

DOT/FAA/AR-MMPDS-01

Office of Aviation Research
Washington, D.C. 20591

Metallic Materials Properties Development and Standardization (MMPDS)

January 2003

Scientific Report

This document is available to the U.S. public
through the National Technical Information
Service, Springfield (NTIS), Virginia 22161.



U.S. Department of Transportation
Federal Aviation Administration

1. Report No. DOT/FAA/AR-MMPDS-01		2. Government Accession No.		3. Recipient's Catalog No.	
4. Title and Subtitle METALLIC MATERIALS PROPERTIES DEVELOPMENT AND STANDARDIZATION (MMPDS)				5. Report Date January 2003	
				6. Performing Organization Code	
7. Author(s) Richard C. Rice ¹ , Jana L. Jackson ¹ , John Bakuckas ² , and Steven Thompson ³				8. Performing Organization Report No.	
9. Performing Organization Name and Address ¹ Battelle Memorial Laboratories 505 King Avenue Columbus, OH 43201 ² FAA William J. Hughes Technical Center Materials and Structures Branch, AAR-450 Atlantic City International Airport, NJ 08405 ³ U. S. Air Force Research Laboratory Materials and Manufacturing Directorate Wright Patterson Air Force Base, OH 45433				10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)	
				11. Contract or Grant No. F33615-97-C-5647	
12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Address U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Aviation Administration Office of Aviation Research Washington, DC 20591				13. Type of Report and Period Covered Scientific Report January 1, 2002 – December 31, 2002	
				14. Sponsoring Agency Code	
15. Supplementary Notes					
16. Abstract <p>The Metallic Material Properties Development and Standardization (MMPDS) Handbook is the replacement document for MIL-HDBK-5. It is recognized internationally as a reliable source of aircraft materials data for aerospace materials selection and analysis. Consistent and reliable methods are used to collect, analyze, and present statistically based material and fastener allowable properties. The Handbook is the only publicly available source in the U.S. for material allowables that the Federal Aviation Administration generally accepts for compliance with Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR) for material strength properties and design values for aircraft certification and continued airworthiness. Moreover, it is the only publicly available source worldwide for fastener joint allowables that comply with the FARs.</p> <p>This edition, MMPDS-01, incorporates the additions and changes to aircraft metallic material design properties and analysis guidelines approved at the 1st and 2nd MMPDS government/industry coordination meetings.</p> <p>This year, 2003, marks the first year of publication of the MMPDS Handbook and the final year of publication of MIL-HDBK-5. For this year only, MMPDS-01 and MIL-HDBK-5J will be technically equivalent. In the spring of 2004, when the 1st Change Notice of MMPDS-01 is published, MIL-HDBK-5 will be designated noncurrent and MMPDS will become the only government-recognized source in the U.S. of published design allowable properties for metallic commercial and military aircraft structures and mechanically fastened joints. In this way, the 65-year legacy of MIL-HDBK-5, and its predecessor ANC-5, will be maintained.</p>					
17. Key Words Metallic materials, Design allowables, Mechanical fasteners, Aircraft design, Government/industry coordination			18. Distribution Statement This document is available to the public through the National Technical Information Service (NTIS), Springfield, Virginia 22161.		
19. Security Classif. (of this report) Unclassified		20. Security Classif. (of this page) Unclassified		21. No. of Pages 1632	
22. Price					

FOREWORD

This handbook is approved for use by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and all Departments and Agencies of the Department of Defense. MMPDS-01 is equivalent to MIL-HDBK-5J, the last edition of the Metallic Materials and Elements for Aerospace Vehicle Structures Handbook that was maintained by the U.S. Air Force. The FAA plans to publish annual updates and revisions to the MMPDS. MIL-HDBK-5J is scheduled to be reclassified as noncurrent in the Spring of 2004.

Beneficial comments (recommendations, additions, deletions) and any pertinent data that may be of use in improving this document should be addressed to: Chairman, MMPDS Coordination Activity (609-485-4784 voice or 609-485-4004 fax), AAR-450, Materials and Structures Branch, FAA William J. Hughes Technical Center, Atlantic City International Airport, Atlantic City, NJ 08405.

This document contains design information on the strength properties of metallic materials and elements for aerospace vehicle structures. All information and data contained in this Handbook have been coordinated with the FAA, the Air Force, the Army, the Navy, and industry prior to publication and are being maintained as a joint effort of the FAA and the Department of Defense.

The electronic copy of the Handbook is technically consistent with the paper copy Handbook; however, minor differences exist in format, i.e., table or figure position. Depending on monitor size and resolution setting, more data may be viewed without on-screen magnification. The figures were converted to electronic format using one of several methods. For example, digitization or recomputation methods were used on most of the engineering figures like typical stress-strain and effect of temperature, etc. Scanning was used to capture informational figures such as those found in Chapters 1 and 9. These electronic figures were also used to generate the paper copy figures to maintain equivalency between the paper copy and electronic copy. In all cases, the electronic figures have been compared to the paper copy figures to ensure the electronic figure was technically equivalent. Appendix E provides a detailed list of all the figures in the Handbook, along with a description of each figure's format.

Custodians:

FAA
Army—AV
Navy—AS
Air Force—11

Preparing activity:

FAA William J. Hughes Technical Center

(Project No. 1560-0187)

Review activities:

FAA William J. Hughes Technical Center
Army—ME, MI
Navy—CG
Air Force—80, 82, 84, 99

EXPLANATION OF NUMERICAL CODE

For chapters containing materials properties, a deci-numeric system is used to identify sections of text, tables, and illustrations. This system is explained in the examples shown below. Variations of this deci-numerical system are also used in Chapters 1, 8, and 9.

Example A

2.4.2.1.1

General material category (in this case, steel) .....	|	|	|
A logical breakdown of the base material by family characteristics (in this case, intermediate alloy steels); or for element properties .....	|	|	|
Particular alloy to which all data are pertinent. If zero, section contains comments on the family characteristics .....	|	|	|
If zero, section contains comments specific to the alloy; if it is an integer, the number identifies a specific temper or condition (heat treatment) .....	|	|	|
Type of graphical data presented on a given figure (see following description) .....	|	|	|

Example B

3.2.3.1.X

Aluminum .....	|	|	|
2000 Series Wrought Alloy .....	|	|	|
2024 Alloy .....	|	|	|
T3, T351, T3510, T3511, T4, and T42 Tempers .....	|	|	|
Specific Property as Follows .....	|	|	|
Tensile properties (ultimate and yield strength)			1
Compressive yield and shear ultimate strengths			2
Bearing properties (ultimate and yield strength)			3
Modulus of elasticity, shear modulus			4
Elongation, total strain at failure, and reduction of area			5
Stress-strain curves, tangent-modulus curves			6
Creep			7
Fatigue			8
Fatigue-Crack Propagation			9
Fracture Toughness			10

CONTENTS

<u>Section</u>	<u>Page</u>
Chapter 1	
1.0 General	1-1
1.1 Purpose and Use of Document	1-1
1.1.1 Introduction	1-1
1.1.2 Scope of Handbook	1-1
1.2 Nomenclature	1-3
1.2.1 Symbols and Definitions	1-3
1.2.2 International Systems of Units (SI)	1-3
1.3 Commonly Used Formulas	1-4
1.3.1 General	1-4
1.3.2 Simple Unit Stresses	1-4
1.3.3 Combined Stresses (see Section 1.5.3.5)	1-4
1.3.4 Deflections (Axial)	1-4
1.3.5 Deflections (Bending)	1-4
1.3.6 Deflections (Torsion)	1-5
1.3.7 Biaxial Elastic Deformation	1-5
1.3.8 Basic Column Formula	1-5
1.3.9 Inelastic Stress-Strain Response	1-6
1.4 Basic Principles	1-7
1.4.1 General	1-7
1.4.2 Stress	1-8
1.4.3 Strain	1-8
1.4.4 Tensile Properties	1-9
1.4.5 Compressive Properties	1-11
1.4.6 Shear Properties	1-11
1.4.7 Bearing Properties	1-12
1.4.8 Temperature Effects	1-13
1.4.9 Fatigue Properties	1-14
1.4.10 Metallurgical Instability	1-17
1.4.11 Biaxial Properties	1-17
1.4.12 Fracture Toughness	1-19
1.4.13 Fatigue-Crack-Propagation	1-24
1.5 Types of Failures	1-28
1.5.1 General	1-28
1.5.2 Material Failures	1-28
1.5.3 Instability Failures	1-29
1.6 Columns	1-30
1.6.1 General	1-30
1.6.2 Primary Instability Failures	1-30
1.6.3 Local Instability Failure	1-30
1.6.4 Correction of Column Test Results	1-31
1.7 Thin-Walled and Stiffened Thin-Walled Sections	1-40

NOTE: Information and data for alloys deleted from MMPDS may be obtained through the Chairman, MMPDS Coordination Activity.

CONTENTS (Continued)

<u>Section</u>	<u>Page</u>
References	1-41
Chapter 2	
2.0 Steel	2-1
2.1 General	2-1
2.1.1 Alloy Index	2-1
2.1.2 Material Properties	2-2
2.1.3 Environmental Considerations	2-5
2.2 Carbon Steels	2-6
2.2.0 Comments on Carbon Steels	2-6
2.2.1 AISI 1025	2-7
2.3 Low-Alloy Steels (AISI Grades and Proprietary Grades)	2-10
2.3.0 Comments on Low-Alloy Steels (AISI and Proprietary Grades)	2-10
2.3.1 Specific Alloys	2-15
2.4 Intermediate Alloy Steels	2-66
2.4.0 Comments on Intermediate Alloy Steels	2-66
2.4.1 5Cr-Mo-V	2-66
2.4.2 9Ni-4Co-0.20C	2-74
2.4.3 9Ni-4Co-0.30C	2-79
2.5 High-Alloy Steels	2-91
2.5.0 Comments on High-Alloy Steels	2-91
2.5.1 18 Ni Maraging Steels	2-93
2.5.2 AF1410	2-104
2.5.3 AerMet 100	2-107
2.6 Precipitation and Transformation-Hardening Steels (Stainless)	2-115
2.6.0 Comments on Precipitation and Transformation-Hardening Steels (Stainless)	2-115
2.6.1 AM-350	2-115
2.6.2 AM-355	2-122
2.6.3 Custom 450	2-128
2.6.4 Custom 455	2-140
2.6.5 Custom 465	2-151
2.6.6 PH13-8Mo	2-157
2.6.7 15-5PH	2-167
2.6.8 PH15-7Mo	2-183
2.6.9 17-4PH	2-195
2.6.10 17-7PH	2-213
2.7 Austenitic Stainless Steels	2-220
2.7.0 Comments on Austenitic Stainless Steel	2-220
2.7.1 AISI 301 and Related 300 Series Stainless Steels	2-222
2.8 Element Properties	2-237
2.8.1 Beams	2-237
2.8.2 Columns	2-237
2.8.3 Torsion	2-240
References	2-246

NOTE: Information and data for alloys deleted from MMPDS may be obtained through the Chairman, MMPDS Coordination Activity.

CONTENTS (Continued)

<u>Section</u>	<u>Page</u>
Chapter 3	
3.0 Aluminum	3-1
3.1 General	3-1
3.1.1 Aluminum Alloy Index	3-2
3.1.2 Material Properties	3-2
3.1.3 Manufacturing Considerations	3-18
3.2 2000 Series Wrought Alloys	3-26
3.2.1 2014 Alloy	3-26
3.2.2 2017 Alloy	3-65
3.2.3 2024 Alloy	3-68
3.2.4 2025 Alloy	3-150
3.2.5 2026 Alloy	3-152
3.2.6 2090 Alloy	3-154
3.2.7 2124 Alloy	3-157
3.2.8 2219 Alloy	3-166
3.2.9 2297 Alloy	3-195
3.2.10 2424 Alloy	3-199
3.2.11 2519 Alloy	3-202
3.2.12 2524 Alloy	3-205
3.2.13 2618 Alloy	3-209
3.3 3000 Series Wrought Alloys	3-218
3.4 4000 Series Wrought Alloys	3-218
3.5 5000 Series Wrought Alloys	3-218
3.5.1 5052 Alloy	3-218
3.5.2 5083 Alloy	3-231
3.5.3 5086 Alloy	3-237
3.5.4 5454 Alloy	3-247
3.5.5 5456 Alloy	3-252
3.6 6000 Series Wrought Alloys	3-258
3.6.1 6013 Alloy	3-258
3.6.2 6061 Alloy	3-262
3.6.3 6151 Alloy	3-290
3.7 7000 Series Wrought Alloys	3-293
3.7.1 7010 Alloy	3-293
3.7.2 7040 Alloy	3-302
3.7.3 7049/7149 Alloy	3-305
3.7.4 7050 Alloy	3-322
3.7.5 7055 Alloy	3-363
3.7.6 7075 Alloy	3-368
3.7.7 7150 Alloy	3-427
3.7.8 7175 Alloy	3-439
3.7.9 7249 Alloy	3-454
3.7.10 7475 Alloy	3-458
3.8 200.0 Series Cast Alloys	3-486
3.8.1 A201.0 Alloy	3-486

NOTE: Information and data for alloys deleted from MMPDS may be obtained through the Chairman, MMPDS Coordination Activity.

CONTENTS (Continued)

<u>Section</u>	<u>Page</u>
3.9 300.0 Series Cast Alloys	3-496
3.9.1 354.0 Alloy	3-496
3.9.2 355.0 Alloy	3-498
3.9.3 C355.0 Alloy	3-501
3.9.4 356.0 Alloy	3-503
3.9.5 A356.0 Alloy	3-506
3.9.6 A357.0 Alloy	3-510
3.9.7 D357.0 Alloy	3-513
3.9.8 359.0 Alloy	3-516
3.10 Element Properties	3-518
3.10.1 Beams	3-518
3.10.2 Columns	3-519
3.10.3 Torsion	3-521
References	3-525

Chapter 4

4.0 Magnesium Alloys	4-1
4.1 General	4-1
4.1.1 Alloy Index	4-1
4.1.2 Material Properties	4-1
4.1.3 Physical Properties	4-2
4.1.4 Environmental Considerations	4-2
4.1.5 Alloy and Temper Designations	4-3
4.1.6 Joining Methods	4-5
4.2 Magnesium-Wrought Alloys	4-6
4.2.1 AZ31B	4-6
4.2.2 AZ61A	4-17
4.2.3 ZK60A	4-19
4.3 Magnesium Cast Alloys	4-27
4.3.1 AM100A	4-27
4.3.2 AZ91C/AZ91E	4-29
4.3.3 AZ92A	4-33
4.3.4 EZ33A	4-39
4.3.5 QE22A	4-44
4.3.6 ZE41A	4-48
4.4 Element Properties	4-53
4.4.1 Beams	4-53
4.4.2 Columns	4-53
4.4.3 Torsion	4-56
References	4-57

Chapter 5

5.0 Titanium	5-1
5.1 General	5-1
5.1.1 Titanium Index	5-1

NOTE: Information and data for alloys deleted from MMPDS may be obtained through the Chairman, MMPDS Coordination Activity.

CONTENTS (Continued)

<u>Section</u>	<u>Page</u>
5.1.2 Material Properties	5-1
5.1.3 Manufacturing Considerations	5-2
5.1.4 Environmental Considerations	5-2
5.2 Unalloyed Titanium	5-5
5.2.1 Commercially Pure Titanium	5-5
5.3 Alpha and Near-Alpha Titanium Alloys	5-15
5.3.1 Ti-5Al-2.5Sn	5-15
5.3.2 Ti-8Al-1Mo-1V	5-27
5.3.3 Ti-6Al-2Sn-4Zr-2Mo	5-43
5.4 Alpha-Beta Titanium Alloys	5-51
5.4.1 Ti-6Al-4V	5-51
5.4.2 Ti-6Al-6V-2Sn	5-92
5.4.3 Ti-4.5Al-3V-2Fe-2Mo	5-110
5.5 Beta, Near-Beta, and Metastable-Beta Titanium Alloys	5-118
5.5.1 Ti-13V-11Cr-3Al	5-118
5.5.2 Ti-15V-3Cr-3Sn-3Al (Ti-15-3)	5-135
5.5.3 Ti-10V-2Fe-3Al (Ti-10-2-3)	5-139
5.6 Element Properties	5-144
5.6.1 Beams	5-144
References	5-145
 Chapter 6	
6.0 Heat-Resistant Alloys	6-1
6.1 General	6-1
6.1.1 Material Properties	6-3
6.2 Iron-Chromium-Nickel-Base Alloys	6-4
6.2.0 General Comments	6-4
6.2.1 A-286	6-4
6.2.2 N-155	6-15
6.3 Nickel-Base Alloys	6-19
6.3.0 General Comments	6-19
6.3.1 Hastelloy X	6-21
6.3.2 Inconel 600	6-27
6.3.3 Inconel 625	6-34
6.3.4 Inconel 706	6-45
6.3.5 Inconel 718	6-51
6.3.6 Inconel X-750	6-77
6.3.7 Rene 41	6-83
6.3.8 Waspaloy	6-90
6.3.9 HAYNES® 230®	6-96
6.4 Cobalt-Base Alloys	6-116
6.4.0 General Comments	6-116
6.4.1 L-605	6-117
6.4.2 HS 188	6-124
References	6-140

NOTE: Information and data for alloys deleted from MMPDS may be obtained through the Chairman, MMPDS Coordination Activity.

CONTENTS (Continued)

<u>Section</u>	<u>Page</u>
Chapter 7	
7.0 Miscellaneous Alloys and Hybrid Materials	7-1
7.1 General	7-1
7.2 Beryllium	7-1
7.2.1 Standard Grade Beryllium	7-1
7.3 Copper and Copper Alloys	7-8
7.3.0 General	7-8
7.3.1 Maganese Bronzes	7-9
7.3.2 Copper Beryllium	7-12
7.4 Multiphase Alloys	7-21
7.4.0 General	7-21
7.4.1 MP35N Alloy	7-21
7.4.2 MP159 Alloy	7-27
7.5 Aluminum Alloy Sheet Laminates	7-32
7.5.0 General	7-32
7.5.1 2024-T3 Aramid Fiber Reinforced Sheet Laminate	7-32
References	7-50
Chapter 8	
8.0 Structural Joints	8-1
8.1 Mechanically Fastened Joints	8-2
8.1.1 Introduction and Fastener Indexes	8-2
8.1.2 Solid Rivets	8-11
8.1.3 Blind Fasteners	8-37
8.1.4 Swaged Collar/Upset-Pin Fasteners	8-110
8.1.5 Threaded Fasteners	8-125
8.1.6 Special Fasteners	8-147
8.2 Metallurgical Joints	8-150
8.2.1 Introduction and Definitions	8-150
8.2.2 Welded Joints	8-150
8.2.3 Brazing	8-172
8.3 Bearings, Pulleys, and Wire Rope	8-172
References	8-173
Chapter 9	
9.0 Index	9-1
9.1 General	9-5
9.1.1 Introduction	9-5
9.1.2 Applicability	9-5
9.1.3 Approval Procedures	9-5
9.1.4 Documentation Requirements	9-5
9.1.5 Summary	9-6
9.1.6 Data Basis	9-8
9.1.7 Rounding Procedures	9-10
9.2 Material, Specification, Testing, and Data Requirements	9-11

NOTE: Information and data for alloys deleted from MMPDS may be obtained through the Chairman, MMPDS Coordination Activity.

CONTENTS (Continued)

<u>Section</u>	<u>Page</u>
9.2.1 Material Requirements	9-11
9.2.2 Specification Requirements	9-11
9.2.3 Required Test Methods/Procedures	9-11
9.2.4 Data Requirements	9-24
9.2.5 Experimental Design	9-40
9.3 Submission of Data	9-50
9.3.1 Recommended Procedures	9-50
9.3.2 Computer Software	9-50
9.3.3 General Data Formats	9-50
9.4 Substantiation of S-Basis Minimum Properties	9-59
9.5 Analysis Procedures for Statistically Computed Minimum Static Properties	9-60
9.5.1 Specifying the Population	9-60
9.5.2 Regression Analysis	9-64
9.5.3 Combinability of Data	9-77
9.5.4 Determining the Form of Distribution	9-82
9.5.5 Direct Computation Without Regression	9-94
9.5.6 Direct Computation by Regression Analysis	9-104
9.5.7 Indirect Computation without Regression (Reduced Ratios/Derived Properties)	9-106
9.5.8 Indirect Computation using Regression	9-109
9.6 Analysis Procedures for Dynamic and Time Dependent Properties	9-110
9.6.1 Load and Strain Control Fatigue Data	9-110
9.6.2 Fatigue Crack Growth Data	9-130
9.6.3 Fracture Toughness Data	9-133
9.6.4 Creep and Creep-Rupture Data	9-135
9.7 Analysis Procedures for Structural Joint Properties	9-142
9.7.1 Mechanically Fastened Joints	9-142
9.7.2 Fusion-Welded Joint Data	9-158
9.8 Examples of Data Analysis and Data Presentation for Static Properties	9-162
9.8.1 Direct Analyses of Mechanical Properties	9-162
9.8.2 Indirect Analyses of Mechanical Properties	9-175
9.8.3 Tabular Data Presentation	9-179
9.8.4 Room Temperature Graphical Mechanical Properties	9-184
9.8.5 Elevated Temperature Graphical Mechanical Properties	9-202
9.9 Examples of Data for Dynamic and Time Dependent Properties	9-212
9.9.1 Fatigue	9-212
9.9.2 Fatigue Crack Growth	9-228
9.9.3 Fracture Toughness	9-230
9.9.4 Creep and Creep Rupture	9-234
9.9.5 Mechanically Fastened Joints	9-240
9.9.6 Fusion-Welded Joints	9-244
9.10 Statistical Tables	9-247
9.10.1 One-Sided Tolerance Limit Factors, K , for the Normal Distribution, 0.95 Confidence, and $n-1$ Degrees of Freedom	9-248
9.10.2 0.950 Fractiles of the F Distribution Associated with n_1 and n_2 Degrees of Freedom	9-250

NOTE: Information and data for alloys deleted from MMPDS may be obtained through the Chairman, MMPDS Coordination Activity.

CONTENTS (Continued)

<u>Section</u>	<u>Page</u>
9.10.3 0.950 Fractiles of the F Distribution Associated with n_1 and n_2 Degrees of Freedom	9-251
9.10.4 0.95 and 0.975 Fractiles of the t Distribution Associated with df Degrees of Freedom	9-252
9.10.5 Area Under the Normal Curve from $-\infty$ to the Mean $+Z_p$ Standard Deviations	9-253
9.10.6 One-Sided Tolerance-Limit Factors for the Three-Parameter Weibull Acceptability Test with 95 Percent Confidence	9-254
9.10.7 One-Sided Tolerance Factors for the Three-Parameter Weibull Distribution With 95 Percent Confidence	9-255
9.10.8 γ -values for Computing Threshold of Three-Parameter Weibull Distribution	9-261
9.10.9 Ranks, r , of Observations, n , for an Unknown Distribution Having the Probability and Confidence of T99 and T90 Values	9-264
Standards and References	9-266
 Appendices	
A.0 Glossary	A-1
A.1 Abbreviations	A-1
A.2 Symbols	A-5
A.3 Definitions	A-6
A.4 Conversion of U.S. Units of Measure Used in MMPDS to SI Units	A-17
B.0 Alloy Index	B-1
C.0 Specification Index	C-1
D.0 Subject Index	D-1
E.0 Figure Index	E-1

NOTE: Information and data for alloys deleted from MMPDS may be obtained through the Chairman, MMPDS Coordination Activity.

CHAPTER 8

STRUCTURAL JOINTS

This chapter, while comprising three major sections, primarily is concerned with joint allowables. Section 8.1 is concerned with mechanically fastened joints; Section 8.2, with metallurgical joints (various welding and brazing processes). Section 8.3 contains information for structural component data; it is concerned with bearings, pulleys, and cables.

With particular reference to Section 8.1, the introductory section (8.1.1) contains fastener indexes that can be used as a quick reference to locate a specific table of joint allowables. Following this introductory section are five sections comprising the five major fastener categories, as shown in Table 8.0.1.

Table 8.0.1. Structural Joints Index (Fastener Type)

Section	Fastener Type
8.1.2	Solid Rivets
8.1.2.1	Protruding head
8.1.2.2	Flush head
8.1.3	Blind fasteners
8.1.3.1	Protruding head
8.1.3.2	Flush head
8.1.4	Swaged collar fasteners
8.1.4.1	Protruding head
8.1.4.2	Flush head
8.1.5	Threaded fasteners
8.1.5.1	Protruding head
8.1.5.2	Flush head
8.1.6	Special fasteners
8.1.6.1	Fastener sleeves

In each of the five major sections, there are subsections that describe the factors to be considered in determining the strength of fasteners and joints. After each major section, pertinent tables are presented.

Similarly, Section 8.2 has an introductory section (8.2.1), followed by two major sections comprising different metallurgical joints as shown in Table 8.0.2.

Table 8.0.2. Structural Joints Index (Joining Methods)

Section	Joining Methods
8.2.2	Welded joints
8.2.2.1	Fusion
8.2.2.2	Flush and pressure
8.2.2.3	Spot and seam
8.2.3	Brazing
8.2.3.1	Copper
8.2.3.2	Silver

Following each 4-digit section, applicable tables and figures for the particular section are presented.

8.1 MECHANICALLY FASTENED JOINTS

To determine the strength of mechanically fastened joints, it is necessary to know the strength of the individual fasteners (both by itself, and when installed in various thicknesses of the various materials). In most cases, failures in such joints occur by tensile failure of the fasteners, shearing of the fasteners and by bearing and/or tearing of the sheet or plate.

8.1.1 INTRODUCTION AND FASTENER INDEXES — Five categories of mechanical fasteners are presently contained in this Handbook, generically defined as follows:

Solid Rivets — Solid rivets are defined as one piece fasteners installed by mechanically upsetting one end.

Blind Fasteners — Blind fasteners are usually multiple piece devices that can be installed in a joint which is accessible from one side only. When a blind fastener is being installed, a self-contained mechanical, chemical, or other feature forms an upset on its inaccessible or blind side. These fasteners must be destroyed to be removed. This fastener category includes such fasteners as blind rivets, blind bolts, etc.

Swaged Collar Fasteners — Swaged collar fasteners are multiple piece fasteners, usually consisting of a solid pin and a malleable collar which is swaged or formed onto the pin to clamp the joint. This fastener usually is permanently installed. This fastener class includes such fasteners as “Hi-Shear” rivets, “Lockbolts”, and “Cherrybucks”.

Threaded Fasteners — Fasteners in this category are considered to be any threaded part (or parts) that after assembly in a joint can be easily removed without damage to the fastener or to the material being joined. This classification includes bolts, screws, and a wide assortment of proprietary fasteners.

Special Fasteners — As the name implies, this category of fastener is less commonly used in primary aircraft structure than the four categories listed above. Examples of such fastening systems are sleeves, inserts, panel fasteners, etc.

In the following 3-digit sections, descriptive information is presented relative to the establishment of design allowables in joints containing these four categories of fasteners. Following each such section are the various tables of joint allowables or associated information for computing joint allowables as described.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Tables 8.1.1(a) through (e) are fastener indexes that list the joint allowables tables for each fastener category. These indexes are provided to make it easier to locate the allowables table for a given fastener and sheet material combination. Each of the indexes generally is similarly structured in the following manner. The left-hand column describes the fastener by referring to the NASM part number or to a vendor part number when the fastener is not covered by either series. The second column contains the table number for the allowables table for each fastener. The fastener column has been so arranged that when protruding head and countersunk head fasteners are included in a given fastener index table, the protruding head tables appear first in the second column. The third column identifies generally the base material of the fastener. Generic terms usually are used, such as steel, aluminum, titanium, etc. The fourth column identifies the specific sheet or plate material.

It is recommended that Section 9.7 be reviewed in its entirety since it contains detailed information on the generation and analysis of joint data that results in the joint allowables tables contained in this section.

8.1.1.1 Data Sources — The data shown in subsequent tables are provided by one or more manufacturers as listed in the table. There may be more than one producer of a fastener type, but data support is provided by only the footnoted source. **Warning: Caution should be exercised to ensure that use of static joint strength data is applicable only for the data producer(s) indicated by the footnote on each table.**

8.1.1.2 Fastener Shear Strengths — Fastener shear strengths accepted and documented by the aerospace industry and government agencies are listed in Table 8.1.1.1. Some existing tables in MMPDS may reflect other values; however, new fastener proposals will be classified in accordance with the above-noted table.

8.1.1.3 Edge Distance Requirements — The joint allowables in MMPDS are based on joint tests having edge distances of twice the nominal hole diameter, 2D. Therefore, the allowables are applicable only to joints having 2D edge distance.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.1(a). Fastener Index for Solid Rivets

Fastener Identification ^a	Table Number	Rivet Material	Sheet Material	Page No.
Rivet Hole Size	8.1.2(a)	...	...	8-12
Shear Strength of Solid Rivets	8.1.2(b)	...	...	8-13
Unit Bearing Strength	8.1.2.1(a)	...	...	8-14
Shear Strength Corection Factors	8.1.2.1(b)	Aluminum	...	8-15
NAS1198 (MC) ^b	8.1.2.1(c)	A-286	A-286	8-16
MS20427M (MC)	8.1.2.2(a)	Monel	AISI 301/302	8-17
MS20427M (D) ^b	8.1.2.2(b)	Monel	AISI 301/302	8-18
MS20426AD (D)	8.1.2.2(c)	Aluminum	Aluminum	8-19
MS20426D (D)	8.1.2.2(d)	Aluminum	Aluminum	8-20
MS20426DD (D)	8.1.2.2(e)	Aluminum	Aluminum	8-21
MS20426 (MC)	8.1.2.2(f)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T42	8-22
MS20426B (MC)	8.1.2.2(g)	Aluminum	AZ31B-H24	8-23
MS20427M (MC)	8.1.2.2(h)	Monel	Com Pure Titanium	8-24
BRFS-D (MC)	8.1.2.2(i)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-25
BRFS-AD (MC)	8.1.2.2(j)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-26
BRFS-DD (MC)	8.1.2.2(k)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-27
BRFS-T (MC)	8.1.2.2(l)	Ti-45Cb	Clad 7075-T6/Ti-6Al-4V	8-28
MS14218E (MC)	8.1.2.2(m)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-29
NAS1097E (MC)	8.1.2.2(n)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3/7075-T6	8-30
MS14218AD (MC)	8.1.2.2(o)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-31
MS14219E (MC)	8.1.2.2(p)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-32
MS14219E (MC)	8.1.2.2(q)	Aluminum	Clad 7075-T6	8-33
MS20426E (MC)	8.1.2.2(r)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-34
MS20426E (MC)	8.1.2.2(s)	Aluminum	Clad 7075-T6	8-35
AL905KE (MC)	8.1.2.2(t)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-36

a In some cases, entries in this table identify the subject matter in certain tables.

b MC, machine countersunk holes; D, dimpled holes.

Table 8.1.1(b). Fastener Index for Blind Fasteners

Fastener Identification	Table Number	Fastener Sleeve Material	Sheet or Plate Material	Page No.
<u>Protruding-head, Friction-Lock Blind Rivets</u>				
CR 6636	8.1.3.1.1(a)	A-286	Various	8-38
MS20600M	8.1.3.1.1(b)	Monel	AISI 301	8-39
MS20600M	8.1.3.1.1(c)	Monel	Clad 2024-T3/7075-T6	8-40
MS20600AD and MS20602AD	8.1.3.1.1(d)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-41
MS20600B	8.1.3.1.1(e)	Aluminum	AZ31B-H24	8-42
<u>Protruding-head, Mechanical-Lock Blind Rivets</u>				
NAS1398C	8.1.3.1.2(a)	A-286	Alloy Steel	8-43
CR 2643	8.1.3.1.2(a)	A-286	Alloy Steel	8-43
NAS1398 MS or MW	8.1.3.1.2(b)	Monel	AISI 301-½ Hard	8-44
NAS1398 MS or MW	8.1.3.1.2(c)	Monel	Clad 7075-T6	8-45
NAS1398B	8.1.3.1.2(d) ₁	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-46
NAS1398D	8.1.3.1.2(d) ₁	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-46
NAS1738B and NAS1738E	8.1.3.1.2(d) ₂	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-47
NAS1398B	8.1.3.1.2(e)	Aluminum	AZ31B-H24	8-48
NAS1738B and NAS1738E	8.1.3.1.2(e)	Aluminum	AZ31B-H24	8-48
CR 2A63	8.1.3.1.2(f)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T81	8-49
CR 4623	8.1.3.1.2(g)	A-286	Clad 7075-T6	8-50
CR 4523	8.1.3.1.2(h)	Monel	Clad 7075-T6	8-51
NAS1720KE and NAS1720KE () L	8.1.3.1.2(i)	Aluminum	Clad 7075-T6	8-52
NAS1720C and NAS1720C () L	8.1.3.1.2(j)	A-286	Clad 2024-T3	8-53
AF3243	8.1.3.1.2(k)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-54
HC3213	8.1.3.1.2(l)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-55
HC6223	8.1.3.1.2(m)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-56
HC6253	8.1.3.1.2(n)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-57
AF3213	8.1.3.1.2(o)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-58
CR3213	8.1.3.1.2(p)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-59
CR3243	8.1.3.1.2(q)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-60
HC3243	8.1.3.1.2(r)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-61
AF3223	8.1.3.1.2(s)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-62
CR3223	8.1.3.1.2(t)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-63

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.1(b). Fastener Index for Blind Fasteners (Continued)

Fastener Identification	Table Number	Fastener Sleeve Material	Sheet or Plate Material	Page No.
<u>Flush-head, Friction-Lock Blind Rivets</u>				
CR 6626 (MC) ^a	8.1.3.2.1(a)	A-286	Various	8-64
MS20601M (MC)	8.1.3.2.1(b)	Monel	17-7PH (TH1050)	8-65
MS20601M (D) ^a	8.1.3.2.1(c)	Monel	AISI 301	8-66
MS20601M (MC)	8.1.3.2.1(d ₁)	Monel	AISI 301-Ann	8-67
MS20601M (MC)	8.1.3.2.1(d ₂)	Monel	AISI 301-¼ Hard	8-68
MS20601M (MC)	8.1.3.2.1(d ₃)	Monel	AISI 301-½ Hard	8-69
MS20601M (MC)	8.1.3.2.1(e)	Monel	7075-T6	8-70
MS20601AD and MS20603AD (MC)	8.1.3.2.1(f)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-71
MS20601B (MC)	8.1.3.2.1(g)	Aluminum	AZ31B-H24	8-72
<u>Flush-head, Mechanical-Lock Spindle Blind Rivets</u>				
NAS1399C (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(a)	A-286	Alloy Steel	8-73
CR 2642 (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(a)	A-286	Alloy Steel	8-73
NAS1399 MS or MW (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(b)	Monel	AISI 301-½ Hard	8-74
NAS1921C (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(c)	A-286	Clad 7075-T6	8-75
NAS1399 MS or MW (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(d)	Monel	Clad 7075-T6	8-76
NAS1921M (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(e)	Monel	Clad 7075-T6	8-77
CR 2A62 (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(f)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T81	8-78
NAS1921B (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(g)	Aluminum	Clad 7075-T6	8-79
NAS1399B (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(h)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-80
NAS1399D (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(h)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-80
NAS1739B and NAS1739E (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(i)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-81
NAS1739B and NAS1739E (D)	8.1.3.2.2(i)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-81
NAS1399B (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(j)	Aluminum	AZ31B-H24	8-82
NAS1739B and NAS1739E (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(j)	Aluminum	AZ31B-H24	8-82
CR 4622 (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(k)	A-286	Clad 7075-T6	8-83
CR 4522 (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(l)	Monel	Clad 7075-T6/T651	8-84
NAS1721KE and NAS1721KE () L (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(m)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-85
NAS1721C and NAS1721C () L (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(n)	A-286	Clad 7075-T6	8-86
HC3212 (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(o)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-87
MBC 4807 and MBC 4907 (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(p)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-88
MBC 4801 and MBC 4901	8.1.3.2.2(q)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-89
HC6222 (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(r)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-90
HC6252 (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(s)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-91
HC6224 (MC) (A-286 pin)	8.1.3.2.2(t ₁)	5056 Al	Clad 2024-T3	8-92
HC3214 (MC) (8740 pin)	8.1.3.2.2(t ₂)	5056 Al	Clad 2024-T3	8-93
AF3212 (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(u)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-94
CR3212 (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(v)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-95
AF3242 (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(w)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-96
CR3242 (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(x)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-97
HC3242 (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(y)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-98
AF3222 (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(z)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-99
CR3222 (MC)	8.1.3.2.2(aa)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T3	8-100

a MC, machine countersunk holes; D, dimpled holes.

Table 8.1.1(b). Fastener Index for Blind Fasteners (Continued)

Fastener Identification	Table Number	Fastener Sleeve Material	Sheet or Plate Material	Page No.
<u>Flush-head Blind Bolts</u>				
MS21140 (MC)	8.1.3.2.3(a)	A-286	Clad 7075-T6/T651	8-101
MS90353 (MC)	8.1.3.2.3(b ₁)	Alloy Steel	Clad 2024-T3/T351	8-102
MS90353 (MC)	8.1.3.2.3(b ₂)	Alloy Steel	Clad or Bare 7075-T6 or T651	8-103
FF-200, FF-260 and FF-312 (MC)	8.1.3.2.3(c)	Alloy Steel	Clad 2024-T42/ 7075-T6	8-104
NS 100 (MC)	8.1.3.2.3(d)	Alloy Steel	Clad 7075-T6	8-105
SSHFA-200 and SSHFA-260(MC)	8.1.3.2.3(e)	Aluminum	Clad 2024-T42/ 7075-T6	8-106
PLT-150 (MC)	8.1.3.2.3(f)	Alloy Steel	Clad 7075-T6/T651	8-107
NAS1670-L (MC)	8.1.3.2.3(g)	Alloy Steel	Clad 7075-T6/T651	8-108
NAS1674-L (MC)	8.1.3.2.3(h)	Aluminum	Clad 7075-T6	8-109

a MC, machine countersunk holes; D, dimpled holes.

Table 8.1.1(c). Fastener Index for Swaged-Collar/Upset-Pin Fasteners

Fastener Identification	Table Number	Fastener Pin Material	Sheet or Plate Material	Page No.
Ultimate Single-Shear and Tensile Strengths	8.1.4	Alloy Steel and Alum.	...	8-112
CSR 925	8.1.4.1(a)	Titanium	Clad 7075-T6	8-113
CSR 925	8.1.4.1(b)	Titanium	Clad 2024-T3	8-114
NAS1436-NAS1442 (MC) ^a	8.1.4.2(a)	Alloy Steel	Clad 7075-T6/T651	8-115
NAS7024-NAS7032 (MC)	8.1.4.2(b)	Alloy Steel	Clad 7075-T6/T651	8-116
CSR 924 (MC)	8.1.4.2(c)	Titanium	Clad 7075-T6	8-117
CSR 924 (MC)	8.1.4.2(d)	Titanium	Clad 2024-T3	8-118
HSR 201 (MC)	8.1.4.2(e)	A-286	Clad 7075-T6	8-119
HSR 101 (MC)	8.1.4.2(f)	Titanium	Clad 7075-T6	8-120
GPL 3SC-V (MC)	8.1.4.2(g)	Titanium	Clad 7075-T6	8-121
GPL 3SC-V (MC)	8.1.4.2(h)	Titanium	Clad 2024-T3	8-122
LGPL 2SC-V (MC)	8.1.4.2(i)	Titanium	Clad 7075-T6	8-123
LGPL 2SC-V (MC)	8.1.4.2(j)	Titanium	Clad 2024-T3	8-124

a MC, machine countersunk holes.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.1(d). Fastener Index for Threaded Fasteners

Fastener Identification ^a	Table Number	Fastener		Page No.
		Sleeve Material	Sheet	
Single Shear Strength	8.1.5(a)	Steel	...	8-127
Tensile Strength	8.1.5(b ₁)	Steel	...	8-128
Tensile Strength	8.1.5(b ₂)	...	...	8-129
Unit Bearing Strength	8.1.5.1	Alloy Steel	...	8-130
AN 509 Screws (MC) ^b	8.1.5.2(a ₁)	Alloy Steel	Clad 2024-T3	8-131
AN 509 Screws (MC)	8.1.5.2(a ₂)	CRES	Clad 7075-T6	8-132
PBF 11 (MC)	8.1.5.2(b)	Alloy Steel	Ti-6Al-4V	8-133
TL 100 (MC)	8.1.5.2(c)		Clad 7075-T6	8-134
TLV 10 (MC)	8.1.5.2(d)	Titanium	Clad 7075-T6	8-135
HPB-V (MC)	8.1.5.2(e)	Titanium	Clad 7075-T6	8-136
KLBHV with KFN 600 (MC)	8.1.5.2(f)	Titanium	Clad 7075-T6	8-137
HL-61-70 (MC)	8.1.5.2(g)	CRES	Clad 7075-T6	8-138
HL-719-79 (MC)	8.1.5.2(h)	Alloy Steel	Clad 7075-T6	8-139
HL-11 (MC)	8.1.5.2(i)	Titanium	Clad 7075-T6	8-140
HL-911 (MC)	8.1.5.2(j)	Titanium	Clad 7075-T6	8-141
NAS4452S and KS 100-FV with NAS4445DD (MC)	8.1.5.2(k)	Alloy Steel or Titanium	Clad 7075-T6	8-142
HPG-V (MC)	8.1.5.2(l)	Titanium	Clad 7075-T6	8-143
NAS4452V with NAS4445 DD (MC)	8.1.5.2(m)	Titanium	Clad 7075-T6	8-144
HL18Pin, HL70 Collar (MC)	8.1.5.2(n)	Alloy Steel	Clad 7075-T6	8-145
HL19 Pin, HL70 Collar (MC)	8.1.5.2(o)	Alloy Steel	Clad 7075-T6	8-146

a In some cases entries in this table identify the subject matter in certain tables.

b MC, machine countersunk holes; D, dimpled holes.

