### Exam Summary (GATE CSE 2013 | Original Paper)

Qs. Attempted:	<b>23</b> 17 + 6	Correct Marks:	22 12+10 2.33 1.67+ 0.67 19.66 10.33+ 9.33	
Correct Attempts:	<b>17</b> 12+5	Penalty Marks:		
Incorrect Attempts:	<b>6</b> 5+1	Resultant Marks:		

Total Questions:

100
30 + 35

Total Marks:
180 Minutes

Time Taken:
98 Minutes

# **Aptitude**

EXAM STATS FEEDBACK

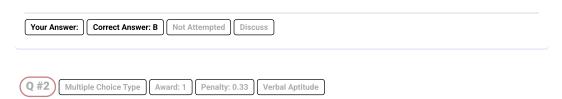


Which one of the following options is the closest in meaning to the word given below?

EXAM RESPONSE

### Nadir

- A. Highest
- B. Lowest
- C. Medium
- D. Integration



Complete the sentence:

Universalism is to particularism as diffuseness is to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. specificity
- B. neutrality

C. generality
D. adaptation

Your Answer: Correct Answer: A Not Attempted Discuss

Q #3 Multiple Choice Type Award: 1 Penalty: 0.33 Quantitative Aptitude

What will be the maximum sum of  $44, 42, 40, \ldots$ ?

- $\mathsf{A.}\ 502$
- B.504
- $\mathsf{C.}\ 506$
- D. 500

Your Answer: C Not Attempted Discuss

Q #4 Multiple Choice Type Award: 1 Penalty: 0.33 Verbal Aptitude

Were you a bird, you \_\_\_\_\_ in the sky.

- A. would fly
- B. shall fly
- C. should fly
- D. shall have flown

Your Answer: D Correct Answer: A Incorrect Discuss

Q #5 Multiple Choice Type Award: 1 Penalty: 0.33 Verbal Aptitude

Choose the grammatically INCORRECT sentence:

- A. He is of Asian origin.
- B. They belonged to Africa.
- C. She is an European.
- D. They migrated from India to Australia.

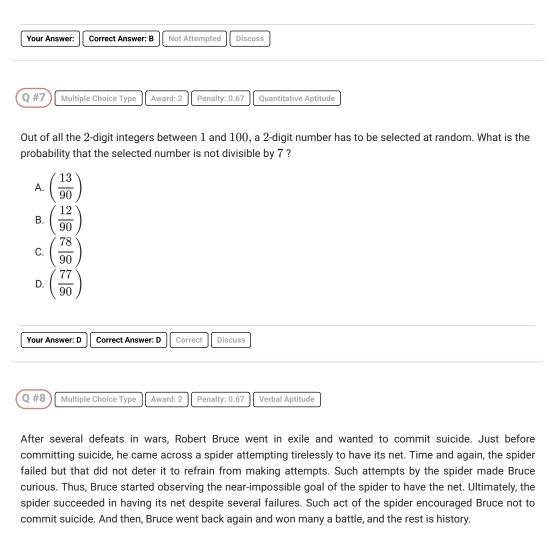
Your Answer: B Correct Answer: C Incorrect Discuss

Q #6 Multiple Choice Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0.67 Quantitative Aptitude

Find the sum of the expression

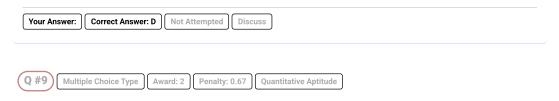
$$\tfrac{1}{\sqrt{1}+\sqrt{2}}+\tfrac{1}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}}+\tfrac{1}{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{4}}+\ldots\ldots + \tfrac{1}{\sqrt{80}+\sqrt{81}}$$

- A. 7
- B. 8
- C. 9
- D. 10



Which one of the following assertions is best supported by the above information?

- A. Failure is the pillar of success.
- B. Honesty is the best policy.
- C. Life begins and ends with adventures.
- D. No adversity justifies giving up hope.



A tourist covers half of his journey by train at  $60~\mathrm{km/h}$ , half of the remainder by bus at  $30~\mathrm{km/h}$  and the rest by cycle at  $10~\mathrm{km/h}$ . The average speed of the tourist in  $\mathrm{km/h}$  during his entire journey is

- A. 36
- B.30
- $\mathsf{C.}\ 24$
- $\mathsf{D.}\ 18$



The current erection cost of a structure is Rs. 13,200. If the labour wages per day increase by 1/5 of the current wages and the working hours decrease by 1/24 of the current period, then the new cost of erection in Rs. is

- A. 16,500
- B. 15, 180
- C. 11,000
- D. 10, 120

Your Answer: Correct Answer: B Not Attempted Discuss

## **Technical**



A binary operation  $\oplus$  on a set of integers is defined as  $x \oplus y = x^2 + y^2$ . Which one of the following statements is **TRUE** about  $\oplus$ ?

