Program 3: Kakuro puzzles are similar to crosswords, but use digits (from 1 to 9) instead of letters.

Rules:

- All empty cells need to be filled in with digits, in such a way that all the given sums are respected.
- You are not allowed to use the same digit more than once to obtain a given sum.

Notation:

- 'X': represents a cell that you don't need to fill.
- Empty cell: represents a cell that you need to fill with a digit (1 9).
- Cell with digit: the given digit is part of the solution, don't change it.
- Cell with backslash: the required sum of the corresponding cells.
- X\: the vertical sum X of the cells downwards,
- \X : the horizontal sum X of the cells to the right,
- X\Y: the vertical sum X of the cells downwards, and the horizontal sum Y of the cells to the right.

Each Kakuro puzzle has an unique solution. Good luck!

Example 1:

For the horizontal sum to be 3 in the second row, we have 2 options: (2, 1) and (1, 2). For the vertical sum to be 11 in the second column, we have 8 options: (9, 2), (2, 9), (8, 3), (3, 8), (7, 4), (4, 7), (6, 5) or (5, 6).

If we combine those options we find that the value in the bottom right cell has to be 2.

Since 2 is now fixed, we can deduce the value of its neighbors : 11 - 2 = 9, and 3 - 2 = 1.

Finally we can deduce the last value in the same way : 9 - 1 = 8, or 17 - 9 = 8.

So the solution is:

Example 2:

$$\frac{\text{height}}{\text{height}} = 5$$
, $\frac{\text{width}}{\text{width}} = 5$

In this kakuro grid we have a given digit, **8**, which means it's part of the solution and we can use it to solve the puzzle.

Substracting 8 from the vertical sum 17, we get 9 as the cell value beneath it. Substracting 8 from the horizontal sum 9, we get 1 as the cell value to the right.

Now by combining our options in each cell like we did in example 1, and using some guess work, we find that the solution is :

You can find here more information: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kakuro

Program Specification:

You program is to take an input file, kakuroInput.txt, that contains an initial Kakuro problem and produce the appropriate solution. Your solution will not use a rationalized or brute force solution but must use a backtracking solution. You must perform pruning to complete the program. Your problem space will be no larger than 10 by 10 and no smaller than 3 by 3. Zero "0" will be used to show blank spaces in the original board and "X" will be used to show spaces that do not need to be filled. Clues will always contain a "\". Values placed in the input problem may not be changed. The solution will contain only 1-9 in value locations. The driver program must be called KakuroSolver.java.

Example 1

Input Specification: File kakuroInput.txt

3 3 X,9\,11\ \17,0,0 \3,0,0

Output Specification:

X,9\,11\\17,8,9\\3,1,2

Example 2

Input Specification: File kakuroInput.txt

5 5 X,17\,6\,X,X \9,8,0,24\,X \20,0,0,0,4\ X,\14,0,0,0 X,X,\8,0,0

Output Specification:

X,17\,6\,X,X \9,8,1,24\,X \20,9,3,8,4\ X,\14,2,9,3 X,X,\8,7,1

Example 3

Input Specification: File kakuroInput.txt

9 8
X,17\,13\,X,X,X,X,X,X
\9,0,0,32\,X,27\,10\,X
\15,0,0,0,\9,2,0,X
X,\16,0,0,14\4,0,0,X
X,X,\12,0,0,0,X,X
X,X,11\24,0,0,0,8\,X
X,\6,0,0,\5,0,0,13\
X,\17,0,0,\16,0,0,0
X,X,X,X,X,X,X,\12,0,0

Output Specification:

X,17\,13\,x,x,x,x,x,x \9,8,1,32\,x,27\,10\,x \15,9,5,1,\9,2,7,x x,\16,7,9,14\4,1,3,x x,x,\12,3,5,4,x,x x,x,11\24,7,9,8,8\,x x,\6,2,4,\5,3,2,13\ x,\17,9,8,\16,9,1,6 x,x,x,x,x,x,\12,5,7

Due Date: 4/13/2024