Table 8.1.1(e). Fastener Index for Special Fasteners

Fastener Identification	Table Number	Fastener Pin Material	Sheet or Plate Material	Page No.
ACRES Sleeves	...	A-286	Clad 7075-T6	8-147
MIL-B-8831/4 (MC) ^a	8.1.6.2(a)	Steel Pin, Aluminum Sleeve	Clad 7075-T6	8-148
MIL-B-8831/4 (MC)	8.1.6.2(b)	Steel Pin, Aluminum Sleeve	Clad 2024-T3	8-149

a MC, machine countersunk holes.

Table 8.1.1.1. Fastener Shear Strengths

F _{su} , ksi	Examples of Current Alloys Which Meet Level ^a	Current Usage		
		Driven Rivets	Blind Fasteners	Solid Shank Fasteners
28	5056	X	X	
30	2117	X	X	
34	2017	X	X	
36	2219	X	X	
38	2017	X	X	
41	2024 and 7050-T73	X		
43	7050-T731	X	X	X
46	7075		X	
49	Monel	Undriven		
50	Ti/Cb	X		
55	Monel		X	
75	Alloy Steel and CRES		X	X
78	A-286			X
90	A-286	Undriven		
95	Alloy Steel, A-286, Ti-6Al-4V	X	X	X
108	Alloy Steel and Ti-6Al-2Sn			X
110	A-286			X
112	Alloy Steel		X	X
125	Alloy Steel and CRES			X
132	Alloy Steel			X
145	MP35N			X
156	Alloy Steel			X
180	Alloy Steel			X

a Different tempers and thermal treatments are used to obtain desired fastener shear strengths.

8.1.2 SOLID RIVETS — The recommended diameter dimensions of the upset tail on solid rivets shall be at least 1.5 times the nominal shank diameter except for 2024-T4 rivets which shall be at least 1.4 times the nominal shank diameter. Tail heights shall be a minimum of 0.3 diameter. Shear strengths for driven rivets may be based on areas corresponding to the nominal hole diameter provided that the nominal hole diameter is not larger than the values listed in Table 8.1.2(a). If the nominal hole diameter is larger than the listed value, the listed value shall be used. Shear strength values for solid rivets of a number of rivet materials are given in Table 8.1.2(b).

8.1.2.1 Protruding-Head Solid Rivet Joints — The unit load at which shear or bearing type of failure occurs is calculated separately and the lower of the two governs the design.

The design bearing stress for various materials at both room and elevated temperatures is given in the strength properties stated for each alloy or group of alloys and is applicable to riveted joints wherein cylindrical holes are used and where t/D is greater than or equal to 0.18; where t/D is less than 0.18, tests to substantiate yield and ultimate bearing strengths must be performed. These bearing stresses are applicable only for the design of rigid joints where there is no possibility of relative motion of the parts joined without deformation of such parts. Design bearing stresses at low temperatures will be higher than those specified for room temperature; however, no quantitative data are available.

For convenience, “unit” sheet bearing strengths for rivets, based on a bearing stress of 100 ksi and nominal hole diameters, are given in Table 8.1.2.1(a).

In computing protruding-head rivet design shear strengths, the shear strength values obtained from Table 8.1.2(b) should be multiplied by the correction factors given in Table 8.1.2.1(b). This compensates for the reduction in rivet shear strength resulting from high bearing stresses on the rivet at t/D ratios less than 0.33 for single-shear joints and 0.67 for double-shear joints.

For those rivet material sheet material combinations where test data shows the above to be unconservative or for rivet materials other than those shown in Table 8.1.2(b), joint allowables should be established by test in accordance with Section 9.7. From such tests tabular presentation of ultimate load and yield load allowables are made.

Unless otherwise specified, yield load is defined in Section 9.7.1.1 as the load which results in a joint permanent set equal to $0.04D$, where D is the decimal equivalent of the hole diameter defined in Table 9.7.1.1(a).

Table 8.1.2.1(c) provides ultimate and yield strength data on protruding-head A-286 solid rivets in aged A-286 sheet, for a variety of conditions of exposure.

8.1.2.2 Flush-Head Solid Rivet Joints — Tables 8.1.2.2(a) through (t) contain joint allowables for various flush-head solid rivet/sheet material combinations. Prior to 2003 the allowable ultimate loads were established from test data using the average ultimate test load divided by a factor of 1.15. (See Section 9.7 for current statistical procedures and possible variations.) Shear strength cutoff values may be either the procurement specification shear strength (S value) of the fastener, or if no specification exists, a statistical value determined from test results as described in Section 9.7.

Yield load allowables are established from test data. Unless otherwise specified, the yield load is defined as the load which results in a joint permanent set equal to $0.04D$, where D is the decimal equivalent of the hole diameter defined in Table 9.7.1.1.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

For machine countersunk joints, the sheet gage specified in the tables is that of the countersunk sheet. When the noncountersunk sheet is thinner than the countersunk sheet, the bearing allowable for the noncountersunk sheet-fastener combination should be computed, compared to the table value, and the lower of the two values selected. Increased attention should be paid to detail design in cases where $t/D < 0.25$ because of possibly greater incidence of difficulty in service life.

Table 8.1.2(a). Standard Rivet-Hole Drill Sizes and Nominal Hole Diameters

Rivet Size, in.	1/16	3/32	1/8	5/32	3/16	1/4	5/16	3/8
Drill No.	51	41	30	21	11	F	P	W
Nominal Hole Diameter, in.	0.067	0.096	0.1285	0.159	0.191	0.257	0.323	0.386

Table 8.1.2(b). Single Shear Strength of Solid Rivets^a

Undriven				Driven	Rivet Designation	Rivet Size								
Rivet Material	F _{su} (ksi)		Rivet Material			F _{su} ^b (ksi)	1/16	3/32	1/8	5/32	3/16	1/4	5/16	3/8
	Min	Max												
5056-H32	24	n/a	5056-H321 ^d	28 ^e	B ^f	99	203	363	556	802	1450	2290	3275	
2117-T4	26	n/a	2117-T3	30 ^e	AD	106	217	389	596	860	1555	2455	3510	
2017-T4	35	42	2017-T3	38 ^e	D	134	275	493	755	1085	1970	3115	4445	
2024-T4	37	n/a	2024-T31	41 ^g	DD	145	297	532	814	1175	2125	3360	4795	
7050-T73	41	46	7050-T731 ^d	43 ^e	E ^h	152	311	558	854	1230	2230	3520	5030	
Monel	49	59	Monel	52 ^e	M	183	376	674	1030	1490	2695	4260	6085	
Ti-45Cb	50	59	Ti-45Cb	53 ^e	T	187	384	687	1050	1515	2745	4340	6200	
A-286	85	95	A-286	90 ^e	-	317	651	1165	1785	2575	4665	7375	10500	

a All rivets must be sufficiently driven to fill the rivet hole at the shear plane. Driving changes the rivet strength from the undriven to the driven condition and thus provides the above driven shear strengths.

b Shear stresses are for the as driven condition on B-basis probability.

c Based on nominal hole diameter specified in Table 8.1.2(a).

d The temper designations last digit (1), indicates recognition of strengthening derived from driving.

e The bucktail's minimum diameter is 1.5 times the nominal hole diameter in Table 8.1.2(a).

f Should not be exposed to temperatures over 150 °F.

g Driven in the W (fresh or ice box) condition to minimum 1.4D bucktail diameter.

h E (or KE, as per NAS documents).

Table 8.1.2.1(a). Unit Bearing Strength of Sheet on Rivets, $F_{br} = 100$ ksi

Sheet thickness, in.	Unit Bearing Strength for Indicated Rivet Diameter, lbs							
	1/16	3/32	1/8	5/32	3/16	1/4	5/16	3/8
0.012	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.016	107	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.018	121	173	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.020	134	192	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.025	168	240	321	...	...	...	...	...
0.032	214	307	411	509	...	...	...	...
0.036	241	346	462	572	688	...	...	...
0.040	268	384	514	636	764	...	...	...
0.045	302	432	578	716	860	...	...	...
0.050	335	480	642	795	955	1285	...	...
0.063	422	605	810	1002	1203	1619	2035	...
0.071	476	682	912	1129	1356	1825	2293	2741
0.080	536	768	1028	1272	1528	2056	2584	3088
0.090	603	864	1156	1431	1719	2313	2907	3474
0.100	670	960	1285	1590	1910	2570	3230	3860
0.125	838	1200	1606	1988	2388	3212	4038	4825
0.160	1072	1536	2056	2544	3056	4112	5168	6176
0.190	1273	1824	2442	3021	3629	4883	6137	7334
0.250	1670	2400	3210	3975	4775	6425	8075	9650

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.2.1(b). Shear Strength Correction Factors for Solid Protruding Head Rivets^a

Rivet Diameter, in.	1/16	3/32	1/8	5/32	3/16	1/4	5/16	3/8
	Single-Shear Rivet Strength Factors							
Sheet thickness, in.:								
0.016	0.964	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.018	0.981	0.912	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.020	0.995	0.933	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.025	1.000	0.970	0.920	...	...	...	...	...
0.032 .....	...	1.000	0.964	0.925	...	...	...	...
0.036 .....	...	...	0.981	0.946	0.912	...	...	...
0.040 .....	...	...	0.995	0.964	0.933	...	...	...
0.045 .....	...	...	1.000	0.981	0.953	...	...	...
0.050 .....	...	...	...	0.995	0.970	0.920	...	...
0.063 .....	...	...	...	1.000	1.000	0.961	0.922	...
0.071 .....	...	...	...	...	...	0.979	0.944	0.909
0.080 .....	...	...	...	...	...	0.995	0.964	0.933
0.090 .....	...	...	...	...	...	1.000	0.981	0.953
0.100 .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.995	0.972
0.125 .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.000	1.000
	Double-Shear Rivet Strength Factors							
Sheet thickness, in.:								
0.016	0.687	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.018	0.744	0.518	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.020	0.789	0.585	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.025	0.870	0.708	0.545	...	...	...	...	...
0.032	0.941	0.814	0.687	0.560	...	...	...	...
0.036	0.969	0.857	0.744	0.630	0.518	...	...	...
0.040	0.992	0.891	0.789	0.687	0.585	...	...	...
0.045	1.000	0.924	0.834	0.744	0.653	...	...	...
0.050 .....	...	0.951	0.870	0.789	0.708	0.545	...	...
0.063 .....	...	1.000	0.937	0.872	0.808	0.679	0.550	...
0.071 .....	...	...	0.966	0.909	0.852	0.737	0.622	0.508
0.080 .....	...	...	0.992	0.941	0.891	0.789	0.687	0.585
0.090 .....	...	...	1.000	0.969	0.924	0.834	0.744	0.653
0.100 .....	...	...	...	0.992	0.951	0.870	0.789	0.708
0.125 .....	...	...	...	1.000	1.000	0.935	0.870	0.805
0.160 .....	...	...	...	...	...	0.992	0.941	0.891
0.190 .....	...	...	...	...	...	1.000	0.981	0.939
0.250 .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.000	1.000

- a Sheet thickness is that of the thinnest sheet in single-shear joints and the middle sheet in double-shear joints. Values based on tests of aluminum rivets, Reference 8.1.

Table 8.1.2.1(c). Static Joint Strength of Protruding Head A-286 Solid Rivets in A-286 Alloy Sheet at Various Temperatures

	NAS1198 ($F_{su} = 90$ ksi)									
	A-286, solution treated and aged, $F_u = 140$ ksi									
	Room Temperature			1200°F, Stabilized 15 Minutes			1200°F, Rapid Heating in 20 Seconds, Tested in 15 Seconds			
	1/8 (0.1285)	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)	1/8 (0.1285)	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)	1/8 (0.1285)	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)	
Sheet thickness, in.:	Ultimate Strength ^a , lbs.									
0.020	478	...	...	331	...	...	470 ^b	...	...	...
0.025	590	740	...	426	626	...	587 ^b	726 ^b	...	...
0.032	745	932	...	560	801	962	752 ^b	930 ^b	...	1117 ^b
0.040	923	1152	1132	682	1002	1204	783	1164 ^b	1397 ^b	...
0.050	1023	1428	1397	...	1044	1505	...	1198	1729 ^b	...
0.063	1131	1578	1677	...	...	1507	...	...	...	...
0.071	1170	1660	1821	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.080	...	1752	1909	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.090	...	1790	2008	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.100	...	...	2118	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.125	...	...	2229	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.160	...	...	2504	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rivet shear strength ^c	1170	1790	2580	682	1044	1507	783	1198	...	1729
Sheet thickness, in.:	Yield Strength ^{a,d} , lbs.									
0.020	447	...	...	300	...	...	300	...	...	...
0.025	590	695	...	374	464	...	374	464	...	...
0.032	745	932	...	479	593	713	478	593	712	...
0.040	867	1152	974	598	741	890	598	740	889	...
0.050	938	1331	1167	...	925	1112	...	924	1110	...
0.063	1031	1447	1407	...	...	1400	...	...	...	...
0.071	1089	1518	1649	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.080	...	1597	1723	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.090	...	1686	1806	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.100	...	...	1898	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.125	...	...	1990	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.160	...	...	2221	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	2543	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

^a Test data from which the yield and ultimate strengths were derived can be found in Reference 8.1.2.1.

^b Yield value is less than 2/3 of indicated ultimate.

^c Rivet shear strength is documented in NAS1198 as 90 ksi.

^d Permanent set at yield load: 0.005 inch.

Note: Because of difficulties encountered upsetting countersunk head rivets in thin A-286 sheet, such conditions should be avoided in design.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.2.2(a). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Head Monel Solid Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Stainless Steel Sheet

Rivet Type	MS20427M ($F_{su} = 49$ ksi)									
Sheet Material	AISI 302-Annealed			AISI 301-1/4 Hard			AISI 301-1/2 Hard AISI 301-Full Hard			
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)	1/8 (0.1285)	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)	1/8 (0.1285)	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)	3/32 (0.096)	1/8 (0.1285)	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)
Ultimate Strength, lbs										
Sheet thickness, in.:										
0.040	439 ^{a,b}	...	...	439 ^b	...	...	251 ^b	439 ^b	...	...
0.050	526 ^a	673 ^{a,b}	...	468	673 ^b	...	322	447	673 ^b	...
0.063	635 ^a	820 ^a	...	595	732	...	355	538	688	...
0.071 .....	...	915 ^a	1110 ^{a,b}	635	830	990 ^b	...	615	741	984 ^b
0.080 .....	...	973 ^a	1246 ^a	...	936	1118	...	635	850	995
0.090 .....	...	...	1380 ^a	...	973	1255	...	...	973	1132
0.100 .....	...	...	1400	...	...	1400	...	...	...	1280
0.125 .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1400
Rivet shear strength ^c	635	973	1400	635	973	1400	355	635	973	1400
Yield Strength ^d , lbs										
Sheet thickness, in.:										
0.040	259	...	...	368	...	...	212	324	...	...
0.050	324	402	...	442	570	...	293	360	498	...
0.063	408	506	...	492	686	...	355	480	557	...
0.071 .....	...	570	685	561	714	958	...	561	630	780
0.080 .....	...	643	771	...	764	1012	...	635	765	848
0.090 .....	...	...	865	...	893	1062	...	...	893	1000
0.100 .....	...	...	965	...	...	1160	...	...	...	1160
0.125 .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1400
Head height (ref.), in.	0.048	0.061	0.077	0.048	0.061	0.077	0.042	0.048	0.061	0.077

a Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.

b Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

c Rivet shear strength is documented in MS20427M.

d Permanent set at yield load: 0.005 inch.

Table 8.1.2.2(b). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Head Monel Solid Rivets in Dimpled Stainless Steel Sheet

[illegible]

a Rivet shear strength from Table 8.1.2(b).

b Permanent set at yield load: 0.005 inch.

Table 8.1.2.2(c). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Head Aluminum Alloy (2117-T3) Solid Rivets in Dimpled Aluminum Alloy Sheet^{a,b}

Rivet Type	MS20426AD ($F_{su} = 30$ ksi)									
	2024-T3 2024-T42 2024-T62 2024-T81		2024-T3 2024-T42		2024-T62 2024-T81		2024-T86 7075-T6			
	3/32 (0.096)	1/8 (0.1285)	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)	1/8 (0.1285)	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)	
Sheet Material										
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)										
Sheet thickness, in.:	Ultimate Strength, lbs.									
0.016	177	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.020	209	299	...	...	...	...	302	...	...	...
0.025	217	360	474	...	462	...	383	462	...	...
0.032	...	388	568	722	596	725	388	596	725	...
0.040	...	...	596	839	...	862	...	...	862	...
0.050	...	...	...	862	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rivet shear strength ^c	217	388	596	862	596	862	388	596	862	862
Sheet thickness, in.:	Yield Strength ^d , lbs.									
0.016	154	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.020	184	257	...	...	...	...	257	...	...	...
0.025	209	315	324	...	324	...	315	410	...	...
0.032	...	367	430	512	430	512	367	525	640	...
0.040	...	...	506	644	...	644	...	...	782	...
0.050	...	...	...	757	...	...	...	...	...	...
Head height (max.), in.	0.036	0.042	0.055	0.070	0.055	0.070	0.042	0.055	0.070	0.070

a These allowables apply to double dimpled sheets and to the upper sheet dimpled into a machine-countersunk lower sheet. Sheet gage is that of the thinnest sheet for double dimpled joints and of the upper dimpled sheet for dimpled, machine-countersunk joints. The thickness of machine-countersunk sheet must be at least one tabulated gage thicker than the upper sheet. In no case shall allowables be obtained by extrapolation for gages other than those shown.

b Test data from which the yield strengths listed were derived and can be found in Reference 8.1.2.2.

c Rivet shear strength from Table 8.1.2(b).

d Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.005 inch or 2.5% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.2.2(d). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Head Aluminum Alloy (2017-T3) Solid Rivets in Dimpled Aluminum Alloy Sheet^{a,b}

Rivet Type	MS20426D ($F_{su} = 38$ ksi)									
	2024-T3 and 2024-T42			2024-T86 and 7075-T6			2024-T62 and 2024-T81			
	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)	1/4 (0.257)	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)	1/4 (0.257)	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)	1/4 (0.257)	1/4 (0.257)
Ultimate Strength, lbs.										
Sheet thickness, in.:										
0.025	419	...	...	530	...	...	419	...	...	...
0.032	600	681	...	672	822	...	600	681	...	...
0.040	738	905	845	755	1000	1108	738	905	1108	1108
0.050	755	1090	1332	...	1090	1508	755	1090	1508	1508
0.063	...	...	1695	...	...	1803	...	...	1803	1803
0.071	...	...	1853	...	...	1930	...	...	1930	1930
0.080	...	...	1970	...	...	1970	...	...	1970	1970
Rivet shear strength ^c	755	1090	1970	755	1090	1970	755	1090	1970	1970
Yield Strength ^d , lbs.										
Sheet thickness, in.:										
0.025	336	...	...	450	...	...	336	...	...	...
0.032	483	546	...	581	...	...	483	546	...	...
0.040	589	730	845	675	705	978	589	730	845	845
0.050	681	888	1187	...	867	1508	681	888	1187	1187
0.063	...	...	1415	...	1007	1803	...	...	1415	1415
0.071	...	...	1656	...	...	1930	...	...	1656	1656
0.080	...	...	1870	...	...	1970	...	...	1870	1870
Head height (max.), in.	0.055	0.070	0.095	0.055	0.070	0.095	0.055	0.070	0.095	0.095

^a These allowables apply to double dimpled sheets and to the upper sheet dimpled into a machine-countersunk lower sheet. Sheet gage is that of the thinnest sheet for double dimpled joints and of the upper dimpled sheet for dimpled, machine-countersunk joints. The thickness of machine-countersunk sheet must be at least one tabulated gage thicker than the upper sheet. In no case shall allowables be obtained by extrapolation for gages other than those shown.

^b Test data from which the yield strengths listed were derived and can be found in Reference 8.1.2.2.

^c Rivet shear strength from Table 8.1.2(b).

^d Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.005 inch or 2.5% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.2.2(e). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Head Aluminum Alloy (2024-T31) Solid Rivets in Dimpled Aluminum Alloy Sheet^{a,b}

Rivet Type	MS20426DD ($F_{su} = 41$ ksi)					
Sheet Material	2024-T3 2024-T42		2024-T62 2024-T81		2024-T86 7075-T6	
Rivet Diameter, in.	3/16	1/4	3/16	1/4	3/16	1/4
(Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) . .	(0.191)	(0.257)	(0.191)	(0.257)	(0.191)	(0.257)
Ultimate Strength, lbs.						
Sheet thickness, in.:						
0.032	744	...	786	...	786	...
0.040	941	879	982	1300	982	1300
0.050	1110	1359	1152	1705	1152	1705
0.063	1175	1727	1175	2010	1175	2010
0.071 . . . . .	...	1883	...	2125	...	2125
0.080 . . . . .	...	2025	...	...	...	...
0.090 . . . . .	...	2125	...	...	...	...
Rivet shear strength ^c	1175	2125	1175	2125	1175	2125
Yield Strength ^d , lbs.						
Sheet thickness, in.:						
0.032	582	...	649	...	786	...
0.040	666	879	816	962	982	978
0.050	738	1308	961	1308	1152	1543
0.063	925	1564	1068	1564	1175	1958
0.071 . . . . .	...	1711	...	1711	...	2125
0.080 . . . . .	...	1928	...	...	...	...
0.090 . . . . .	...	2121	...	...	...	...
Head height (max.), in.	0.070	0.095	0.070	0.095	0.070	0.095

a These allowables apply to double dimpled sheets and to the upper sheet dimpled into a machine-countersunk lower sheet. Sheet gage is that of the thinnest sheet for double dimpled joints and of the upper dimpled sheet for dimpled, machine-countersunk joints. The thickness of machine-countersunk sheet must be at least one tabulated gage thicker than the upper sheet. In no case shall allowables be obtained by extrapolation for gages other than those shown.

b Test data from which the yield strengths listed were derived and can be found in Reference 8.1.2.2.

c Rivet shear strength from Table 8.1.2(b).

d Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.005 inch or 2.5% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.2.2(f). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Head Aluminum Alloy Solid Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	MS20426AD (2117-T3) (F_{su} = 30 ksi)				MS20426D (2017-T3) (F_{su} = 38 ksi)			MS20426DD (2024-T31) (F_{su} = 41 ksi)		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T42									
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)	3/32 (0.096)	1/8 (0.1285)	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)	1/4 (0.257)	3/16 (0.191)	1/4 (0.257)	
Sheet thickness, in.:	Ultimate Strength ^a , lbs									
	178 ^b	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	193	309 ^b	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	206	340	479 ^b	...	580 ^{b,c}	...	...	...	...
	216	363	523	705 ^b	657 ^c	859 ^{b,c}	...	886 ^b	...	
	...	373	542	739	690	917 ^c	...	942	...	
	...	...	560	769	720	969 ^c	...	992	...
	...	...	575	795	746	1015	1552 ^{b,c}	1035	1647 ^{b,c}
	...	...	...	818	...	1054	1640 ^c	1073	1738 ^c
	...	...	...	853	...	1090	1773	1131	1877
	...	...	...	...	...	...	1891	...	2000
	...	...	...	...	...	...	1970	...	2084
	Rivet shear strength ^d	217	388	596	862	755	1090	1970	1175	2125
	Sheet thickness, in.:	Yield Strength ^{a,c} , lbs								
132		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
153		231	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
188		261	321	...	345	...	...	...	...
213		321	402	471	401	515	...	614	...	
...		348	453	538	481	557	...	669	...	
...		...	498	616	562	623	...	761	...	
...		...	537	685	633	746	861	842	1053	
...		...	...	745	...	854	1017	913	1115
...		...	...	836	...	1018	1313	1021	1357
...		...	...	...	...	...	1574	...	1694
...		...	...	...	...	...	1753	...	1925
Head height (ref.), in.		0.036	0.042	0.055	0.070	0.055	0.070	0.095	0.070	0.095

a Test data from which the yield and ultimate strength listed were derived can be found in Reference 8.1.2.2.

b Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

c Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.

d Rivet shear strength is documented in MS20426.

e Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.005 inch or 2.5% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.2.2(g). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Head Aluminum Alloy (5056-H321) Solid Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Magnesium Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	MS20426B ($F_{su} = 28$ ksi)				
Sheet Material	AZ31B-H24				
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) .	3/32 (0.096)	1/8 (0.1285)	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)	1/4 (0.257)
Ultimate Strength, lbs					
Sheet thickness, in.:					
0.032	172 ^{a,b}	...	...	...	...
0.040	180	304 ^{a,b}	...	...	...
0.050	190	318	467 ^{a,b}	...	...
0.063	203	337	490	679 ^{a,b}	...
0.071 .....	...	348	503	697 ^a	...
0.080 .....	...	360	519	715	...
0.090 .....	...	363	536	737	1244 ^b
0.100 .....	...	...	554	757	1271
0.125 .....	...	...	556	802	1343
0.160 .....	...	...	...	...	1440
0.190 .....	...	...	...	...	1450
Rivet shear strength ^c	203	363	556	802	1450
Yield Strength ^d , lbs					
Sheet thickness, in.:					
0.032	104	...	...	...	...
0.040	127	172	...	...	...
0.050	152	214	268	...	...
0.063	186	259	334	409	...
0.071 .....	...	287	369	459	...
0.080 .....	...	318	406	504	...
0.090 .....	...	353	450	555	792
0.100 .....	...	...	491	606	856
0.125 .....	...	...	556	735	1030
0.160 .....	...	...	...	...	1273
0.190 .....	...	...	...	...	1450
Head height (ref.), in.	0.036	0.042	0.055	0.070	0.095

a Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.

b Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

c Rivet shear strength is documented in MS20426.

d Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.005 inch or 2.5% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.2.2(h). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Head Monel Solid Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Titanium Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	MS20427M ($F_{su} = 49$ ksi)			
Sheet Material	Commercially Pure Titanium, $F_{tu} = 80$ ksi			
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)	1/8 (0.1285)	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)	1/4 (0.257)
Ultimate Strength, lbs				
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.040	531 ^a	...	...	...
0.050	573	818 ^a	...	...
0.063	626	885	...	...
0.071	635	926	1242 ^a	...
0.080 .....	...	973	1302	...
0.090 .....	...	...	1360	...
0.100 .....	...	...	1400	2260 ^a
0.125 .....	...	...	...	2460
0.160 .....	...	...	...	2540
Rivet shear strength ^b	635	973	1400	2540
Yield Strength ^c , lbs				
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.040	376	...	...	...
0.050	472	582	...	...
0.063	598	736	...	...
0.071	635	835	933	...
0.080 .....	...	945	1130	...
0.090 .....	...	...	1268	...
0.100 .....	...	...	1400	1860
0.125 .....	...	...	...	2340
0.160 .....	...	...	...	2540
Head height (max.), in.	0.048	0.061	0.077	0.103

a Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

b Rivet shear strength is documented in MS20427.

c Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.005 inch or 2.5% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.2.2(i). Static Joint Strength of 120° Flush Shear Head Aluminum Alloy (2017-T3) Solid Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	BRFS-D ^a ($F_{su} = 38$ ksi)				
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3				
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b .	3/32 (0.096)	1/8 (0.1285)	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)	1/4 (0.257)
Ultimate Strength, lbs					
Sheet thickness, in.:					
0.020	139	...	...	...	...
0.025	176	233	...	...	...
0.032	226	300	367	...	...
0.040	275	378	465	552	...
0.050 .....	...	477	585	697	930
0.063 .....	...	494	741	886	1182
0.071 .....	...	...	755	1005	1338
0.080 .....	...	...	...	1090	1513
0.090 .....	...	...	...	...	1711
0.100 .....	...	...	...	...	1902
0.125 .....	...	...	...	...	1970
Rivet shear strength ^c	275	494	755	1090	1970
Yield Strength ^d , lbs					
Sheet thickness, in.:					
0.020	137	...	...	...	...
0.025	171	229	...	...	...
0.032	207	294	359	...	...
0.040	231	357	453	547	...
0.050 .....	...	398	550	680	918
0.063 .....	...	451	614	814	1149
0.071 .....	...	...	655	857	1295
0.080 .....	...	...	...	914	1430
0.090 .....	...	...	...	...	1513
0.100 .....	...	...	...	...	1592
0.125 .....	...	...	...	...	1790
Head height (ref.), in.	0.018	0.023	0.030	0.039	0.049

a Data supplied by Briles Rivet Corp.

b Fasteners installed in hole diameters of 0.0975, 0.1285, 0.1615, 0.1945, 0.257, +0.0005, -0.001, respectively.

c Shear strength based on Table 8.1.2(b) and $F_{su} = 38$ ksi.

d Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.2.2(j). Static Joint Strength of 120° Flush Shear Head Aluminum Alloy (2117-T3) Solid Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	BRFS-AD ^a ($F_{su} = 30$ ksi)				
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3				
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b .	3/32 (0.096)	1/8 (0.1285)	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)	1/4 (0.257)
Ultimate Strength, lbs					
Sheet thickness, in.:					
0.020	119	...	...	...	...
0.025	144	201	...	...	...
0.032	171	250	316	...	...
0.040	204	292	386	474	...
0.050	217	343	451	571	806
0.063 .....	...	388	536	675	987
0.071 .....	...	...	596	737	1073
0.080 .....	...	...	...	812	1169
0.090 .....	...	...	...	862	1278
0.100 .....	...	...	...	...	1371
0.125 .....	...	...	...	...	1550
Rivet shear strength ^c	217	388	596	862	1550
Yield Strength ^d , lbs					
Sheet thickness, in.:					
0.020	119	...	...	...	...
0.025	144	201	...	...	...
0.032	171	250	316	...	...
0.040	204	292	386	474	...
0.050	217	343	451	571	806
0.063 .....	...	388	536	675	987
0.071 .....	...	...	596	737	1073
0.080 .....	...	...	...	812	1169
0.090 .....	...	...	...	862	1278
0.100 .....	...	...	...	...	1371
0.125 .....	...	...	...	...	1550
Head height (ref.), in.	0.018	0.023	0.030	0.039	0.049

a Data supplied by Briles Rivet Corp.

b Fasteners installed in hole diameters of 0.0975, 0.1285, 0.1615, 0.1945, 0.257, +0.0005, -0.001, respectively.

c Shear strength based on Table 8.1.2(b) and $F_{su} = 38$ ksi.

d Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.2.2(k). Static Joint Strength of 120° Flush Shear Head Aluminum Alloy (2024-T31) Solid Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	BRFS-DD ^a ($F_{su} = 41$ ksi)	
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3	
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	3/16 (0.191)	1/4 (0.257)
Ultimate Strength, lbs		
Sheet thickness, in.:		
0.040	598	...
0.050	772	1000
0.063	994	1300
0.071	1130	1480
0.080	1180	1690
0.090 .....	...	1920
0.100 .....	...	2120
Rivet shear strength ^c	1180	2120
Yield Strength ^d , lbs		
Sheet thickness, in.:		
0.040	598	...
0.050	772	1000
0.063	949	1300
0.071	1000	1480
0.080	1060	1680
0.090 .....	...	1760
0.100 .....	...	1850
Head height (ref.), in.	0.039	0.049

a Data supplied by Briles Rivet Corp.

b Fasteners installed in hole diameters of 0.1935 and 0.257, ± 0.0005 .

c Shear strength based on Table 8.1.2(b) and $F_{su} = 41$ ksi.

d Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.2.2(I). Static Joint Strength of 120° Flush Shear Head Ti-45 Cb Solid Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy and Titanium Sheet

Rivet Type	BRFS-T ^a ($F_{su} = 53$ ksi)					
Sheet Material	Clad 7075-T6			Annealed Ti-6Al-4V		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	1/8 (0.1285)	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)	1/8 (0.1285)	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)
Ultimate Strength, lbs						
Sheet thickness, in.:						
0.025	288	...	...	400	...	...
0.032	369	456	...	513	635	...
0.040	461	572	685	564	796	952
0.050	577	713	858	602	867	1190
0.063	610	891	1080	650	927	1270
0.071	628	914	1220	680	964	1310
0.080	649	939	1300	687	1005	1360
0.090	671	967	1330	...	1050	1420
0.100	687	996	1370	...	...	1470
0.125 .....	...	1050	1450	...	...	1520
0.160 .....	...	...	1520	...	...	...
Rivet shear strength ^c	687	1050	1520	687	1050	1520
Yield Strength ^d , lbs						
Sheet thickness, in.:						
0.025	288	...	...	400	...	...
0.032	369	456	...	513	635	...
0.040	461	572	685	564	796	952
0.050	577	713	858	602	867	1190
0.063	610	891	1080	650	927	1270
0.071	628	914	1220	680	964	1310
0.080	649	939	1300	687	1005	1360
0.090	671	967	1330	...	1050	1420
0.100	687	996	1370	...	...	1470
0.125 .....	...	1050	1450	...	...	1520
0.160 .....	...	...	1520	...	...	...
Head height (ref.), in.	0.023	0.030	0.039	0.023	0.030	0.039

a Data supplied by Briles Rivet Corp.

b Allowables developed from tests with hole diameters noted, except 5/32 and 3/16 diameters were 0.161 and 0.1935 ±0.0005, respectively.

c Rivet shear strength based on Table 8.1.2(b) and $F_{su} = 53$ ksi.

d Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal hole diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.2.2(m). Static Joint Strength of 120° Flush Shear Head Aluminum Alloy (7050-T731) Solid Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	MS14218E ^a ($F_{su} = 43$ ksi)						
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3						
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	1/8 (0.1285)	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)	7/32 (0.228)	1/4 (0.257)	9/32 (0.290)	5/16 (0.323)
Ultimate Strength, lbs							
Sheet thickness, in.:							
0.025	215 ^c	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.032	307	346 ^c	...	...	...	...	...
0.040	434	478	529 ^c	...	...	...	...
0.050	508	673	732	806 ^c	...	...	...
0.063	536	781	1045	1135	1200	1285 ^c	...
0.071	554	803	1110	1365	1445	1530	1630 ^c
0.080	558	827	1140	1565	1735	1835	1930
0.090 .....	...	854	1175	1605	1990	2200	2320
0.100 .....	...	...	1205	1645	2030	2525	2725
0.125 .....	...	...	1230	1740	2140	2650	3205
0.160 .....	...	...	...	1755	2230	2820	3400
0.190 .....	...	...	...	...	...	2840	3525
Rivet shear strength ^d	558	854	1230	1755	2230	2840	3525
Yield Strength ^e , lbs							
Sheet thickness, in.:							
0.025	215	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.032	307	346	...	...	...	...	...
0.040	388	478	529	...	...	...	...
0.050	487	601	721	806	...	...	...
0.063	536	760	912	1085	1200	1285	...
0.071	552	803	1030	1225	1377	1530	1630
0.080	558	827	1140	1385	1554	1755	1930
0.090 .....	...	854	1175	1560	1750	1970	2200
0.100 .....	...	...	1205	1645	1950	2200	2445
0.125 .....	...	...	1230	1735	2140	2650	3060
0.160 .....	...	...	...	1755	2230	2810	3400
0.190 .....	...	...	...	...	...	2840	3525
Head height (ref.), in.	0.027	0.035	0.044	0.053	0.061	0.069	0.077

a Data supplied by Briles Rivet Corp.

b Allowables developed from tests with hole diameters noted, except 5/32, 3/16, and 5/16 diameters were 0.161, 0.1935, and 0.316, respectively. Hole tolerances were +0.0005, -0.001 inch.

c Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

d Shear strength based on Table 8.1.2(b) and $F_{su} = 43$ ksi.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal hole diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.2.2(n). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Shear Head Aluminum Alloy (7050-T73) Solid Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	NAS1097-E ^a ($F_{su} = 41$ ksi)							
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3				Clad 7075-T6			
Nominal Rivet Diameter, in. . . (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b .	1/8 (0.1285)	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)	1/4 (0.257)	1/8 (0.1285)	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)	1/4 (0.257)
Ultimate Strength, lbs								
Sheet thickness, in.:								
0.025	227 ^c	...	...	...	278 ^c	...	...	...
0.032	326	367 ^c	...	...	354	441 ^c	...	...
0.040	437	505	561 ^c	...	439	547	661 ^c	...
0.050	466	679	773	908 ^c	456	674	823	1120 ^c
0.063	485	717	1005	1275	477	700	980	1330
0.071	497	731	1025	1500	490	716	999	1570
0.080	507	747	1045	1750	505	734	1020	1760
0.090	521	765	1065	1840	520	754	1045	1790
0.100	531	781	1085	1870	531	774	1070	1825
0.125 . . . . .	...	814	1135	1935	...	814	1130	1905
0.160 . . . . .	...	...	1175	2030	...	...	1175	2020
0.190 . . . . .	...	...	...	2110	...	...	...	2115
0.250 . . . . .	...	...	...	2125	...	...	...	2125
Rivet shear strength ^d	531	814	1175	2125	531	814	1175	2125
Yield Strength ^e , lbs								
Sheet thickness, in.:								
0.025	192	...	...	...	222	...	...	...
0.032	283	311	...	...	307	356	...	...
0.040	349	439	479	...	372	475	542	...
0.050	398	538	674	767	398	572	724	894
0.063	462	617	799	1105	431	612	836	1205
0.071	497	665	857	1310	451	638	867	1400
0.080	507	720	921	1400	474	666	900	1490
0.090	521	765	995	1500	499	698	938	1540
0.100	531	781	1065	1595	525	729	976	1595
0.125 . . . . .	...	814	1135	1835	...	808	1070	1720
0.160 . . . . .	...	...	1175	2030	...	...	1175	1895
0.190 . . . . .	...	...	...	2110	...	...	...	2050
0.250 . . . . .	...	...	...	2125	...	...	...	2125
Head height (ref.), in.	0.029	0.037	0.046	0.060	0.029	0.037	0.046	0.060

a Data supplied by Lockheed-Georgia Company.

b Fasteners installed in hole diameters of 0.130, 0.158, 0.191, and 0.254 ± 0.003 inch, respectively.

c Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

d Shear strength based on Table 8.1.2(b) and $F_{su} = 41$ ksi.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal hole diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.2.2(o). Static Joint Strength of 120° Flush Shear Head Aluminum Alloy (2117-T3) Solid Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	MS14218AD ^a ($F_{su} = 30$ ksi)					
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3					
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b .	3/32 (0.096)	1/8 (0.1285)	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)	7/32 (0.228)	1/4 (0.257)
Ultimate Strength, lbs						
Sheet thickness, in.:						
0.020	125 ^c	...	...	...	...	...
0.025	153	212 ^c	...	...	...	...
0.032	188	263	334 ^c	...	...	...
0.040	216	322	408	498 ^c	...	...
0.050	217	380	498	609	740 ^c	849 ^c
0.063 .....	...	388	588	751	910	1040
0.071 .....	...	...	596	817	1015	1155
0.080 .....	...	...	...	842	1125	1290
0.090 .....	...	...	...	862	1205	1425
0.100 .....	...	...	...	...	1225	1520
0.125 .....	...	...	...	...	...	1555
Rivet shear strength ^d	217	388	596	862	1225	1555
Yield Strength ^e , lbs						
Sheet thickness, in.:						
0.020	125	...	...	...	...	...
0.025	153	212	...	...	...	...
0.032	188	263	334	...	...	...
0.040	216	319	408	498	...	...
0.050	217	370	492	609	740	849
0.063 .....	...	388	574	733	910	1040
0.071 .....	...	...	596	794	1005	1155
0.080 .....	...	...	...	842	1090	1275
0.090 .....	...	...	...	862	1180	1380
0.100 .....	...	...	...	...	1225	1480
0.125 .....	...	...	...	...	...	1555
Head height (ref.), in.	0.022	0.027	0.035	0.044	0.053	0.061

a Data supplied by Briles Rivet Corp.

b Load allowables developed from tests with hole diameters noted, except 3/32, 5/32, and 3/16 diameters were 0.098, 0.161, and 0.1935, respectively. Hole tolerance was +0.0005, -0.001 inch.

c Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

d Shear strength based on Table 8.1.2(b) and $F_{su} = 30$ ksi.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal hole diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.2.2(p). Static Joint Strength of 120° Flush Tension Type Head Aluminum Alloy (7050-T731) Solid Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	MS14219 E ^a ($F_{su} = 43$ ksi)							
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3							
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	3/32 (0.096)	1/8 (0.1285)	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)	7/32 (0.228)	1/4 (0.257)	9/32 (0.290)	5/16 (0.523)
Ultimate Strength, lbs								
Sheet thickness, in.:								
0.032	210 ^c	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.040	279	339 ^c	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.050	310	473	527 ^c	...	...	...	...	...
0.063	311	538	743	819 ^c	...	...	...	...
0.071 .....	...	558	788	979	1065 ^c	...	...	...
0.080 .....	...	...	834	1105	1280	...	...	...
0.090 .....	...	...	854	1165	1520	1625 ^c	...	...
0.100 .....	...	...	...	1230	1605	1890	2020 ^c	2120 ^c
0.125 .....	...	...	...	...	1755	2145	2580	2965
0.160 .....	...	...	...	...	...	2230	2840	3415
0.190 .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3525
Rivet shear strength ^d	311	588	854	1230	1755	2230	2840	3525
Yield Strength ^e , lbs								
Sheet thickness, in.:								
0.032	210	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.040	277	339	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.050	301	468	527	...	...	...	...	...
0.063	309	538	728	819	...	...	...	...
0.071 .....	...	543	788	979	1065	...	...	...
0.080 .....	...	...	823	1100	1280	...	...	...
0.090 .....	...	...	833	1165	1490	1625	...	...
0.100 .....	...	...	...	1190	1605	1875	2020	2120
0.125 .....	...	...	...	...	1705	2145	2580	2945
0.160 .....	...	...	...	...	...	2200	2765	3390
0.190 .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3455
Head height (ref.), in.	0.034	0.041	0.053	0.068	0.077	0.090	0.100	0.104

a Data supplied by Briles Rivet Corp.

b Load allowables developed from tests with hole diameters noted, except 5/32, 3/16, and 5/16 diameter were 0.161, 0.1935, and 0.316, respectively. Hole tolerances were + 0.0005, -0.001 inch.

c Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

d Rivet shear strength based on Table 8.1.2(b) and $F_{su} = 43$ ksi.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal hole diameter.