- A. Commutative but not associative
- B. Both commutative and associative
- C. Associative but not commutative
- D. Neither commutative nor associative



Suppose p is the number of cars per minute passing through a certain road junction between 5 PM and 6 PM, and p has a Poisson distribution with mean 3. What is the probability of observing fewer than 3 cars during any given minute in this interval?

A.  $\frac{8}{(2e^3)}$ B.  $\frac{9}{(2e^3)}$ C.  $\frac{17}{(2e^3)}$ D.  $\frac{26}{(2e^3)}$ 

Your Answer: C Not Attempted Discuss

Q #3 Multiple Choice Type Award: 1 Penalty: 0.33 Linear Algebra

Which one of the following does NOT equal

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & x & x^2 \\ 1 & y & y^2 \\ 1 & z & z^2 \end{vmatrix} \quad ?$$

Your Answer: A Correct Answer: A Correct Discuss

Q #4 Multiple Choice Type Award: 1 Penalty: 0.33 Digital Logic

The smallest integer that can be represented by an 8-bit number in 2's complement form is

- A. -256
- B. -128
- C. -127
- D. 0

Your Answer: B Correct Answer: B Correct Discuss

Q #5 Multiple Choice Type Award: 1 Penalty: 0.33 Digital Logic

In the following truth table, V=1 if and only if the input is valid.

#### **Inputs** $D_0$ $D_1$ $D_2$ $D_3$ 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 $\mathbf{x}$ 0 x $\mathbf{x}$ 1 1 $\mathbf{x}$

$X_0$	$X_1$	V
x	x	0
0	0	1
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

Outputs

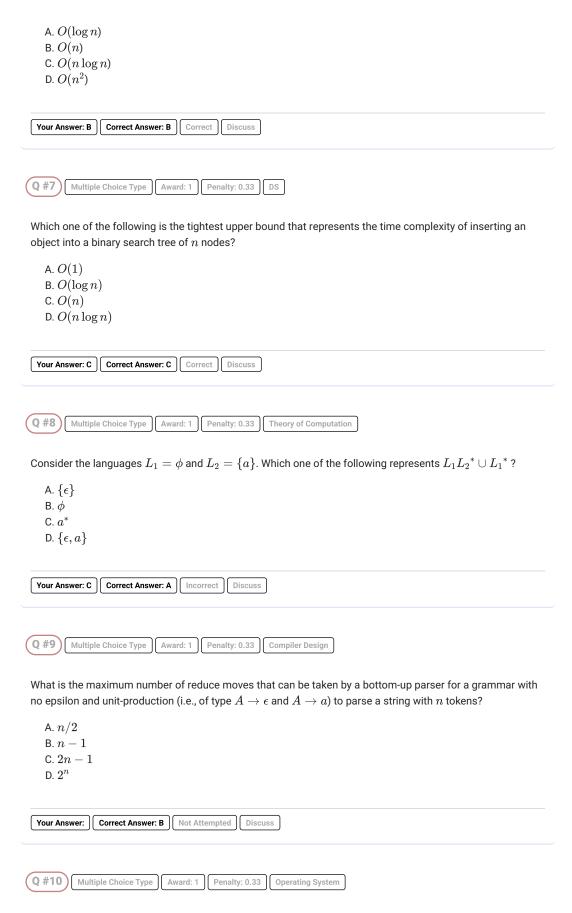
What function does the truth table represent?

- A. Priority encoder
- B. Decoder
- C. Multiplexer
- D. Demultiplexer

Your Answer: C Correct Answer: A Incorrect Discuss

Q #6 Multiple Choice Type Award: 1 Penalty: 0.33 Algorithms

Which one of the following is the tightest upper bound that represents the number of swaps required to sort n numbers using selection sort?



A scheduling algorithm assigns priority proportional to the waiting time of a process. Every process starts with zero (the lowest priority). The scheduler re-evaluates the process priorities every T time units and decides the next process to schedule. Which one of the following is **TRUE** if the processes have no I/O operations and all arrive at time zero?

- A. This algorithm is equivalent to the first-come-first-serve algorithm.
- B. This algorithm is equivalent to the round-robin algorithm.

- C. This algorithm is equivalent to the shortest-job-first algorithm.
- D. This algorithm is equivalent to the shortest-remaining-time-first algorithm.

Your Answer: B Correct Discuss

Q #11 Multiple Choice Type Award: 1 Penalty: 0.33 IS&Software Engineering

Match the problem domains in GROUP I with the solution technologies in GROUP II.

