)
- Doctors rooms, Nurses enclosures, Change rooms v)
- vi) Office with billing counters (min 2000 sft) for all administrative staff
- Wheel chair parking bays, Stretcher parking bays in all floors vii)
- One Cafetaria with 50 person capacity viii)
- One conference room with Multimedia equipment (300 sft min) ix)
- Parking for ambulances, 4 wheelers, two wheelers x)
- xi) Reception and enquiry counter
- All amenities should be accessible for disabled persons xii)
- Incinerator, Waste storage and disposal area xiii)
- xiv) Generator and fuel storage area

#### **Discuss**

- The various alternative approaches available to complete the hospital. i)
- ii) Look into National Building Code and BIS standards for arriving at approximate (+/- 10%) super built-up area required, amenities to be planned
- iii) The various phases of the project according to Project lifecycle and durations
- Prepare the detailed WBS, Project Organisation required and Project Dairy iv) template
- Prepare a Project Plan with risks involved and the risk management plan. v)
- vi) Estimate the cost of time overrun if the project is delayed by 114 calendar days due to issues with approvals

#### Case Study 2b:

For case study 2 above, prepare an Implementation Plan using a spreadsheet software.

#### **Discuss**

- What happens if a pandemic affects the project in its 7th Month. How do you i) mitigate the possible issues in implementation?
- What happens if during the fourth month of projects the client decides to reduce ii) funds for the month by 50%?

#### Case Study 2c:

For case study 2 above, prepare a Critical Path method Chart (CPM) showing all main activities in the WBS with milestones.

#### **Discuss**

- i) What happens if the client decides to complete the ground floor roof 15 days earlier?
- ii) What happens if the client reduces the inflow of project funds by 50% for the month 4?
- Write an Audit report for the project at the end of 6th month iii)

#### Case Study 3:

This will be done as a student activity and has two components.

- Research on 3D printing in any industry and prepare a three page article i)
- ii) Study usage of Drones in different Industries and evaluate the Cost benefits of using the same for any one scenario.

## **Model Question Paper**

## I A Test (CIE)

Progra		Semester: I			
Course:		Max Marks: 30			
Course		uration: 1 Hr 2		es	
Name o	of the course coordinator:	Test: l	/II/III		
Note: A	nswer one full question from each section. One full qu	estion carries 10	marks.		
Qn.No	Question	CL		PO	Marks
	Section-1	l		1	
1.a)					
b)					
c)					
2.a)					
b)					
c)					
-	Section-2				
3.a)					
b)					is a second seco
c)					
4.a)					
b)					
c)					
	Section-3				
5.a)					
b)					
c)					
6.a)					
b)					
c)					

# Model Question Paper Semester End Examination

Programme:	Semester: I
Course:	Max Marks: 100
Course Code:	Duration: 3 Hrs
Inctr	ustion to the Candidate.

Jourse cou		2 41 410		
	Instruction to the Candidate:			
	Answer one full question from each section. One full ques	tion carri	es 20 ma	rks.
Qn.No	Question	CL	CO	Marks
	Section-1	1		
1.a)				
b)				
2.a)				
b)				
'	Section-2	•		
3.a)				
b)				
4.a)				
b)				
	Section- 3			
5.a)				
b)				
6.a)				
b)				
	Section-4			
7.a)				
b)				
8.a)				
b)				
	Section-5			
9.a)				
b)				
10.a)				
b)				