Table 8.1.2.2(q). Static Joint Strength of 120° Flush Tension Type Head Aluminum Alloy (7050-T731) Solid Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	MS14219 E ^a ($F_{su} = 43$ ksi)							
Sheet Material	Clad 7075-T6							
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	3/32 (0.096)	1/8 (0.1285)	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)	7/32 (0.228)	1/4 (0.257)	9/32 (0.290)	5/16 (0.523)
Ultimate Strength, lbs								
Sheet thickness, in.:								
0.032	272 ^c	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.040	297	455 ^c	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.050	311	522	704 ^c	...	...	...	...	...
0.063 .....	...	558	803	1065 ^c	...	...	...	...
0.071 .....	...	...	832	1140	1435 ^c	...	...	...
0.080 .....	...	...	854	1180	1600	...	...	...
0.090 .....	...	...	...	1220	1650	2030 ^c	...	...
0.100 .....	...	...	...	1230	1700	2090	2565 ^c	2860 ^c
0.125 .....	...	...	...	...	1755	2230	2740	3295
0.160 .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	2840	3525
Rivet shear strength ^d	311	558	854	1230	1755	2230	2840	3525
Yield Strength ^e , lbs								
Sheet thickness, in.:								
0.032	272	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.040	296	455	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.050	308	522	704	...	...	...	...	...
0.063 .....	...	550	802	1065	...	...	...	...
0.071 .....	...	...	823	1140	1435	...	...	...
0.080 .....	...	...	845	1170	1600	...	...	...
0.090 .....	...	...	...	1205	1650	2030	...	...
0.100 .....	...	...	...	1220	1685	2090	2565	2860
0.125 .....	...	...	...	...	1740	2195	2715	3295
0.160 .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	2815	3480
Head height (ref.), in.	0.034	0.041	0.053	0.068	0.077	0.090	0.100	0.104

a Data supplied by Briles Rivet Corp.

b Allowables developed from tests with hole diameters noted, except 3/32, 5/32, 3/16, and 5/16 diameters were 0.098, 0.161, 0.1935, and 0.316, respectively. Hole tolerances were +0.0005, -0.001 inch.

c Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

d Rivet shear strength based on Table 8.1.2(b) and $F_{su} = 43$ ksi.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal hole diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.2.2(r). Static Joint Strength of Solid 100° Flush Head Aluminum Alloy (7050-T73) Solid Rivets in Machine Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	MS20426E ($F_{su} = 41$ ksi) ^a			
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3			
Rivet Diameter, in.	1/8	5/32	3/16	1/4
(Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	(0.1285)	(0.159)	(0.191)	(0.257)
Ultimate Strength, lbs				
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.040	386 ^c	...	...	...
0.050	419	592 ^c	...	...
0.063	463	647	870 ^c	...
0.071	491	680	910	...
0.080	521	718	955	...
0.090	531	760	1005	1610 ^c
0.100 .....	...	802	1055	1680
0.125 .....	...	814	1175	1845
0.160 .....	...	...	...	2085
0.190 .....	...	...	...	2125
Rivet shear strength ^d	531	814	1175	2125
Yield Strength ^e , lbs				
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.040	262	...	...	...
0.050	327	404	...	...
0.063	412	510	612	...
0.071	464	574	690	...
0.080	517	647	777	...
0.090	531	728	875	1175
0.100 .....	...	794	972	1310
0.125 .....	...	814	1160	1635
0.160 .....	...	...	...	2070
0.190 .....	...	...	...	2125
Head Height (ref.), in.	0.042	0.055	0.070	0.095

a Data supplied by Lockheed Ga. Co. and Air Force Materials Laboratory.

b Load allowables developed from tests with hole diameters of 0.130, 0.158, 0.191, and 0.256 ± 0.003 inch.

c The values in the table above the horizontal line in each column are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires the specific approval of the procuring agency.

d Shear strength based on area computed from nominal hole diameters in Table 8.1.2(b) and $F_{su} = 41$ ksi.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of the nominal hole diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.2.2 (s). Static Joint Strength of Solid 100° Flush Head Aluminum Alloy (7050-T73) Solid Rivets in Machine Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	MS20426E ($F_{su} = 41$ ksi) ^a			
Sheet Material	Clad 7075-T6			
Rivet Diameter, in.	1/8	5/32	3/16	1/4
(Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b . . .	(0.1285)	(0.159)	(0.191)	(0.257)
Ultimate Strength, lbs				
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.040	318 ^c	...	...	...
0.050	393	492 ^c	...	...
0.063	440	606	745 ^c	...
0.071	469	642	840	...
0.080	502	683	898	...
0.090	531	728	952	1430 ^c
0.100 . . . . .	...	773	1005	1570
0.125 . . . . .	...	814	1140	1755
0.160 . . . . .	...	...	1175	2010
0.190 . . . . .	...	...	...	2125
Rivet shear strength ^d	531	814	1175	2125
Yield Strength ^e , lbs				
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.040	257	...	...	...
0.050	330	399	...	...
0.063	423	515	607	...
0.071	469	586	693	...
0.080	502	666	789	...
0.090	531	728	896	1175
0.100 . . . . .	...	773	1005	1320
0.125 . . . . .	...	814	1140	1680
0.160 . . . . .	...	...	1175	2010
0.190 . . . . .	...	...	...	2125
Head height (ref.), in.	0.042	0.055	0.070	0.095

a Data supplied by Lockheed Ga. Co., Air Force Materials Laboratory, Allfast, Cherry Fasteners, Douglas Aircraft Co., and Huck Mfg. Co.

b Load allowables developed from tests with hole diameters of 0.130, 0.158, 0.191, and 0.256 ± 0.003 inch.

c The values in the table above the horizontal line in each column are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires the specific approval of the procuring agency.

d Shear strength based on area computed from nominal hole diameters in Table 8.1.2(b) and $F_{su} = 41$ ksi.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of the nominal hole diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.2.2(t). Static Joint Strength of 105 degree Flush Shear Head Aluminum Alloy (7050) Solid Rivet in 100 degree Machine-Countersunk Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	AL 905 KE ^a ($F_{su} = 41$ ksi)			
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3			
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	1/8 (0.1285)	5/32 (0.159)	3/16 (0.191)	1/4 (0.257)
Sheet thickness, in.: 0.032 0.040 0.050 0.063 0.071 0.080 0.090 0.125 0.160 Rivet Shear Strength ^d	Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
	325 ^c	---	---	---
	396	502 ^c	---	---
	452	612	750 ^c	---
	498	696	923	1280 ^c
	526	731	980	1425
	531	771	1030	1585
	---	814	1080	1735
	---	---	1175	1985
	---	---	---	2125
	531	814	1175	2125
	Yield Strength, lbs ^e			
	268	---	---	---
	326	415	---	---
	399	504	619	---
	493	620	759	1060
	526	692	845	1175
	531	771	942	1305
	---	814	1050	1450
	---	---	1175	1955
	---	---	---	2125
Head height [ref.], ^f in.	0.029	0.037	0.046	0.060

a Data supplied by Ateliers De La Haute Garonne SARL.

b Loads developed from tests with hole diameters of 0.1285, 0.161, 0.193, and 0.257, +/- 0.001 inch.

c The values above the horizontal line in each column are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring activity.

d Rivet shear strength is based upon Table 8.1.2(b) and $F_{su} = 41$ ksi.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

f Head height values reflect driven rivet configuration.

8.1.3 BLIND FASTENERS — The strengths shown in the following tables are applicable only for the grip lengths and hole tolerances recommended by the respective fastener manufacturers. For some fastener systems, permanent set at yield load may be increased if hole sizes greater than those listed in the applicable table are used. This condition may exist even though the test hole size lies within the manufacturer's recommended hole size range.

The strength values were established from test data and are applicable to "joints" with $e/D \geq 2.0$. For joints with e/D ratios less than 2.0, tests to substantiate the use of yield and ultimate strength allowables must be made. Ultimate strength values of protruding- and flush-head blind fasteners were obtained as described in Section 9.7. The analyses prior to 2003 included dividing the average ultimate load from test data by 1.15. This factor was not applicable to shear strength cutoff values which represented either the procurement specification shear strength (S values) of the fastener, or if no specification existed, a statistical value determined from test results as described in Chapter 9.

Unless otherwise specified, prior to 2003 the yield load was defined as the load which resulted in a joint permanent set equal to $0.04D$, where D is the decimal equivalent of the hole or fastener shank diameter, as defined in Table 9.7.1.1. Some tables are footnoted to show the previous criteria used for those particular tables.

For machine countersunk joints, the sheet gage specified in the tables is that of the countersunk sheet. When the noncountersunk sheet is thinner than the countersunk sheet, the bearing allowable for the noncountersunk sheet-fastener combination should be computed, compared to the table value, and the lower of the two values selected. Increased attention should be paid to detail design in cases where $t/D < 0.25$ because of the possibility of unsatisfactory service life.

Joint allowable strengths of blind fasteners in double-dimpled or dimpled into machine countersunk applications should be established on the basis of specific tests acceptable to the procuring or certifying agency.

Reference should be made to the requirements of the applicable procuring or certifying agency relative to the use of blind fasteners such as the limitations of usage in design standard MS33522.

8.1.3.1 Protruding-Head Blind Fasteners

8.1.3.1.1 Friction-Lock Blind Rivets — Tables 8.1.3.1.1(a) through 8.1.3.1.1(e) contain joint allowables for various protruding-head, friction-lock blind rivet/sheet material combinations.

8.1.3.1.2 Mechanical-Lock Spindle Blind Rivets — Tables 8.1.3.1.2(a) through (t) contain joint allowables for various protruding-head, mechanical-lock spindle blind rivet/sheet material combinations.

8.1.3.2 Flush-Head Blind Fasteners

8.1.3.2.1 Friction-Lock Blind Rivets — Tables 8.1.3.2.1(a) through (g) contain joint allowables for various flush-head, friction-lock blind rivet/sheet material combinations.

8.1.3.2.2 Mechanical-Lock Spindle Blind Rivets — Tables 8.1.3.2.2(a) through (aa) contain joint allowables for various flush-head, mechanical-lock spindle blind rivet/sheet material combinations.

8.1.3.2.3 Flush-Head Blind Bolts — Tables 8.1.3.2.3(a) through (h) contain joint allowables for various flush-head blind bolt/sheet material combinations.

Table 8.1.3.1.1(a). Static Joint Strength of Blind Protruding Head A-286 Rivets in Alloy Steels, Titanium Alloy and A-286 Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	CR 6636 ^a ($F_{su} = 75$ ksi)			
Sheet Material	Alloy Steel, $F_{tu} = 125$ ksi, Titanium Alloys, $F_{tu} = 120$ ksi, and A-286 Alloy, $F_{tu} = 140$ ksi			
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)
	Ultimate Strength ^b , lbs			
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.008	169	...	...	...
0.012	290	341	...	...
0.016	412	493	566	...
0.020	532	645	748	924
0.025	688	816	967	1221
0.032	796	1050	1278	1650
0.040	879	1233	1570	2129
0.050	945	1354	1807	2673
0.063	970	1461	1980	3168
0.071 .....	...	1490	2062	3350
0.080 .....	...	...	2150	3515
0.090 .....	...	...	...	3663
0.100 .....	...	...	...	3779
0.112 .....	...	...	...	3890
Rivet shear strength ^c	970	1490	2150	3890

a Data supplied by Cherry Fasteners.

b Yield strength is in excess of 80% of ultimate. This is based on a previous Navy "BuAer" definition that yield strength would not be considered to be critical if it exceeded 1.15 x 2.3 of design ultimate strength. There was no requirement for submission of the yield data for inclusion in ANC-5.

c Shear strength based on areas computed from nominal hole diameters in Table 8.1.2(a) and $F_{su} = 75$ ksi.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.3.1.1(b). Static Joint Strength of Protruding Head Monel Rivets in Stainless Steel Sheet

Rivet Type	MS20600M ($F_{su} = 55$ ksi)							
Sheet Material	ANSI 301-Annealed				AISI 301-½ Hard			
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ..	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.154)	1/4 (0.258)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)
Ultimate Strength, lbs								
Sheet thickness, in.:								
0.010 .....	...	...	...	...	195	...	...	...
0.012 .....	...	...	...	...	225	287	...	...
0.016 .....	...	...	...	...	290	367	453	...
0.020	332 ^a	...	...	...	358	450	552	774
0.025	396 ^a	494 ^a	...	...	440	552	675	940
0.032	472 ^a	627 ^a	768 ^a	...	522	690	1040	1163
0.040	526 ^a	729 ^a	942 ^a	1290 ^a	580	810	1200	1430
0.050	594 ^a	810 ^a	1070 ^a	1585 ^a	635	903	1325	1760
0.063	681 ^a	919 ^a	1280 ^a	1875 ^a	678	980	1385	2090
0.071	700 ^a	984 ^a	1370 ^a	1980 ^a	701	1013	1438	2220
0.080	713	1055 ^a	1470 ^a	2110 ^a	713	1050	1486	2340
0.090 .....	...	1080 ^a	1530 ^a	2240 ^a	...	1081	1540	2450
0.100 .....	...	1090	1580	2380 ^a	...	1090	1580	2540
0.125 .....	...	...	...	2700 ^a	...	...	...	2710
0.160 .....	...	...	...	2855	...	...	...	2855
Rivet shear strength ^b	713	1090	1580	2855	713	1090	1580	2855
Yield Strength ^c , lbs								
Sheet thickness, in.:								
0.010 .....	...	...	...	...	195	...	...	...
0.012 .....	...	...	...	...	225	287	...	...
0.016 .....	...	...	...	...	290	367	453	...
0.020	128	...	...	...	358	450	551	774
0.025	160	199	...	...	440	552	675	940
0.032	205	254	306	...	522	690	836	1163
0.040	257	318	382	514	580	810	1040	1430
0.050	321	397	477	642	635	903	1200	1760
0.063	405	501	601	810	678	980	1325	2090
0.071	456	564	678	912	701	1013	1385	2220
0.080	514	635	764	1025	713	1050	1438	2340
0.090 .....	...	715	860	1155	...	1081	1486	2450
0.100 .....	...	795	955	1285	...	1090	1540	2540
0.125 .....	...	...	...	1605	...	...	...	2710
0.160 .....	...	...	...	2055	...	...	...	2855

a Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.

b Rivet shear strength based on areas computed from nominal hole diameters in Table 8.1.2(a) and $F_{su} = 55$ ksi.

c Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.005 inch or 2.5% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.3.1.1(c). Static Joint Strength of Blind Protruding Head Monel Rivets in Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	MS20600M ($F_{su} = 55$ ksi)							
Sheet Material	2024-T3				7075-T6			
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ..	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)
Ultimate Strength, lbs								
Sheet thickness, in.:								
0.025	268	...	...	...	297	...	...	...
0.032	365	429	...	...	405	472	...	...
0.040	478	569	650	...	485	631	720	...
0.050	545	738	860	1070	545	747	955	1190
0.063	622	844	1110	1430	622	844	1110	1590
0.071	652	903	1180	1665	652	903	1180	1840
0.080	684	968	1255	1910	684	968	1255	1940
0.090	713	1010	1345	2060	713	1010	1345	2060
0.100 .....	...	1050	1415	2180	...	1050	1415	2180
0.125 .....	...	1090	1545	2480	...	1090	1545	2480
0.160 .....	...	...	1580	2735	...	...	1580	2735
0.190 .....	...	...	...	2855	...	...	...	2855
Rivet shear strength ^a	713	1090	1580	2855	713	1090	1580	2855
Yield Strength ^b , lbs								
Sheet thickness, in.:								
0.025	234	...	...	...	272	...	...	...
0.032	297	370	...	...	343	430	...	...
0.040	368	460	556	...	425	533	644	...
0.050	458	570	688	936	492	657	797	1090
0.063	529	715	863	1170	529	759	996	1350
0.071	552	786	970	1315	552	786	1075	1520
0.080	577	818	1090	1470	577	818	1110	1700
0.090	605	853	1155	1650	605	853	1155	1915
0.100 .....	...	888	1200	1830	...	888	1200	1970
0.125 .....	...	976	1300	2110	...	976	1300	2110
0.160 .....	...	...	1450	2310	...	...	1450	2310
0.190 .....	...	...	...	2480	...	...	...	2480

a Shear strength based on areas computed from nominal hole diameters in Table 8.1.2(a) and $F_{su} = 55$ ksi.

b Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.005 inch or 2.5% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.3.1.1(d). Static Joint Strength of Blind Protruding Head Alloy (2117-T3) Rivets in Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	MS20600AD and MS20602AD ($F_{su} = 30$ ksi)			
Sheet Material	Clad 2024 T3			
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)
Ultimate Strength, lbs				
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.025	233	...	...	...
0.032	277	368	...	...
0.040	321	425	544	...
0.050	388	506	643	961
0.063 .....	...	596	753	1110
0.071 .....	...	...	823	1200
0.080 .....	...	...	862	1305
0.090 .....	...	...	...	1415
0.100 .....	...	...	...	1550
Rivet shear strength ^a	388	596	862	1550
Yield Strength ^b , lbs				
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.025	226	...	...	...
0.032	264	356	...	...
0.040	304	406	523	...
0.050	362	475	610	925
0.063	388	560	709	1058
0.071 .....	...	596	771	1135
0.080 .....	...	...	862	1230
0.090 .....	...	...	...	1330
0.100 .....	...	...	...	1450

a Rivet shear strength based on areas computed from nominal hole diameters in Table 8.1.2(a) and $F_{su} = 30$ ksi.

b Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.005 inch or 2.5% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.1.1(e). Static Joint Strength of Blind Protruding Head Aluminum Alloy (5056) Rivets in Magnesium Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	MS20600B ($F_{su} = 28$ ksi)			
Sheet Material	AZ31B-H24			
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)
	Ultimate Strength ^a , lbs			
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.025	178	...	...	...
0.032	218	282	...	...
0.040	256	339	420	...
0.050	290	392	502	714
0.063	330	449	584	870
0.071	352	481	627	942
0.080	363	512	667	1025
0.090 .....	...	550	714	1090
0.100 .....	...	556	757	1160
0.125 .....	...	...	802	1315
0.160 .....	...	...	...	1450
Rivet shear strength ^b	363	556	802	1450

a Yield strength is in excess of 80% of ultimate. This is based on a previous Navy "Bureau of Aeronautics" definition that yield strength was not considered to be critical if it exceeded $1.15 \times 2/3$ of design ultimate strength. There was no requirement for submission of the yield data for inclusion in ANC-5.

b Shear strength based on areas computed from nominal hole diameters in Table 8.1.2(a) and $F_{su} = 28$ ksi.

Table 8.1.3.1.2(a). Static Joint Strength of Blind Protruding Head Locked Spindle A-286 Rivets in Alloy Steel Sheet

Rivet Type	NAS1398C ^a and NAS1398C, Code A ^b (F_{su} = 75 ksi)			CR 2643 ^a (F_{su} = 95 ksi)		
Sheet Material	Alloy Steel F_{tu} = 180 ksi					
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
	Ultimate Strength ^c , lbs					
Sheet thickness, in.:						
0.025	697	...	...	697	...	...
0.032	785	1112	...	807	1112	...
0.040	860	1211	1628	911	1246	1639
0.050	956	1325	1772	1043	1406	1833
0.063	970	1480	1958	1215	1615	2090
0.071 .....	...	1490	2070	1230	1748	2240
0.080 .....	...	...	2150	...	1885	2420
0.090 .....	...	...	...	...	...	2610
0.100 .....	...	...	...	...	...	2720
Rivet shear strength	970 ^d	1490 ^d	2150 ^d	1230 ^e	1885 ^e	2720 ^e

a Data supplied by Cherry Fasteners.

b Confirmatory data supplied by Olympic Fastening Systems, Inc.

c Yield strength is in excess of 80% of ultimate. This is based on a previous Navy "Bureau of Aeronautics" definition that yield strength would not be considered to be critical if it exceeded $1.15 \times 2/3$ of design ultimate strength. There was no requirement for submission of the yield data for inclusion in ANC-5.

d Rivet shear strength is documented in NAS1400.

e Shear strength based on areas computed from nominal hole diameters in Table 8.1.2(a) and $F_{su} = 95$ ksi.

Table 8.1.3.1.2(b). Static Joint Strength of Blind Protruding Head Locked Spindle Monel Rivets in Stainless Steel Sheet

Rivet Type	NAS1398 MS or MW ^a and NAS1398 MS or MW, Code A ^b ($F_{SH} = 55$ ksi)		
Sheet Material	AISI 301-½ Hard		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
	Ultimate Strength ^c , lbs		
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.025	462	...	...
0.032	568	734	...
0.040	594	870	1094
0.050	632	915	1270
0.063	678	971	1335
0.071	706	1009	1380
0.080	710	1048	1428
0.090 .....	...	1090	1532
0.100 .....	...	...	1580
Rivet shear strength ^d	710	1090	1580

a Data supplied by Cherry Fasteners.

b Confirmatory data supplied by Olympic Fastening Systems, Inc.

c Yield strength is in excess of 80% of ultimate strength. This is based on a previous Navy "Bureau of Aeronautics" definition that yield strength was not considered to be critical if it exceeded 1.15 x 2/3 of design ultimate strength. There was no requirement for submission of the yield strength data for inclusion in ANC-5.

d Rivet shear strength is documented in NAS1400.

Table 8.1.3.1.2(c). Static Joint Strength of Blind Protruding Head Locked Spindle Monel Rivets in Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	NAS1398 MS or MW ^a and NAS1398 MS or MW, Code A ^b ($F_{su} = 55$ ksi)		
Sheet Material	Clad 7075-T6		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
	Ultimate Strength ^c , lbs		
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.025	318	...	...
0.032	404	506	...
0.040	466	624	774
0.050	546	720	922
0.063	647	845	1072
0.071	710	921	1168
0.080 .....	...	1009	1272
0.090 .....	...	1090	1387
0.100 .....	...	...	1507
0.125 .....	...	...	1580
Rivet shear strength ^d	710	1090	1580

a Data supplied by Cherry Fasteners.

b Confirmatory data supplied by Olympic Fastening Systems, Inc.

c Yield strength is in excess of 80% of ultimate. This is based on a previous Navy "Bureau of Aeronautics" definition that yield strength would not be considered to be critical if it exceeded $1.15 \times 1/3$ of design ultimate strength. There was no requirement for submission of the yield data for inclusion in ANC-5.

d Rivet shear strength is documented in NAS1400.

Table 8.1.3.1.2(d₁). Static Joint Strength of Blind Protruding Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy Rivets in Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	NAS1398B ^a (F_{su} = 30 ksi)				NAS1398D ^a (F_{su} = 38 ksi)			
	Clad 2024-T3							
Sheet Material								
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)
	Ultimate Strength, lbs.							
Sheet thickness, in.:								
0.025	228	...	...	...	228	...	...	...
0.032	289	364	412	...	304	364	...	...
0.040	337	448	553	670	355	470	553	...
0.050	388	521	662	914	418	548	696	914
0.063 .....	...	596	781	1145	494	647	816	1205
0.071 .....	...	...	854	1240	...	710	894	1303
0.080 .....	...	...	862	1350	...	755	975	1420
0.090 .....	...	...	...	1475	...	...	1069	1545
0.100 .....	...	...	...	1550	...	...	1090	1670
0.125 .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1970
Rivet shear strength ^b	388	596	862	1550	494	755	1090	1970

a Data supplied by Cherry Fasteners.

b Rivet shear strength documented in NAS1400.

Table 8.1.3.1.2(d₂). Static Joint Strength of Blind Protruding Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy Rivets in Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	NAS1738B and NAS1738E ^a ($F_{su} = 34$ ksi)		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)	1/8 (0.144)	5/32 (0.178)	3/16 (0.207)
Ultimate Strength, lbs			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.025	267	305	330
0.032	368	428	473
0.040	427	567	636
0.050	480	650	815
0.063	547 ^b	735	912
0.071	554 ^b	785 ^b	976
0.080 .....	...	837 ^b	1042 ^b
0.090 .....	...	...	1115 ^b
0.100 .....	...	...	1128 ^b
Rivet shear strength ^c	554	837	1128
Yield Strength ^d , lbs			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.020	185	213	228
0.025	242	285	317
0.032	298	386	433
0.040	321	453	568
0.050	336	489	625
0.063	336	508	680
0.071	336	508	684
0.080 .....	...	508	684
0.090 .....	...	...	684
0.100 .....	...	...	684

a Data supplied by Cherry Fasteners.

b Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate.

c Rivet shear strength was documented in NAS1740 prior to Revision (1), dated January 15, 1974.

d Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.005 inch or 2.5% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.1.2(e). Static Joint Strength of Blind Protruding Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy Rivets in Magnesium Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	NAS1398B ^a (F_{su} = 30 ksi)				NAS1738B and NAS1738E ^a (F_{su} = 34 ksi)			
Sheet Material	AZ31B-H24							
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ...	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)	1/8 (0.144)	5/32 (0.178)	3/16 (0.207)	
Sheet thickness, in.: 0.025 0.032 0.040 0.050 0.063 0.071 0.080 0.090 0.100 0.125 0.160	Ultimate Strength, lbs.							
	163	...	...	...	202	...	...
	208	256	310	...	261	321	372	
	255	324	388	519	325	401	465	
	298	394	485	654	372	501	579	
	352	461	588	822	425	570	708	
	385	501	639	924	458	609	756	
	388	550	695	1020	495	656	809	
	...	596	755	1109	536 ^b	709	866	
	...	...	820	1191	554 ^b	759	925
	...	...	862	1397	...	837 ^b	1072 ^b
	...	...	...	1550	...	...	1128 ^b
	Rivet shear strength	388 ^c	596 ^c	862 ^c	1550 ^c	554 ^d	837 ^d	1128 ^d
	Sheet thickness, in.: 0.025 0.032 0.040 0.050 0.063 0.071 0.080 0.090 0.100 0.125 0.160	Yield Strength ^e , lbs.						
...		...	...	...	155	...	...
...		...	...	...	198	243	282
...		...	...	...	248	304	353
...		...	...	...	302	380	441
...		...	...	...	325	460	556
...		...	...	...	336	478	614
...		...	...	...	336	499	638
...		...	...	...	336	508	664
...		...	...	...	336	508	684
...		...	...	...	...	508	684
...		...	...	...	...	...	684

a Data supplied by Cherry Fasteners.

b Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.

c Rivet shear strength is documented in NAS1400.

d Rivet shear strength was documented in NAS1740 prior to Revision (1), dated January 15, 1974.

e Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.005 inch or 2.5% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.3.1.2(f). Static Joint Strength of Blind Protruding Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy (2219) Rivets in Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	CR 2A63 ^a ($F_{su} = 36$ ksi)		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T81		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) .	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Ultimate Strength, lbs			
Sheet thickness, in.			
0.025	256	...	...
0.032	295	404	...
0.040	340	458	592
0.050	395	527	675
0.063	467	617	783
0.071	478	672	848
0.080 .....	...	734	922
0.090 .....	...	741	1005
0.100 .....	...	...	1063
Rivet shear strength ^b	478	741	1063
Yield Strength ^c , lbs			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.025	256	...	...
0.032	295	404	...
0.040	336	458	592
0.050	383	521	675
0.063	440	598	770
0.071	445	646	827
0.080 .....	...	683	890
0.090 .....	...	690	963
0.100 .....	...	...	984

a Data supplied by Cherry Fasteners.

b Shear strength values based on indicated nominal hole diameters and $F_{su} = 36$ ksi.

c Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal hole diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.3.1.2(g). Static Joint Strength of Blind Protruding Head Locked Spindle A-286 Rivets in Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	CR4623 ^a ($F_{su} = 75$ ksi)			
Sheet Material	Clad 7075-T6			
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)
Sheet thickness, in.:	Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
0.020	237	...	...	...
0.025	298	367	...	...
0.032	385	478	566	...
0.040	486	601	714	939
0.050	610	757	902	1185
0.063	772	958	1145	1505
0.071	856	1080	1290	1705
0.080	903	1220	1455	1925
0.090	956	1340	1645	2175
0.100	995	1405	1830	2425
0.125 .....	...	1545	2055	3035
0.160 .....	...	...	2215	3570
0.190 .....	...	...	...	3885
0.250 .....	...	...	...	3920
Rivet shear strength ^c	995	1545	2215	3920
Sheet thickness, in.:	Yield Strength ^d , lbs.			
0.020	237	...	...	...
0.025	296	367	...	...
0.032	381	475	565	...
0.040	478	594	709	938
0.050	596	745	890	1180
0.063	690	932	1125	1490
0.071	747	1005	1270	1680
0.080	812	1085	1385	1895
0.090	857	1175	1495	2140
0.100	879	1265	1600	2360
0.125 .....	...	1365	1870	2715
0.160 .....	...	...	1995	3215
0.190 .....	...	...	...	3425
0.250 .....	...	...	...	3690

a Data supplied by Cherry Fasteners.

b Allowable loads developed from test with hole diameters as listed.

c Fastener shear strength based on nominal hole diameters and $F_{su} = 75$ ksi from data analysis.

d Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal hole diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.3.1.2(h). Static Joint Strength of Blind Protruding Head Locked Spindle Monel Rivets in Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	CR 4523 ^a ($F_{su} = 65$ ksi)			
	Clad 7075-T6			
Sheet Material				
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)
Sheet thickness, in.:	Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
0.020	221	...	...	...
0.025	284	344	...	...
0.032	373	456	533	...
0.040	475	582	684	878
0.050	602	740	875	1130
0.063	701	945	1120	1455
0.071	729	1055	1270	1655
0.080	760	1095	1440	1885
0.090	796	1140	1540	2135
0.100	831	1180	1590	2390
0.125	863	1290	1725	2760
0.160 .....	...	1340	1905	3005
0.190 .....	...	...	1920	3215
0.250 .....	...	...	...	3400
Rivet shear strength ^c	863	1340	1920	3400
Sheet thickness, in.:	Yield Strength ^d , lbs.			
0.020	221	...	...	...
0.025	279	344	...	...
0.032	360	447	530	...
0.040	453	561	667	878
0.050	569	706	841	1110
0.063	659	893	1065	1405
0.071	707	965	1205	1590
0.080	729	1035	1340	1795
0.090	752	1105	1430	2030
0.100	776	1135	1520	2260
0.125	834	1205	1645	2590
0.160 .....	...	1305	1765	2880
0.190 .....	...	...	1870	3015
0.250 .....	...	...	...	3290

a Data supplied by Cherry Fasteners.

b Allowable loads developed from test with hole diameters as listed.

c Fastener shear strength based on nominal hole diameters and $F_{su} = 65$ ksi from data analysis.

d Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal hole diameter.

Table 8.1.3.1.2(i). Static Joint Strength of Blind Protruding Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy (7050) Rivets in Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	NAS 1720KE and NAS 1720KE()L ^{a,b} ($F_{su} = 33$ ksi)		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^c	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Sheet thickness, in.:	Ultimate Strength, lbs.		
0.020	174	...	...
0.025	219	272	...
0.032	282	350	417
0.040	354	440	525
0.050	376	552	659
0.063	392	585	816
0.071	402	597	831
0.080	413	611	847
0.090	425	626	866
0.100	437	641	884
0.125	450	680	929
0.160 .....	...	700	950
Rivet shear strength ^d	450	700	950
Sheet thickness, in.:	Yield Strength ^e , lbs.		
0.020	174	...	...
0.025	215	272	...
0.032	261	340	417
0.040	314	406	504
0.050	366	489	603
0.063	382	570	732
0.071	391	582	809
0.080	402	595	825
0.090	414	610	843
0.100	426	625	861
0.125	450	662	905
0.160 .....	...	700	950

a Data supplied by Avdel Corp.

b Fasteners should not be used for structural applications where the t/D is less than 0.15.

c Loads developed from tests with hole diameters of 0.130, 0.162, and 0.194, +0.0005, -0.0000 inch.

d Rivet shear strength is documented in NAS 1722.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.1.2(j). Static Joint Strength of Blind Protruding Head Locked Spindle A-286 Rivets in Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	NAS1720C and NAS1720C()L ^{a,b} ($F_{su} = 75$ ksi)		
Sheet Material	Clad 7075-T6		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^c ..	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Sheet thickness, in.:	Ultimate Strength, lbs.		
0.025	329	...	...
0.032	399	528	...
0.040	499	621	799
0.050	625	778	930
0.063	789	982	1170
0.071	847	1105	1320
0.080	870	1245	1490
0.090	896	1320	1680
0.100	921	1350	1865
0.125	985	1430	1955
0.160	1000	1500	2090
0.190 .....	...	...	2200
Rivet shear strength ^d	1000	1500	2200
Sheet thickness, in.:	Yield Strength ^e , lbs.		
0.025	329	...	...
0.032	390	386	...
0.040	453	607	779
0.050	531	704	895
0.063	632	831	1045
0.071	687	909	1140
0.080	701	996	1245
0.090	717	1070	1360
0.100	733	1090	1475
0.125	773	1140	1575
0.160	829	1210	1655
0.190 .....	...	...	1730

a Data supplied by Avdel Corp.

b Fasteners should not be used for structural applications where the t/D is less than 0.15.

c Loads developed from tests with hole diameters of 0.130, 0.162, and 0.194, ± 0.0001 inch.

d Rivet shear strength is documented in NAS1722.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.1.2(k). Static Joint Strength of Blind Protruding Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy Rivets in Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	AF3243 (F _{su} = 51 ksi approx.) ^a		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	1/8 (0.144)	5/32 (0.178)	3/16 (0.207)
Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.025	242	---	---
0.032	302	382	453
0.040	371	467	551
0.050	456	572	674
0.063	538	710	834
0.071	556	795	932
0.080	577	828	1040
0.090	600	856	1110
0.100	622	885	1140
0.125	679	955	1225
0.160	759	---	1335

**THIS FASTENER HAS ONLY BEEN TESTED IN THE
SHEET GAGES SHOWN IN THIS TABLE. DESIGN DATA
FOR SHEET GAGES OR DIAMETERS OTHER THAN
THOSE SHOWN HERE CANNOT BE EXTRAPOLATED.**

Rivet shear strength ^c	814	1245	1685
Yield Strength, lbs ^d			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.025	242	---	---
0.032	302	382	453
0.040	371	467	551
0.050	456	572	674
0.063	538	710	834
0.071	556	795	932
0.080	577	828	1040
0.090	600	856	1110
0.100	622	885	1140
0.125	679	955	1225
0.160	759	---	1335

a Data supplied by Allfast Fastening Systems Inc.

b Loads developed from tests with hole diameters of 0.144, 0.178, and 0.207, +/-0.001 inch.

c Rivet shear strength is documented on AF3243 standards drawing.

d Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.3.1.2(I). Static Joint Strength of Blind Protruding Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy Rivets in Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	HC3213 ($F_{su} = 51$ ksi approx.) ^a		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.020	225	---	---
0.025	265	351	---
0.032	320	419	527
0.040	383	498	621
0.050	461	596	738
0.063	538	723	891
0.071	558	801	985
0.080	581	840	1090
0.090	607	872	1180
0.100	632	904	1220
0.125	664	983	1315
0.160	---	1030	1445
0.190	---	---	1480
Rivet shear strength ^c	664	1030	1480
Yield Strength, lbs ^d			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.020	182	---	---
0.025	222	284	---
0.032	278	354	431
0.040	343	434	527
0.050	423	534	647
0.063	436	658	803
0.071	444	668	898
0.080	453	679	951
0.090	463	691	965
0.100	473	704	980
0.125	497	734	1015
0.160	---	777	1065
0.190	---	---	1110

a Data supplied by Huck International Inc.

b Loads developed from tests with hole diameters of 0.130, 0.162, and 0.194, +/- 0.001 inch.

c Rivet shear strength is documented on HC3213 standards drawing.

d Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.1.2(m). Static Joint Strength of Protruding Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy Blind Rivets in Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	HC6223 ^a ($F_{su} = 50$ ksi) Nominal		
Sheet and Plate Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Ultimate Strength, lbs			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.016 .....	...	...	...
0.020 .....	...	...	...
0.025	272	...	...
0.032	367	437	...
0.040	427	573	661
0.050	476	664	864
0.063	539	743	975
0.071	578	792	1033
0.080	622	846	1099
0.090	664	907	1171
0.100 .....	...	967	1244
0.125 .....	...	1030	1425
0.160 .....	...	...	1480
0.190 .....	...	...	...
Rivet shear strength ^b	664	1030	1480
Yield Strength ^c , lbs			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.016 .....	...	...	...
0.020 .....	...	...	...
0.025	255	...	...
0.032	320	406	...
0.040	394	498	605
0.050	417	613	743
0.063	437	648	901
0.071	449	664	920
0.080	463	681	940
0.090	478	700	963
0.100 .....	...	720	986
0.125 .....	...	768	1044
0.160 .....	...	...	1125
0.190 .....	...	...	...

- a Data supplied by Huck International, Inc.
b Rivet shear strength is documented in MIL-R-7885D.
c Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal hole diameter.

Table 8.1.3.1.2(n). Static Joint Strength of Protruding Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy Blind Rivets in Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	HC6253 ^a ($F_{su} = 50$ ksi)		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)	1/8 (0.144)	5/32 (0.178)	3/16 (0.207)
Ultimate Strength, lbs			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.016 .....	...	...	...
0.020 .....	...	...	...
0.025 .....	...	...	...
0.032	344	419	...
0.040	436	532	613
0.050	513	674	777
0.063	559	789	992
0.071	588	824	1055
0.080	620	864	1101
0.090	656	908	1152
0.100	691	952	1204
0.125	781	1063	1332
0.160	814	1217	1512
0.190 .....	...	1245	1666
0.250 .....	...	...	1685
Rivet shear strength ^b	814	1245	1685
Yield Strength ^c , lbs			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.016 .....	...	...	...
0.020 .....	...	...	...
0.025 .....	...	...	...
0.032	344 ^d	419 ^d	...
0.040	403	532 ^d	613 ^d
0.050	462	619	731
0.063	523	715	879
0.071	541	774	948
0.080	560	805	1025
0.090	583	832	1079
0.100	605	859	1110
0.125	660	928	1190
0.160	738	1024	1302
0.190 .....	...	1245	1397
0.250 .....	...	...	1588

a Data supplied by Huck International, Inc.

b Rivet shear strength is documented in MIL-R-7885D.

c Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal hole diameter.

d Calculated yield reduced to match ultimate strength.