**GROUP I GROUP II** (P) Service oriented computing (1) Interoperability (Q) Heterogeneous communicating systems (2) BPMN (R) Information representation (3) Publish-find-bind (S) Process description (4) XML (A) P-1, Q-2, R-3, S-4 (B) P-3, Q-4, R-2, S-1 (C) P-3, Q-1, R-4, S-2 (D) P-4, Q-3, R-2, S-1 Your Answer: Correct Answer: C Not Attempted Discuss Q #12 Multiple Choice Type Award: 1 Penalty: 0.33 Computer Networks

The transport layer protocols used for real time multimedia, file transfer, DNS and email, respectively are

A. TCP, UDP, UDP and TCP B. UDP, TCP, TCP and UDP C. UDP, TCP, UDP and TCP

D. TCP, UDP, TCP and UDP

Your Answer: C | Correct Answer: C | Correct | Discuss

Q #13 Multiple Choice Type Award: 1 Penalty: 0.33 Computer Networks

Using public key cryptography, X adds a digital signature  $\sigma$  to message M, encrypts  $\langle M, \sigma \rangle$ , and sends it to Y, where it is decrypted. Which one of the following sequences of keys is used for the operations?

- A. Encryption: X's private key followed by Y's private key; Decryption: X's public key followed by Y's public key;
- B. **Encryption**: X's private key followed by Y's public key; **Decryption**: X's public key followed by Y's private key;
- C. Encryption: X's public key followed by Y's private key; Decryption: Y's public key followed by X's private key;

D. Encryption: X's private key followed by Y's public key;

Decryption: Y's private key followed by X's public key

Your Answer: Correct Answer: D Not Attempted Discuss

Q #14 Multiple Choice Type Award: 1 Penalty: 0.33 Computer Networks

Assume that source S and destination D are connected through two intermediate routers labeled R. Determine how many times each packet has to visit the network layer and the data link layer during a transmission from S to D.

- A. Network layer 4 times and Data link layer 4 times
- B. Network layer 4 times and Data link layer 3 times
- C. Network layer 4 times and Data link layer 6 times
- D. Network layer 2 times and Data link layer 6 times

Your Answer: C Correct Answer: C Discuss

Q #15 Multiple Choice Type Award: 1 Penalty: 0.33 Databases

An index is clustered, if

Multiple Choice Type

0 #16

- A. it is on a set of fields that form a candidate key
- B. it is on a set of fields that include the primary key

Award: 1

- C. the data records of the file are organized in the same order as the data entries of the index
- D. the data records of the file are organized not in the same order as the data entries of the index

Your Answer: C Not Attempted Discuss

Penalty: 0.33

Three concurrent processes X,Y, and Z execute three different code segments that access and update certain shared variables. Process X executes the P operation (i.e., wait) on semaphores a,b, and c; process Y executes the P operation on semaphores b,c, and d; process Z executes the P operation on semaphores c,d, and a before entering the respective code segments. After completing the execution of its code segment, each process invokes the V operation (i.e., signal) on its three semaphores. All semaphores are binary semaphores initialized to one. Which one of the following represents a deadlock-free order of invoking the P operations by the processes?

Operating System

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{A. } X: P(a)P(b)P(c) \ Y: P(b)P(c)P(d) \ Z: P(c)P(d)P(a) \\ & \text{B. } X: P(b)P(a)P(c) \ Y: P(b)P(c)P(d) \ Z: P(a)P(c)P(d) \\ & \text{C. } X: P(b)P(a)P(c) \ Y: P(c)P(b)P(d) \ Z: P(a)P(c)P(d) \\ & \text{D. } X: P(a)P(b)P(c) \ Y: P(c)P(b)P(d) \ Z: P(c)P(d)P(a) \end{aligned}$ 

Your Answer: Correct Answer: B Not Attempted Discuss

Q #17 Multiple Choice Type Award: 1 Penalty: 0.33 Theory of Computation

Which of the following statements is/are FALSE?

1. For every non-deterministic Turing machine, there exists an equivalent deterministic Turing machine.

- 2. Turing recognizable languages are closed under union and complementation.
- 3. Turing decidable languages are closed under intersection and complementation.
- 4. Turing recognizable languages are closed under union and intersection.
- A. 1 and 4 only
- B. 1 and 3 only
- C. 2 only
- D.3 only

Your Answer: Correct Answer: C Not Attempted Discuss

Q #18 Multiple Choice Type Award: 1 Penalty: 0.33 Theory of Computation

Which of the following statements are TRUE?

- 1. The problem of determining whether there exists a cycle in an undirected graph is in P.
- 2. The problem of determining whether there exists a cycle in an undirected graph is in NP.
- 3. If a problem A is NP-Complete, there exists a non-deterministic polynomial time algorithm to solve A
- A. 1, 2 and 3
- B. 1 and 2 only
- C. 2 and 3 only
- D. 1 and 3 only

Your Answer: Correct Answer: A Not Attempted Discuss

Q #19 Multiple Choice Type Award: 1 Penalty: 0.33 Algorithms

What is the time complexity of Bellman-Ford single-source shortest path algorithm on a complete graph of n vertices?

- A.  $\theta(n^2)$ B.  $\theta(n^2 \log n)$
- $C \Delta(n^3)$
- C.  $\theta(n^3)$
- D.  $\theta(n^3 \log n)$

Your Answer: C Correct Answer: C Correct Discuss

Q #20 Multiple Choice Type Award: 1 Penalty: 0.33 CO and Architecture

In a k-way set associative cache, the cache is divided into v sets, each of which consists of k lines. The lines of a set are placed in sequence one after another. The lines in set s are sequenced before the lines in set s are se

- A.  $(j \mod v) * k \text{ to } (j \mod v) * k + (k-1)$
- B.  $(j \mod v)$  to  $(j \mod v) + (k-1)$
- C.  $(j \mod k)$  to  $(j \mod k) + (v 1)$
- D.  $(j \mod k) * v \text{ to } (j \mod k) * v + (v 1)$

Your Answer: B Correct Answer: A Incorrect Discuss

Which one of the following expressions does **NOT** represent exclusive NOR of x and y?

- A. xy + x'y'
- B.  $x \oplus y'$
- C.  $x' \oplus y$
- D.  $x' \oplus y'$

Your Answer: D | Correct Answer: D | Correct | Discuss

Q #22 Multiple Choice Type Award: 1 Penalty: 0.33 Calculus

Which one of the following functions is continuous at x=3?

$$\text{A. } f(x) = \begin{cases} 2, & \text{if } x = 3 \\ x - 1 & \text{if } x > 3 \\ \frac{x + 3}{3} & \text{if } x < 3 \end{cases}$$
 
$$\text{B. } f(x) = \begin{cases} 4, & \text{if } x = 3 \\ 8 - x & \text{if } x \neq 3 \end{cases}$$
 
$$\text{C. } f(x) = \begin{cases} x + 3, & \text{if } x \leq 3 \\ x - 4 & \text{if } x > 3 \end{cases}$$
 
$$\text{D. } f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{x^3 - 27} & \text{if } x \neq 3 \end{cases}$$

Your Answer: A | Correct Answer: A | Correct | Discuss

Q #23 Multiple Choice Type Award: 1 Penalty: 0.33 Numerical Methods

Function f is known at the following points:

x		0	0.3	0.6	0.9	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.0
f(	(x)	0	0.09	0.36	0.81	1.44	2.25	3.24	4.41	5.76	7.29	9.00