Table 8.1.3.1.2(o). Static Joint Strength of Blind Protruding Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy Rivets in Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	AF3213 ($F_{su} = 51$ ksi approx.) ^a		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Sheet thickness, in.:	Ultimate Strength, lbs.		
	223	---	---
	262	347	---
	317	416	522
	380	494	616
	411	592	733
	441	640	875
	459	663	902
	480	689	933
	503	717	968
	526	746	1000
	583	818	1085
	---	918	1205
	---	---	1310

**THIS FASTENER HAS ONLY BEEN TESTED IN THE
SHEET GAGES SHOWN IN THIS TABLE. DESIGN DATA
FOR SHEET GAGES OR DIAMETERS OTHER THAN
THOSE SHOWN HERE CANNOT BE EXTRAPOLATED.**

Rivet shear strength ^c	664	1030	1480
Sheet thickness, in.:	Yield Strength, lbs ^d		
	223	---	---
	262	347	---
	317	416	522
	362	494	616
	378	562	733
	398	588	814
	411	604	833
	425	622	854
	441	641	878
	457	661	901
	496	710	960
	---	779	1040
	---	---	1110

a Data supplied by Allfast Fastening Systems Inc.

b Loads developed from tests with hole diameters of 0.130, 0.162, and 0.194, +/- 0.001 inch.

c Rivet shear strength is documented on AF3213 standards drawing.

d Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.1.2(p). Static Joint Strength of Blind Protruding Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy Rivets in Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	CR3213 ($F_{su} = 51$ ksi approx.) ^a		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Sheet thickness, in.:	Ultimate Strength, lbs.		
	250	---	---
	280	389	---
	322	441	576
	370	501	648
	430	576	737
	492	673	853
	513	733	925
	536	769	1005
	562	801	1080
	587	833	1115
	652	913	1215

**THIS FASTENER HAS ONLY BEEN TESTED IN THE
SHEET GAGES SHOWN IN THIS TABLE. DESIGN DATA
FOR SHEET GAGES OR DIAMETERS OTHER THAN
THOSE SHOWN HERE CANNOT BE EXTRAPOLATED.**

Rivet shear strength ^c	664	1030	1480
Sheet thickness, in.:	Yield Strength, lbs ^d		
	214	---	---
	238	332	---
	272	375	491
	298	424	550
	315	463	623
	338	491	672
	351	508	692
	367	527	716
	384	549	741
	401	570	767
	445	624	831

a Data supplied by Textron Aerospace Fasteners.

b Loads developed from tests with hole diameters of 0.130, 0.162, and 0.194, +/- 0.001 inch.

c Rivet shear strength is documented on CR3213 standards drawing.

d Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.1.2(q). Static Joint Strength of Blind Protruding Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy Rivets in Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	CR3243 ($F_{su} = 51$ ksi approx.) ^a		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	1/8 (0.144)	5/32 (0.178)	3/16 (0.207)
Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.025	317	---	---
0.032	366	494	617
0.040	421	562	696
0.050	489	647	795
0.063	579	758	924
0.071	623	826	1000
0.080	640	902	1090
0.090	660	957	1190
0.100	679	981	1280
0.125	728	1040	1350
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; text-align: center;"> THIS FASTENER HAS ONLY BEEN TESTED IN THE SHEET GAGES SHOWN IN THIS TABLE. DESIGN DATA FOR SHEET GAGES OR DIAMETERS OTHER THAN THOSE SHOWN HERE CANNOT BE EXTRAPOLATED. </div>			
Rivet shear strength ^c	814	1245	1685
Yield Strength, lbs ^d			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.025	272	---	---
0.032	317	425	527
0.040	368	488	600
0.050	432	567	692
0.063	451	664	811
0.071	462	677	884
0.080	475	693	911
0.090	489	710	931
0.100	503	728	951
0.125	538	771	1000

a Data supplied by Textron Aerospace Fasteners.

b Loads developed from tests with hole diameters of 0.144, 0.178, and 0.207, +/-0.001 inch.

c Rivet shear strength is documented on CR3243 standards drawing.

d Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.1.2(r). Static Joint Strength of Blind Protruding Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy Rivets in Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	HC3243 ($F_{su} = 51$ ksi approx.) ^a		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	1/8 (0.144)	5/32 (0.178)	3/16 (0.207)
Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.025	252	---	---
0.032	312	397	473
0.040	380	481	571
0.050	465	586	693
0.063	546	723	852
0.071	576	803	950
0.080	610	844	1060
0.090	647	891	1125
0.100	685	937	1175
0.125	779	1050	1310
0.160	814	1215	1500
0.190	---	1245	1665
0.250	---	---	1685
Rivet shear strength ^c	814	1245	1685
Yield Strength, lbs ^d			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.025	252	---	---
0.032	312	397	473
0.040	371	481	571
0.050	401	569	693
0.063	440	617	790
0.071	464	646	824
0.080	491	680	863
0.090	521	717	906
0.100	551	754	949
0.125	626	846	1055
0.160	730	976	1205
0.190	---	1085	1335
0.250	---	---	1595

a Data supplied by Huck International Inc.

b Loads developed from tests with hole diameters of 0.144, 0.178, and 0.207, +/-0.001 inch.

c Rivet shear strength is documented on HC3243 standards drawing.

d Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.3.1.2(s). Static Joint Strength of Blind Protruding Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy Rivets in Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	AF3223 ($F_{su} = 50$ ksi approx.) ^a		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.025	272	...	...
0.032	331	431	...
0.040	390	516	640
0.050	421	606	767
0.063	461	656	883
0.071	486	687	920
0.080	514	722	962
0.090	545	760	1005
0.100	576	799	1050
0.125	653	896	1170
0.160	664	1030	1330
0.190 .....	...	...	1460
Rivet shear strength ^c	664	1030	1460
Yield Strength ^d , lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.025	243	...	...
0.032	312	387	...
0.040	390	485	580
0.050	421	606	727
0.063	448	656	883
0.071	463	678	920
0.080	481	700	958
0.090	500	723	987
0.100	519	747	1015
0.125	566	806	1085
0.160	633	889	1185
0.190 .....	...	...	1270

a Data supplied by Allfast Fastening Systems Inc.

b Loads developed from tests with hole diameters of 0.130, 0.162, and 0.194, +/- 0.001 inch.

c Rivet shear strength as documented in Allfast Fastening Systems Inc P-127.

d Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.3.1.2(t). Static Joint Strength of Protruding Head 5056 Aluminum Alloy Rivets in Clad Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	CR3223 ($F_{su} = 50$ ksi approx.) ^a		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.025	257	...	...
0.032	316	408	...
0.040	383	492	606
0.050	450	596	731
0.063	486	701	894
0.071	509	729	987
0.080	534	760	1025
0.090	562	795	1065
0.100	590	830	1105
0.125	659 ^c	917	1210
0.160	664 ^c	1030 ^c	1355 ^c
0.190 .....	...	...	1480 ^c
Rivet shear strength ^d	664	1030	1480
Yield Strength ^e , lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.025	221	...	...
0.032	279	351	...
0.040	321	434	525
0.050	333	498	649
0.063	350	519	720
0.071	360	531	736
0.080	371	545	752
0.090	384	561	771
0.100	396	577	790
0.125	428	616	837
0.160	472	671	903
0.190 .....	...	...	959

a Data supplied by Textron Aerospace Fasteners.

b Loads developed from tests with hole diameters of 0.130, 0.162, and 0.194, +/- 0.0005 inch.

c Yield value is less than 2/3 of indicated ultimate strength value.

d Rivet shear strength as documented in Textron Aerospace Fasteners PS-CMR-3000.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.2.1(a). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head A-286 Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Alloy Steel, Titanium Alloy, and A-286 Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	CR 6626 ^a ($F_{su} = 75$ ksi)			
Sheet Material	Alloy Steel, $F_{tu} = 125$ ksi, Titanium Alloy, $F_{tu} = 120$ ksi, and A-286 Alloy, $F_{tu} = 140$ ksi			
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)
Ultimate Strength, lbs				
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.040	582 ^{b,c}	...	...	...
0.050	693	898 ^{b,c}	...	...
0.063	842	1082	1351 ^{b,c}	...
0.071	891	1189	1478	...
0.080	949	1303	1633	...
0.090	970	1379	1798	2558 ^{b,c}
0.100 .....	...	1461	1916	2772
0.112 .....	...	1490	2026	3036
0.125 .....	...	...	2150	3333
0.140 .....	...	...	...	3531
0.160 .....	...	...	...	3795
0.190 .....	...	...	...	3890
Rivet shear strength ^d	970	1490	2150	3890
Yield Strength ^e , lbs				
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.040	355	...	...	...
0.050	499	557	...	...
0.063	681	784	858	...
0.071	771	923	1031	...
0.080	858	1082	1223	...
0.090	920	1202	1424	1700
0.100 .....	...	1297	1643	1997
0.112 .....	...	1417	1779	2327
0.125 .....	...	...	1925	2690
0.140 .....	...	...	...	3053
0.160 .....	...	...	...	3432
0.190 .....	...	...	...	3845
Head height (ref.), in.	0.042	0.055	0.070	0.095

a Data supplied by Cherry Fasteners.

b Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.

c Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

d Rivet shear strength based on areas computed from nominal hole diameters in Table 8.1.2(a) and $F_{su} = 75$ ksi.

e Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.005 inch or 2.5% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.2.1(b). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Monel Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Stainless Steel

Rivet Type	MS20601M (R. T. F_{su} = 55 ksi)											
	17-7PH, TH 1050											
	Room						500 °F					
	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)												
Ultimate Strength, lbs												
Sheet thickness, in.:	373 ^{a,b}	...	...	...	373 ^{a,b}	...	...	...	373 ^{a,b}	...	...	...
0.040	429	574 ^{a,b}	...	...	429	574 ^{a,b}	...	...	429	574 ^{a,b}	...	...
0.050	495	664	866 ^{a,b}	...	495	664	866 ^{a,b}	...	495	664	866 ^{a,b}	...
0.063	535	714	924	...	535	714	924	...	535	714	924	...
0.071	579	771	991	...	579	771	991	...	574	771	991	...
0.080	630	833	1065	1615 ^{a,b}	625	833	1065	1615 ^{a,b}	590	833	1065	1615 ^{a,b}
0.090 .....	...	896	1140	1720	...	896	1140	1720	...	884	1140	1720
0.100 .....	...	...	1325	1970	...	...	1325	1970	...	904	1290	1970
0.125 .....	...	...	...	2320	...	...	...	2320	...	...	1305	2300
0.160 .....	...	...	...	2520	...	...	...	2500	...	...	...	2360
0.180	713	1090	1580	2855	648	993	1430	2590	590	904	1305	2360
Rivet shear strength ^c												
Yield Strength ^d , lbs												
Sheet thickness, in.:	213	...	...	...	213	...	...	...	213	...	...	...
0.040	303	332	...	...	303	332	...	...	303	332	...	...
0.050	439	476	518	...	439	476	518	...	439	476	518	...
0.063	528	569	621	...	528	569	621	...	528	569	621	...
0.071	579	696	741	...	579	696	741	...	574	696	741	...
0.080	630	833	910	1030	625	833	910	1030	590	833	910	1030
0.090 .....	...	896	1075	1212	...	896	1075	1212	...	884	1075	1212
0.100 .....	...	...	1325	1731	...	...	1325	1731	...	904	1290	1731
0.125 .....	...	...	...	2320	...	...	...	2320	...	...	1305	2300
0.160 .....	...	...	...	2520	...	...	...	2500	...	...	...	2360
0.180 .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Head height (ref.), in.	0.042	0.055	0.070	0.095	0.042	0.055	0.070	0.095	0.042	0.055	0.070	0.095

a Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.

b Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

c Rivet shear strength based on areas computed from nominal hole diameters in Table 8.1.2(a) and F_{su} values at 55 ksi, 50 ksi, and 45 ksi at room temperature, 500 °F and 700 °F, respectively.

d Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.005 inch or 2.5% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.3.2.1(c). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Monel Rivets in Dimpled Stainless Steel Sheet

Rivet Type	MS20601M ($F_{su} = 55$ ksi)							
Sheet Material	AISI 301-Annealed				AISI 301-1/4 Hard			
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)
Ultimate Strength, lbs.								
Sheet thickness, in.:								
0.010	224	...	...	...	277	377	...	...
0.012	254	338	...	...	302	428	560	...
0.016	313	412	519	...	358	485	632	...
0.020	375	486	610	...	415	542	705	1135
0.025	447	576	722	1045	482	642	808	1230
0.032	516	705	876	1255	543	750	963	1400
0.040	536	793	1055	1490	585	833	1110	1660
0.050	565	825	1150 ^a	1790	628	910	1240	1930
0.063	...	868	1200 ^a	2065	...	964	1330	2175
0.071	...	...	...	2100	...	973	1375	2275
0.080	...	...	...	2150	...	...	1405	2340
0.090	...	...	...	2200	...	...	...	2440
0.100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2510
Rivet shear strength ^a	635	973	1405	2540	635	973	1405	2540
Yield Strength ^b , lbs.								
Sheet thickness, in.:								
0.010	188	...	...	...	244	291	...	...
0.012	214	281	...	...	259	335	423	...
0.016	270	352	438	...	333	428	535	...
0.020	328	422	518	...	398	528	639	896
0.025	397	506	627	873	443	612	774	1080
0.032	498	627	770	1070	505	689	912	1330
0.040	536	772	939	1310	576	779	1015	1590
0.050	565	825	1150	1590	619	883	1145	1770
0.063	...	868	1200	1970	...	954	1305	2000
0.071	...	...	...	2100	...	973	1350	2140
0.080	...	...	...	2150	...	...	1400	2305
0.090	...	...	...	2200	...	...	...	2395
0.100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2475
Head height (ref.), in.	0.042	0.055	0.070	0.095	0.042	0.055	0.070	0.095

a Rivet shear strength from Table 8.1.2(b).

b Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.005 inch or 2.5% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.2.1(d₁). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Monel Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Stainless Steel Sheet

Rivet Type	MS20601M ($F_{su} = 55$ ksi)			
Sheet Material	AISI 301-Annealed			
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)
Ultimate Strength, lbs				
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.040	469 ^{a,b}	...	...	...
0.050	555 ^a	721 ^{a,b}	...	...
0.063 .....	...	864 ^a	1075 ^{a,b}	...
0.071 .....	...	...	1187 ^a	...
0.080 .....	...	...	...	...
0.090 .....	...	...	...	2040 ^b
Rivet shear strength ^c	713	1090	1580	2855
Yield Strength ^d , lbs				
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.040	231	...	...	...
0.050	321	359	...	...
0.063 .....	...	500	566	...
0.071 .....	...	...	678	...
0.080 .....	...	...	...	...
0.090 .....	...	...	...	1135
Head height (ref.), in.	0.042	0.055	0.070	0.095

a Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.

b Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

c Rivet shear strength based on areas computed from nominal hole diameters in Table 8.1.2(a) and $F_{su} = 55$ ksi.

d Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.005 inch or 2.5% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.2.1(d₂). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Monel Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Stainless Steel Sheet

	MS20601M (R.T. F_{su} = 55 ksi)											
	AISI 301-1/4 Hard											
	Room				500 °F				700 °F			
	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)
Rivet Type												
Sheet Material												
Temperature												
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)												
Sheet thickness, in.:	Ultimate Strength, lbs											
	373 ^{a,b}	...	...	...	373 ^{a,b}	...	...	...	373 ^{a,b}	...	...	...
	450	574 ^{a,b}	...	...	450 ^a	574 ^{a,b}	...	...	450 ^a	574 ^{a,b}	...	...
	538	704	866 ^{a,b}	...	538	704 ^a	866 ^{a,b}	...	538	704 ^a	866 ^{a,b}	...
	584	773	960	...	584	773	960 ^a	...	584	773	960 ^a	...
	637	838	1065	...	637	838	1065 ^a	...	590	838	1065 ^a	...
	695	910	1155	1645 ^b	648	910	1155	1645 ^{a,b}	...	904	1155	1645 ^{a,b}
	713	984	1240	1800	...	984	1240	1800 ^a	...	...	1240	1800 ^a
	...	1090	1460	2135	...	993	1430	2135	...	...	1305	2135
	...	...	1580	2550	...	...	...	2550	...	...	...	2360
...	...	...	2780	...	...	...	2590	...	...	...	...
Rivet shear strength ^c	713	1090	1580	2855	648	993	1430	2590	590	904	1305	2360
Yield Strength ^d , lbs												
Sheet thickness, in.:												
0.040	231	...	...	...	192	...	...	...	192	...	...	...
0.050	336	359	...	...	279	298	...	...	279	298	...	...
0.063	459	531	566	...	425	440	471	...	425	440	471	...
0.071	530	625	698	...	525	546	576	...	525	546	576	...
0.080	607	725	835	...	607	683	690	...	590	683	690	...
0.090	693	832	966	1135	648	832	872	945	...	832	872	945
0.100	713	943	1095	1345	...	943	1060	1115	...	...	1060	1115
0.125	...	1090	1420	1815	...	993	1420	1670	...	...	1305	1670
0.160	...	...	1580	2430	...	...	...	2430	...	...	...	2360
0.180	...	...	...	2775	...	...	...	2590	...	...	...	...
Head height (ref.), in.	0.042	0.055	0.070	0.095	0.042	0.055	0.070	0.095	0.042	0.055	0.070	0.095

a Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.

b Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

c Rivet shear strength based on areas computed from nominal hole diameters in Table 8.1.2(a) and $F_{su} = 55$ ksi at R.T., $F_u = 50$ ksi at 500°F, and $F_{su} = 45$ ksi at 700°F.

d Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.005 inch or 2.5% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.2.1(d₃). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Monel Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Stainless Steel Sheet

MS20601M (R.T. F_{su} = 55 ksi)												
AISI 301-1/2 Hard												
Room				500 °F				700 °F				
1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)	
Ultimate Strength, lbs												
350 ^{a,b}	...	...	...	350 ^{a,b}	...	...	...	350 ^{a,b}	...	...	...
444	540 ^{a,b}	...	...	444	540 ^{a,b}	...	...	444	540 ^{a,b}	...	...
538	694	821 ^b	...	538	694	821 ^b	...	538	694	821 ^b	...	
584	773	935	...	584	773	935	...	575	773	935	...	
637	838	1065	...	624	838	1065	...	586	838	1065	...	
695	910	1155	1585 ^b	648	910	1155	1585 ^b	590	886	1155	1585 ^b	
713	984	1240	1780	...	962	1240	1780	...	904	1240	1780	
...	1090	1460	2135	...	993	1410	2135	...	...	1305	2135
...	...	1580	2550	...	...	1430	2500	...	...	...	2345
...	...	...	2780	...	...	...	2590	...	...	...	2360
713	1090	1580	2855	648	993	1430	2590	590	904	1305	2360	
Yield Strength ^d , lbs												
231	...	...	...	231	...	...	...	231	...	...	...
336	359	...	...	336	359	...	...	336	359	...	...
459	531	566	...	459	531	566	...	459	531	566	...	
530	625	698	...	530	625	698	...	530	625	698	...	
607	725	835	...	607	725	835	...	586	725	835	...	
693	832	966	1135	648	832	966	1135	590	832	966	1135	
713	943	1095	1345	...	943	1095	1345	...	904	1095	1345	
...	1090	1420	1815	...	993	1410	1815	...	...	1305	1815
...	...	1580	2430	...	...	1430	2430	...	...	...	2345
...	...	...	2775	...	...	...	2590	...	...	...	2360
Head height (ref.), in.												
0.042	0.055	0.070	0.095	0.042	0.055	0.070	0.095	0.042	0.055	0.070	0.095	

a Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.

b Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

c Rivet shear strength based on areas computed from nominal hole diameters in Table 8.1.2(a) and $F_{su} = 55$ ksi at R.T., $F_{su} = 50$ ksi at 500°F , and $F_{su} = 45$ ksi at 700°F .

d Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.005 inch or 2.5% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.2.1(e). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush-Head Monel Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	MS20601M ($F_{su} = 55$ ksi)			
Sheet Material	7075-T6			
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)
Sheet thickness, in.:	Ultimate Strength, lbs			
0.040	320 ^{a,b}	...	...	...
0.050	393	494 ^{a,b}	...	...
0.063	487	612 ^a	747 ^{a,b}	...
0.071	545	684	832 ^a	...
0.080	565	766	930 ^a	...
0.090	587	840	1040	1425 ^{a,b}
0.100	610	867	1150	1570 ^a
0.125 .....	...	937	1270	1940
0.160 .....	...	...	1385	2260
0.190 .....	...	...	...	2390
Rivet shear strength ^c	713	1090	1580	2855
Sheet thickness, in.:	Yield Strength ^d , lbs			
0.040	146	...	...	...
0.050	228	226	...	...
0.063	395	369	343	...
0.071	496	495	444	...
0.080	526	640	615	...
0.090	561	769	806	660
0.100	595	811	1000	912
0.125 .....	...	918	1195	1560
0.160 .....	...	...	1375	2105
0.190 .....	...	...	...	2310
Head height (ref.), in.	0.042	0.055	0.070	0.095

a Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.

b Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

c Rivet shear strength based on areas computed from nominal hole diameters in Table 8.1.2(a) and $F_{su} = 55$ ksi.

d Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.005 inch or 2.5% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.3.2.1(f). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Aluminum Alloy (2117-T3) Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	MS20601AD and MS20603AD ($F_{su} = 30$ ksi)			
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3			
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)
Ultimate Strength, lbs				
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.040	159 ^a	...	...	...
0.050	236	258 ^a	...	...
0.063	327	369	398 ^a	...
0.071	360	439	485	...
0.080	388	511	577	...
0.090 .....	...	561	684	795 ^a
0.100 .....	...	596	768	945
0.125 .....	...	...	862	1270
Rivet shear strength ^b	388	596	862	1550
Yield Strength ^c , lbs				
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.040	110	...	...	...
0.050	198	185	...	...
0.063	300	308	296	...
0.071	336	384	391	...
0.080	377	468	497	...
0.090 .....	...	524	614	621
0.100 .....	...	592	709	793
0.125 .....	...	...	862	1150
Head height (ref.), in.	0.042	0.055	0.070	0.095

a Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

b Rivet shear strength based on areas computed from nominal hole diameters in Table 8.1.2(a) and $F_{su} = 30$ ksi.

c Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.005 inch or 2.5% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.3.2.1(g). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Aluminum Alloy (5056-H321) Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Magnesium Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	MS20601B ($F_{su} = 28$ ksi)			
Sheet Material	AZ31B-H24			
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)
Ultimate Strength, lbs				
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.040	167 ^a	...	...	...
0.050	208	257 ^a	...	...
0.063	262	324	390 ^a	...
0.071	295	366	440	...
0.080	333	413	495	...
0.090	363	464	557	749 ^a
0.100 .....	...	516	620	833
0.125 .....	...	556	774	1040
0.160 .....	...	...	802	1332
0.190 .....	...	...	...	1450
Rivet shear strength ^b	363	556	802	1450
Yield Strength ^c , lbs				
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.040	158	...	...	...
0.050	197	244	...	...
0.063	248	308	370	...
0.071	279	346	417	...
0.080	315	391	469	...
0.090	354	440	527	710
0.100 .....	...	489	587	789
0.125 .....	...	556	734	986
0.160 .....	...	...	802	1262
0.190 .....	...	...	...	1450
Head height (ref.), in.	0.042	0.055	0.070	0.095

a Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

b Rivet shear strength based on areas computed from nominal hole diameters in Table 8.1.2(a) and $F_{su} = 28$ ksi.

c Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.005 inch or 2.5% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.2.2(a). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Locked Spindle A-286 Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Alloy Steel Sheet

Rivet Type	NAS1399C ^a ($F_{su} = 75$ ksi)			CR 2642 ^a ($F_{su} = 95$ ksi)		
Sheet Material	Alloy Steel, $F_u = 180$ ksi					
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ..	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Sheet thickness, in.:	Ultimate Strength, lbs.					
	380 ^{b,c}	380 ^{b,c}
	475 ^b	588 ^{b,c}	...	475	588 ^{b,c}	...
	698	741 ^b	890 ^{b,c}	698	741	890 ^{b,c}
	840	908	1004 ^b	840	908	1004 ^b
	970	1108	1171 ^b	1002	1108	1171
	...	1333	1438	1185	1333	1438
	...	1490	1710	1230	1559	1710
	2150	...	1885	2380
	2720
Rivet shear strength	970 ^d	1490 ^d	2150 ^d	1230 ^e	1885 ^e	2720 ^e
Sheet thickness, in.:	Yield Strength ^f , lbs.					
	137	180
	292	219	...	320	278	...
	494	468	387	536	513	432
	614	620	570	665	675	628
	755	793	776	816	860	847
	...	983	1003	981	1063	1090
	...	1176	1236	1144	1267	1337
	1809	...	1777	1950
	2720
Head height (ref.), in.	0.042	0.055	0.070	0.042	0.055	0.070

a Data supplied by Cherry Fasteners.

b Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.

c Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

d Rivet shear strength is documented in NAS1400.

e Shear strength is based on areas computed from nominal hole diameters in Table 8.1.2(a) and $F_{su} = 95$ ksi.

f Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.005 inch or 2.5% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.2.2(b). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Locked Spindle Monel Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Stainless Steel Sheet

Rivet Type	NAS1399 MS or MW ^a ($F_{su} = 55$ ksi)		
Sheet Material	AISI 301-1/2 Hard		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ..	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Sheet thickness, in.: 0.040 0.050 0.063 0.071 0.080 0.090 0.100 0.125 Rivet shear strength ^d	Ultimate Strength, lbs.		
	287 ^{b,c}	...	...
	363	445 ^{b,c}	...
	491	569	671 ^{b,c}
	569	668	755 ^b
	657	776	886
	710	898	1032
	...	1019	1182
	...	1090	1580
	710	1090	1580
Sheet thickness, in.: 0.040 0.050 0.063 0.071 0.080 0.090 0.100 0.125	Yield Strength ^e , lbs.		
	163	...	...
	243	253	...
	348	384	401
	413	463	496
	487	554	606
	568	655	726
	...	753	846
	...	1004	1156
Head height (ref.), in.	0.042	0.055	0.070

a Data supplied by Cherry Fasteners.

b Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.

c Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

d Rivet shear strength is documented in NAS1400.

e Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.005 inch or 2.5% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.2.2(c). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Head Locked Spindle A-286 Blind Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	NAS1921C ^a ($F_{su} = 80$ ksi)		
Sheet Material	Clad 7075-T6		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Ultimate Strength, lbs			
Sheet thickness, in.			
0.050	612 ^b	...	...
0.063	749 ^b	956 ^b	...
0.071	831 ^b	1060 ^b	...
0.080	923 ^b	1180 ^b	1450 ^b
0.090	1110 ^b	1305 ^b	1605 ^b
0.100	1090 ^b	1435 ^b	1755 ^b
0.125 .....	...	1670 ^b	2130 ^b
0.160 .....	...	...	2400 ^b
Rivet shear strength ^c	1090	1670	2400
Yield Strength ^d , lbs			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.050	365	...	...
0.063	466	571	...
0.071	528	649	...
0.080	598	737	873
0.090	639	835	990
0.100	686	931	1105
0.125	804	1065	1325
0.160 .....	...	...	1605
Head height (ref.), in.	0.042	0.055	0.070

a Data supplied by Huck Manufacturing Company.

b Yield value is less than 2/3 of indicated ultimate strength value.

c Rivet shear strength is documented in NAS1900.

d Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter (revised May 1, 1985 from the greater of 0.012 inch or 4% of nominal diameter).

Table 8.1.3.2.2(d). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Locked Spindle Monel Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	NAS1399 MS or MW ^a ($F_{su} = 55$ ksi)		
Sheet Material	Clad 7075-T6		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ..	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.040	323 ^{b,c}	...	...
0.050	404 ^b	499 ^{b,c}	...
0.063	500 ^b	631 ^b	757 ^{b,c}
0.071	557	703 ^b	855 ^b
0.080	610	784	958 ^b
0.090	636	873	1065 ^b
0.100	662	937	1175
0.125	710	1015	1370
0.160 .....	...	1090	1505
0.190 .....	...	...	1580
Rivet shear strength ^d	710	1090	1580
Yield Strength ^e , lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.040	139	...	...
0.050	223	218	...
0.063	331	353	351
0.071	397	436	451
0.080	472	529	563
0.090	556	633	687
0.100	562	737	811
0.125	574	873	1120
0.160 .....	...	894	1260
0.190 .....	...	...	1280
Head height (ref.), in.	0.042	0.055	0.070

a Data supplied by Cherry Fasteners.

b Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.

c Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

d Rivet shear strength is documented in NAS1400.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter (revised May 1, 1985, from the greater of 0.005 inch or 2.5% of nominal diameter).

Table 8.1.3.2.2(e). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Head Locked Spindle Monel Blind Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	NAS 1921 M ^a ($F_{su} = 75$ ksi)		
Sheet Material	Clad 7075-T6		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Ultimate Strength, lbs			
Sheet thickness, in.			
0.050	595 ^b	...	...
0.063	732 ^b	927 ^b	...
0.071	816 ^b	1035 ^b	...
0.080	913 ^b	1158 ^b	1400 ^b
0.090	946 ^b	1289 ^b	1570 ^b
0.100	980 ^b	1415 ^b	1720 ^b
0.125	1020	1525 ^b	2055 ^b
0.160 .....	...	1565 ^b	2245 ^b
0.190 .....	...	...	2260
Rivet shear strength ^c	1020	1565	2260
Yield Strength ^d , lbs			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.050	354	...	...
0.063	447	554	...
0.071	504	625	...
0.080	569	707	843
0.090	607	796	952
0.100	626	885	1060
0.125	686	972	1265
0.160 .....	...	1080	1430
0.190 .....	...	...	1540
Head height (ref.), in.	0.042	0.055	0.070

a Data supplied by Huck Manufacturing Company.

b Yield value is less than 2/3 of indicated ultimate strength value.

c Rivet shear strength is documented in NAS 1900.

d Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter (revised May 1, 1985 from the greater of 0.012 inch or 4% of nominal diameter).

Table 8.1.3.2.2(f). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Aluminum Alloy (2219) Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	CR 2A62 ^a ($F_{su} = 36$ ksi)		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T81		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Ultimate Strength, lbs			
Sheet thickness, in.			
0.050	203	...	...
0.063	289	319	...
0.071	342	385	...
0.080	393	461	503
0.090	416	542	603
0.100	439	610	701
0.125	478	682	894
0.160 .....	...	741	1013
0.190 .....	...	...	1063
Rivet shear strength ^b	478	741	1063
Yield Strength ^c , lbs			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.050	169	...	...
0.063	247	267	...
0.071	295	326	...
0.080	349	394	423
0.090	409	468	514
0.100	424	544	603
0.125	448	658	827
0.160 .....	...	670	960
0.190 .....	...	...	1002
Head height (ref.), in.	0.042	0.055	0.070

a Data supplied by Cherry Fasteners.

b Shear strength values are based on indicated nominal hole diameters and $F_{su} = 36$ ksi.

c Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.2.2(g). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100 degree Flush Head Locked Aluminum Alloy Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	NAS1921B0()-0(), NAS1921B0()S0(), NAS1921B0()S0()U ^a ($F_{su} = 36$ ksi)		
Sheet Material	Clad 7075-T6		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.040	171 ^b	---	---
0.050	232	267 ^b	---
0.063	313	366	411 ^b
0.071	360	427	484
0.080	416	498	566
0.090	477	571	658
0.100	494	647	748
0.125	---	755	978
0.160	---	---	1090
Rivet shear strength ^c	495	755	1090
Yield Strength, lbs ^d			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.040	110	---	---
0.050	161	171	---
0.063	247	254	270
0.071	303	315	330
0.080	354	395	399
0.090	373	484	506
0.100	393	549	611
0.125	---	610	803
0.160	---	---	906
Head height [ref.], in.	0.042	0.055	0.070

a Data supplied by Huck Manufacturing Company.

b Values above the horizontal line in each column are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring activity.

c Rivet shear strength is documented in NAS1900.

d Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.3.2.2(h). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	NAS1399B ^a (5056) (F_{su} = 30 ksi)			NAS1399D ^a (2017) (F_{su} = 36 ksi)		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3					
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Sheet thickness, in.: 0.040 0.050 0.063 0.071 0.080 0.090 0.100 0.125 0.160	Ultimate Strength, lbs.					
	149 ^{b,c}	...	...	149 ^{b,c}	...	...
	223 ^b	230 ^{b,c}	...	223 ^b	230 ^{b,c}	...
	310 ^b	349 ^b	356 ^{b,c}	319 ^b	349 ^b	356 ^{b,c}
	366	415 ^b	448 ^b	379 ^b	420 ^b	448 ^b
	388	492 ^b	544 ^b	423	506 ^b	547 ^b
	...	578	646 ^b	459	600 ^b	660 ^b
	...	596	751 ^b	494	652	775 ^b
	...	...	862	...	755	969
	...	...	...	...	...	1090
Rivet shear strength ^d	388	596	862	494	755	1090
Sheet thickness, in.: 0.040 0.050 0.063 0.071 0.080 0.090 0.100 0.125 0.160	Yield Strength ^e , lbs.					
	72	...	...	72	...	...
	114	113	...	114	113	...
	197	182	170	197	182	170
	247	245	220	247	245	220
	304	316	304	304	316	304
	...	396	399	367	396	399
	...	473	493	431	473	493
	...	...	729	...	672	729
	...	...	...	...	...	1060
Head height (ref.), in.	0.042	0.055	0.070	0.042	0.055	0.070

a Data supplied by Cherry Fasteners.

b Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.

c Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

d Rivet shear strength is documented in NAS1900.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter (revised May 1, 1985, from the greater of 0.005 inch or 2.5% of nominal diameter).

Table 8.1.3.2.2(i). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy Rivets in Machine-Countersunk and Dimpled Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type		NAS1739B ^a and NAS1739E ^{a,b} (F_{su} = 34 ksi)			NAS1739B ^c and NAS1739E ^{b,c} (F_{su} = 34 ksi)		
Sheet Material		Clad 2024-T3					
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ...		1/8 (0.144)	5/32 (0.178)	3/16 (0.207)	1/8 (0.144)	5/32 (0.178)	3/16 (0.207)
		Ultimate Strength, lbs.					
Sheet thickness, in.:							
0.020 .....		...	...	...	246	334	418
0.025 .....		...	...	...	281	376	465
0.032		212 ^d	...	...	330	436	536
0.040		266	326 ^d	...	386	506	616
0.050		344	410	...	456	592	716
0.063		441	533	606 ^d	546	703	845
0.071		504	608	696	...	771	926
0.080		554	693	794	...	837	1015
0.090 .....		...	787	900	...	...	1110
0.100 .....		...	837	1015	...	...	...
0.125 .....		...	...	1128	...	...	...
Rivet shear strength ^e		554	837	1128	554	837	1128
		Yield Strength ^f , lbs.					
Sheet thickness, in.:							
0.020 .....		...	...	...	...	...	...
0.025 .....		...	...	...	...	...	...
0.032		159	...	...	...	...	...
0.040		212	247	...	...	...	...
0.050		279	331	...	...	...	...
0.063		365	437	492	...	...	...
0.071		418	503	568	...	...	...
0.080		448	577	654	...	...	...
0.090 .....		...	659	750	...	...	...
0.100 .....		...	689	845	...	...	...
0.125 .....		...	...	960	...	...	...
Head height (ref.), in.		0.035	0.047	0.063	0.035	0.047	0.063

a Machine-countersunk holes.

b Data supplied by Cherry Fasteners. Confirmatory data for machine-countersunk holes provided by Allfast Fastening Systems, Inc.

c Dimpled holes. These allowables apply to double dimpled sheets and to the upper sheet dimpled into a machine-countersunk lower sheet. Sheet gauge is that of the thinnest sheet for double dimpled joints and of the upper dimpled, machine-countersunk joints. The thickness of the machine-countersunk sheet must be at least one tabulated gauge thicker than the upper sheet. In no case shall allowables be obtained by extrapolation for gauges other than those shown.

d The values in the table above the horizontal line in each column are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

e Rivet shear strength is documented in NAS1740.

f Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter (revised May 1, 1985, from the greater of 0.005 inch or 2.5% of nominal diameter).

Table 8.1.3.2.2(j). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Magnesium Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	NAS1399B ^a ($F_{su} = 30$ ksi)				NAS1739B and NAS 1739E ^a ($F_{su} = 34$ ksi)		
	AZ31B-H24						
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.)	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)	1/4 (0.258)	1/8 (0.144)	5/32 (0.178)	3/16 (0.207)
Ultimate Strength, lbs.							
Sheet thickness, in.:							
0.032 .....	...	...	...	...	188 ^{b,c}	...	...
0.040	178 ^{b,c}	...	...	...	235 ^b	292 ^{b,c}	...
0.050	223 ^b	274 ^{b,c}	...	...	295	362 ^b	...
0.063	292 ^b	349 ^b	418 ^{b,c}	...	371	457	530 ^{b,c}
0.071	334 ^b	399 ^b	471 ^b	...	418	514	600 ^b
0.080	383 ^b	459 ^b	536 ^b	...	471	580	671
0.090	388	526 ^b	613 ^b	803 ^{b,c}	531	651	756
0.100 .....	...	593 ^b	693 ^b	892 ^b	554	725 ^b	843
0.125 .....	...	596	862	1153 ^b	...	837 ^b	1052 ^b
0.160 .....	...	...	...	1532 ^b	...	...	...
Rivet shear strength	388 ^d	596 ^d	862 ^d	1550 ^d	554 ^e	837 ^e	1128 ^e
Yield Strength ^f , lbs.							
Sheet thickness, in.:							
0.032 .....	...	...	...	...	106	...	...
0.040	49	...	...	...	147	164	...
0.050	94	76	...	...	197	227	...
0.063	158	152	128	...	262	307	340
0.071	197	200	186	...	300	355	399
0.080	242	254	250	...	314	414	462
0.090	291	315	323	277	330	459	534
0.100 .....	...	375	396	376	336	478	608
0.125 .....	...	530	580	621	...	508	667
0.160 .....	...	...	...	968	...	...	...
Head height (ref.), in.	0.042	0.055	0.070	0.095	0.035	0.047	0.063

a Data supplied by Cherry Fasteners.

b Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.

c Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

d Rivet shear strength is documented in NAS1400.

e Rivet shear strength is documented in NAS1740 dated March 1968.

f Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.005 inch or 2.5% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.2.2(k). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Locked Spindle A-286 Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	CR 4622 ^a ($F_{su} = 75$ ksi)			
Sheet Material	Clad 7075-T6			
Rivet Diameter	1/8	5/32	3/16	1/4
(Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	(0.130)	(0.162)	(0.194)	(0.258)
Ultimate Strength, lbs				
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.050	595 ^c	...	...	...
0.063	733 ^c	932 ^c	...	...
0.071	817 ^c	1035 ^c	...	...
0.080	913	1160 ^c	1410 ^c	...
0.090	947	1290 ^c	1570 ^c	...
0.100	982	1420	1725 ^c	2360 ^c
0.125	995	1525	2060	2880 ^c
0.160 .....	...	1545	2215	3605
0.190 .....	...	...	...	3810
0.250 .....	...	...	...	3920
Rivet shear strength ^d	995	1545	2215	3920
Yield Strength ^e , lbs				
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.050	211	...	...	...
0.063	348	339	...	...
0.071	489	470	...	...
0.080	608	620	574	...
0.090	664	787	774	...
0.100	720	947	970	853
0.125	860	1120	1400	1505
0.160 .....	...	1365	1695	2410
0.190 .....	...	...	...	2740
0.250 .....	...	...	...	3405
Head height (ref.), in.	0.041	0.054	0.069	0.095

a Data supplied by Cherry Fasteners.

b Allowable loads developed from test with nominal hole diameters as listed.

c Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.

d Fastener shear strength based upon nominal hole diameters and $F_{su} = 75$ ksi from data analysis.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.2.2(I). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Locked Spindle Monel Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet and Plate

Rivet Type	CR 4522 ^a ($F_{su} = 65$ ksi)			
Sheet and Plate Material	Clad 7075-T6 and T651			
Rivet Diameter	1/8	5/32	3/16	1/4
(Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	(0.130)	(0.162)	(0.194)	(0.258)
Ultimate Strength, lbs				
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:				
0.050	529 ^c	...	...	...
0.063	632 ^c	828 ^c	...	...
0.071	694 ^c	906 ^c	...	...
0.080	754	995 ^c	1240 ^c	...
0.090	776	1095	1360 ^c	...
0.100	797	1170	1475 ^c	...
0.125	852	1240	1695	2485 ^c
0.160	863	1335	1810	2975
0.190 .....	...	1340	1910	3105
0.250 .....	...	...	1920	3365
0.312 .....	...	...	...	3400
Rivet shear strength ^d	863	1340	1920	3400
Yield Strength ^e , lbs				
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:				
0.050	169	...	...	...
0.063	346	273	...	...
0.071	454	408	...	...
0.080	561	562	483	...
0.090	621	732	688	...
0.100	682	874	888	...
0.125	833	1060	1300	1355
0.160	863	1325	1615	2225
0.190 .....	...	1340	1885	2585
0.250 .....	...	...	1920	3300
0.312 .....	...	...	...	3400
Head height (ref.), in.	0.042	0.055	0.070	0.095

a Data supplied by Cherry Fasteners.

b Allowable loads developed from test with nominal hole diameters as listed.

c Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.

d Fastener shear strength based upon nominal hole diameters and $F_{su} = 65$ ksi from data analysis.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.3.2.2(m). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy (7050) Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	NAS1721KE and NAS1721KE ()L ^a ($F_{su} = 33$ ksi)		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b ..	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Sheet thickness, in.: 0.040 0.050 0.063 0.071 0.080 0.090 0.100 0.125 Rivet shear strength ^e	Ultimate Strength, lbs.		
	221 ^{c,d}	...	...
	277 ^d	342 ^{c,d}	...
	351	435 ^d	518 ^{c,d}
	396	491 ^d	586 ^d
	448	555	662 ^d
	450	626	747
	...	697	832
	...	700	950
	450	700	950
	Yield Strength ^f , lbs.		
Sheet thickness, in.: 0.040 0.050 0.063 0.071 0.080 0.090 0.100 0.125	62	...	...
	150	99	...
	263	240	182
	333	327	287
	386	425	404
	403	534	534
	...	600	665
	...	653	874
Head height (ref.), in.	0.042	0.055	0.070

a Data supplied by Avdel Corp.