The value of  $\int_0^3 f(x) dx$  computed using the trapezoidal rule is

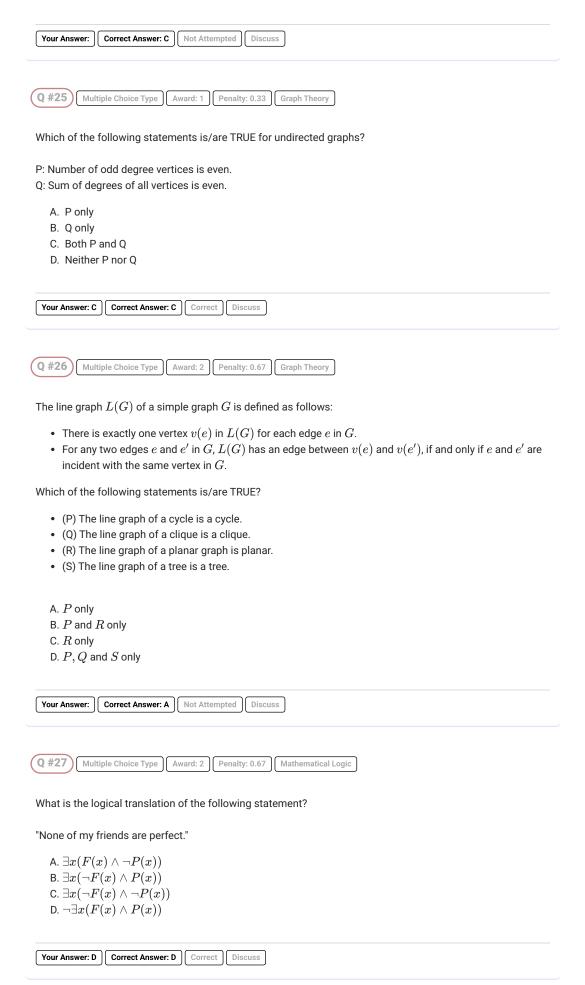
(A) 8.983 (B) 9.003 (C) 9.017 (D) 9.045

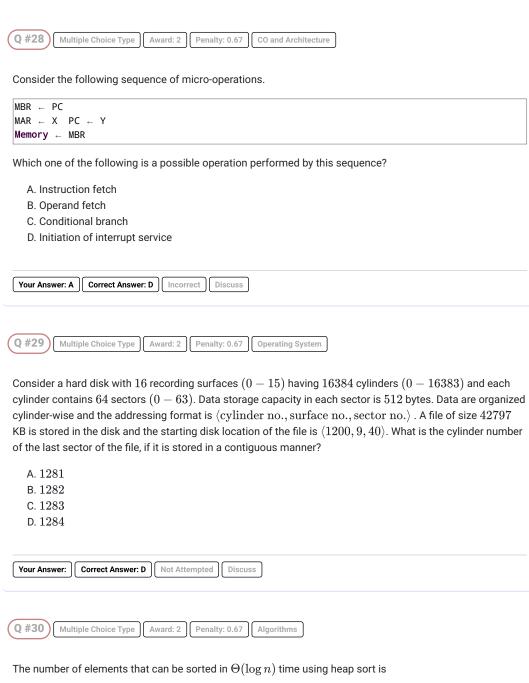
Your Answer: Correct Answer: D Not Attempted Discuss

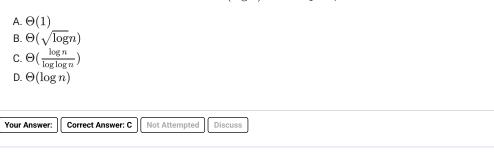
Q #24 Multiple Choice Type Award: 1 Penalty: 0.33 Probability

Consider an undirected random graph of eight vertices. The probability that there is an edge between a pair of vertices is  $\frac{1}{2}$ . What is the expected number of unordered cycles of length three?

- $\mathsf{A.}\;\frac{1}{8}$
- B. 1
- C. 7
- D. 8







Algorithms

Consider the following function:

Multiple Choice Type

Award: 2

Penalty: 0.67

Q #31

```
int unknown(int n){
int i, j, k=0;
for (i=n/2; i<=n; i++)
    for (j=2; j<=n; j=j*2)
        k = k + n/2;
return (k);
}</pre>
```

The return value of the function is

- A.  $\Theta(n^2)$ B.  $\Theta(n^2 \log n)$ C.  $\Theta(n^3)$ D.  $\Theta(n^3 \log n)$
- Your Answer: B Correct Answer: B Correct Discuss

Q #32 Multiple Choice Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0.67 Theory of Computation

Consider the following languages.

$$egin{aligned} L_1 &= \{0^p 1^q 0^r \mid p,q,r \geq 0\} \ \ L_2 &= \{0^p 1^q 0^r \mid p,q,r \geq 0, p 
eq r\} \end{aligned}$$

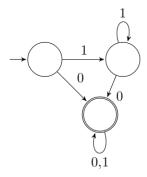
Which one of the following statements is FALSE?

- A.  $L_2$  is context-free.
- B.  $L_1 \cap L_2$  is context-free.
- C. Complement of  $\mathcal{L}_2$  is recursive.
- D. Complement of  $L_1$  is context-free but not regular.

Your Answer: D Correct Answer: D Correct Discuss

Q #33 Multiple Choice Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0.67 Theory of Computation

Consider the DFA  ${\cal A}$  given below.



Which of the following are FALSE?

- 1. Complement of L(A) is context-free.
- 2.  $L(A) = L((11^*0 + 0)(0 + 1)^*0^*1^*)$
- 3. For the language accepted by A, A is the minimal DFA.
- 4. A accepts all strings over  $\{0,1\}$  of length at least 2.

```
A. 1 and 3 only
   B. 2 and 4 only
   C. 2 and 3 only
   D. 3 and 4 only
 Your Answer:
              Correct Answer: D
                               Not Attempted
Q #34
         Multiple Choice Type
                             Award: 2
                                      Penalty: 0.67 Operating System
A shared variable x, initialized to zero, is operated on by four concurrent processes W, X, Y, Z as follows.
Each of the processes W and X reads x from memory, increments by one, stores it to memory, and then
terminates. Each of the processes Y and Z reads x from memory, decrements by two, stores it to memory,
and then terminates. Each process before reading x invokes the P operation (i.e., wait) on a counting
semaphore S and invokes the V operation (i.e., signal) on the semaphore S after storing x to memory.
Semaphore S is initialized to two. What is the maximum possible value of x after all processes complete
execution?
  A.-2
   B. - 1
   C. 1
   {\rm D.}\ 2
 Your Answer:
              Correct Answer: D | Not Attempted
Q #35
         Multiple Choice Type
                            Award: 2
                                      Penalty: 0.67
Consider the following relational schema.
   · Students(rollno: integer, sname: string)
   • Courses(courseno: integer, cname: string)
   · Registration(rollno: integer, courseno: integer, percent: real)
Which of the following queries are equivalent to this query in English?
```

Q #36

Multiple Choice Type

Award: 2

Penalty: 0.67

"Find the distinct names of all students who score more than 90% in the course numbered 107"

```
I. SELECT DISTINCT S.sname FROM Students as S, Registration
                                           R.rollno=S.rollno AND R.courseno=107 AND R.percent >90
        II. \prod_{sname} (\sigma_{courseno=107 \land percent>90}(Registration \bowtie Students))
     III. \{T \mid \exists S \in Students, \exists R \in Registration(S. rollno = R. roll
                     \land R.\ course no = 107 \land R.\ percent > 90 \land T.\ sname = S.\ sname) \}
     IV. \{\langle S_N \rangle \mid \exists S_R \exists R_P (\langle S_R, S_N \rangle \in Students \land A)\}
                    \langle S_R, 107, R_P \rangle \in Registration \land R_P > 90) \}
        A. I, II, III and IV
        B. I, II and III only
        C. I, II and IV only
        D. II, III and IV only
                                                                                                                                         Not Attempted
Your Answer:
                                                           Correct Answer: A
```

Computer Networks

Determine the maximum length of the cable (in km) for transmitting data at a rate of 500 Mbps in an Ethernet LAN with frames of size 10,000 bits. Assume the signal speed in the cable to be 2,00,000 km/s.

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C.2.5
- D. 5

Your Answer: Correct Answer: B Not Attempted Discuss

Q #37 Multiple Choice Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0.67 Computer Networks

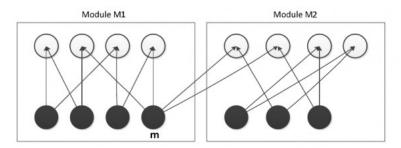
In an IPv4 datagram, the M bit is 0, the value of HLEN is 10, the value of total length is 400 and the fragment offset value is 300. The position of the datagram, the sequence numbers of the first and the last bytes of the payload, respectively are:

- A. Last fragment, 2400 and 2789
- B. First fragment, 2400 and 2759
- C. Last fragment, 2400 and 2759
- D. Middle fragment, 300 and 689

Your Answer: Correct Answer: C Not Attempted Discuss

Q #38 Multiple Choice Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0.67 IS&Software Engineering

The following figure represents access graphs of two modules M1 and M2. The filled circles represent methods and the unfilled circles represent attributes. If method m is moved to module M2 keeping the attributes where they are, what can we say about the average cohesion and coupling between modules in the system of two modules?



- (A) There is no change.
- (B) Average cohesion goes up but coupling is reduced.
- (C) Average cohesion goes down and coupling also reduces.
- (D) Average cohesion and coupling increase.

Your Answer: Correct Answer: A Not Attempted Discuss

Q #39 Multiple Choice Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0.67 Operating System

A certain computation generates two arrays a and b such that a[i] = f(i) for  $0 \le i < n$  and b[i] = g(a[i]) for  $0 \le i < n$ . Suppose this computation is decomposed into two concurrent processes X and Y such that X computes the array a and Y computes the array b. The processes employ two binary semaphores R and S, both initialized to zero. The array a is shared by the two processes. The structures of the processes are shown below.

Process X:

```
private i;
  for (i=0; i< n; i++) {
    a[i] = f(i);
    ExitX(R, S);
5. }</pre>
```

Process Y:

```
private i;
  for (i=0; i< n; i++) {
    EntryY(R, S);
    b[i] = g(a[i]);
5. }</pre>
```

Which one of the following represents the CORRECT implementations of ExitX and EntryY?

```
A. ExitX(R, S) {
   P(R);
   V(S);
}
EntryY(R, S) {
   P(S);
   V(R);
}
```

```
B. ExitX(R, S) {
    V(R);
    V(S);
}
EntryY(R, S) {
    P(R);
    P(S);
}
```

```
C. ExitX(R, S) {
   P(S);
   V(R);
}
EntryY(R, S) {
   V(S);
   P(R);
}
```

```
D. ExitX(R, S) {
   V(R);
   P(S);
}
EntryY(R, S) {
   V(S);
   P(R);
}
```

Your Answer: C Not Attempted Discuss

```
Q #40 Multiple Choice Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0.67 Compiler Design
```

Consider the following two sets of LR(1) items of an LR(1) grammar.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} X \rightarrow c. \, X, c \, / \, d \\ X \rightarrow . \, cX, c \, / \, d \\ X \rightarrow . \, cX, c \, / \, d \\ X \rightarrow . \, cX, \$ \\ X \rightarrow . \, d, c \, / \, d \end{array}$$

Which of the following statements related to merging of the two sets in the corresponding LALR parser is/are **FALSE**?