b Loads developed from tests with hole diameters of 0.130, 0.162, and 0.194, ± 0.001 inch.

c The values in the table above the horizontal line in each column are for knife-edge conditions, and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge conditions in the design of military aircraft requires the specific approval of the procuring agency.

d Yield value is less than 2/3 of indicated ultimate value.

e Rivet shear strength is documented in NAS1722.

f Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.2.2(n). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Locked Spindle A-286 Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	NAS1721C and NAS1721C()L ^a ($F_{su} = 75$ ksi)		
Sheet Material	Clad 7075-T6		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.040	454 ^{c, d}	...	...
0.050	585 ^d	707 ^{c, d}	...
0.063	751 ^d	919 ^d	1075 ^{c, d}
0.071	853 ^d	1045 ^d	1230 ^d
0.080	881 ^d	1190 ^d	1405 ^d
0.090	896	1345 ^d	1595 ^d
0.100	912	1365 ^d	1785 ^d
0.125	951	1415	1970
0.160	1000	1485	2055
0.190 .....	...	1500	2125
0.250 .....	...	...	2200
Rivet shear strength ^c	1000	1500	2200
Yield Strength ^f , lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.040	77	...	...
0.050	220	122	...
0.063	375	352	246
0.071	470	471	425
0.080	578	604	585
0.090	615	753	763
0.100	641	902	942
0.125	707	997	1330
0.160	799	1110	1470
0.190 .....	...	1210	1585
0.250 .....	...	...	1820
Head height (ref.), in.	0.042	0.055	0.070

a Data supplied by Avdel Corp.

b Loads developed from tests with hole diameters of 0.130, 0.162, and 0.194, ± 0.001 inch.

c The values in the table above the horizontal line in each column are for knife-edge conditions and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge conditions in the design of military aircraft requires the specific approval of the procuring agency.

d Yield value is less than 2/3 of indicated ultimate value.

e Rivet shear strength is documented in NAS1722.

f Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.2.2(o). Static Joint Strength of Blind Flush Head Locked Aluminum Alloy Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheets

Rivet Type	HC3212 ($F_{su} = 51$ ksi approx.) ^a		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.040	280 ^{c,d}	---	---
0.050	318	436 ^{c,d}	---
0.063	367	497	643 ^{c,d}
0.071	397	535	688
0.080	431	577	739
0.090	469	624	795
0.100	507	671	851
0.125	602	789	992
0.160	664	954	1190
0.190	---	1030	1355
0.250	---	---	1480
Rivet shear strength ^e	664	1030	1480
Yield Strength, lbs ^f			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.040	151	---	---
0.050	244	236	---
0.063	366	387	382
0.071	397	480	494
0.080	431	577	619
0.090	454	624	758
0.100	476	671	851
0.125	532	740	979
0.160	610	837	1095
0.190	---	921	1195
0.250	---	---	1395
Head height [ref.], in.	0.042	0.055	0.070

a Data supplied by Huck International Inc.

b Loads developed from tests with hole diameters of 0.130, 0.162, and 0.194, +/- 0.001 inch.

c The values in the table above the horizontal line in each column are for knife-edge conditions and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge conditions in the design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring activity.

d Yield value is less than 2/3 of indicated ultimate strength value.

e Rivet shear strength is documented on HC3212 standards drawing.

f Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.2.2(p). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Locked Spindle 2014 Aluminum Alloy Rivets in Machine Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	MBC 4807 and 4907 ($F_{su} = 33$ ksi approx.) ^a		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in.	1/8	5/32	3/16
(Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	(0.130)	(0.162)	(0.194)
Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.040	183 ^c	...	...
0.050	243	286 ^c	...
0.063	320	382	437 ^c
0.071	368	441	508
0.080	412	508	588
0.090	435	582	677
0.100	450	641	766
0.125 .....	...	700	937
0.160 .....	...	...	950
Rivet shear strength ^d	450	700	950
Yield Strength, lbs. ^e			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.040	102	...	...
0.050	173	160	...
0.063	264	274	263
0.071	309	345	347
0.080	333	423	441
0.090	360	486	546
0.100	387	519	651
0.125 .....	...	602	765
0.160 .....	...	...	904
Head height (ref.), in.	0.041	0.053	0.068

a Data supplied by Avdel Systems Ltd.

b Loads developed from tests with hole diameters of 0.130, 0.162, and 0.194, +/- 0.001 inch.

c The values in the table above the horizontal line in each column are for knife-edge conditions, and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge conditions in the design of military aircraft requires the specific approval of the procuring agency.

d Rivet shear strength is documented in NAS 1722, and rivets meet the requirements of NAS 1721.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.2.2(q). Static Joint Strength of Blind Protruding Head Locked Spindle 2014 Aluminum Alloy Rivets in Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	MBC 4801 and 4901 ($F_{su} = 33$ ksi approx.) ^a		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b ..	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Sheet thickness, in.: 0.025 0.032 0.040 0.050 0.063 0.071 0.080 0.090 0.100 0.125	Ultimate Strength, lbs.		
	247	...	...
	284	389	...
	326	441	571
	378	507	650
	415	589	751
	437	617	814
	450	649	864
	...	684	906
	...	700	948
	...	...	950
	450	700	950
Rivet shear strength ^c			
Sheet thickness, in.: 0.025 0.032 0.040 0.050 0.063 0.071 0.080 0.090 0.100 0.125	Yield Strength, lbs. ^d		
	238	...	...
	277	375	...
	321	431	552
	368	500	635
	381	572	743
	389	583	810
	399	594	828
	...	607	843
	...	619	858
	...	...	896

a Data supplied by Avdel Systems Ltd.

b Loads developed from tests with hole diameters of 0.130, 0.162, and 0.194, ± 0.001 inch.

c Rivet shear strength is documented in NAS 1722, and rivets meet the requirements of NAS 1720.

d Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.2.2(r). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy Blind Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	HC6222 ^a ($F_{su} = 50$ ksi) Nominal		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ...	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Ultimate Strength, lbs			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.040	270 ^b	...	...
0.050	317	420 ^b	...
0.063	377	496	624 ^b
0.071	414	542	680
0.080	456	594	743
0.090	503	652	812
0.100	550	711	882
0.125	664	856	1055
0.160 .....	...	1030	1299
0.190 .....	...	...	1480
0.250 .....	...	...	...
Rivet shear strength ^d	664	1030	1480
Yield Strength ^e , lbs			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.040	196	237 ^c	...
0.050	252	306	...
0.063	323	395	464
0.071	368	451	530
0.080	417	512	605
0.090	445	581	687
0.100	459	650	770
0.125	494	714	972
0.160 .....	...	775	1045
0.190 .....	...	...	1108
0.250 .....	...	...	...
Head height (ref.), in.	0.042	0.055	0.070

a Data supplied by Huck International, Inc.

b Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

c Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate.

d Rivet shear strength is documented in MIL-R-7885D.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal hole diameter.

Table 8.1.3.2.2(s). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy Blind Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	HC6252 ^a ($F_{su} = 50$ ksi)		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ...	1/8 (0.144)	5/32 (0.178)	3/16 (0.207)
Ultimate Strength, lbs			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.032	265 ^{b,c}	...	...
0.040	304	408 ^{b,c}	...
0.050	352	467	...
0.063	414	544	665 ^c
0.071	452	591	720
0.080	495	645	782
0.090	543	704	851
0.100	591	763	920
0.125	701	911	1092
0.160	814	1097	1332
0.190 .....	...	1237	1505
0.250 .....	...	1245	1685
Rivet shear strength ^d	814	1245	1685
Yield Strength ^e , lbs			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.032	154	...	...
0.040	214	240	...
0.050	288	332	...
0.063	384	451	500
0.071	444	524	586
0.080	494	607	682
0.090	513	698	788
0.100	531	758	895
0.125	576	814	1048
0.160	640	893	1139
0.190 .....	...	961	1218
0.250 .....	...	1096	1376
Head height (ref.), in.	0.035	0.047	0.063

a Data supplied by Huck International, Inc.

b Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate.

c Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring activity.

d Rivet shear strength is documented in MIL-R-7885D.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal hole diameter.

Table 8.1.3.2.2(t₁). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Shear Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy Blind Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	HC6224 ^a (F _{su} = 50 ksi) Nominal		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b ..	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Ultimate Strength, lbs			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.032	230	294 ^c	
0.040	282	358	437 ^c
0.050	347	439	534
0.063	431	544	660
0.071	456	608	737
0.080	493	681	824
0.090	535	716	921
0.100	576	768	979
0.125	664	897	1135
0.160 .....	...	1030	1350
0.190 .....	...	...	1480
Rivet shear strength ^d	664	1030	1480
Yield Strength ^e , lbs			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.032	185	209	
0.040	248	288	320
0.050	328	387	438
0.063	431	516	592
0.071	448	595	687
0.080	457	681	794
0.090	467	697	912
0.100	477	710	979
0.125	503	742	1030
0.160 .....	...	786	1080
0.190 .....	...	...	1125
Head height (ref.), in.	0.028	0.037	0.046

a Data supplied by Huck International, Inc.

b Loads developed from tests with hole diameters of 0.130, 0.162, and 0.194 ± 0.0002.

c Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring activity.

d Rivet shear strength is documented in MIL-R-7885D.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal hole diameter.

TABLE 8.1.3.2.2(t₂). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Shear Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy Blind Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	HC3214 ^a (F _{su} = 50 ksi)Nominal		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in	1/8	5/32	3/16
(Nominal Hole Diameter, in)	(0.130)	(0.162)	(0.194)
Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in:			
0.032	214	272 ^b	405 ^b
0.040	264	333	
0.050	325	410	497
0.063	406	511	617
0.071	427	572	691
0.080	464	621	774
0.090	504	671	856
0.100	544	721	916
0.125	644	846	1066
0.160	664	1020	1275
0.190 .....	...	1030	1455
0.250 .....	...	...	1480
Rivet shear strength ^c	664	1030	1480
Yield Strength ^d , lbs			
Sheet thickness, in:			
0.032	196	230	348
0.040	256	305	
0.050	325	399	461
0.063	406	511	607
0.071	427	572	691
0.080	453	621	774
0.090	475	678	856
0.100	497	705	916
0.125	552	773	1030
0.160	628	868	1140
0.190 .....	...	950	1240
0.250 .....	...	...	1435
Head height (ref), in	0.028	0.037	0.046

a Data supplied by Huck International Inc.

b Values above the horizontal line in each column are for knife-edge conditions, the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge conditions in the design of military aircraft requires the specific approval of the procuring activity.

c Rivet shear strength is based upon nominal hole diameter and F_{su} = 50 ksi.

d Permanent set at yield: 4% of nominal hole diameter.

Table 8.1.3.2.2(u). Static Joint Strength of Blind Flush Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheets

Rivet Type	AF3212 ($F_{su} = 51$ ksi approx.) ^a		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.040	143 ^c	---	---
0.050	247	224 ^c	---
0.063	383	393	370 ^c
0.071	414	497	494
0.080	435	614	634
0.090	457	647	790
0.100	480	676	902
0.125	537	746	987
0.160	616	846	1105
0.190	---	931	1205
0.250	---	---	1410

**THIS FASTENER HAS ONLY BEEN TESTED IN THE
SHEET GAGES SHOWN IN THIS TABLE. DESIGN DATA
FOR SHEET GAGES OR DIAMETERS OTHER THAN
THOSE SHOWN HERE CANNOT BE EXTRAPOLATED.**

Rivet shear strength ^d	664	1030	1480
Yield Strength, lbs ^e			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.040	143	---	---
0.050	235	224	---
0.063	310	371	370
0.071	330	431	491
0.080	353	486	572
0.090	379	518	662
0.100	404	549	713
0.125	468	629	808
0.160	557	740	914
0.190	---	835	1055
0.250	---	---	1280
Head height [ref.], in.	0.042	0.055	0.070

a Data supplied by Allfast Fastening Systems Inc.

b Loads developed from tests with hole diameters of 0.130, 0.162, and 0.194, +/- 0.001 inch.

c The values in the table above the horizontal line in each column are for knife-edge conditions, and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge conditions in the design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring activity.

d Rivet shear strength is documented on AF3212 standards drawing.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.2.2(v). Static Joint Strength of Blind Flush Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	CR3212 ($F_{su} = 51$ ksi approx.) ^a		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Sheet thickness, in.: 0.040 0.050 0.063 0.071 0.080 0.090 0.100 0.125	Ultimate Strength, lbs.		
	297 ^{c, d}	---	---
	342 ^d	462 ^{c, d}	---
	401 ^d	535 ^d	683 ^{c, d}
	437 ^d	580 ^d	737 ^d
	477	630 ^d	798 ^d
	513	687 ^d	865 ^d
	536	743	932
	594	834	1100

**THIS FASTENER HAS ONLY BEEN TESTED IN THE
SHEET GAGES SHOWN IN THIS TABLE. DESIGN DATA
FOR SHEET GAGES OR DIAMETERS OTHER THAN
THOSE SHOWN HERE CANNOT BE EXTRAPOLATED.**

Rivet shear strength ^e	664	1030	1480
Sheet thickness, in.: 0.040 0.050 0.063 0.071 0.080 0.090 0.100 0.125	Yield Strength, lbs ^f		
	131	---	---
	181	204	---
	247	286	317
	287	336	377
	333	393	444
	361	456	520
	371	518	595
	394	576	783
Head height [ref.], in.	0.042	0.055	0.070

- a Data supplied by Textron Aerospace Fasteners.
b Loads developed from tests with hole diameters of 0.130, 0.162, and 0.194, +/- 0.001 inch.
c The values in the table above the horizontal line in each column are for knife-edge conditions, and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge conditions in the design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring activity.
d Yield value is less than 2/3 of indicated ultimate strength value.
e Rivet shear strength is documented on CR3212 standards drawing.
f Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.2.2(w). Static Joint Strength of Blind Flush Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	AF3242 ($F_{su} = 51$ ksi approx.) ^a		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	1/8 (0.144)	5/32 (0.178)	3/16 (0.207)
Sheet thickness, in.: 0.032 0.040 0.050 0.063 0.071 0.080 0.090 0.100 0.125 0.160 0.190	Ultimate Strength, lbs.		
	193 ^c	---	---
	250	299 ^c	---
	321	387	---
	414	501	573 ^c
	470	571	654
	524	651	746
	550	738	849
	577	804	951
	643	886	1120
	736	1000	1250
	814	---	1365

**THIS FASTENER HAS ONLY BEEN TESTED IN THE
SHEET GAGES SHOWN IN THIS TABLE. DESIGN DATA
FOR SHEET GAGES OR DIAMETERS OTHER THAN
THOSE SHOWN HERE CANNOT BE EXTRAPOLATED.**

Rivet shear strength ^d	814	1245	1685
Sheet thickness, in.: 0.032 0.040 0.050 0.063 0.071 0.080 0.090 0.100 0.125 0.160 0.190	Yield Strength, lbs ^e		
	192	---	---
	250	298	---
	321	387	---
	414	501	573
	470	571	654
	524	651	746
	550	738	849
	577	804	951
	643	886	1120
	736	1000	1250
	814	---	1365
Head height (ref.), in.	0.035	0.047	0.063

a Data supplied by Allfast Fastening Systems Inc.

b Loads developed from tests with hole diameters of 0.144, 0.178, and 0.207, +/-0.001 inch.

c The values in the table above the horizontal line in each column are for knife-edge conditions, and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge conditions in the design of military aircraft requires the specific approval of the procuring activity.

d Rivet shear strength is documented on AF3242 standards drawing.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.3.2.2(x). Static Joint Strength of Blind Flush Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	CR3242 ($F_{su} = 51$ ksi approx.) ^a		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	1/8 (0.144)	5/32 (0.178)	3/16 (0.207)
Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.032	245 ^{c,d}	---	---
0.040	302	378 ^{c,d}	---
0.050	374	467	---
0.063	467	582	681 ^c
0.071	568	653	764
0.080	584	732	856
0.090	602	872	959
0.100	620	894	1165
0.125	664	950	1230
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; text-align: center;"> THIS FASTENER HAS ONLY BEEN TESTED IN THE SHEET GAGES SHOWN IN THIS TABLE. DESIGN DATA FOR SHEET GAGES OR DIAMETERS OTHER THAN THOSE SHOWN HERE CANNOT BE EXTRAPOLATED. </div>			
Rivet shear strength ^e	814	1245	1685
Yield Strength, lbs ^f			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.032	158	---	---
0.040	206	245	---
0.050	265	318	---
0.063	330	413	472
0.071	361	471	540
0.080	395	514	616
0.090	434	562	678
0.100	473	609	734
0.125	569	729	873
Head height (ref.), in.	0.035	0.047	0.063

a Data supplied by Textron Aerospace Fasteners.

b Loads developed from tests with hole diameters of 0.144, 0.178, and 0.207, +/-0.001 inch.

c The values in the table above the horizontal line in each column are for knife-edge conditions, and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge conditions in the design of military aircraft requires the specific approval of the procuring activity.

d Yield value is less than 2/3 of indicated ultimate strength value.

e Rivet shear strength is documented on CR3242 standards drawing.

f Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.3.2.2(y). Static Joint Strength of Blind Flush Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	HC3242 ($F_{su} = 51$ ksi approx.) ^a		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in. ^b	1/8 (0.144)	5/32 (0.178)	3/16 (0.207)
Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.032	267 ^{c,d}	---	---
0.040	310	411 ^{c,d}	---
0.050	363	477	---
0.063	433	563	682 ^c
0.071	475	616	744
0.080	522	675	813
0.090	560	741	889
0.100	597	803	966
0.125	690	918	1130
0.160	814	1075	1320
0.190	---	1215	1480
0.250	---	---	1685

**THIS FASTENER HAS ONLY BEEN TESTED IN THE SHEET GAGES SHOWN
 IN THIS TABLE. DESIGN DATA FOR SHEET GAGES OR DIAMETERS
 OTHER THAN THOSE SHOWN HERE CANNOT BE EXTRAPOLATED.**

Rivet shear strength ^e	814	1245	1685
Yield Strength, lbs ^f			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.032	138	---	---
0.040	218	217	---
0.050	317	340	---
0.063	433	500	529
0.071	475	598	643
0.080	510	675	772
0.090	527	741	889
0.100	543	781	966
0.125	585	833	1075
0.160	644	906	1160
0.190	---	968	1235
0.250	---	---	1375
Head height (ref.), in.	0.035	0.047	0.063

a Data supplied by Huck International Inc.

b Loads developed from tests with hole diameters of 0.144, 0.178, and 0.207, +/-0.001 inch.

c The values in the table above the horizontal line in each column are for knife-edge conditions, and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge conditions in the design of military aircraft requires the specific approval of the procuring activity.

d Yield value is less than 2/3 of indicated ultimate strength value.

e Rivet shear strength is documented on HC3242 standards drawing.

f Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.3.2.2(z). Static Joint Strength of Blind Flush Head Locked Spindle Aluminum Alloy Rivets in Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	AF3222 ($F_{su} = 50$ ksi approx.) ^a		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.040	202 ^c	...	...
0.050	287	316 ^c	...
0.063	388	452	492 ^c
0.071	412	536	593
0.080	439	608	706
0.090	469	645	832
0.100	498	683	891
0.125	573	775	1000
0.160	664	905	1155
0.190 .....	...	1015	1290
0.250 .....	...	1030	1480
Rivet shear strength ^d	664	1030	1480
Yield Strength ^e , lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.040	160	...	...
0.050	216	249	...
0.063	290	341	383
0.071	335	397	451
0.080	379	460	527
0.090	421	531	611
0.100	462	591	696
0.125	566	720	880
0.160	664	901	1095
0.190 .....	...	1015	1280
0.250 .....	...	1030	1480
Head height (ref.), in.	0.042	0.055	0.070

a Data supplied by Allfast Fastening Systems Inc.

b Loads developed from tests with hole diameters of 0.130, 0.162, and 0.194, +/- 0.001 inch.

c Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in the design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

d Rivet shear strength as documented in Allfast Fastening Systems Inc. P-127.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.3.2.2(aa). Static Joint Strength of Flush Head 5056 Aluminum Alloy Rivets in Clad Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	CR3222 ($F_{su} = 50$ ksi approx.) ^a		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^b	1/8 (0.130)	5/32 (0.162)	3/16 (0.194)
Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.040	286 ^{c,d}	...	...
0.050	328 ^d	445 ^{c,d}	...
0.063	382 ^d	513 ^d	658 ^{c,d}
0.071	416	555 ^d	708 ^d
0.080	454	602 ^d	764 ^d
0.090	496	654	827 ^d
0.100	528	706	889
0.125	589	821	1045
0.160	664	928	1215
0.190 .....	...	1020	1325
0.250 .....	...	1030	1480
Rivet shear strength ^e	664	1030	1480
Yield Strength ^f , lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.040	158	...	...
0.050	199	247	...
0.063	252	313	373
0.071	285	354	422
0.080	322	399	476
0.090	362	450	537
0.100	384	501	598
0.125	425	597	750
0.160	483	669	881
0.190 .....	...	731	955
0.250 .....	...	854	1100
Head height (ref.), in.	0.041	0.054	0.069

a Data supplied by Textron Aerospace Fasteners.

b Loads developed from tests with hole diameters of 0.130, 0.162, and 0.194, +/- 0.0005 inch.

c Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in the design of military aircraft requires the specific approval of the procuring agency.

d Yield values is less than 2/3 of indicated ultimate strength value.

e Rivet shear strength as documented in Textron Aerospace Fasteners PS-CMR-3000.

f Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.3.2.3(a). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head A-286 Bolts in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet and Plate

Fastener Type	MS21140 ^a ($F_{su} = 95$ ksi)				
Sheet and Plate Material	Clad 7075-T6 and T651				
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.)	5/32 (0.163)	3/16 (0.198)	1/4 (0.259)	5/16 (0.311)	3/8 (0.373)
Ultimate Strength, lbs					
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:					
0.071	1165 ^{b,c}	...	...	...	...
0.080	1330 ^b	1600 ^{b,c}	...	...	...
0.090	1515 ^b	1805 ^b	...	...	...
0.100	1700 ^b	2020 ^b	2615 ^{b,c}	...	...
0.125	1980 ^b	2595 ^b	3295 ^b	3935 ^{b,c}	...
0.160 . . . . .	...	2925 ^b	4335 ^b	5080 ^b	6010 ^{b,c}
0.190 . . . . .	...	...	5005 ^b	6150 ^b	7205 ^b
0.200 . . . . .	...	...	...	6520 ^b	6580 ^b
0.250 . . . . .	...	...	...	7215 ^b	9810 ^b
0.312 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	10380 ^b
Fastener shear strength ^d	1980	2925	5005	7215	10380
Yield Strength ^e , lbs					
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:					
0.071	478	...	...	...	...
0.080	584	627	...	...	...
0.090	702	730	...	...	...
0.100	819	901	1025	...	...
0.125	1115	1260	1435	1540	...
0.160 . . . . .	...	1760	2090	2285	2430
0.190 . . . . .	...	...	2655	2965	3235
0.200 . . . . .	...	...	...	3190	3510
0.250 . . . . .	...	...	...	4320	4860
0.312 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	6460
Head height (ref.), in.	0.074	0.082	0.108	0.140	0.168

a Data supplied by Huck Manufacturing Company.

b Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.

c Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

d Fastener shear strength is documented in MIL-F-8975.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter (revised May 1, 1986, from the greater of 0.012 inch or 4% of nominal diameter).

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.3.2.3(b₁). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Alloy Steel Fasteners in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet and Plate

Fastener Type	MS90353, MS90353S, and MS90353U ^a ($F_{su} = 112$ ksi)				
Sheet and Plate Material	Clad 2024-T3 and T351				
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.) .	5/32 (0.163)	3/16 (0.198)	1/4 (0.259)	5/16 (0.311)	3/8 (0.373)
Ultimate Strength, lbs					
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:					
0.071	1120 ^{b,c}	...	...	...	...
0.080	1305 ^b	1480 ^{b,c}	...	...	...
0.090	1510 ^b	1735 ^b	...	...	...
0.100	1740 ^b	2000 ^b	2380 ^{b,c}	...	...
0.125	2080 ^b	2670 ^b	3210 ^b	3625 ^{b,c}	...
0.160	2340 ^b	3195 ^b	4440 ^b	5060 ^b	5700 ^{b,c}
0.190 . . . . .	...	3450 ^b	5090 ^b	6310 ^b	7180 ^b
0.250 . . . . .	...	...	5900 ^b	7860 ^b	9890 ^b
0.312 . . . . .	...	...	...	8500 ^b	11600 ^b
0.375 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	12200 ^b
Fastener shear strength ^d	2340	3450	5900	8500	12200
Yield Strength ^e , lbs					
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:					
0.071	403	...	...	...	...
0.080	513	501	...	...	...
0.090	636	652	...	...	...
0.100	759	799	1045	...	...
0.125	989	1170	1525	1620	...
0.160	1170	1510	2200	2430	2610
0.190 . . . . .	...	1700	2700	3120	3440
0.250 . . . . .	...	...	3330	4170	5095
0.312 . . . . .	...	...	...	4955	6175
0.375 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	7135
Head height (ref.), in.	0.072	0.080	0.105	0.137	0.165

a Data supplied by Huck Manufacturing Company.

b Yield strength value is less than 2/3 of indicated ultimate strength value.

c Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

d Fastener shear strength is documented in MIL-F-81177.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.3.2.3(b₂). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Alloy Steel Fasteners in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet and Plate

Rivet Type	MS90353 ^a ($F_{su} = 112$ ksi)				
Sheet and Plate Material	Clad or Bare 7075-T6 and T651				
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) .	5/32 (0.163)	3/16 (0.198)	1/4 (0.259)	5/16 (0.311)	3/8 (0.373)
Ultimate Strength, lbs					
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:					
0.071	1360 ^{b,c}	...	...	...	...
0.080	1535 ^c	1830 ^{b,c}	...	...	...
0.090	1710 ^c	2090 ^c	...	...	...
0.100	1880 ^c	2330 ^c	2970 ^{b,c}	...	...
0.125	2200 ^c	2825 ^c	3805 ^c	4490 ^{b,c}	...
0.160	2340	3365	4760 ^c	5850 ^c	6960 ^{b,c}
0.190 .....	...	3450	5370 ^c	6790 ^c	8310 ^c
0.250 .....	...	...	5900	8290 ^c	10450 ^c
0.312 .....	...	...	...	8500	12200
0.375 .....	...	...	...	...	12200
Fastener shear strength ^d	2340	3450	5900	8500	12200
Yield Strength ^e , lbs					
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:					
0.071	557	...	...	...	...
0.080	666	757	...	...	...
0.090	787	875	...	...	...
0.100	909	1025	1240	...	...
0.125	1215	1395	1640	1860	...
0.160	1640	1910	2315	2590	2850
0.190 .....	...	2355	2895	3290	3675
0.250 .....	...	...	4055	4680	5345
0.312 .....	...	...	...	6125	7075
0.375 .....	...	...	...	...	8830
Head height (ref.), in.	0.072	0.080	0.105	0.137	0.165

a Data supplied by Huck Manufacturing Company.

b Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

c Yield value is less than 2/3 of indicated ultimate strength value.

d Fastener shear strength is documented in MIL-F-81177.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter revised May 1, 1986, from the greater of 0.012 inch or 4% of nominal diameters.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.3.2.3(c). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Alloy Steel Fasteners in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet and Plate

Fastener Type	FF-200 ^a		FF-260 ^a		FF-312 ^a	
Sheet and Plate Material	Clad 2024-T42	Clad 7075-T6	Clad 2024-T42	Clad 7075-T6	Clad 2024-T42	Clad 7075-T6
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.)	3/16 (0.198)	3/16 (0.198)	1/4 (0.259)	1/4 (0.259)	5/16 (0.311)	5/16 (0.311)
Ultimate Strength, lbs						
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:						
0.071	1220 ^{b,c}	1360 ^{b,c}	...	...	...	...
0.080	1380 ^b	1500 ^b	...	...	...	...
0.090	1520 ^b	1620 ^b	...	...	...	...
0.100	1650 ^b	1740 ^b	2250 ^{b,c}	2700 ^{b,c}	...	...
0.125	1890 ^b	1960	2940 ^b	3220 ^b	2720 ^c	3080 ^{b,c}
0.160	2160	2200	3390 ^b	3570 ^b	3600 ^b	3940 ^b
0.190	2400	2420	3730 ^b	2860 ^b	4490 ^b	4810 ^b
0.250	2620	2620	4260 ^b	4320	5550 ^b	6000 ^b
0.312 . . . . .	...	...	4500	4500	6000 ^b	...
Fastener shear strength ^d	2620	2620	4500	4500	6000	6000
Yield Strength ^e , lbs						
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:						
0.071	685	850	...	...	...	...
0.080	770	930	...	...	...	...
0.090	870	1025	...	...	...	...
0.100	980	1130	1120	1280	...	...
0.125	1200	1350	1380	1600	1440	1540
0.160	1500	1640	1700	2050	1820	1980
0.190	1800	1960	2010	2470	2200	2520
0.250	2400	2550	2600	3190	2950	3710
0.312 . . . . .	...	...	3200	3880	3690	...
Head height (ref.), in.	0.077		0.102		0.134	

- a Data supplied by Monogram Aerospace Fasteners.
b Yield value is less than 2/3 of indicated ultimate strength value.
c Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.
d Fastener shear strength is documented in NAS1675.
e Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.012 inch or 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.3.2.3(d). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Alloy Steel Fasteners in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Fastener Type	NS 100 ^a		
Sheet Material	Clad 7075-T6		
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.)	5/32 (0.163)	3/16 (0.198)	1/4 (0.259)
Ultimate Strength, lbs			
Sheet thickness, in.:	1085 ^{b,c}	...	...
0.063	1295 ^b	1400 ^{b,c}	...
0.071	1525 ^b	1710 ^b	...
0.080	1695 ^b	2020 ^b	...
0.090	1830 ^b	2335 ^b	2715 ^{b,c}
0.100	2170 ^b	2745 ^b	3765 ^b
0.125	2190	3325 ^b	4615 ^b
0.160 .....	...	3325 ^b	5280 ^b
0.190 .....	...	...	5690 ^b
0.250	2190	3325	5690
Fastener shear strength ^d	Yield Strength ^e , lbs		
Sheet thickness, in.:	516	...	...
0.063	602	690	...
0.071	698	805	...
0.080	804	936	...
0.090	911	1065	1300
0.100	1180	1390	1725
0.125	1500	1835	2320
0.160 .....	...	2165	2830
0.190 .....	...	...	3725
0.250	0.069	0.077	0.102
Head height (ref.), in.			

a Data supplied by Monogram Aerospace Fasteners.

b Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.

c Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

d Fastener shear strength values are A basis from analysis of test data.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter (revised May 1, 1985, from the greater of 0.012 inch or 4% of nominal diameter).

Table 8.1.3.2.3(e). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Aluminum Alloy Fasteners in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Fastener Type	SSHFA-200 ^a ($F_{su} = 50$ ksi)		SSHFA-260 ^a ($F_{su} = 50$ ksi)	
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T42	Clad 7075-T6	Clad 2024-T42	Clad 7075-T6
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.)	3/16 (0.198)	3/16 (0.198)	1/4 (0.259)	1/4 (0.259)
Ultimate Strength, lbs				
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.050	500 ^b	590 ^b	...	...
0.063	640	750	...	...
0.071	790	880	...	...
0.080	1040	1060	1310 ^b	1480 ^b
0.090	1270	1270	1480	1650
0.100	1450	1450	1680	1850
0.125	1550	1550	2010	2250
0.160 .....	...	...	2300	2650
0.190 .....	...	...	2520	...
0.250 .....	...	...	2650	...
Fastener shear strength ^c	1550	1550	2650	2650
Yield Strength ^d , lbs				
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.050	500	520	...	...
0.063	630	700	...	...
0.071	740	800	...	...
0.080	860	915	940	1160
0.090	990	1040	1080	1300
0.100	1130	1180	1230	1460
0.125	1340	1420	1550	1790
0.160 .....	...	...	1980	2240
0.190 .....	...	...	2420	...
0.250 .....	...	...	2650	...
Head height (ref.), in.	0.061	0.061	0.088	0.088

a Data supplied by Monogram Aerospace Fasteners.

b Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

c Fastener shear strength is documented in NAS1675.

d Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.012 inch or 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.3.2.3(f). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Alloy Steel Fasteners in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet and Plate

Fastener Type	PLT-150 ^a ($F_{su} = 112$ ksi) (H-11 Nut and screw, Inconel X-750 or A-286 Sleeve)			
Sheet or Plate Material	Clad 7075-T6 and T651			
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.)	5/32 (0.163)	3/16 (0.198)	1/4 (0.259)	3/8 (0.373)
Ultimate Strength, lbs				
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:				
0.063	1120 ^{b,c}	...	...	...
0.071	1320 ^b	1470 ^{b,c}	...	...
0.080	1550 ^b	1755 ^b	...	...
0.090	1730 ^b	2060 ^b	...	...
0.100	1885 ^b	2350 ^b	2820 ^{b,c}	...
0.125	2300 ^b	2850 ^b	3825 ^b	...
0.160	2340 ^b	3450 ^b	4790 ^b	6695 ^{b,c}
0.190 .....	...	...	5570 ^b	8440 ^b
0.250 .....	...	...	5900 ^b	10700 ^b
0.312 .....	...	...	...	12250 ^b
Fastener shear strength ^d	2340	3450	5900	12250
Yield Strength ^e , lbs				
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:				
0.063	534	...	...	...
0.071	615	730	...	...
0.080	705	830	...	...
0.090	805	953	...	...
0.100	906	1075	1345	...
0.125	1235	1390	1750	...
0.160	1545	1910	2310	3160
0.190 .....	...	...	2965	3850
0.250 .....	...	...	3840	5395
0.312 .....	...	...	...	6985
Head height (ref.), in.	0.069	0.077	0.102	0.160

- a Data supplied by Voi-Shan Industries (Inconel X-750 Sleeve) and Monogram Aerospace Fasteners (A-286 Sleeve).
- b Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.
- c Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.
- d Fastener shear strength based on area computed from nominal shank diameter in Table 9.4.1.2(a) and $F_{su} = 112$ ksi.
- e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter (revised May 1, 1985, from the greater of 0.012 inch or 4% of nominal diameter).

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.3.2.3(g). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Alloy Steel Fasteners in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet and Plate

Fastener Type	NAS1670-L ^a				
Sheet and Plate Material	Clad 7075-T6 and T651				
Fastener Diameter, in. ^b (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.)	5/32 (0.163)	3/16 (0.198)	1/4 (0.259)	5/16 (0.311)	3/8 (0.373)
Ultimate Strength, lbs					
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:					
0.063	1110 ^{c,d}	...	...	...	...
0.071	1230 ^c	1530 ^{c,d}	...	...	...
0.080	1365 ^c	1700 ^c	...	...	...
0.090	1525 ^c	1885 ^c	...	...	...
0.100	1678 ^c	2065 ^c	2800 ^{c,d}	...	...
0.125	1678	2530 ^c	3400 ^c	4165 ^{c,d}	...
0.160	1678	2620 ^c	4255 ^c	5190 ^c	6350 ^{c,d}
0.190 . . . . .	...	2620	4500 ^c	6000 ^c	7395 ^c
0.250 . . . . .	...	...	4500	6000	9625 ^c
0.312 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9750
0.375 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9750
Fastener shear strength ^e	1678	2620	4500	6000	9750
Yield Strength ^f , lbs					
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:					
0.063	500	...	...	...	...
0.071	601	647	...	...	...
0.080	711	788	...	...	...
0.090	802	941	...	...	...
0.100	887	1085	1255	...	...
0.125	1105	1340	1770	1930	...
0.160	1405	1700	2250	2720	3055
0.190 . . . . .	...	2020	2655	3200	3890
0.250 . . . . .	...	...	3480	4185	5020
0.312 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	6280
0.375 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	7520
Head height (ref.), in.	0.069	0.077	0.102	0.134	0.160

a Data supplied by Monogram Aerospace Fasteners.

b Fasteners installed in 0.165/0.166, 0.200/0.201, 0.261/0.262, 0.312/0.313, 0.375/0.376 inch holes.

c Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.

d Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

e Fastener shear strength is documented in NAS1675.

f Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.3.2.3(h). Static Joint Strength of Blind 100° Flush Head Aluminum Alloy Fasteners in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Fastener Type	NAS1674-L ^a		
Sheet Material	Clad 7075-T6		
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.) ^b	5/32 (0.163)	3/16 (0.198)	1/4 (0.259)
Ultimate Strength, lbs			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.050	548 ^c	...	...
0.063	756 ^c	853	...
0.071	882 ^c	1010	...
0.080	960	1185	...
0.090 .....	...	1375	1645
0.100 .....	...	1550	1900
0.125 .....	...	...	2535
0.160 .....	...	...	2650
Fastener shear strength ^d	960	1550	2650
Yield Strength ^e , lbs			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.050	356	...	...
0.063	481	666	...
0.071	561	774	...
0.080	650	892	...
0.090 .....	...	1025	1275
0.100 .....	...	1155	1450
0.125 .....	...	...	1880
0.160 .....	...	...	2480
Head height (ref.), in.	0.049	0.061	0.088

a Data supplied by Monogram Aerospace Fasteners.

b Fasteners installed in 0.165/0.166, 0.199/0.200, 0.260/0.261 inch holes.

c Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.

d Fastener shear strength is documented in NAS1675.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

8.1.4 SWAGED COLLAR/UPSET-PIN FASTENERS — The strengths shown in the following tables are applicable only when grip lengths and hole tolerances are as recommended by respective fastener manufacturers. For some fastener systems, permanent set at yield load may be increased if hole sizes greater than those listed in the applicable table are used. This condition may exist even though the test hole size lies within the manufacturer's recommended hole size range (refer to Section 9.4.1.3.3).

The ultimate allowable shear load for lockbolts and lockbolt stumps may be obtained from Table 8.1.4 for the appropriate shear stress level. Tensile strengths of lockbolts and lockbolt stumps also are contained in Table 8.1.4.

For lockbolts under combined loading of shear and tension installed in material having a thickness large enough to make the shear cutoff strength critical for shear loading, the following interaction equations are applicable:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Steel lockbolts, } R_t + R_s^{10} &= 1.0 \\ 7075\text{-T6 lockbolts, } R_t + R_s^5 &= 1.0\end{aligned}$$

where R_t and R_s are the ratios of applied load to allowable load in tension and shear, respectively.

Unless otherwise specified, yield load is defined in Section 9.4.1.3.3 as the load which results in a joint permanent set equal to 4% D, where D is the decimal equivalent of the fastener shank diameter, as defined in 9.4.1.2(a).

8.1.4.1 Protruding-Head Swaged Collar Fastener Joints — Tables 8.1.4.1(a) and (b) contain joint allowables for various protruding-head swaged collar fastener/sheet material combinations. It has been shown that protruding shear head (representative configurations are NAS 2406 to NAS 2412 and M43859/1) fastener joints may not develop the full bearing strength of joint material. Therefore, static allowable loads for protruding shear head fasteners must be established from test data using the criteria specified in Section 9.4.1. For shear joints with protruding tension head fasteners, the load per fastener at which shear or bearing type of failure occurs is calculated separately and the lower of the two governs the design. Allowable shear loads are obtained from Table 8.1.4.

The design bearing stresses for various materials at room and other temperatures are given in strength properties stated for each alloy or group of alloys, and are applicable to joints with pins in cylindrical holes and where $t/D \geq 0.18$. Where $t/D < 0.18$, tests to substantiate yield and ultimate bearing strengths must be performed. These bearing stresses are applicable only for design of rigid joints where there is no possibility of relative motion of the parts joined without deformation of such parts.

For convenience, "unit" sheet bearing strengths for pins, based on bearing stress of 100 ksi and nominal fastener diameters, are given in Table 8.1.5.1. The strength for a specific combination of fastener, sheet thickness, and sheet material is obtained by multiplying the proper "unit" strength by the ratio of material allowable bearing stress (ksi) to 100.

8.1.4.2 Flush-Head Swaged Collar Fastener Joints — Tables 8.1.4.2(a) through (j) contain joint allowables for various flush-head swaged collar fastener/sheet material combinations. The allowable loads for flush-head swaged collar fasteners were established from test data using the following criteria, unless otherwise noted in the footnotes of individual tables.

Ultimate Load — Design allowable ultimate load as defined in Section 9.7.1.5. Prior to 2003 this value was computed as the average ultimate test load divided by a factor of 1.15. This factor is not applicable to shear strength cutoff values which may be either the procurement specification shear strength (S value) of the fastener or, if no specification exists, a statistical value determined from test results.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

The allowable loads shown for flush-head swaged collar fasteners are applicable to joints having e/D equal to or greater than 2.0.

For machine countersunk joints, the sheet gage specified in the tables is that of countersunk sheet. When the noncountersunk sheet is thinner than the countersunk sheet, the bearing allowable for the noncountersunk sheet-fastener combination should be computed, compared to the table value, and the lower of the two values selected.