- 1. Cannot be merged since look aheads are different.
- 2. Can be merged but will result in S-R conflict.
- 3. Can be merged but will result in R-R conflict.
- 4. Cannot be merged since goto on  $\boldsymbol{c}$  will lead to two different sets.
- A. 1 only
- $\mathsf{B.}\ 2$  only
- $\mathsf{C.}\ 1$  and 4 only

 $\mathsf{D.}\ 1,\,2,\,3\ \mathsf{and}\ 4$ Your Answer: Correct Answer: D Not Attempted Multiple Choice Type Q #41 Penalty: 0.67 Theory of Computation Award: 2 Which of the following is/are undecidable? 1. G is a CFG. Is  $L(G) = \phi$ ? 2. G is a CFG. Is  $L(G) = \Sigma^*$ ? 3. M is a Turing machine. Is L(M) regular? 4. A is a DFA and N is an NFA. Is L(A) = L(N)? A.3 only  ${\rm B.}\ 3$  and 4 only C. 1, 2 and 3 only D. 2 and 3 only Your Answer: Correct Answer: D Not Attempted Discuss Q #42 Numerical Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0 Programming in C

What is the return value of f(p,p), if the value of p is initialized to 5 before the call? Note that the first parameter is passed by reference, whereas the second parameter is passed by value.

```
int f (int &x, int c) {
    c = c - 1;
    if (c==0) return 1;
    x = x + 1;
    return f(x,c) * x;
}
```

Your Answer: Correct Answer: 6561 Not Attempted Discuss

```
Q #43 Multiple Choice Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0.67 DS
```

The preorder traversal sequence of a binary search tree is 30, 20, 10, 15, 25, 23, 39, 35, 42. Which one of the following is the postorder traversal sequence of the same tree?

```
\begin{array}{l} {\rm A.\ 10, 20, 15, 23, 25, 35, 42, 39, 30} \\ {\rm B.\ 15, 10, 25, 23, 20, 42, 35, 39, 30} \\ {\rm C.\ 15, 20, 10, 23, 25, 42, 35, 39, 30} \\ {\rm D.\ 15, 10, 23, 25, 20, 35, 42, 39, 30} \end{array}
```

Your Answer: Correct Answer: D Not Attempted Q #44 Multiple Choice Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0.67 Consider the following operation along with Enqueue and Dequeue operations on queues, where k is a global parameter. MultiDequeue(Q){ m = kwhile (Q is not empty) and (m > 0) { Dequeue(Q) m = m - 1} What is the worst case time complexity of a sequence of n queue operations on an initially empty queue? A.  $\Theta(n)$ B.  $\Theta(n+k)$ C.  $\Theta(nk)$ D.  $\Theta(n^2)$ Your Answer: Correct Answer: A Not Attempted Discuss Q #45 Multiple Choice Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0.67 CO and Architecture Consider an instruction pipeline with five stages without any branch prediction: Fetch Instruction (FI), Decode Instruction (DI), Fetch Operand (FO), Execute Instruction (EI) and Write Operand (WO). The stage delays for FI, DI, FO, EI and WO are 5 ns, 7 ns, 10 ns, 8 ns and 6 ns, respectively. There are intermediate storage buffers after each stage and the delay of each buffer is  $1~\mathrm{ns}$ . A program consisting of 12 instructions  $I1, I2, I3, \ldots, I12$  is executed in this pipelined processor. Instruction I4 is the only branch instruction and its branch target is I9. If the branch is taken during the execution of this program, the time (in ns) needed to complete the program is A. 132 B. 165 C. 176 D. 328Your Answer: Correct Answer: B Not Attempted 0 #46 Multiple Choice Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0.67 Digital Logic A RAM chip has a capacity of 1024 words of 8 bits each (1K × 8). The number of 2 × 4 decoders with enable line needed to construct a 16K × 16 RAM from 1K × 8 RAM is (A) 4 (B) 5 (C) 6 (D) 7

Q #47 Multiple Choice Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0.67 Mathematical Logic

Not Attempted

Discuss

Correct Answer: B

Your Answer:

```
A. \forall x(\exists z(\neg\beta) \to \forall y(\alpha))

B. \forall x(\forall z(\beta) \to \exists y(\neg\alpha))

C. \forall x(\forall y(\alpha) \to \exists z(\neg\beta))

D. \forall x(\exists y(\neg\alpha) \to \exists z(\neg\beta))
```

```
Q #48 Multiple Choice Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0.67 Compiler Design
```

The following code segment is executed on a processor which allows only register operands in its instructions. Each instruction can have atmost two source operands and one destination operand. Assume that all variables are dead after this code segment.

```
c = a + b;
d = c * a;
e = c + a;
x = c * c;
if (x > a) {
y = a * a;
}
else {
d = d * d;
e = e * e;
}
```

Q.48 Suppose the instruction set architecture of the processor has only two registers. The only allowed compiler optimization is code motion, which moves statements from one place to another while preserving correctness. What is the minimum number of spills to memory in the compiled code?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3

```
Your Answer: Correct Answer: B Not Attempted Discuss
```

```
Q #49 Multiple Choice Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0.67 Compiler Design
```

The following code segment is executed on a processor which allows only register operands in its instructions. Each instruction can have atmost two source operands and one destination operand. Assume that all variables are dead after this code segment.

```
c = a + b;
d = c * a;
e = c + a;
x = c * c;
if (x > a) {
  y = a * a;
}
else {
  d = d * d;
  e = e * e;
}
```

What is the minimum number of registers needed in the instruction set architecture of the processor to compile this code segment without any spill to memory? Do not apply any optimization other than optimizing register allocation.