Table 8.1.4. Ultimate Single-Shear and Tensile Strengths of Lockbolts and Lockbolt Stumps^a

Nominal Diameter (inches)	Heat Treated Alloy Steel ^b (160 ksi)			7075-T6 ^c	
	Single-Shear Strength, lbs.	Tensile Strength, lbs.		Single-Shear Strength, lbs.	Tensile Strength, lbs.
		Tensile Type ^d	Shear Type ^e	Tensile Type ^d	
		NAS 1456 thru 1462	NAS 1414 thru 1422	NAS 1516 thru 1522	
		NAS 1465 thru 1472	NAS 1424 thru 1432	NAS 1525 thru 1532	
		NAS 1475 thru 1482	NAS 1436 thru 1442	NAS 1535 thru 1542	
		NAS 1486 thru 1492	NAS 1446 thru 1452	NAS 1546 thru 1552	
		NAS 1496 thru 1502		NAS 1556 thru 1562	
5/32	2007 ^f /1822 ^g	1100 ^f	705 ^g	960 ^f	740 ^f
3/16	2623	2210	1105	1260	1195
1/4	4660	4080	2040	2185	2200
5/16	7290	6500 ^d	3250	3450	3500
3/8	10490	10100 ^h	5050	4970	5455

a Lockbolts are pull-gun driven; lockbolt stumps are hammer or squeeze driven.

b Used with 2024-T4 aluminum alloy collar, NAS 1080.

c Used with 6061-T6 aluminum alloy collar.

d Tensile type have a higher head and more grooves than the shear type and can be either protruding or 100° flush head. Strength value listed refers to lowest strength fastener configuration within this type.

e Shear type have shorter head and less grooves than the tensile type and can be either protruding or 100° flush head. Strength values listed refer to lowest strength fastener configuration within this type.

f Available as lockbolt only (0.164 dia. for #8 lockbolts).

g Available as lockbolt stump only (0.156 dia. for 5/32 stumps).

h Five groove design on lockbolts.

Table 8.1.4.1(a). Static Joint Strength of Protruding Shear Head Ti-6Al-4V Cherrybuck Fasteners in Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Fastener Type	CSR 925 ^a ($F_{su} = 95$ ksi)		
Sheet Material	Clad 7075-T6		
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.) ^b ...	5/32 (0.164)	3/16 (0.190)	1/4 (0.250)
Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.050	995	...	...
0.063	1227	1442	...
0.071	1371	1607	...
0.080	1532	1792	2415
0.090	1711	2001	2688
0.100	1890	2205	2960
0.125	2007	2694	3641
0.160 .....	...	...	4595
0.190 .....	...	...	4660
Fastener shear strength ^c	2007	2694	4660
Yield Strength ^d , lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.050	861	...	...
0.063	1013	1225	...
0.071	1107	1334	...
0.080	1213	1455	2067
0.090	1331	1592	2246
0.100	1448	1727	2425
0.125	1741	2068	2873
0.160 .....	...	...	3499
0.190 .....	...	...	4036

a Data supplied by Cherry Fasteners.

b Fasteners installed in clearance holes (0.0005" - 0.002").

c Fastener shear strength based on area computed from nominal shank diameters in Table 9.7.1.1 and $F_{su} = 95$ ksi.

d Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.4.1(b). Static Joint Strength of Protruding Shear Head Ti-6Al-4V Cherrybuck Fasteners in Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Fastener Type	CSR 925 ^a ($F_{su} = 95$ ksi)		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.) ^b ..	5/32 (0.164)	3/16 (0.190)	1/4 (0.250)
Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.050	807	...	...
0.063	1020	1180	...
0.071	1150	1335	...
0.080	1300	1505	1970
0.090	1465	1695	2220
0.100	1630	1885	2470
0.125	2007	2360	3095
0.160 .....	...	2694	3975
0.190 .....	...	...	4660
Fastener shear strength ^c	2007	2694	4660
Yield Strength ^d , lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.050	619	...	...
0.063	747	889	...
0.071	827	981	...
0.080	916	1085	1495
0.090	1015	1200	1645
0.100	1115	1315	1795
0.125	1360	1600	2175
0.160 .....	...	2000	2705
0.190 .....	...	...	3155

a Data supplied by Cherry Fasteners.

b Fasteners installed in clearance holes (0.0005" - 0.002").

c Fastener shear strength based on area computed from nominal diameters in Table 9.7.1.1 and $F_{su} = 95$ ksi.

d Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.4.2(a). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Shear Head Alloy Steel Lockbolt Fasteners in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet and Plate

Fastener Type	NAS 1436-1442 ^a ($F_{su} = 95$ ksi)			
Sheet and Plate Material	Clad 7075-T6 and T651			
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.) ..	3/16 (0.190)	1/4 (0.250)	5/16 (0.312)	3/8 (0.375)
Ultimate Strength, lbs				
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:				
0.071	1684	...	...	...
0.080	1875	...	...	...
0.090	2077	...	...	...
0.100	2286	3075	...	...
0.125	2620	3750	4811	...
0.160 .....	...	4625	5994 ^b	7350
0.190 .....	...	4650	6993	8554
0.250 .....	...	...	7300	10435
0.312 .....	...	...	...	10500
Fastener shear strength ^c	2620	4650	7300	10500
Yield Strength ^d , lbs				
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:				
0.071	1405	...	...	...
0.080	1598	...	...	...
0.090	1717	...	...	...
0.100	1850	2395	...	...
0.125	2232	2790	3327	...
0.160 .....	...	3415	3851	5656
0.190 .....	...	3765	4666	6342
0.250 .....	...	...	5248	7910
0.312 .....	...	...	...	8946
Head height (max.), in.	0.049	0.063	0.071	0.081

a Data supplied by Huck Manufacturing Company.

b Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.

c Fastener shear strength is documented in NAS 1413.

d Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.012 inch or 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.4.2(b). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Shear/Tension Head Alloy Steel Lockbolt Fasteners in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet and Plate

Fastener Type	NAS 7024-7032 ^{a,b} ($F_{su} = 108$ ksi)					
Sheet and Plate Material	Clad 7075-T6 and T651					
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.) .	1/8 (0.125)	5/32 (0.156)	3/16 (0.190)	1/4 (0.250)	5/16 (0.312)	3/8 (0.375)
Ultimate Strength, lbs						
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:						
0.040	563 ^c	...	...	...	...	...
0.050	846 ^d	881 ^c	1071 ^c	...	...	...
0.063	1040 ^d	1341 ^d	1398	...	...	...
0.071	1147	1494 ^d	1743 ^d	2001 ^c	...	...
0.080	1231	1645 ^d	2083 ^d	2256	...	...
0.090	1289	1813	2288 ^d	2823	3071 ^c	...
0.100	1325	1921	2493 ^d	3390 ^d	3425	4225 ^c
0.125 . . . . .	...	2070	2878	4140 ^d	5200 ^d	5500
0.160 . . . . .	...	...	3060	4930	6490	8080 ^d
0.190 . . . . .	...	...	...	5280	7530	8725 ^d
0.250 . . . . .	...	...	...	5300	7870	10010
0.312 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8220	11270
0.324 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8280	11340
0.375 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	11620
0.433 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	11930
Fastener shear strength ^e	1325	2070	3060	5300	8280	11930
Yield Strength ^f , lbs						
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:						
0.040	426	...	...	...	...	...
0.050	537	666	804	...	...	...
0.063	682	846	1024	...	...	...
0.071	770	957	1159	1508	...	...
0.080	870	1082	1311	1708	...	...
0.090	981	1221	1430	1931	2392	...
0.100	1092	1360	1649	2152	2669	3177
0.125 . . . . .	...	1705	2071	2709	3363	4010
0.160 . . . . .	...	...	2595	3486	4340	4975
0.190 . . . . .	...	...	...	4050	5170	5760
0.250 . . . . .	...	...	...	4140	6210	7340
0.312 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	7040	8730
0.324 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	7200	8810
0.375 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	9160
0.433 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	9560
Head height (ref.), in.	0.042	0.050	0.060	0.077	0.094	0.111

a Data supplied by Huck Manufacturing Company.

b Used with NAS1080K aluminum alloy collar.

c Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

d Yield value is less than 2/3 of indicated ultimate strength value.

e Fastener shear strength is documented in NAS1413.

f Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.012 inch or 4% of nominal diameter.

Table 8.1.4.2(c). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Shear Head Ti-6Al-4V Cherrybuck Fasteners in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Fastener Type	CSR 924 ^a ($F_{su} = 95$ ksi)		
Sheet Material	Clad 7075-T6		
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.) ^b ..	5/32 (0.164)	3/16 (0.190)	1/4 (0.250)
Sheet thickness, in.: 0.050 0.063 0.071 0.080 0.090 0.100 0.125 0.160 0.190 0.250 Fastener shear strength ^b	Ultimate Strength, lbs.		
	941	...	...
	1207	1383	...
	1385	1588	...
	1557	1779	2281
	1775	2050	2594
	1876	2263	2919
	1950	2542	3765
	2007	2660	4387
	...	2694	4525
	...	...	4660
	2007	2694	4660
Sheet thickness, in.: 0.050 0.063 0.071 0.080 0.090 0.100 0.125 0.160 0.190 0.250 Head height (ref.), in.	Yield Strength ^c , lbs.		
	659	...	...
	887	985	...
	1022	1148	...
	1116	1325	1625
	1189	1480	1894
	1257	1545	2162
	1393	1733	2619
	1608	1978	2950
	...	2191	3231
	...	...	3794
	0.034	0.046	0.060

a Data supplied by Cherry Fasteners.

b Fastener shear strength based on area computed from nominal shank diameter in Table 9.7.1.1 and $F_{su} = 95$ ksi.

c Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.4.2(d). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Shear Head Ti-6Al-4V Cherrybuck Fasteners in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Fastener Type	CSR 924 ^a ($F_{su} = 95$ ksi)		
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3		
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.) ^b . .	5/32 (0.164)	3/16 (0.190)	1/4 (0.250)
Sheet thickness, in.: 0.050 0.063 0.071 0.080 0.090 0.100 0.125 0.160 0.190 0.250 Fastener shear strength ^d	Ultimate Strength, lbs.		
	737	...	...
	1019	1118	...
	1152	1319	...
	1279 ^c	1509	1837
	1419 ^c	1673 ^c	2168
	1560 ^c	1834 ^c	2500
	1898 ^c	2242 ^c	3036 ^c
	2007 ^c	2680 ^c	3786 ^c
	...	2694	4404 ^c
	...	...	4660
	2007	2694	4660
Sheet thickness, in.: 0.050 0.063 0.071 0.080 0.090 0.100 0.125 0.160 0.190 0.250	Yield Strength ^e , lbs.		
	511	...	...
	712	778	...
	786	922	...
	840	1039	1276
	900	1109	1513
	960	1178	1750
	1110	1352	1979
	1321	1596	2300
	...	1805	2575
	...	...	3125
Head height (ref.), in.	0.034	0.046	0.060

a Data supplied by Cherry Fasteners.

b Fasteners installed in clearance holes (0.0005 - 0.002).

c Yield load is less than 2/3 of indicated ultimate.

d Fastener shear strength based on area computed from nominal shank diameter in Table 9.7.1.1 and $F_{su} = 95$ ksi.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.4.2(e). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Shear Head A-286 Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Fastener Type	HSR201 ^a ($F_{su} = 95$ ksi)		
Sheet Material	7075-T6		
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.) ^b . .	5/32 (0.164)	3/16 (0.190)	1/4 (0.250)
Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.050	1055	1095	...
0.063	1330	1545	2030
0.071	1500	1740	2285
0.080	1690	1955	2575
0.090	1900	2200	2895
0.100	2007	2445	3220
0.125 . . . . .	...	2694	4025
0.160 . . . . .	...	...	4660
Fastener shear strength ^c	2007	2694	4660
Yield Strength ^d , lbs.			
Sheet thickness, in.:			
0.050	835	870	...
0.063	1055	1225	1605
0.071	1185	1380	1810
0.080	1340	1550	2040
0.090	1505	1745	2295
0.100	1675	1940	2550
0.125 . . . . .	...	2420	3190
0.160 . . . . .	...	...	4180
Head height (nom.), in.	0.040	0.046	0.060

a Data supplied by Hi-Shear Corporation.

b Hole Size: Fastener installed in 0.000 interference to 0.005 clearance.

c Fastener shear strength based on area computed from nominal shank diameter in Table 9.7.1.1 and $F_{su} = 95$ ksi.

d Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.4.2(f). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Shear Head Ti-8Mo-8V-2Fe-3Al Rivets in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	HSR101 ^a ($F_{su} = 95$ ksi)		
Sheet Material	7075-T6		
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.) ^b ..	5/32 (0.164)	3/16 (0.190)	1/4 (0.250)
Sheet thickness, in.: 0.050 0.063 0.071 0.080 0.090 0.100 0.125 0.160 Rivet shear strength ^c	Ultimate Strength, lbs.		
	1040	1205	...
	1310	1520	2000
	1480	1715	2255
	1665	1930	2540
	1875	2170	2855
	2007	2410	3175
	...	2694	3965
	...	...	4660
	2007	2694	4660
Sheet thickness, in.: 0.050 0.063 0.071 0.080 0.090 0.100 0.125 0.160 Head height (nom.), in.	Yield Strength ^d , lbs.		
	797	921	...
	1005	1165	1530
	1130	1310	1725
	1275	1475	1945
	1435	1660	2185
	1595	1845	2430
	...	2310	3035
	...	...	3885
	0.040	0.046	0.060

a Data supplied by Hi-Shear Corporation.

b Hole Size: Fastener installed in 0.000 interference to 0.005 clearance.

c Fastener shear strength based on area computed from nominal shank diameter in Table 9.7.1.1 and $1/4 = 0.250$ and $F_{su} = 95$ ksi.

d Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.4.2(g). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Shear Head Ti-6Al-4V Lockbolt Fasteners in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Rivet Type	GPL3SC-V Pin ^{a,b} ($F_{su} = 95$ ksi), 2SC-3C Collar			
Sheet Material	Clad 7075-T6			
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in) ^c ...	3/16 (0.190)	1/4 (0.250)	5/16 (0.312)	3/8 (0.375)
Ultimate Strength, lbs.				
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.050	1105	...	...	...
0.063	1500	1800 ^d	...	...
0.071	1740	2125	2430	...
0.080	2020	2485	2865	3170 ^d
0.090	2200	2885	3365	3780
0.100	2355	3310	3865	4390
0.125	2694	3945	5135	5880
0.160 .....	...	4660	6245	8005
0.190 .....	...	...	7010	8955
0.250 .....	...	...	7290	10490
Rivet shear strength ^e	2694	4660	7290	10490
Yield Strength ^f , lbs.				
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.050	948	...	...	...
0.063	1160	1585	...	...
0.071	1290	1755	2265	...
0.080	1435	1945	2500	3090
0.090	1600	2160	2765	3415
0.100	1760	2375	3030	3740
0.125	2095	2910	3705	4535
0.160 .....	...	3585	4640	5670
0.190 .....	...	...	5440	6635
0.250 .....	...	...	6270	8230
Head height (ref.), in.	0.048	0.063	0.070	0.081

a Data supplied by Huck Manufacturing Company and Voi-Shan Industries.

b Aluminum coated per NAS 4006.

c Hole Size: Fastener installed in 0.005" interference to 0.0005" clearance.

d Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

e Fastener shear strength based on area computed from nominal shank diameter in Table 9.7.1.1 and 1/4 = 0.250 and $F_{su} = 95$ ksi.

f Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.4.2(h). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Shear Head Ti-6Al-4V Lockbolt Fasteners in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet and Plate

Rivet Type	GPL3SC-V Pin ^{a,b} ($F_{su} = 95$ ksi), 2SC-3C Collar			
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3			
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.) ^c	3/16 (0.190)	1/4 (0.250)	5/16 (0.312)	3/8 (0.375)
Sheet thickness, in.:	Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
0.050	938	...	...	...
0.063	1255	1535 ^d	...	...
0.071	1455	1795	2085	...
0.080	1680	2085	2440	2740 ^f
0.090	1920 ^e	2410	2845	3230
0.100	2080 ^e	2735	3245	3725
0.125	2460 ^e	3470 ^e	4270	4930
0.160	2694	4175 ^e	5505 ^e	6645
0.190 .....	...	4590 ^e	6260 ^e	7885 ^e
0.250 .....	...	4660	7230	9705 ^e
0.312 .....	...	...	7290	10490
0.375 .....	...	...	...	...
Rivet shear strength ^f	2694	4660	7290	10490
Sheet thickness, in.:	Yield Strength ^g , lbs.			
0.050	777	...	...	...
0.063	945	1285	...	...
0.071	1050	1435	1810	...
0.080	1140	1590	2030	2440
0.090	1230	1760	2260	2750
0.100	1320	1910	2475	3065
0.125	1545	2205	2975	3705
0.160	1860	2620	3495	4475
0.190 .....	...	2975	3935	5010
0.250 .....	...	3685	4820	6075
0.312 .....	...	...	5740	7175
Head height (ref.), in.	0.048	0.063	0.070	0.081

a Data supplied by Huck Manufacturing Company and Voi-Shan Industries.

b Aluminum coated per NAS 4006.

c Hole size: Fasteners installed in 0.005" interference to 0.0005" clearance.

d Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

e Yield load is less than 2/3 of indicated ultimate.

f Fastener shear strength based on area computed from nominal shank diameter in Table 9.7.1.1 and $F_{su} = 95$ ksi.

g Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.4.2(i). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Shear Head Ti-6Al-4V Lockbolt Fasteners in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet and Plate

Rivet Type	LGPL2SC-V Pin ^{a,b} ($F_{su} = 95$ ksi), 3SLC-C Collar			
Sheet Material	Clad 7075-T6			
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.) ^c .	3/16 (0.190)	1/4 (0.250)	5/16 (0.312)	3/8 (0.375)
Sheet thickness, in.:	Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
0.050	1040	...	...	...
0.063	1370	1710 ^d	...	...
0.071	1575	1980	2345	...
0.080	1805	2280	2715	3105 ^d
0.090	2060	2615	3130	3620
0.100	2315	2950	3550	4130
0.125	2590	3790	4605	5375
0.160	2694	4430	6070	7150
0.190 .....	...	4660	6750	8660
0.250 .....	...	...	7290	10154
0.312 .....	...	...	...	10490
Rivet shear strength ^e	2694	4660	7290	10490
Sheet thickness, in.:	Yield Strength ^f , lbs.			
0.050	948	...	...	...
0.063	1160	1585	...	...
0.071	1290	1755	2265	...
0.080	1435	1945	2500	3090
0.090	1600	2160	2765	3415
0.100	1760	2375	3030	3740
0.125	2095	2910	3705	4535
0.160	2395	3585	4640	5670
0.190 .....	...	3900	5440	6635
0.250 .....	...	...	6270	8230
0.312 .....	...	...	...	9255
Head height (ref.), in.	0.048	0.063	0.070	0.081

a Data supplied by Huck Manufacturing Company and Voi-Shan Industries.

b Aluminum coated per NAS 4006.

c Hole size: Fasteners installed in 0.005" interference to 0.0005" clearance.

d Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

e Fastener shear strength based on area computed from nominal shank diameter in Table 9.7.1.1 and $F_{su} = 95$ ksi.

f Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.4.2(j). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Shear Head Ti-6Al-4V Lockbolt Fasteners in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet and Plate

Rivet Type	LGPL2SC-V Pin ^{a,b} ($F_{su} = 95$ ksi), 3SLC-C Collar			
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3			
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.) ^c .	3/16 (0.190)	1/4 (0.250)	5/16 (0.312)	3/8 (0.375)
Sheet thickness, in.:	Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
0.050	836	...	...	...
0.063	1180	1350 ^d	...	...
0.071	1395	1630	1775	...
0.080	1640	1950	2155	2270 ^d
0.090	1900 ^e	2300	2595	2800
0.100	2115 ^e	2650	3035	3335
0.125	2340	3530 ^e	4140	4640
0.160	2655	4000	5645 ^e	6500
0.190	2694	4355	6085	8080 ^e
0.250 .....	...	4660	6965	9180
0.312 .....	...	...	7290	10270
0.375 .....	...	...	...	10490
Rivet shear strength ^f	2694	4660	7290	10490
Sheet thickness, in.:	Yield Strength ^g , lbs.			
0.050	733	...	...	...
0.063	901	1220	...	...
0.071	1005	1360	1745	...
0.080	1125	1515	1930	2270
0.090	1250	1685	2140	2635
0.100	1380	1855	2355	2895
0.125	1640	2280	2895	3530
0.160	1910	2795	3640	4430
0.190	2140	3100	4230	5200
0.250 .....	...	3700	4985	6440
0.312 .....	...	...	5760	7375
0.375 .....	...	...	...	8325
Head height (ref.), in.	0.048	0.063	0.070	0.081

a Data supplied by Huck Manufacturing Company and Voi-Shan Industries.

b Aluminum coated per NAS 4006.

c Hole size: Fasteners installed in 0.0005" interference to 0.0005" clearance.

d Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

e Yield load is less than 2/3 of indicated ultimate.

f Fastener shear strength based on area computed from nominal shank diameter in Table 9.7.1.1 and $F_{su} = 95$ ksi.

g Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

8.1.5 THREADED FASTENERS — The strengths shown in the following tables are applicable only when grip lengths and hole tolerances are as recommended by the respective fastener manufacturers. For some fastener systems, permanent set at yield load may be increased if hole sizes greater than those listed in the applicable table are used. This condition may exist even though the test hole size lies within the manufacturer's recommended hole size range (refer to Section 9.7.1.1).

The ultimate single shear strength of threaded fasteners at full diameter is shown in Table 8.1.5(a). The ultimate tensile strength of threaded fasteners is shown in Tables 8.1.5(b₁) and (b₂). In both tables values shown are a product of the indicated strength and area, with the area based on the following:

Shear — Based on basic shank diameter.

Tension — Based on the nominal minor diameter of the thread as published in Table 2.21 of Handbook H-28.

For any given threaded fastener the allowable load shall be chosen using an appropriate category corresponding to minimum tensile strength, shear strength, or other requirements of the pertinent procurement specification.

It is recognized that some procurement specifications may provide higher tensile strengths than those reported in Tables 8.1.5(b₁) and (b₂), since they may be based on a larger effective area than shown in the table. The values listed herein have been judged acceptable for design, acknowledging that they may be slightly conservative since they are based on the nominal minor diameter area.

Unless otherwise specified, the yield load is defined in Section 9.7.1.1 for threaded fasteners as the load at which the joint permanent is set equal to 0.04D, where D is the decimal equivalent of the fastener shank diameter as defined in Table 9.4.1.2(a).

8.1.5.1 Protruding-Head Threaded Fastener Joints — It has been shown that protruding shear head (representative configuration is NAS 1982) fastener joints may not develop the full bearing strength of the joint material. Therefore, static allowable loads for protruding shear head fasteners must be established from test data using the criteria specified in Section 9.7. For shear joints with protruding tension head fasteners, the load per fastener at which shear or bearing type of failure occurs is separately calculated, and the lower of the two values so determined governs the design. Allowable shear loads may be obtained from Table 8.1.5(a).

The design bearing stresses for various materials at room and other temperatures are given in the properties for each alloy or group of alloys, and are applicable to joints with fasteners in cylindrical holds and where $t/D \geq 0.18$. Where $t/D < 0.18$, tests to substantiate yield and ultimate bearing strengths must be performed. These bearing stresses are applicable only for design of rigid joints where there is no possibility of relative motion of the parts joined without deformation of such parts.

For convenience, "unit" sheet bearing strengths for threaded fasteners, based on a strength of 100 ksi and nominal fastener diameters, are given in Table 8.1.5.1. The strength for a specific combination of fasteners, sheet thickness, and sheet material is obtained by multiplying the proper "unit" strength by the ratio of material allowable bearing stress (ksi) to 100.

The following interaction formula is applicable to AN3 series bolts under combined shear and tension loading: $R_s^3 + R_t^2 = 1.0$, where R_s and R_t are ratios of applied load to allowable load in shear and tension, respectively.

8.1.5.2 Flush-Head Threaded Fastener Joints — Tables 8.1.5.2(a) through (o) contain joint allowables for various flush-head threaded fastener/sheet material combinations. Unless otherwise noted, the allowable loads for flush-head threaded fasteners were established from test data using the following criteria;

Ultimate Load — Design allowable ultimate load as defined in Section 9.7.1.5. Prior to 2003 this value was computed as the average ultimate test load divided by a factor of 1.15. This factor is not applicable to shear strength cutoff values which may be either procurement specification shear strength (S value) of the fastener or, if no specification exists, a statistical value determined from test results. It should coincide with shear values from Table 8.1.5(a).

The allowables shown for flush-head threaded fasteners are applicable to joints having e/D equal to or greater than 2.0.

For machine countersunk joints, the sheet gage specified in the tables is that of the countersunk sheet. When the noncountersunk sheet is thinner than the countersunk sheet, the bearing allowable for the noncountersunk sheet-fastener combination should be computed, compared to the table value, and the lower of the two values selected.

Table 8.1.5(a). Ultimate Single Shear Strength of Threaded Fasteners

Shear Stress of Fastener, ksi		35	38	75	90	95	108	125	132	145	156
Fastener Diameter in.	Basic Shank Area	Ultimate Single Shear Strength, lbs.									
	Size ^a	345	374	739	887	936	1060	1230	1300	1425	1535
0.112	#4	0.0098520									
0.125	1/8	0.012272	430	466	920	1105	1325	1530	1620	1775	1910
0.138	#6	0.014957	523	568	1120	1345	1615	1870	1970	2165	2330
0.156	5/32	0.019175	671	729	1435	1725	2070	2395	2530	2780	2990
0.164	#8	0.021124	739	803	1580	1900	2280	2640	2785	3060	3295
0.188	3/16	0.027612	966	1045	2070	2485	2980	3450	3645	4005	4310
0.190	#10	0.028353	992	1075	2125	2550	3060	3540	3740	4110	4420
0.216	#12	0.036644	1280	1390	2745	3295	3955	4580	4840	5315	5720
0.219	7/32	0.037582	1315	1425	2815	3380	4060	4700	4960	5445	5860
0.250	1/4	0.049087	1715	1865	3680	4420	5300	6140	6480	7115	7660
0.312	5/16	0.076699	2680	2915	5750	6900	8280	9590	10100	11100	11950
0.375	3/8	0.11045	3865	4200	8280	9935	11900	13800	14550	16000	17200
0.438	7/16	0.15033	5260	5710	11250	13500	16200	18750	19800	21750	23450
0.500	1/2	0.19635	6870	7460	14700	17650	21200	24500	25900	28450	30600
0.562	9/16	0.24850	8700	9440	18600	22350	26800	31050	32800	36000	38750
0.625	5/8	0.30680	10700	11650	23000	27600	33100	38350	40500	44500	47900
0.750	3/4	0.44179	15450	16750	33100	39750	47700	55200	58300	64000	68900
0.875	7/8	0.60132	21050	22850	45100	54100	64900	75200	79400	87200	93800
1.000	1	0.78540	27450	29850	58900	70700	84800	98200	103500	113500	122500
1.125	1-1/8	0.99402	34750	37750	74600	89500	107000	124000	131000	144000	155000
1.250	1-1/4	1.2272	43000	46600	92000	110000	132500	153000	162000	177500	191000
1.375	1-3/8	1.4849	52000	56400	111000	133500	160000	185500	196000	215000	231500
1.500	1-1/2	1.7671	61800	67100	132500	159000	190500	220500	233000	256000	275500

^a Fractional equivalent or screw number.

Table 8.1.5(b₁). Ultimate Tensile Strength of Threaded Fasteners

Tensile Stress of Fastener, ksi		55	62	62.5	125	140	160	180
Fastener Diameter		MIL-S-7742						
in.	Size ^a	Ultimate Tensile Strength, lbs. ^{c,d}						
Nominal Minor Area ^b		280	316	318	636	713	814	916
0.112	4-40	0.0050896	423	476	480	960	1075	1225
0.138	6-32	0.0076821	673	758	765	1525	1710	1955
0.164	8-32	0.012233						2200
0.190	10-32	0.018074	994	1120	1130	2255	2530	2890
0.250	1/4-28	0.033394	1835	2070	2085	4170	4680	5340
0.312	5/16-24	0.053666	2950	3325	3350	6710	7510	8590
0.375	3/8-24	0.082397	4530	5110	5150	10300	11500	13150
0.438	7/16-20	0.11115	6110	6890	6950	13850	15550	17750
0.500	1/2-20	0.15116	8310	9370	9450	18900	21150	24150
0.562	9/16-18	0.19190	10550	11900	11950	23950	26850	30700
0.625	5/8-18	0.24349	13350	15100	15200	30400	34050	38950
0.750	3/4-16	0.35605	19550	22050	22250	44500	49800	57000
0.875	7/8-14	0.48695	26750	30150	30400	60900	68200	77900
1.000	1-12	0.63307	34800	39250	39550	79100	88600	101000
1.125	1-1/8-12	0.82162	45200	50900	51400	102500	115000	131500
1.250	1-1/4-12	1.0347	56900	64200	64700	129000	144500	165500
1.375	1-3/8-12	1.2724	70000	78900	79500	159000	178000	203500
1.500	1-1/2-12	1.5345	84400	95100	95900	191500	214500	245500

a Fractional equivalent or number and threads per inch.

b The tension fastener allowances above are based on the nominal minor diameter thread area for MIL-S-7742 threads from Table 2.2.1 of Handbook H-28.

c Values shown above heavy line are for 2A threads, all other values are for 3A threads.

d. Nuts and fastener heads designed to develop the ultimate tensile strength of the fastener are required to develop the tabulated tension loads.

Table 8.1.5(b₂). Ultimate Tensile Strength of Threaded Fasteners (Continued)

Fastener Diameter		Maximum Minor Area ^b	Tensile Stress of Fastener, ksi			
in.	Size ^a		160	180	220	260
			MIL-S-8879 Ultimate Tensile Strength, lbs. ^{c,d}			
0.112	4-40	0.0054367	869	979	1195	1410
0.138	6-32	0.0081553	1305	1465	1790	2120
0.164	8-32	0.012848	2055	2310	2825	3340
0.190	10-32	0.018602	2975	3345	4090	4840
0.250	1/4-28	0.034241	5480	6160	7530	8900
0.312	5/16-24	0.054905	8780	9880	12050	14250
0.375	3/8-24	0.083879	13400	15100	18450	21800
0.438	7/16-20	0.11323	18100	20350	24900	29400
0.500	1/2-20	0.15358	24550	27600	33750	39900
0.562	9/16-18	0.19502	31200	35100	42900	50700
0.625	5/8-18	0.24700	39500	44500	54300	64200
0.750	3/4-16	0.36082	57700	64900	79400	93800
0.875	7/8-14	0.49327	78900	88800	108500	128000
1.000	1-12	0.64156	102500	115500	141000	166500
1.125	1-1/8-12	0.83129	133000	149500	182500	216000
1.250	1-1/4-12	1.0456	167000	188000	230000	271500
1.375	1-3/8-12	1.2844	205500	231000	282500	333500
1.500	1-1/2-12	1.5477	247500	278500	340500	402000

a Fractional equivalent or number and threads per inch.

b The tension fastener allowances above are based on the maximum minor diameter thread area for MIL-S-8879 threads from Tables II and III of MIL-S-8879.

c Values are for 3A threads.

d Nuts and fastener heads designed to develop the ultimate tensile strength of the fastener are required to develop the tabulated tension loads.

Table 8.1.5.1. Unit Bearing Strength of Sheet and Plate in Joints With Threaded Fasteners or Pins; $F_{br} = 100$ ksi

Unit Bearing Strength of Sheet for Fastener Diameter Indicated, lbs. ^a														
Fastener, Diameter, in.	0.156	0.164	0.188	0.190	0.250	0.312	0.375	0.438	0.500	0.562	0.625	0.750	0.875	1.000
Thickness, in.														
0.032	500	525	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.036	563	590	675	684	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.040	625	656	750	760	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.045	704	738	845	855	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.050	781	820	940	950	1250	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.063	985	1033	1180	1197	1575	1969	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.071	1110	1164	1330	1349	1775	2219	2662	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.080	1250	1312	1500	1520	2000	2500	3000	3500	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.090	1407	1476	1690	1710	2250	2812	3375	3938	4500	...	...	...	...	...
0.100	1562	1640	1875	1900	2500	3125	3750	4375	5000	...	...	...	...	...
0.125	1953	2050	2340	2375	3125	3906	4688	5469	6250	7030	7812	...	...	...
0.160	2500	2624	3000	3040	4000	5000	6000	7000	8000	9000	10000	12000	...	...
0.200	3125	3280	3750	3800	5000	6250	7500	8750	10000	11250	12500	15000	17500	20000
0.250	3916	4100	4688	4750	6250	7812	9375	10940	12500	14060	15625	18750	21875	25000
0.312	4867	5117	5866	5928	7800	9734	11700	13670	15600	17530	19500	23400	27300	31200
0.375	5850	6150	7050	7125	9375	11700	14063	16425	18750	21075	23400	28125	32810	37500
0.500	7800	8200	9400	9500	12500	15600	18750	21900	25000	28100	31250	37500	43750	50000
0.625	9750	10250	11750	11875	15625	19500	23440	27375	31250	35125	39062	46875	54690	62500
0.750	11700	12300	14100	14250	18750	23400	28125	32850	37500	42150	46875	56250	65625	75000
0.875	13650	14350	16450	16625	21875	27300	32810	38325	43750	49175	56690	65625	76560	87500
1.000	15600	16400	18800	19000	25000	31200	37600	43800	50000	56200	62500	75000	87500	100000

^a Bearing strengths shown are based on nominal fastener diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.5.2(a₁). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Head Alloy Steel Screws in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet and Plate

Fastener Type	AN509 ^a steel screw ($F_{su} = 75$ ksi) w/MS20365 or equiv. steel nut				
Sheet and Plate Material	Clad 2024-T3 and T351				
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.) .	3/16 (0.190)	1/4 (0.250)	5/16 (0.312)	3/8 (0.375)	1/2 (0.500)
Ultimate Strength ^c , lbs					
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:					
0.080	1576 ^{b,c}	...	...	...	...
0.090	1726 ^b	...	...	...	...
0.100	1877 ^b	2567 ^{b,c}	...	...	...
0.125	2126 ^b	3054 ^b	3922 ^{b,c}	4579 ^{b,c}	...
0.160 . . . . .	...	3536 ^b	4722 ^b	5878 ^b	...
0.190 . . . . .	...	3682	5405 ^b	6872 ^b	9408 ^{b,c}
0.250 . . . . .	...	...	5750	8280 ^b	12201 ^b
0.312 . . . . .	...	...	...	8280 ^b	14141 ^b
0.375 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	14730
Fastener shear strength ^d	2126	3682	5750	8280	14730
Yield Strength ^{e,f} , lbs					
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:					
0.080	903	...	...	...	...
0.090	989	...	...	...	...
0.100	1084	1490	...	...	...
0.125	1296	1748	2001	2559	...
0.160	1615	2116	2334	2939	...
0.190 . . . . .	...	2484	2702	3361	6012
0.250 . . . . .	...	...	3404	4197	7306
0.312 . . . . .	...	...	...	5092	8452
0.375 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9996
Head height (ref.), in.	0.080	0.106	0.133	0.159	0.213

a This fastener is no longer manufactured; do not specify for new designs.

b Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.

c Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

d Fastener shear strength based on area computed from nominal shank diameters in Table 9.7.1.1 and $F_{su} = 75$ ksi.

e Test data from which the yield and ultimate strengths were derived can be found in Reference 8.1.5.2.

f Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.012 inch or 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.5.2(a₂). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Head Alloy Steel Screws in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet and Plate

Fastener Type	AN509 ^a steel screw ($F_{su} = 75$ ksi) w/MS20365 or equiv. steel nut				
Sheet and Plate Material	Clad 7075-T6 and T651				
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.)	3/16 (0.190)	1/4 (0.250)	5/16 (0.312)	3/8 (0.375)	1/2 (0.500)
Ultimate Strength ^b , lbs					
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:					
0.080	1632 ^{c,d}	...	...	...	...
0.090	1762 ^c	...	...	...	...
0.100	1892	2723 ^{c,d}	...	...	...
0.125	2126	3109 ^c	4180 ^{c,d}	5216 ^{c,d}	...
0.160	...	3551 ^c	4858 ^c	6193 ^c	...
0.190	...	3682	5433 ^c	6996 ^c	...
0.250	...	...	5750	8280 ^c	12421 ^{c,d}
0.312	...	...	...	8280	14185 ^c
0.375	...	...	...	...	14730
Fastener shear strength ^e	2126	3682	5750	8280	14730
Yield Strength ^{b,f} , lbs					
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:					
0.080	965	...	...	...	...
0.090	1063	...	...	...	...
0.100	1179	1600	...	...	...
0.125	1462	1895	2098	2699	...
0.160	...	2363	2501	3088	...
0.190	...	2926	3018	3601	...
0.250	...	...	4312	4868	8041
0.312	...	...	...	6624	9437
0.375	...	...	...	...	11686
Head height (ref.), in.	0.080	0.106	0.133	0.159	0.213

a This fastener is no longer manufactured; do not specify for new designs.

b Test data from which the yield and ultimate strengths were derived can be found in Reference 8.1.5.2.

c Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.

d Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

e Fastener shear strength based on area computed from nominal shank diameters in Table 9.7.1.1 and $F_{su} = 75$ ksi.

f Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.012 inch or 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.5.2(b). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Head Stainless Steel (PH13-8Mo-H1000) Fasteners in Machine-Countersunk Titanium Alloy Sheet and Plate

Fastener Type	PBF 11 ^a ($F_{su} = 125$ ksi)			
Sheet and Plate Material	Annealed Ti-6Al-4V			
Rivet Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.) ^b ...	5/32 (0.164)	1/4 (0.250)	3/8 (0.375)	1/2 (0.500)
Ultimate Strength, lbs				
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:	1535 ^c	...	...	...
0.040	1963	...	...	...
0.050	2528	3656	...	...
0.063	2640	4213	...	...
0.071 .....	...	4813	6820	...
0.080 .....	...	5438	7818	...
0.090 .....	...	6140	8775	11250 ^c
0.100 .....	...	...	11264	14575
0.125 .....	...	...	13810	19250
0.160 .....	...	...	...	23200
0.190 .....	...	...	...	24540
0.200	2640	6140	13810	24540
Fastener shear strength ^d	2640	6140	13810	24540
Yield Strength ^e , lbs				
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:	1237	...	...	...
0.040	1543	...	...	...
0.050	1947	2969	...	...
0.063	2049	3350	...	...
0.071 .....	...	3756	5667	...
0.080 .....	...	4219	6370	...
0.090 .....	...	4600	7101	9500
0.100 .....	...	...	8789	11825
0.125 .....	...	...	10645	15025
0.160 .....	...	...	...	17825
0.190 .....	...	...	...	18400
0.200	0.040	0.060	0.077	0.101
Head height (nom.), in.	0.040	0.060	0.077	0.101

a Data supplied by Huck Manufacturing Company and PB Fasteners.

b Fasteners installed in clearance holes (0.0025-0.0030).

c Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

d Fastener shear strength based on areas computed from indicated nominal shank diameter $F_{su} = 125$ ksi.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.5.2(c). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Head Tapered Alloy Steel Fasteners in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet and Plate

Fastener Type	TL 100 ^a ($F_{su} = 108$ ksi)					
Sheet and Plate Material	Clad 7075-T6 and T651					
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.) ..	3/16 (0.1969)	1/4 (0.2585)	5/16 (0.3214)	3/8 (0.3860)	7/16 (0.4490)	1/2 (0.5122)
Ultimate Strength, lbs						
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:						
0.100	2435	...	...	...	...	...
0.125	2913	3745	4443	...	...	...
0.160	3290	4831	6017	7016	7993	...
0.190 .....	...	5269	7017	8511	9737	10900
0.250 .....	...	5670	8148	11120	13220	14890
0.285 .....	...	...	8760	11360	15000	17240
0.312 .....	...	...	...	11570	15280	19000
0.344 .....	...	...	...	11800	15560	19800
0.375 .....	...	...	...	12030	15820	20110
0.500 .....	...	...	...	12640	16870	21320
Fastener shear strength ^b	3290	5670	8760	12640	17100	22250
Yield Strength ^c , lbs						
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:						
0.100	1960	...	...	...	...	...
0.125	2350	2990	3818	...	...	...
0.160	2840	3550	4650	5650	6703	...
0.190 .....	...	3970	5308	6596	7806	9045
0.250 .....	...	4830	6450	8209	9903	11560
0.285 .....	...	...	7060	9090	10930	12840
0.312 .....	...	...	...	9680	11780	13930
0.344 .....	...	...	...	10010	12710	14930
0.375 .....	...	...	...	10430	13200	16000
0.500 .....	...	...	...	...	15160	18490
Head height (max.), in.	0.048	0.063	0.070	0.081	0.100	0.110

a Data supplied by Briles Manufacturing Company.

b Fastener shear strength based on areas computed from indicated nominal shank diameter and $F_{su} = 108$ ksi.

c Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.012 inch or 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.5.2(d). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Head Tapered STA Ti-6Al-4V Fasteners in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Fastener Type	TLV 10 ^a ($F_{su} = 95$ ksi)			
Sheet Material	Clad 7075-T6			
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.)	1/8 (0.1437)	5/32 (0.1688)	3/16 (0.1965)	1/4 (0.2583)
Ultimate Strength, lbs				
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.032	488 ^b	...	...	...
0.040	610	713 ^b	826 ^b	...
0.050	768	896	1050	...
0.063	967	1145	1312	1730 ^b
0.071	1120	1290	1491	1960
0.080	1260	1470	1690	2223
0.090	1377	1670	1910	2505
0.100	1441	1845	2130	2800
0.125	1530	2010	2580	3540
0.160	1540	2125	2800	4410
0.190 .....	...	...	2880	4750
0.250 .....	...	...	...	4980
Fastener shear strength ^c	1540	2125	2880	4980
Yield Strength ^d , lbs				
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.032	488	...	...	...
0.040	610	713	826	...
0.050	753	890	1050	...
0.063	925	1118	1301	1730
0.071	1035	1240	1467	1960
0.080	1138	1377	1637	2192
0.090	1238	1522	1806	2455
0.100	1321	1639	1976	2711
0.125	1480	1880	2331	3304
0.160	1540	2111	2683	3986
0.190 .....	...	...	2880	4437
0.250 .....	...	...	...	4980
Head height (max.), in.	0.033	0.041	0.048	0.063

a Data supplied by Lockheed Georgia Company.

b Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

c Fastener shear strength based on areas computed from indicated nominal shank diameter and $F_{su} = 95$ ksi.

d Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.012 inch or 4% of fractional diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.5.2(e). Static Joint Strength of 70° Flush Head Tapered Ti-6Al-4V Fasteners in Non-Matching Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet and Plate

Fastener Type	HPB-V ^a ($F_{su} = 95$ ksi)			
Sheet and Plate Material	Clad 7075-T6 and T651			
Fastener Diameter	3/16	1/4	5/16	3/8
(Nominal Shank Diameter, in.) ^b	(0.1976)	(0.2587)	(0.3211)	(0.3850)
Sheet Countersink Angle	82°	82°	82°	75°
Ultimate Strength, lbs				
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:				
0.063	1355	...	...	...
0.071	1554	2041	...	...
0.080	1710	2296	...	...
0.090	1847	2583	3207	...
0.100	1984	2864	3567	4269
0.125	2319	3293	4454	5336
0.160	2792	3908	5176	6611
0.190	2913	4444	5836	7396
0.250 .....	...	4993	7155	8968
0.312 .....	...	...	7692	10613
0.375 .....	...	...	...	11058
0.500 .....	...	...	...	11058
Fastener shear strength ^c	2913	4993	7692	11058
Yield Strength ^d , lbs				
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:				
0.063	1269	...	...	...
0.071	1429	1874	...	...
0.080	1613	2108	...	...
0.090	1812	2376	2949	...
0.100	1984	2637	3279	3928
0.125	2319	3299	4093	4906
0.160	2718	3908	5176	6285
0.190	2913	4397	5836	7396
0.250 .....	...	4993	6980	8968
0.312 .....	...	...	7692	10257
0.375 .....	...	...	...	11058
0.500 .....	...	...	...	11058
Head height (max.), in.	0.057	0.067	0.076	0.086

a Data supplied by PB Fasteners.

b Fasteners installed in interference holes (0.0015-0.0048).

c Fastener shear strength based on areas computed from the indicated nominal shank diameter and $F_{su} = 95$ ksi.

d Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.012 inch or 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.5.2(f). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Shear Head Ti-6Al-4V Fasteners in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Fastener Type	KLBHV Pin ($F_{su} = 95$ ksi), KFN 600 Nut ^a				
Sheet Material	Clad 7075-T6				
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.) ^b .	5/32 (0.164)	3/16 (0.190)	1/4 (0.250)	5/16 (0.3125)	3/8 (0.375)
Ultimate Strength, lbs					
Sheet thickness, in.:					
0.040	748 ^c	...	...	...	...
0.050	987	1112	...	...	...
0.063	1291	1462	1813 ^c	...	...
0.071	1428	1679	2100	...	...
0.080	1571	1888	2438	2902	...
0.090	1722	2058	2794	3322	3867
0.100	1883	2231	3150	3810	4402
0.125	2007	2694	3725	4924	5724
0.160 .....	...	...	4531	4901	7397
0.190 .....	...	...	4660	6790	8452
0.200 .....	...	...	...	7083	8789
0.250 .....	...	...	...	7290	10490
Fastener shear strength ^d	2007	2694	4660	7290	10490
Yield Strength ^e , lbs					
Sheet thickness, in.:					
0.040	594	...	...	...	...
0.050	740	859	...	...	...
0.063	931	1079	1419	...	...
0.071	1049	1213	1600	...	...
0.080	1176	1368	1806	2267	...
0.090	1283	1534	2031	2540	3052
0.100	1375	1675	2250	2824	3375
0.125	1606	1942	2813	3517	4219
0.160 .....	...	...	3306	4455	5386
0.190 .....	...	...	3725	4983	6385
0.200 .....	...	...	...	5168	6581
0.250 .....	...	...	...	6038	7636
Head height (ref.), in.	0.043	0.048	0.063	0.070	0.081

a Data supplied by Kaynar Manufacturing Co., Inc.

b Fasteners installed in interference holes (0.003-0.055).

c Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

d Fastener shear strength based on areas computed from indicated nominal shank diameter and $F_{su} = 95$ ksi.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of the nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.5.2(g). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Shear AISI 431^a Hi-Lok Fasteners in Aluminum Alloy Sheet and Plate

Rivet Type	HL 61 Pin ($F_{su} = 125$ ksi), HL 70 Collar ^b			
Sheet and Plate Material	Clad 7075-T6 and T651			
Rivet Diameter	3/16	1/4	5/16	3/8
(Nominal Shank Diameter, in.) ..	(0.190)	(0.250)	(0.312)	(0.375)
Ultimate Strength, lbs				
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:				
0.090	2327	...	...	...
0.100	2430	3740	...	...
0.125	2695	4080	...	...
0.160	3070	4560	6500 ^c	...
0.190	3390	4970	7160	9100
0.250	3544	5800	8320	10230
0.312 .....	...	6140	9590	11390
0.375 .....	...	...	...	12580
0.500 .....	...	...	...	13810
Fastener shear strength ^d	3544	6140	9590	13810
Yield Strength ^e , lbs				
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:				
0.090	1840	...	...	...
0.100	1943	2900	...	...
0.125	2195	3240	...	...
0.160	2540	3700	4030	...
0.190	2840	4020	5430	7120
0.250	3110	4870	6590	8500
0.312 .....	...	5350	7580	9700
0.375 .....	...	...	7890	10410
0.500 .....	...	...	...	12070
Head height (max.), in.	0.049	0.063	0.077	0.051

- a AISI 431 is prohibited from use in Air Force and Navy structure by MIL-STD-1568 and SD-24, respectively, because of its sensitivity to heat treatment. Use of fasteners made of this material in design of military aerospace structures requires the specific approval of the procuring agency.
- b Data supplied by Hi-Shear Corporation.
- c Yield value is less than 2/3 of the indicated ultimate strength value.
- d Fastener shear strength based on areas computed from the indicated nominal shank diameter and $F_{su} = 125$ ksi.
- e Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.012 inch or 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.5.2(h). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Shear Head Alloy Steel Hi-Lok Fasteners in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet and Plate

Fastener Type	HL 719 Pin ($F_{su} = 108$ ksi), HL 79 Collar ^a				
Sheet and Plate Material	7075-T6 and T651				
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.) ^b	5/32 (0.164)	3/16 (0.190)	1/4 (0.250)	5/16 (0.312)	3/8 (0.375)
Ultimate Strength, lbs					
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:					
0.040	734 ^c	...	...	...	...
0.050	1044	1131	...	...	...
0.063	1384	1565	1813	...	...
0.071	1518	1820	2216	...	...
0.080	1668	1998	2594	2916	...
0.090	1764	2193	3015	3532	3724
0.100	1825	2345	3338	4059	4516
0.125	1979	2524	3980	5229	6167
0.160	2195	2774	4350	6347	7928
0.190	...	2989	4634	6702	9087
0.250	...	3062	5200	7512	9985
0.312	...	...	5300	8146	10870
0.375	...	...	...	8280	11760
Fastener shear strength ^d	2281	3062	5300	8280	11930
Yield Strength ^e , lbs					
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:					
0.040	690	...	...	...	...
0.050	861	1000	...	...	...
0.063	1086	1261	1664	...	...
0.071	1224	1421	1876	...	...
0.080	1346	1601	2114	2647	...
0.090	1478	1771	2378	2978	3578
0.100	1610	1924	2642	3309	3976
0.125	1845	2308	3210	4136	4970
0.160	2022	2583	3920	5124	6362
0.190	...	2750	4344	5886	7330
0.250	...	3062	4785	6925	9160
0.312	...	...	...	7496	10130
0.375	...	...	...	8158	10820
Head height (nom.), in.	0.040	0.046	0.060	0.067	0.077

a Data supplied by Hi-Shear Corporation.

b Fasteners installed in interference holes (0.001-0.002).

c Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

d Fastener shear strength based on areas computed from indicated nominal shank diameter and $F_{su} = 108$ ksi.

e Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.012 inch or 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.5.2(i). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Shear Head Ti-6Al-4V Fasteners in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet and Plate

Fastener Type	HL 11 Pin ($F_{su} = 95$ ksi), HL 70 Collar ^a			
Sheet and Plate Material	Clad 7075-T6 and T651			
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.)	5/32 (0.164)	3/16 (0.190)	1/4 (0.250)	5/16 (0.312)
Ultimate Strength, lbs				
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:				
0.040	734 ^b	837 ^b	...	...
0.050	941	1083	1343 ^b	...
0.063	1207	1393	1762	2170 ^b
0.071	1385	1588	2012	2463
0.080	1557	1779	2281	2823
0.090	1775	2050	2594	3193
0.100	1876	2263	2919	3631
0.125	1950	2542	3765	4594
0.160	2007	2660	3970	5890
0.190 .....	...	2694	4165	6105
0.250 .....	...	...	4530	6580
0.312 .....	...	...	4660	7050
0.375 .....	...	...	...	7290
Fastener shear strength ^c	2007	2694	4660	7290
Yield Strength ^d , lbs				
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:				
0.040	674	794	...	...
0.050	835	982	1325	...
0.063	1038	1230	1655	2141
0.071	1130	1355	1813	2338
0.080	1230	1480	2062	2620
0.090	1342	1625	2250	2880
0.100	1440	1750	2470	3420
0.125	1670	2020	2930	3860
0.160	1891	2360	3480	4620
0.190 .....	...	2560	3840	5150
0.250 .....	...	...	4440	6170
0.312 .....	...	...	4660	6900
0.375 .....	...	...	...	7290
Head height (nom.), in.	0.040	0.046	0.060	0.067

a Data supplied by Hi-Shear Corporation.

b Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

c Fastener shear strength based on areas computed from indicated nominal shank diameter and $F_{su} = 95$ ksi.

d Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.012 inch or 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.5.2(j). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Shear Head Ti-6Al-6V-2Sn Fasteners in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet and Plate

Fastener Type	HL 911 Pin ($F_{su} = 108$ ksi), HL 70 Collar ^a				
Sheet and Plate Material	Clad 7075-T6 and T651				
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.)	5/32 (0.164)	3/16 (0.190)	1/4 (0.250)	5/16 (0.312)	3/8 (0.375)
Ultimate Strength, lbs					
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:	780 ^b	...	...	...	...
0.040	982	1137	1456 ^b	...	...
0.050	1264	1458	1863	2287 ^b	...
0.063	1426	1642	2094	2570	3096 ^b
0.071	1622	1866	2425	2920	3473
0.080	1740	2105	2750	3339	3965
0.090	1794	2310	3063	3777	4415
0.100	1915	2455	3875	4770	5666
0.125	2098	2660	4219	6181	7339
0.160	2252	2840	4450	6483	8788
0.190	2281	3062	4925	7067	9589
0.250 . . . . .	...	...	5300	7670	10362
0.312 . . . . .	...	...	...	8280	11079
0.375 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	11930
0.500	2281	3062	5300	8280	11930
Fastener shear strength ^c	2281	3062	5300	8280	11930
Yield Strength ^d , lbs					
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:	734	...	...	...	...
0.040	882	1044	1394	...	...
0.050	1076	1300	1750	2190	...
0.063	1184	1406	1938	2472	2995
0.071	1320	1540	2188	2774	3332
0.080	1392	1680	2375	3066	3768
0.090	1480	1810	2569	3358	4120
0.100	1700	2085	3031	4010	5019
0.125	1870	2380	3563	4818	6074
0.160	1978	2530	3937	5354	6749
0.190	2178	2740	4375	6269	8183
0.250 . . . . .	...	...	4687	6883	9209
0.312 . . . . .	...	...	...	7418	9870
0.375 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	11039
0.500 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...
Head height (nom.), in.	0.040	0.046	0.060	0.067	0.077

a Data supplied by Hi-Shear Corporation.

b Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

c Fastener shear strength based on areas computed from indicated nominal shank diameter and $F_{su} = 108$ ksi.

d Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.012 inch or 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.5.2(k). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Head Ti-6Al-6V-2Sn or Alloy Steel, Shear Type Fasteners in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Fastener Type	NAS 4452S and KS 100-FV Pins ^a ($F_{su} = 108$ ksi), NAS 4445DD Nut			
Sheet Material	7075-T6			
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.)	1/8 (0.138)	5/32 (0.164)	3/16 (0.190)	1/4 (0.250)
Ultimate Strength, lbs				
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.040	644	...	...	...
0.050	857	976	1065	...
0.063	1131	1305	1458	1750 ^b
0.071	1268	1512	1697	2062
0.080	1428	1703	1964	2406
0.090	1499	1910	2227	2794
0.100	1539	2084	2458	3181
0.125	1615	2200	2848	4063
0.160 .....	...	2281	3036	4900
0.190 .....	...	...	3062	5113
0.250 .....	...	...	...	5300
Fastener shear strength ^c	1615	2281	3062	5300
Yield Strength ^d , lbs				
Sheet thickness, in.:				
0.040	609	...	...	...
0.050	766	906	1029	...
0.063	946	1157	1325	1706
0.071	1044	1278	1505	1956
0.080	1152	1412	1668	2219
0.090	1261	1555	1848	2500
0.100	1320	1694	2014	2762
0.125	1444	1904	2397	3350
0.160 .....	...	2106	2661	4100
0.190 .....	...	...	2845	4419
0.250 .....	...	...	...	4925
Head height (max.), in.	0.037	0.040	0.049	0.063

a Data supplied by Huck Manufacturing Company.

b Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

c Fastener shear strength is documented in NAS 4444.

d Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.012 inch or 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.5.2(l). Static Joint Strength of 70° Flush Head Straight Shank Ti-6Al-4V Fasteners in Non-Matching Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet and Plate

Fastener Type	HPT-V ^a ($F_{su} = 95$ ksi)			
Sheet and Plate Material	Clad 7075-T6 and T651			
Fastener Diameter	3/16	1/4	5/16	3/8
(Nominal Shank Diameter, in.) ^b	(0.193)	(0.255)	(0.3175)	(0.380)
Sheet Countersink Angle	82°	82°	82°	75°
Ultimate Strength, lbs				
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:				
0.063	1348	...	...	...
0.071	1546	1970	...	...
0.080	1704	2275	...	...
0.090	1814	2580	3125	...
0.100	1948	2873	3528	4100
0.125	2265	3282	4465	5270
0.160	2700	3868	5171	6642
0.190	2779	4361	5826	7393
0.250 .....	...	4851	7056	8880
0.312 .....	...	...	7521	10396
0.375 .....	...	...	...	10774
Fastener shear strength ^c	2779	4851	7521	10774
Yield Strength ^d , lbs				
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:				
0.063	1180	...	...	...
0.071	1378	1651	...	...
0.080	1590	1944	...	...
0.090	1702	2321	2631	...
0.100	1818	2620	3024	3350
0.125	2112	3055	4133	4664
0.160	2496	3601	4848	6209
0.190	2734	4062	5413	6902
0.250 .....	...	4745	6552	8288
0.312 .....	...	...	7378	9631
0.375 .....	...	...	...	10584
Head height (max.), in.	0.060	0.070	0.080	0.090

a Data supplied by PB Fasteners.

b Fasteners installed in interference holes (0.0045-0.0055).

c Fastener shear strength based on areas computed from the indicated nominal shank diameter and $F_{su} = 95$ ksi.

d Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.012 inch or 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.5.2(m). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Shear Head STA Ti-6Al-4V Fasteners in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Fastener Type	NAS 4452V Pin ($F_{su} = 95$ ksi), NAS 4445D Nut ^a				
Sheet Material	Clad 7075-T6				
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.)	5/32 (0.164)	3/16 (0.190)	1/4 (0.250)	5/16 (0.312)	3/8 (0.375)
Ultimate Strength, lbs					
Sheet or plate thickness, in.:					
0.040	766 ^b	...	...	...	...
0.050	1092	1173	...	...	...
0.063	1450	1639	1886 ^b	...	...
0.071	1633	1889	2290	...	...
0.080	1805	2136	2710	3028	...
0.090	1955	2368	3135	3651	...
0.100	2007	2557	3515	4230	4669
0.125 .....	...	2694	4273	5485	6428
0.160 .....	...	...	4660	6776	8426
0.190 .....	...	...	...	7290	9708
0.250 .....	...	...	...	...	10490
Fastener shear strength ^c	2007	2694	4660	7290	10490
Yield Strength ^d , lbs					
Sheet thickness, in.:					
0.040	712	...	...	...	...
0.050	891	1034	...	...	...
0.063	1103	1295	1712	...	...
0.071	1223	1445	1932	...	...
0.080	1349	1604	2169	2715	...
0.090	1475	1768	2420	3056	...
0.100	1489	1920	2658	3383	4082
0.125 .....	...	2241	3196	4145	5072
0.160 .....	...	...	3812	5076	6321
0.190 .....	...	...	...	5746	7265
0.250 .....	...	...	...	...	8802
Head height (max.), in.	0.040	0.049	0.063	0.077	0.091

a Data supplied by Huck Manufacturing Company.

b Values above line are for knife-edge condition and the use of fasteners in this condition is undesirable. The use of knife-edge condition in design of military aircraft requires specific approval of the procuring agency.

c Fastener shear strength is documented in NAS 4444.

d Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.012 inch or 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.5.2(n). Static Joint Strength of Protruding Shear Head Alloy Steel Hi-Lok Fasteners in Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Fastener Type	HL 18 Pin ($F_{su} = 95$ ksi), HL 70 Collar ^a			
Sheet Material	Clad 7075-T6			
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.) ^b . . .	5/32 (0.164)	3/16 (0.190)	1/4 (0.250)	5/16 (0.312)
Sheet thickness, in.:	Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
0.050	1078	...	...	...
0.063	1353	1559	...	...
0.071	1520	1776	...	...
0.080	1718	1957	2593	...
0.090	1890	2224	2937	...
0.100	1930	2473	3250	4050
0.125	2007	2580	4063	5075
0.160 . . . . .	...	2694	4450	6509
0.190 . . . . .	...	...	4620	6880
0.250 . . . . .	...	...	4660	7290
Rivet shear strength ^c	2007	2694	4660	7290
Sheet thickness, in.:	Yield Strength ^d , lbs.			
0.050	976	...	...	...
0.063	1251	1426	...	...
0.071	1430	1624	...	...
0.080	1589	1848	2344	...
0.090	1746	2065	2687	...
0.100	1875	2242	3031	3660
0.125 . . . . .	...	2563	3750	4734
0.160 . . . . .	...	...	4406	6051
0.190 . . . . .	...	...	...	6686

a Data supplied by Hi-Shear Corporation.

b Fasteners installed in clearance holes (0.0005-0.0025).

c Fastener shear strength based on areas computed from indicated nominal shank diameter and $F_{su} = 95$ ksi.

d Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.012 inch or 4% of nominal diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.5.2(o). Static Joint Strength of 100° Flush Shear Head Alloy Steel Hi-Lok Fasteners in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet

Fastener Type	HL 19 Pin ($F_{su} = 95$ ksi), HL 70 Collar ^a			
Sheet Material	Clad 7075-T6			
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Shank Diameter, in.) ^b . . .	5/32 (0.164)	3/16 (0.190)	1/4 (0.250)	5/16 (0.312)
Sheet thickness, in.:	Ultimate Strength, lbs.			
0.050	968	...	...	...
0.063	1251	1408	...	...
0.071	1400	1606	...	...
0.080	1595	1823	2344	...
0.090	1815	2050	2675	...
0.100	1903	2300	3000	3660
0.125	2005	2570	3781	4685
0.160 . . . . .	...	2694	4420	6051
0.190 . . . . .	...	...	4625	6832
0.250 . . . . .	...	...	4660	7290
Rivet shear strength ^c	2007	2694	4660	7290
Sheet thickness, in.:	Yield Strength ^d , lbs.			
0.050	839	...	...	...
0.063	1031	1191	...	...
0.071	1141	1336	...	...
0.080	1279	1480	2013	...
0.090	1416	1632	2219	...
0.100	1540	1805	2420	3143
0.125	1807	2173	3000	3777
0.160 . . . . .	...	2545	3670	4800
0.190 . . . . .	...	...	4144	5514
0.250 . . . . .	...	...	...	6686
Head height (nom.), in.	0.040	0.046	0.060	0.067

a Data supplied by Hi-Shear Corporation.

b Fasteners installed in clearance holes (0.0005-0.0025).

c Fastener shear strength based on areas computed from indicated nominal shank diameter and $F_{su} = 95$ ksi.

d Permanent set at yield load: the greater of 0.012 inch or 4% of nominal diameter.

8.1.6 SPECIAL FASTENERS — Due to the special nature of this classification of fastener, care must be exercised in their application. Consideration should be given to the proposed fastener application and its compatibility with data presented in this section. In particular, test and analysis methods used for fasteners in this section may necessarily be different than those used in preceding sections.

8.1.6.1 Fastener Sleeves — Fastener sleeves are precision-formed, tubular elements designed to replace oversize fasteners used in the repair of damaged or enlarged holes.

8.1.6.1.1 A-286 ACRES Sleeves in 7075-T6 Aluminum Alloy Sheet and Plate — Analysis of static lap joint data indicates that a single 100° low profile head, A-286 [ACRES Sleeve (part number JK5512C)] installed with titanium or steel Hi-Loks and alloy steel lockbolts (up to 108 ksi F_{su}) provided static joint allowable shear loads equivalent to those developed by the above-noted fasteners when tested without sleeves. Fasteners and sleeves were installed to the same comparable hole tolerance and fit condition as fasteners when tested alone. The analysis was restricted to static lap joint data (in accordance with MIL-STD-1312 Test 4) and equivalency to fastener systems other than those listed above is not implied. Other properties such as tensile strength, preload, fatigue strength, and corrosion characteristics should be verified by test data. When using sleeves, knife-edge conditions should be avoided.

8.1.6.2 Sleeve Bolts — Tables 8.1.6.2(a) and (b) contain joint allowables for various sleeve bolt/sheet material combinations. Sleeve bolts are made of precision-formed aluminum alloy sleeve elements assembled on standard taper shank bolts. When the assembly is placed in a cylindrical hole and the bolt is drawn into the sleeve, the sleeve expands, thus filling the hole and causing an interference-fit condition.

The allowable loads were established from test data using the following criteria:

Ultimate Load — Design allowable ultimate load as defined in Section 9.7.1.5. Prior to 2003 this value was computed as the average ultimate test load divided by a factor of 1.15. This factor is not applicable to shear strength cutoff values which are defined by the procurement specification.

Yield Load — Design allowable yield load as defined in Section 9.7.1.5. Prior to 2003 this value was computed as the average yield test load or the load which results in a joint permanent set equal to 0.04D, where D is the hole size.

The allowable loads shown for flush-head fasteners are applicable to joints having e/D equal to or greater than 2.0.

For machine countersunk joints, the sheet gage specified in the tables herein is that of the countersunk sheet. When the noncountersunk sheet is thinner than the countersunk sheet, the bearing allowable for the noncountersunk sheet-fastener combination should be computed, compared to the table value, and the lower of the two values selected.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.6.2(a). Static Joint Strength of 100° Reduced Flush Head, Alloy Steel Pin, Aluminum Alloy Sleeve, Fastener in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet and Plate

Fastener Type	MIL-B-8831/4 ^a ($F_{su} = 108$ ksi)					
Sheet Material	Clad 7075-T6					
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^{b,c}	3/16 (0.2390)	1/4 (0.3032)	5/16 (0.3695)	3/8 (0.4350)	7/16 (0.5022)	1/2 (0.5735)
Sheet thickness, in.:	Ultimate Strength, lbs.					
0.100	2585	...	...	...	...	...
0.125	3205	4100	5035	...	...	...
0.160	3290	5205	6385	7560	8790	...
0.190 . . . . .	...	5670	7535	8925	10360	11900
0.250 . . . . .	...	...	8760	11640	13495	15480
0.312 . . . . .	...	...	...	12395	16195	19180
0.375 . . . . .	...	...	...	12640	16625	21265
0.500 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	17100	22250
Rivet shear strength ^d	3290	5670	8760	12640	17100	22250
Sheet thickness, in.:	Yield Strength ^e , lbs.					
0.100	2080	...	...	...	...	...
0.125	2570	3300	4075	...	...	...
0.160	3255	4170	5135	6105	7125	...
0.190 . . . . .	...	4915	6040	7175	8360	9635
0.250 . . . . .	...	...	7855	9310	10825	12450
0.312 . . . . .	...	...	...	11520	13375	15360
0.375 . . . . .	...	...	...	12355	15620	18320
0.500 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	21570
Sleeve head height (ref.), in. . .	0.062	0.075	0.082	0.093	0.115	0.120

a Data supplied by P.B. Fasteners.

b Nominal hole diameter based on $\left(\frac{\text{max. expanded sleeve} - \text{min. hole}}{2} \right) + \text{min. hole}$ using larger expanded diameter from MIL-B-8831/4 dated 23 August 1982.

c Fasteners installed to interference levels of 0.0025-0.008 in.

d Fastener shear strength is documented in NAS 1724 as 108 ksi.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal hole diameter.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.1.6.2(b). Static Joint Strength of 100° Reduced Flush Head, Alloy Steel Pin, Aluminum Alloy Sleeve, Fastener in Machine-Countersunk Aluminum Alloy Sheet and Plate

Fastener Type	MIL-B-8831/4 ^a ($F_{su} = 108$ ksi)					
Sheet Material	Clad 2024-T3					
Fastener Diameter, in. (Nominal Hole Diameter, in.) ^{b,c}	3/16 (0.2390)	1/4 (0.3032)	5/16 (0.3695)	3/8 (0.4350)	7/16 (0.5022)	1/2 (0.5735)
Sheet thickness, in.:	Ultimate Strength, lbs.					
0.100	2175	...	...	...	...	...
0.125	2720	3450	4205	...	...	...
0.160	3290	4415	5380	6335	7315	...
0.190 . . . . .	...	5240	6390	7525	8685	9920
0.250 . . . . .	...	5480	7945	9895	11425	13050
0.312 . . . . .	...	5655	8165	11085	14260	16285
0.375 . . . . .	...	5670	8385	11345	14845	19070
0.500 . . . . .	...	...	8760	11865	15445	19755
0.625 . . . . .	...	...	...	12385	16045	20440
0.750 . . . . .	...	...	...	12640	16645	21225
0.875 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	17100	21805
1.000 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	22250
Rivet shear strength ^d	3290	5670	8760	12640	17100	22250
Sheet thickness, in.:	Yield Strength ^e , lbs.					
0.100	1575	...	...	...	...	...
0.125	1880	2505	3200	...	...	...
0.160	2310	3050	3865	4720	5655	...
0.190 . . . . .	...	3515	4435	5395	6430	7595
0.250 . . . . .	...	4450	5570	6735	7980	9360
0.312 . . . . .	...	5055	6745	8115	9580	11185
0.375 . . . . .	...	5560	7460	9525	11205	13040
0.500 . . . . .	...	...	8680	11010	13655	16720
0.625 . . . . .	...	...	...	12385	15315	18625
0.750 . . . . .	...	...	...	12640	16645	20520
0.875 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	17100	21805
1.000 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	22250
Sleeve head height (ref.), in. . . .	0.062	0.075	0.082	0.093	0.115	0.120

a Data supplied by P.B. Fasteners.

b Nominal hole diameter based on $\left(\frac{\text{max. expanded sleeve} - \text{min. hole}}{2} \right) + \text{min. hole}$ using larger expanded diameter from MIL-B-8831/4 dated 23 August 1982.

c Fasteners installed to interference levels of 0.002-0.008 in.

d Fastener shear strength is documented in NAS 1724 as 108 ksi.

e Permanent set at yield load: 4% of nominal hole diameter.

8.2 METALLURGICAL JOINTS

In the design of metallurgical joints, the strength of the joining material (for example, weld metal) and the adjacent parent material must be considered. The joint should be analyzed on the basis of its loading, the specified allowable strengths, dimensions and geometry.

8.2.1 INTRODUCTION AND DEFINITIONS — The allowable strength for both the adjacent parent metal and the weld metal is given below in the particular section dealing with the method of forming used, and the material being joined. The following subparagraphs define certain joining processes.

Welding — Welding consists of joining two or more pieces of metal by applying heat, pressure or both, with or without filler material, to produce a localized union through fusion or recrystallization across the joint interface. Examples of common welding processes include: fusion [inert-gas, shielded-arc welding with tungsten electrode (TIG) and inert-gas shielded metal-arc welding using covered electrodes (MIG)], resistance (spot and seam), and flash. Several terms used in describing various sections of a welded joint are illustrated in Figure 8.2.1.

Brazing — Brazing consists of joining metals by the application of heat causing the flow of a thin layer, capillary thickness, of nonferrous filler metal into the space between the pieces. Bonding results from the intimate contact produced by the dissolution of a small amount of base metal in the molten filler metal, without fusion of the base metal.

8.2.2 WELDED JOINTS — The weld metal section of a joint should be analyzed on the basis of its loading, specified allowable strength, dimensions and geometry. The effects of the parent metal are to be accounted for as specified herein.

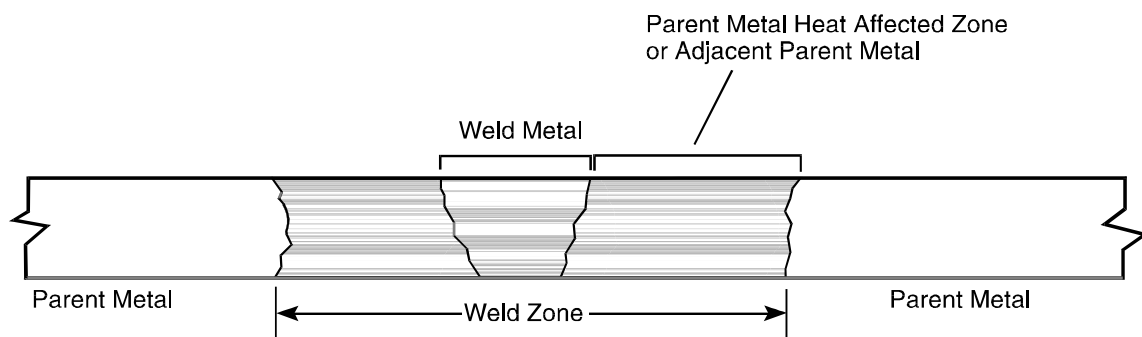


Figure 8.2.1. Schematic diagram of weld and parent metal.

8.2.2.1 Fusion Welding—Arc and Gas — Section 9.4.2 contains a detailed discussion of one acceptable method of establishing fusion welding allowables. As stated in that section, other methods can be employed as approved by certifying agencies. The following subsections contain specific information for a number of materials.

8.2.2.1.1 Strength of Fusion Welded Joints of Steel Alloys — Allowable fusion weld-metal strengths of steel alloys are shown in Table 8.2.2.1.1(a). Design allowable stresses for the weld metal are based on 85 percent of the respective minimum tensile ultimate test values.

For steel joints welded after heat treatment, the allowable strengths near the weld are given in Tables 8.2.2.1.1(b) and (c).

Table 8.2.2.1.1(a). Strength of Fusion Welded Joints of Steel Alloys

Material	Heat Treatment Subsequent to Welding	Welding Rod or Electrode	F_{su} , ksi	F_{tu} , ksi
Carbon and alloy steels . . .	None	AMS 6457	32	51
		AWSA5.1 classes E6010 and E6013	32	51
Alloy steels	None	AMS 6452	43	72
Alloy steels	Stress relieved	AWSA5.5 class E10013 MIL-E-22200/10, classes MIL- 10018-M1	50	85

Table 8.2.2.1.1(b). Allowable Ultimate Tensile Stresses Near Fusion Welds in 4130, 4140, or 8630 Steels^a

Section Thickness ¼ inch or less	
Type of Joint	Ultimate Tensile Stress, ksi
Tapered joints of 30° or less ^b	90
All others	80

a Welded after heat treatment or normalized after weld.

b Gussets or plate inserts considered 0° taper with centerline.

Table 8.2.2.1.1(c). Allowable Bending Modulus of Rupture Near Fusion Weld in 4130, 4140, 4340, or 8630 Steels^a

Type of Joint	Bending Modulus of Rupture, ksi
Tapered joints of 30° or less ^b	F_b from Figure 2.8.1.1 for $F_{tu} = 90$ ksi
All others	0.9 of the values of F_b from Figure 2.8.1.1 for $F_{tu} = 90$ ksi

a Welded after heat treatment or normalized after weld.

b Gussets or plate inserts considered 0° taper with centerline.

For materials heat treated after welding, the allowable strength in the parent metal near a welded joint may equal the allowable strength for the material in the heat treated condition as given in the tables of design mechanical properties of the specific alloys; however, it should be noted that the weld metal allowables are based on 85 percent of these values.

8.2.2.2 Flash and Pressure Welding — The ultimate tensile allowable strength and bending allowable modulus of rupture for flash and pressure welds are given in Tables 8.2.2.2(a) and (b). A higher efficiency may be permitted in special cases by the applicable procuring or certifying agency upon approval of the manufacturer's process specification.

8.2.2.3 Spot and Seam Welding — Permission to use spot and seam welding on structural parts is governed by the requirements of the procuring or certifying agency. Table 8.2.2.3 gives the recommended allowable edge distance for spot and seam welds.

8.2.2.3.1 Design Shear Strengths for Spot and Seam Welds in Uncoated Steels and Nickel and Cobalt Alloys — The design shear strength for spot welds for these materials are given in Tables 8.2.2.3.1(a) and (b). The thickness ratio of the thickest sheet to the thinnest outer sheet in the combination should not exceed 4:1.

8.2.2.3.1.1 Effects of Spot-Welds on the Parent Metal Strength of 300 Series Stainless Steel — In applications of spot welding where ribs, intercostals, or doublers are attached to sheet, either at splices or at other joints on the sheet panels, the allowable ultimate strength of the spot-welded stainless steel sheet shall be determined by multiplying the ultimate tensile strength of the sheet (A or S-value) by the appropriate efficiency factors shown in Figures 8.2.2.3.1.1(a) through (c). Efficiencies for gages under 0.012 shall be determined by test.

8.2.2.3.2 Design Shear Strengths for Spot and Seam Weldings in Aluminum Alloys — The acceptable aluminum and aluminum alloy combinations for spot and seam welding are given in Table 8.2.2.3.2(a).

Design shear-strength for spot welds in aluminum alloys are given in Tables 8.2.2.3.2(b) and (c). The thickness ratio of the thickest to the thinnest outer sheet in the combination should not exceed 4:1.

Design shear-strength for spot-welded joints, based on tearing of the sheet, is given in Table 8.2.2.3.2(d) for some aluminum alloys, together with the "maximum" pitches that permit attainment of these strengths. Joints having larger pitches fail in the spot welds rather than by tearing of the sheet, and are governed by Tables 8.2.2.3.2(b) and (c). The design shear strengths listed are also applicable to seam welds.

8.2.2.3.2.1 Effects of Spot Welds on Parent Metal Strength of Aluminum Alloys — In applications of spot welding other than splices, where ribs, intercostals, or doublers are attached to sheet, the allowable ultimate strength of the spot-welded sheet may be determined by multiplying the ultimate tensile strength of the sheet (A or S-values) by the appropriate efficiency factor shown on Figure 8.2.2.3.2.1. Efficiencies for gages under 0.020 shall be determined by test.

8.2.2.3.2.2 Fatigue Strength of Spot-Welded Joints in Aluminum Alloys — The fatigue strength of spot-welded joints in aluminum alloy are given in Figures 8.2.2.3.2.2(a) through 8.2.2.3.2.2(e).

8.2.2.3.3 Design Shear Strengths for Spot and Seam Welds in Magnesium Alloys—Design shear-strength for spot welds in magnesium alloys are given in Table 8.2.2.3.3. The thickness ratio of the thickest sheet to the thinnest outer sheet in the combination should not exceed 4:1.

8.2.2.3.4 Design Shear Strengths for Spot and Seam Welds in Titanium and Titanium Alloys—Design shear strength for spot welds in titanium and titanium alloys are given in Tables 8.2.2.3.4(a) and (b). The thickness ratio of the thickest sheet to the thinnest outer sheet in the combination should not exceed 4:1.

Table 8.2.2.2(a). Allowable Ultimate Tensile Stress for Flash Welds in Steel Tubing

Tubing	Allowable Ultimate Tensile Stress of Welds
Normalized tubing — not heat treated (including normalizing) after welding	$1.0 F_{tu}$ (based on F_{tu} of normalized tubing)
Heat-treated tubing welded after heat treatment	$1.0 F_{tu}$ (based on F_{tu} of normalized tubing)
Tubing heat treated (including normalizing) after welding. F_{tu} of unwelded material in heat-treated condition:	
< 100 ksi	$0.9 F_{tu}$
100 to 150 ksi	$0.6 F_{tu} + 30$
> 150 ksi	$0.8 F_{tu}$

Table 8.2.2.2(b). Allowable Bending Modulus of Rupture for Flash Welds in Steel Tubing

Tubing	Allowable Bending Modulus of Rupture of Welds (F_b from Figure 2.8.1.1 using values of F_{tu} listed)
Normalized tubing — not heat treated (including normalizing after welding)	$1.0 F_{tu}$ (based on F_{tu} of normalized tubing)
Heat-treated tubing welded after heat treatment	$1.0 F_{tu}$ (based on F_{tu} of normalized tubing)
Tubing heat treated (including normalizing) after welding. F_{tu} of unwelded material in heat-treated condition:	
< 100 ksi	$0.9 F_{tu}$
100 to 150 ksi	$0.6 F_{tu} + 30$
> 150 ksi	$0.8 F_{tu}$

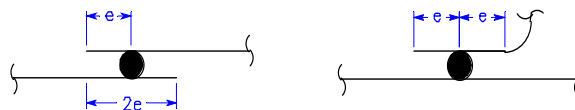
Table 8.2.2.3. Recommended Minimum Edge Distance and Spacing for Spot-Welded Joints^a

Nominal Thickness ^b of Thinner Sheet, inch	Minimum Lap Joint ^{c,d} Edge Distance, inch	Minimum Spacing ^e , inch
0.016	0.19	0.19
0.020	0.20	0.30
0.025	0.22	0.38
0.032	0.25	0.46
0.040	0.28	0.52
0.050	0.31	0.58
0.063	0.38	0.67
0.071	0.41	0.73
0.080	0.44	0.79
0.090	0.47	0.89
0.100	0.50	1.00
0.125	0.56	1.25
0.160	0.69	1.60

a Reference Aluminum Association and American Welding Society Handbook.

b Intermediate gages will require interpolation between adjacent gages.

c Edge distances are measured materials in contact; this can be to a free edge or to a sheet metal radius where one material bends away from another. Edge distances less than those specified above may be used provided there is no expulsion of weld material or bulging of the edge of the sheet; however, these joints may have less static strength and shorter fatigue life.



d Minimum contacting overlap is twice the minimum edge distance.

e Less than minimum recommended spacing may cause shunting that leads to deterioration of weld strengths and joint life.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.2.2.3.1(a). Spot-Weld Design Shear Strength^{a,b} in Thin Sheet and Foil for Uncoated Steels^c and Nickel and Cobalt Alloys (Welding Specification MIL-W-6858)

Thickness of Thinnest Outer Sheet, in.	Spots/inch		Material Ultimate Tensile Strength, ksi			
	Standard (Ns) ^d	Range ^{e,f}	Above 185	150 to 185	90 to 149	Below 90
			Design Shear Strength, pounds per linear inch (Xm)			
0.001	40	1-50	72	64	52	36
0.002	20	1-30	144	128	104	72
0.003	12	1-17	240	208	164	120
0.004	10	1-14	324	280	228	152
0.005	9	1-13	392	340	272	188
0.006	7	1-10	432	380	304	220
0.007	6	1-8	504	440	352	256
0.008	5	1-7	552	488	392	284

a Strength based on 80 percent of minimum values specified in Specification MIL-W-6858.

b The allowable tensile strength of spot-welds is 25 percent of the design shear strength. Higher values may be used, however, if these are substantiated by tests acceptable to the procuring or certifying agency.

c Refers to plain carbon steels containing not more than 0.15 percent carbon, austenitic, heat and corrosion resistant, and precipitation hardening steels. The reduction in strength of spot-welds due to the cumulative effects of time-temperature-stress factors is not greater than the reduction in strength of the parent metal.

d When the number of spots per inch is within 15 percent of the standard spot per inch requirement, the design shear strengths tabulated above shall apply.

e When the number of spots differs from the standard spots per inch by 15 percent or greater, but does not exceed the noted range of spots per inch, applicable design strength shall be determined as noted below:

$$\frac{X_m}{N_s} (K) N_r = X_r$$

where

X_m = design shear strength in accordance with the above table

N_s = standard spots per inch in accordance with the above table

N_r = required spots per inch (production part)

X_r = actual design shear strength requirement

K = 1.15 when number of spots per inch is reduced more than 15 percent of the standard spacing of the above table

K = 0.90 when number of spots is increased more than 15 percent of the standard spacing but within range of the tabular spacing.

f When the number of spots per inch is above the range indicated in the table, the design shear strength shall remain constant at the value obtained at the top of the range.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.2.2.3.1(b). Spot-Weld Design Shear Strength^{a,b} in Panels for Uncoated Steels^c and Nickel and Cobalt Alloys (Welding Specification MIL-W-6858)

Material Ultimate Tensile Strength, ksi	Design Shear Strength, pounds per spot			
	Above 185	150 to 185	90 to 149	Below 90
Nominal thickness of thinner sheet, in.:				
0.009.....	160	140	104	80
0.010.....	196	164	128	92
0.012.....	280	220	160	120
0.016.....	384	320	236	172
0.018.....	472	392	272	200
0.020.....	508	424	312	224
0.022.....	584	488	360	264
0.025.....	696	580	424	320
0.028.....	820	684	508	372
0.032.....	1000	836	620	452
0.036.....	1200	1004	736	552
0.040.....	1400	1168	852	652
0.045.....	1680	1436	1028	804
0.050.....	1960	1700	1204	956
0.056.....	2304	2040	1416	1168
0.063.....	2840	2472	1688	1408
0.071.....	3360	2984	2028	1664
0.080.....	3880	3528	2404	1964
0.090.....	4480	4072	2812	2308
0.100.....	5040	4576	3200	2640
0.112.....	5600	5092	3636	3036
0.125.....	6228	5664	4052	3440

a Strength based on 80 percent of minimum values specified in Specification MIL-W-6858.

b The allowable tensile strength of spot-welds is 25 percent of the design shear strength. Higher values may be used, however, if these are substantiated by tests acceptable to the procuring or certifying agency.

c Refers to plain carbon steels containing not more than 0.15 percent carbon and to austenitic heat and corrosion resistant, precipitation hardening steels. The reduction in strength of spot-welds due to the cumulative effects of time-temperature-stress factors is not greater than the reduction in strength of the parent metal.