- A. 3
- B. 4

```
Q #50 Multiple Choice Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0.67 DS
```

The procedure given below is required to find and replace certain characters inside an input character string supplied in array A. The characters to be replaced are supplied in array oldc, while their respective replacement characters are supplied in array newc. Array A has a fixed length of five characters, while arrays oldc and newc contain three characters each. However, the procedure is flawed.

The procedure is tested with the following four test cases.

```
1. oldc = "abc", newc = "dab"
2. oldc = "cde", newc = "bcd"
3. oldc = "bca", newc = "cda"
4. oldc = "abc", newc = "bac"
```

The tester now tests the program on all input strings of length five consisting of characters 'a', 'b', 'c', 'd' and 'e' with duplicates allowed. If the tester carries out this testing with the four test cases given above, how many test cases will be able to capture the flaw?

- A. Only one
- B. Only two
- C. Only three
- D. All four

Your Answer: Correct Answer: B Not Attempted Discuss

```
Q #51 Multiple Choice Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0.67 DS
```

The procedure given below is required to find and replace certain characters inside an input character string supplied in array A. The characters to be replaced are supplied in array oldc, while their respective replacement characters are supplied in array newc. Array A has a fixed length of five characters, while arrays oldc and newc contain three characters each. However, the procedure is flawed.

The procedure is tested with the following four test cases.

```
1. oldc = "abc", newc = "dab"
2. oldc = "cde", newc = "bcd"
3. oldc = "bca", newc = "cda"
4. oldc = "abc", newc = "bac"
```

If array A is made to hold the string "abcde", which of the above four test cases will be successful in exposing the flaw in this procedure?

- A. None
- B. 2 only
- C. 3 and 4 only

Multiple Choice Type

D. 4 only

Q #52

Your Answer: C Not Attempted Discuss

Operating System

A computer uses 46-bit virtual address, 32-bit physical address, and a three-level paged page table organization. The page table base register stores the base address of the first-level table (T1), which occupies exactly one page. Each entry of T1 stores the base address of a page of the second-level table (T2). Each entry of T2 stores the base address of a page of the third-level table (T3). Each entry of T3 stores a page table entry (PTE). The PTE is 32 bits in size. The processor used in the computer has a  $1 \ MB \ 16$  way set associative virtually indexed physically tagged cache. The cache block size is 64 bytes.

What is the size of a page in KB in this computer?

Award: 2

Penalty: 0.67

- A. 2
- B. 4
- $\mathsf{C.}\ 8$
- D. 16

Your Answer: C Not Attempted Discuss

Q #53 Multiple Choice Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0.67 Operating System

A computer uses 46-bit virtual address, 32-bit physical address, and a three-level paged page table organization. The page table base register stores the base address of the first-level table (T1), which occupies exactly one page. Each entry of T1 stores the base address of a page of the second-level table (T2). Each entry of T2 stores the base address of a page of the third-level table (T3). Each entry of T3 stores a page table entry (PTE). The PTE is 32 bits in size. The processor used in the computer has a 1 MB 16 way set associative virtually indexed physically tagged cache. The cache block size is 64 bytes.

What is the minimum number of page colours needed to guarantee that no two synonyms map to different sets in the processor cache of this computer?

- A. 2
- B. 4
- C. 8
- ${\rm D.}\ 16$

Your Answer: C Not Attempted Discuss

Q #54 Multiple Choice Type Award: 2 Penalty: 0.67 Databases

Relation R has eight attributes ABCDEFGH. Fields of R contain only atomic values. F=

 $\{CH \rightarrow G, A \rightarrow BC, B \rightarrow CFH, E \rightarrow A, F \rightarrow EG\}$  is a set of functional dependencies (FDs) so that  $F^+$  is exactly the set of FDs that hold for R.

A. 3 B. 4 C. 5 D. 6 Correct Answer: B Not Attempted Discuss Your Answer: Q #55 Award: 2 Penalty: 0.67 Multiple Choice Type Databases Relation R has eight attributes ABCDEFGH. Fields of R contain only atomic values.  $F = \{ \mathrm{CH} o \mathrm{G}, \, \mathrm{A} o \mathrm{BC}, \, \mathrm{B} o \mathrm{CFH}, \, \mathrm{E} o \mathrm{A}, \, \mathrm{F} o \mathrm{EG} \}$  is a set of functional dependencies (FDs)so that  $F^+$  is exactly the set of FDs that hold for R. The relation  ${\cal R}$  is A. in 1NF, but not in 2NF. B. in 2NF, but not in 3NF. C. in 3NF, but not in BCNF. D. in  $\operatorname{BCNF}$ . Your Answer: Correct Answer: A Not Attempted Discuss

How many candidate keys does the relation R have?

Copyright & Stuff