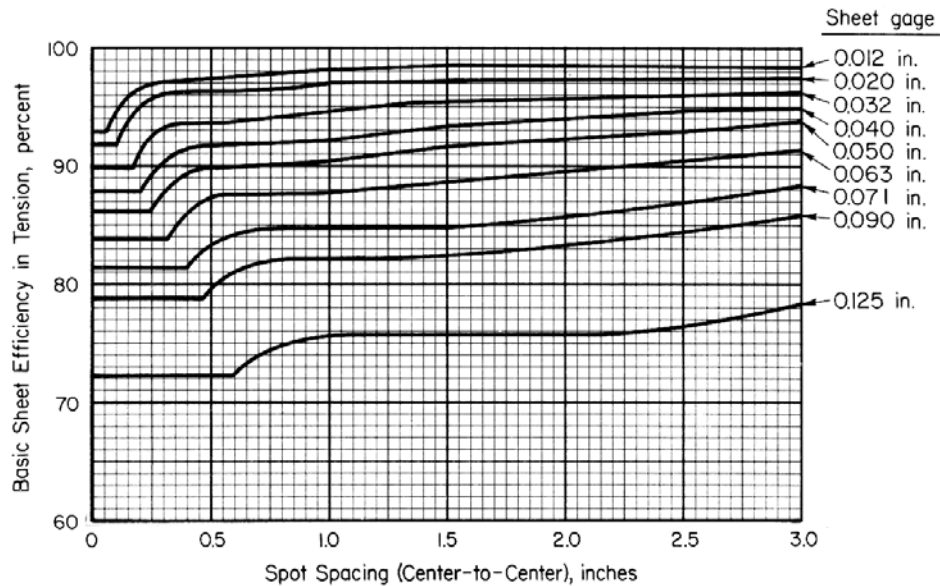


Figure 8.2.2.3.1.1(a). Efficiency of the parent metal in tension for spot-welded AISI 301-A, and AISI 347-A, and AISI 301-1/4 stainless steel.

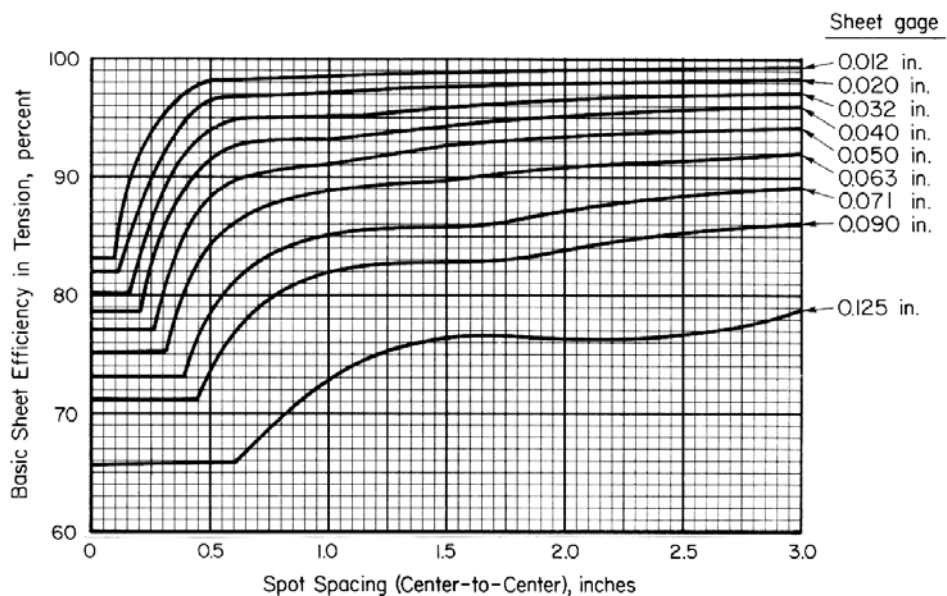


Figure 8.2.2.3.1.1(b). Efficiency of the parent metal in tension for spot-welding AISI 301-1/2H stainless steel.

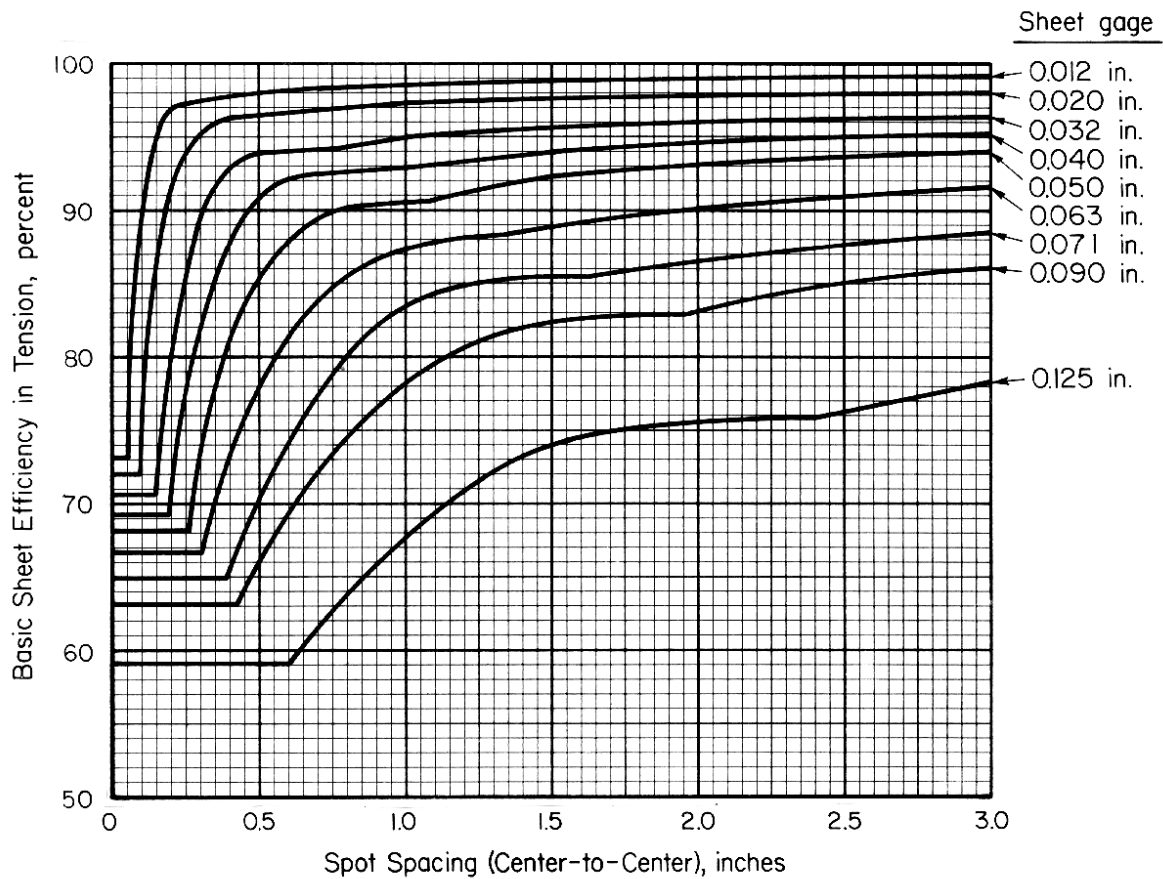


Figure 8.2.2.3.1.1(c). Efficiency of the parent metal in tension for spot-welded AISI 301-H stainless steel.

Table 8.2.2.3.2(a). Acceptable Aluminum and Aluminum Alloy Combination^a for Spot and Seam Welding

Specification	AMS- QQ-A- 250/1	AMS- 4029 ^b	AMS- QQ-A- 250/3	AMS- QQ-A- 250/4 ^b	AMS- QQ-A- 250/5	AMS- QQ-A- 250/2	AMS- QQ-A- 250/8	AMS- QQ-A- 250/11	AMS- QQ-A- 250/12 ^b	AMS- QQ-A- 250/13 ^c
Material	1100	Bare 2014	Clad 2014	Bare 2024	Clad 2024	3003	5052	6061	Bare 7075	Clad 7075
Specification	Material									
AMS-QQ-A-250/1	1100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
AMS-4029	Bare 2014 ^b	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
AMS-QQ-A-250/3	Clad 2014	*	...	*	...	...	...	...	...	...
AMS-QQ-A-250/4	Bare 2024 ^b	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
AMS-QQ-A-250/5	Clad 2024	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
AMS-QQ-A-250/2	3003	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
AMS-QQ-A-250/8	5052	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
AMS-QQ-A-250/11	6061	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
AMS-QQ-A-250/12	Bare 7075 ^b	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
AMS-QQ-A-250/13	Clad 7075 ^b	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

- a The various aluminum and aluminum-alloy materials referred to in this table may be spot-welded in any combinations except the combinations indicated by the asterisk(*) in the table. The combinations indicated by the asterisk (*) may be spot-welded only with the specific approval of the procuring or certifying agency.
- b This table applies to construction of land- and carrier-based aircraft only. The welding of bare, high-strength alloys in construction of seaplanes and amphibians is prohibited unless specifically authorized by the procuring or certifying agency.
- c Clad heat-treated and aged 7075 material in thicknesses less than 0.020 inch shall not be welded without specific approval of the procuring or certifying agency.

Table 8.2.2.3.2(b). Spot-Weld Design Shear Strength in Thin Sheet and Foil for Bare and Clad Aluminum Alloys^{a,b,c} (Welding Specification MIL-W-6858)

Thickness of Thinnest Outer Sheet, in.	Spots/inch		Material Ultimate Tensile Strength, ksi	
	Standard (Ns) ^d	Range ^{e,f}	56 and Above	Below 56
			Design Shear Strength, pounds per linear inch (Xm)	
0.001.....	40	1-50	24	16
0.002.....	20	1-30	48	32
0.003.....	12	1-17	80	52
0.004.....	10	1-14	108	72
0.005.....	9	1-13	132	92
0.006.....	7	1-10	148	100
0.007.....	6	1-8	168	112
0.008.....	5	1-7	188	128

- a The reduction in strength of spot-welds due to the cumulative effects of time-temperature-stress factors is not greater than the reduction in strength of the parent metal.
- b Strength based on 80 percent of minimum values specified in Specification MIL-W-6858.
- c The allowable tensile strength of spot-welds is 25 percent of the design shear strength. Higher values may be used, however, if these are substantiated by tests acceptable to the procuring or certifying agency.
- d When the number of spots per inch is within 15 percent of the standard spot per inch requirement, the design shear strengths tabulated above shall apply.
- e When the number of spots differs from the standard spots per inch by 15 percent or greater, but does not exceed the noted range of spots per inch, applicable design strength shall be determined as noted below:

$$\frac{XM}{Ns} (K) Nr = Xr$$

where

- Xm = design shear strength in accordance with the above table
- Ns = standard spots per inch in accordance with the above table
- Nr = required spots per inch (production part)
- Xr = actual design shear strength requirement
- K = 1.15 when number of spots per inch is reduced more than 15 percent of the standard spacing of the above table
- K = 0.90 when number of spots is increased more than 15 percent of the standard spacing but within range of the tabular spacing.
- f When the number of spots per inch is above the range indicated in the table, the design shear strength shall remain constant at the value obtained at the top of the range.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.2.2.3.2(c). Spot-Weld Design Shear Strength in Panels for Bare and Clad Aluminum Alloys^{a,b,c} (Welding Specification MIL-W-6858)

Material Ultimate Tensile Strength, ksi...	Design Shear Strength, pounds per spot			
	56 and Above	35 to 56	19.5 to 34.9	Below 19.5
Nominal thickness of thinner sheet, in.:				
0.010	48	40	...	...
0.012	60	52	24	16
0.016	88	80	56	40
0.018	100	92	68	52
0.020	112	108	80	64
0.022	128	124	96	76
0.025	148	140	116	88
0.028	172	164	140	108
0.032	208	188	168	132
0.036	244	220	204	156
0.040	276	248	240	180
0.045	324	296	280	208
0.050	372	344	320	236
0.056	444	412	380	272
0.063	536	488	456	316
0.071	660	576	516	360
0.080	820	684	612	420
0.090	1004	800	696	476
0.100	1192	936	752	540
0.112	1424	1072	800	588
0.125	1696	1300	840	628
0.140	2020	1538	...	...
0.160	2496	1952	...	...
0.180	2980	2400	...	...
0.190	3228	2592	...	...
0.250	5880	5120	...	...

- a The reduction in strength of spot-welds due to the cumulative effects of time-temperature-stress factors is not greater than the reduction in strength of the parent metal.
- b Strength based on 80 percent of minimum values specified in Specification MIL-W-6858.
- c The allowable tensile strength of spot-welds is 25 percent of the design shear strength. Higher values may be used, however, if these are substantiated by tests acceptable to the procuring or certifying agency.

Table 8.2.2.3.2(d). Maximum Static Strength of Spot-Welded Joints in Aluminum Alloys and Corresponding Maximum Design Spot-Weld Pitch^{a,b}

Material..... Thickness of Thinnest Sheet, in.	Single Row Joints						Multiple Row Joints					
	7075-T6 clad			2024-T3 clad			6061-T6			7075-T6 clad		
	Strength, lbs/in.	Pitch, in.	Strength, lbs/in.	Pitch, in.	Strength, lbs/in.	Pitch, in.	Strength, lbs/in.	Pitch, in.	Strength, lbs/in.	Strength, lbs/in.	Pitch÷No. of Rows, in.	Pitch÷No. of Rows, in.
0.010.....	288	0.167	250	0.192	210	0.190	438	0.110	384	0.125	0.125	0.122
0.012.....	346	0.173	300	0.200	252	0.206	526	0.114	461	0.130	0.130	0.132
0.016.....	461	0.191	400	0.220	336	0.238	701	0.126	614	0.143	0.143	0.152
0.020.....	577	0.194	500	0.224	420	0.257	876	0.128	768	0.146	0.146	0.164
0.025.....	721	0.205	625	0.237	525	0.267	1095	0.135	960	0.154	0.154	0.170
0.032.....	923	0.225	800	0.260	672	0.280	1402	0.148	1229	0.169	0.169	0.179
0.040.....	1059	0.261	918	0.301	778	0.319	1752	0.158	1536	0.180	0.180	0.188
0.050.....	1230	0.302	1067	0.349	910	0.378	2190	0.170	1920	0.194	0.194	0.209
0.063.....	1452	0.369	1259	0.426	1082	0.451	2759	0.194	2419	0.222	0.222	0.235
0.071.....	1589	0.415	1378	0.479	1187	0.485	3110	0.212	2726	0.242	0.242	0.247
0.080.....	1742	0.471	1511	0.543	1306	0.524	3504	0.234	3072	0.267	0.267	0.260
0.090.....	1913	0.525	1660	0.605	1438	0.556	3942	0.255	3456	0.290	0.290	0.270
0.100.....	2084	0.572	1808	0.659	1580	0.596	4380	0.272	3840	0.310	0.310	0.284
0.112.....	2289	0.622	1986	0.717	1728	0.620	4906	0.290	4301	0.331	0.331	0.291
0.125.....	2511	0.675	2179	0.788	1900	0.684	5475	0.310	4800	0.353	0.353	0.316

a For multiple row joints row spacing is at minimum and same pitch in all rows.

b For pitches greater than those shown, strength is governed by Tables 8.2.2.3.2(b) and (c).

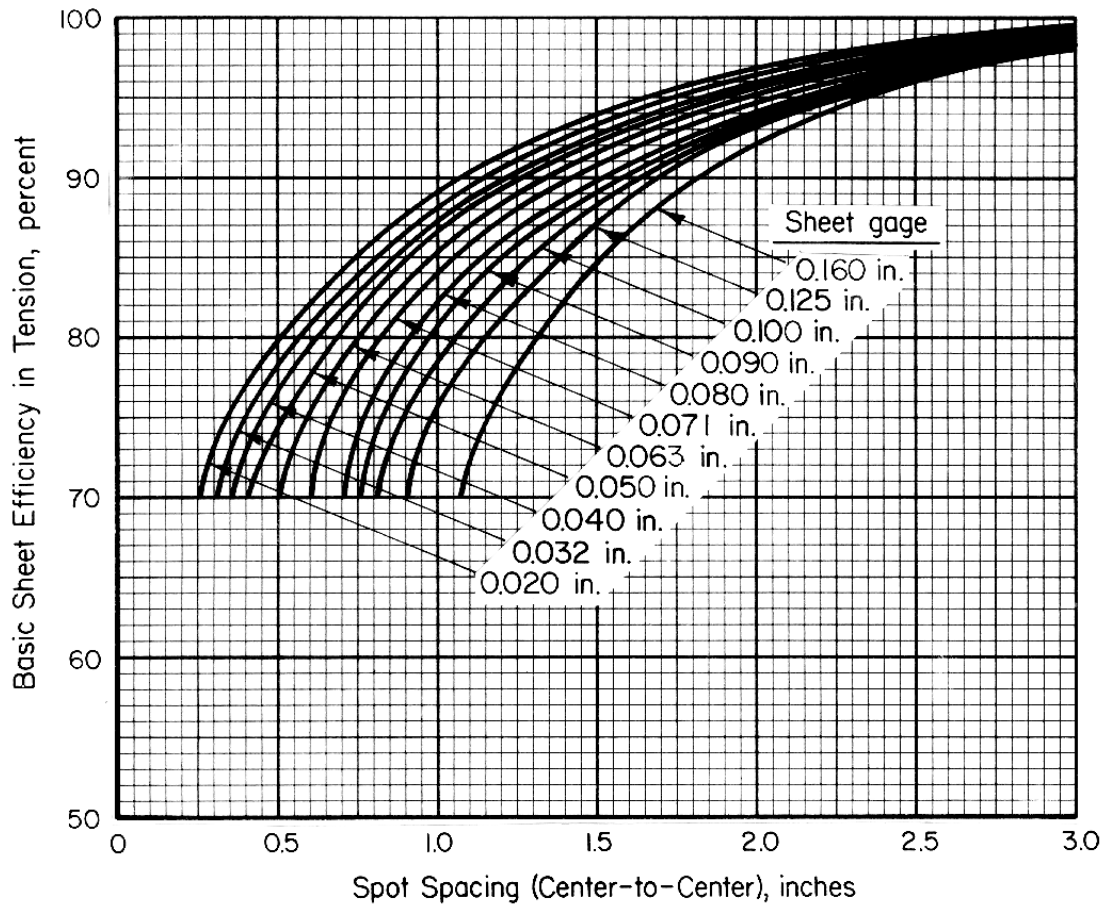


Figure 8.2.2.3.2.1. Efficiency of the parent metal in tension for spot-welded aluminum alloys.

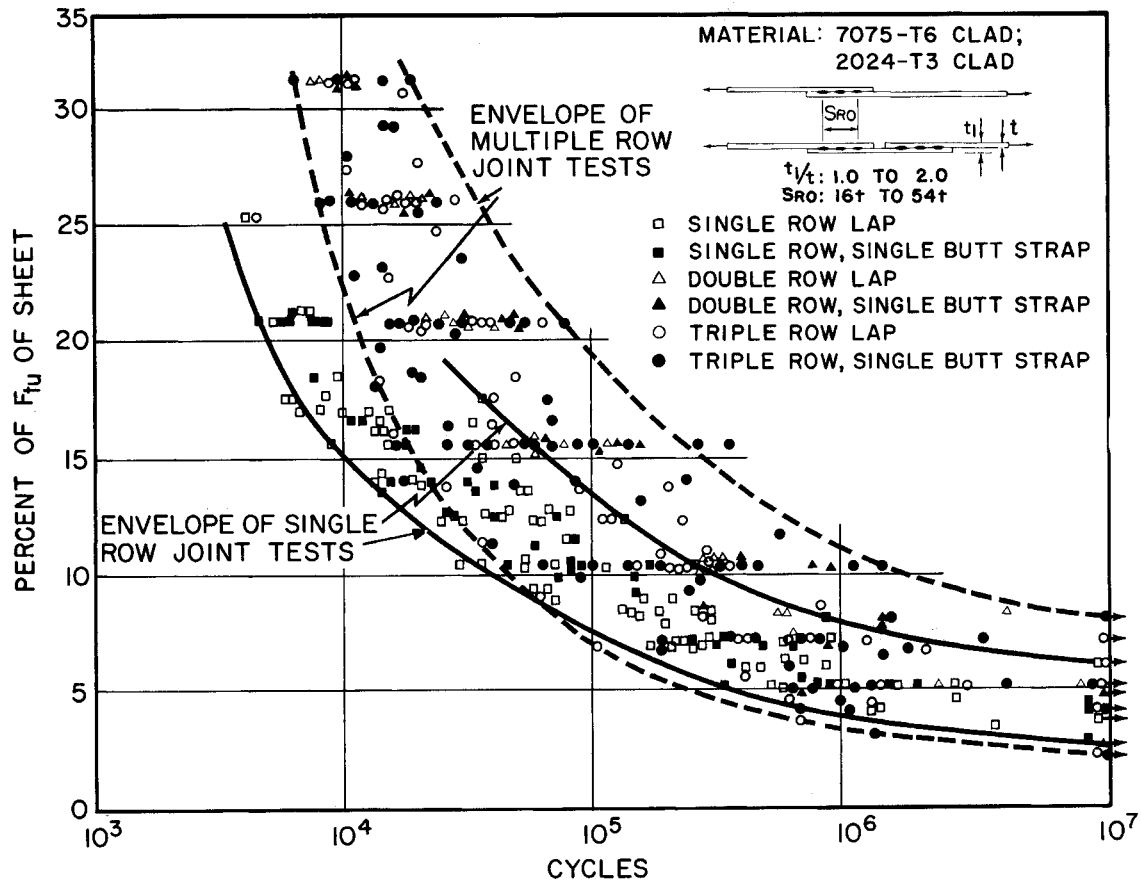


Figure 8.2.2.3.2.2(a). Fatigue strength of spot-welded joints in aluminum alloy sheet. Load Ratio = 0.05 (static failure by tearing sheet).

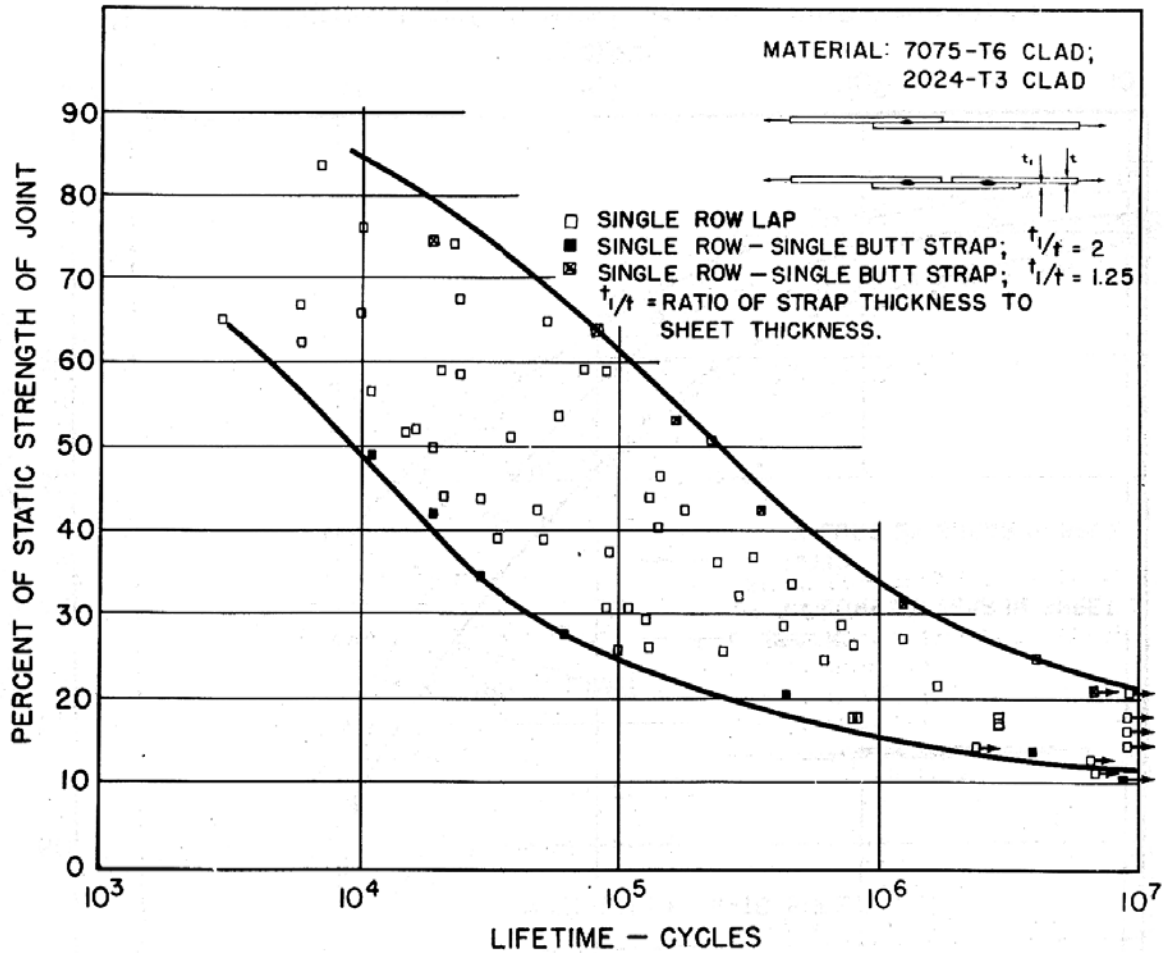


Figure 8.2.2.3.2.2(b). Fatigue strength of spot-welded joints in aluminum alloy sheet. Load Ratio = 0.05 (static failure by shear in the spot welds).

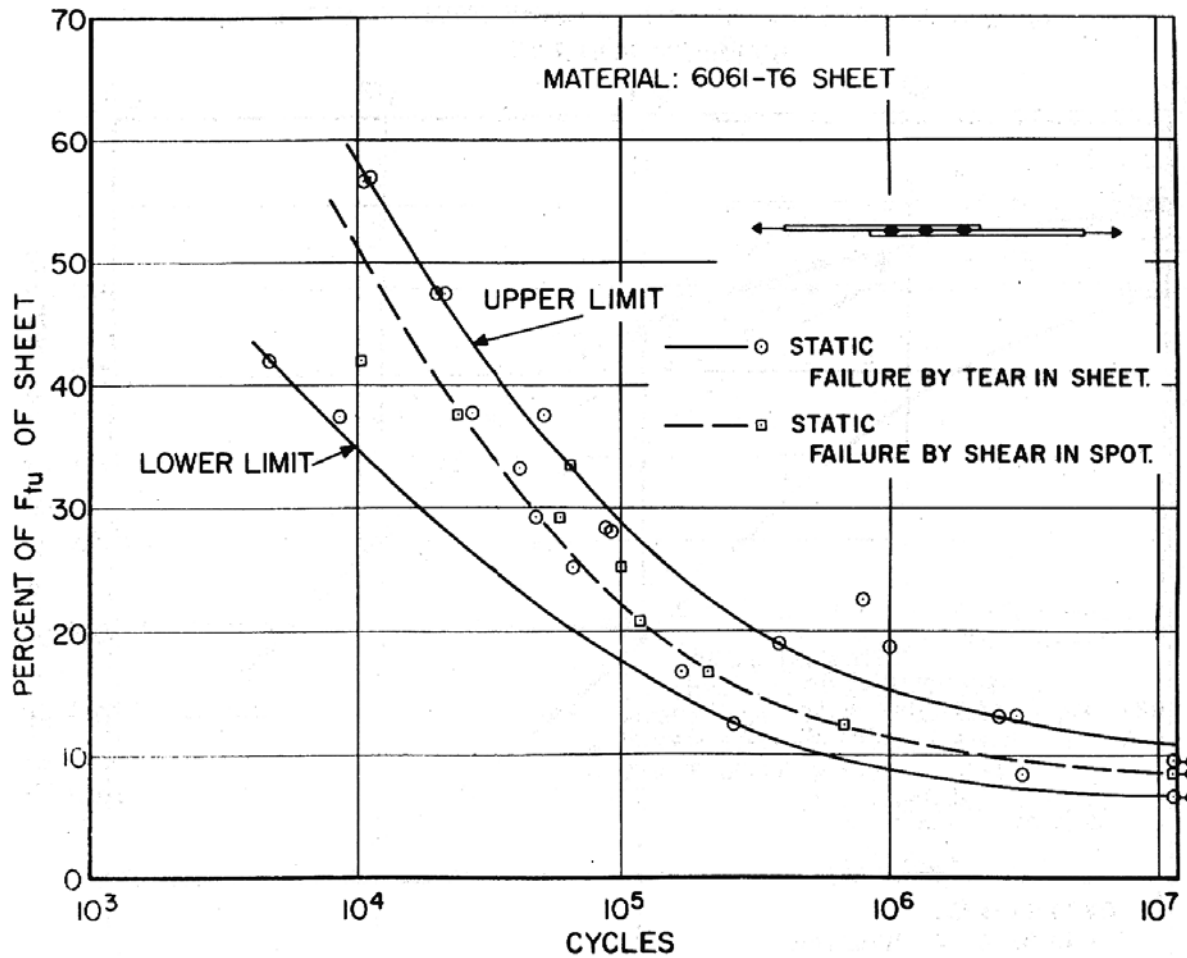


Figure 8.2.2.3.2.2(c). Fatigue strength of triple row spot-welded lap joints in 6061-T6 aluminum alloy sheet. Load Ratio = 0.05.

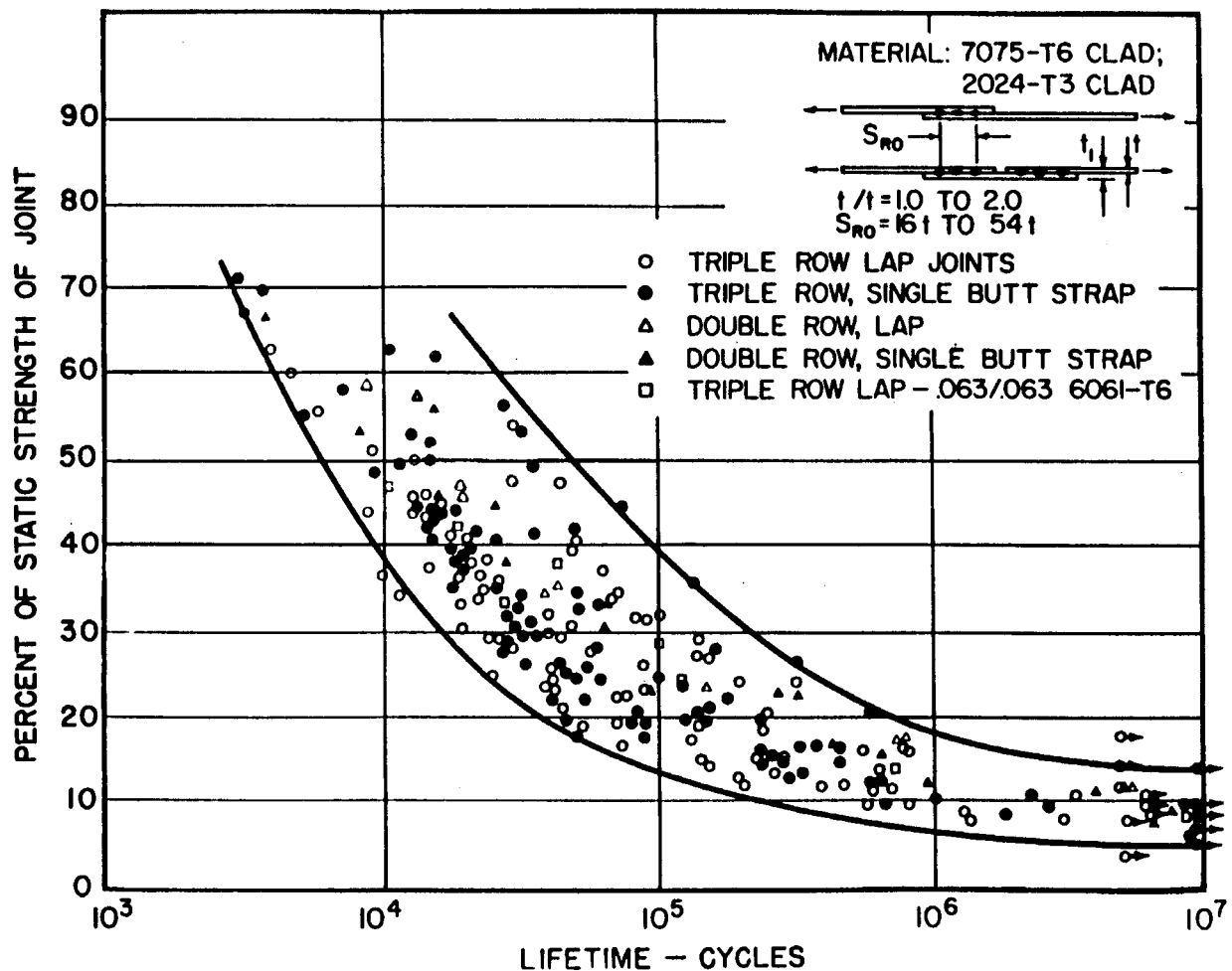


Figure 8.2.2.3.2.2(d). Fatigue strength of spot-welded multiple row joints in aluminum alloy sheet. Load Ratio = 0.05 (static failure by shear in the spot welds).

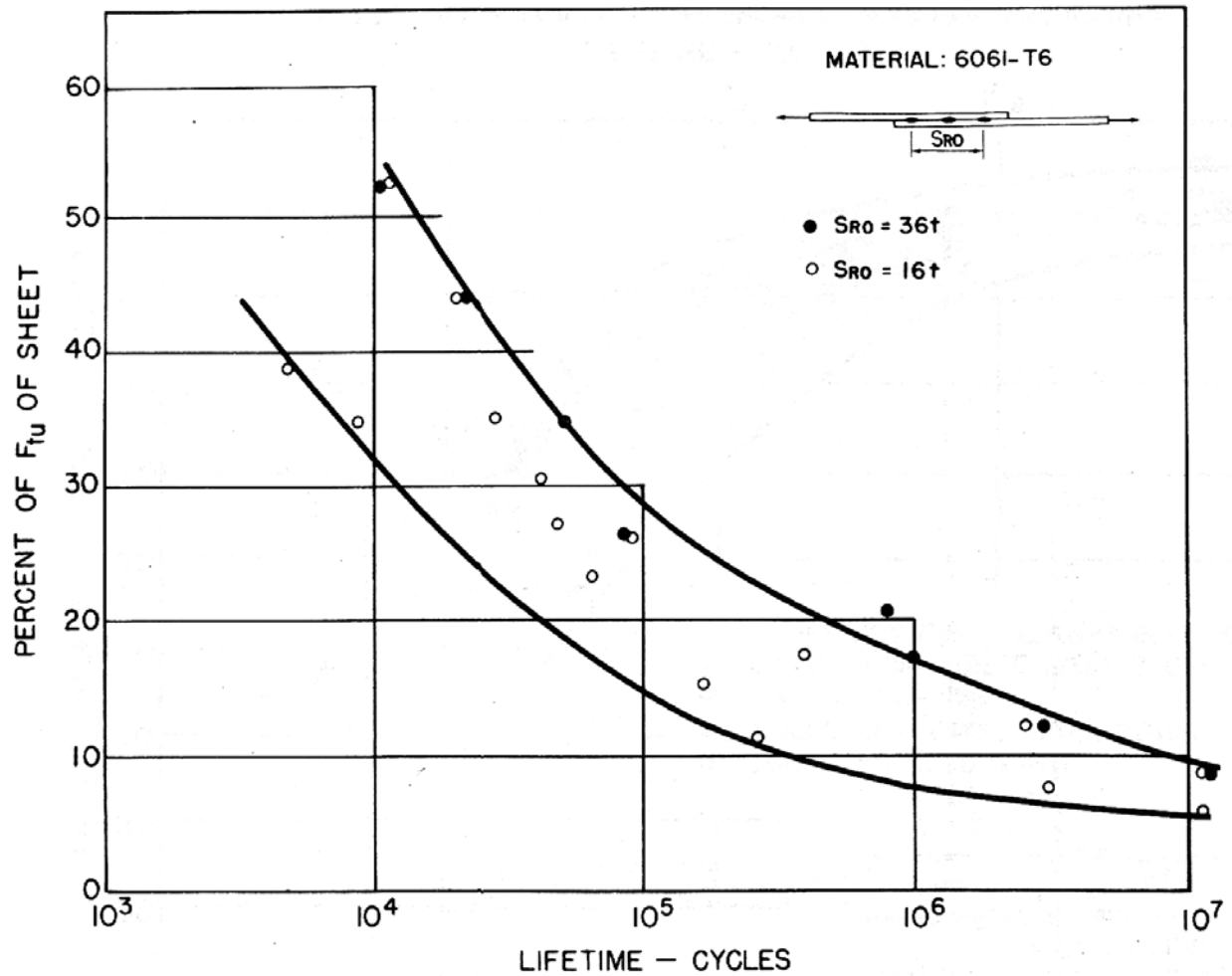


Figure 8.2.2.3.2.2(e). Fatigue strength of triple row spot-welded lap joints in 6061-T6 aluminum alloy sheet. Load Ratio = 0.05 (static failure by tear in sheets).

Table 8.2.2.3.3. Spot-Weld Design Shear Strength in Panels for Magnesium Alloys^{a,b,c} (Welding Specification MIL-W-6858)

Material Ultimate Tensile Strength, ksi...	Design Shear Strength, pounds per spot	
	Greater than 19.5	Less than 19.5
Nominal thickness of thinner sheet, in.:		
0.012	24	16
0.016	56	40
0.018	68	52
0.020	80	64
0.022	96	76
0.025	116	88
0.028	140	108
0.032	168	132
0.036	204	156
0.040	240	180
0.045	280	208
0.050	320	236
0.056	380	272
0.063	456	316
0.071	516	360
0.080	612	420
0.090	696	476
0.100	752	540
0.112	800	588
0.125	840	628

a Strength based on 80 percent of minimum values specified in Specification MIL-W-6858.

b The allowable tensile strength of spot-welds is 25 percent of the design shear strength. Higher values may be used, however, if these are substantiated by tests acceptable to the procuring or certifying agency.

c Magnesium alloys AZ31B and HK31A may be spot-welded in any combination.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.2.2.3.4(a). Spot-Weld Design Shear Strength in Thin Sheet and Foils for Titanium and Titanium Alloys^{a,b,c} (Welding Specification MIL-W-6858)

Thickness of Thinnest Outer Sheet, in.	Spots/inch		Materials Ultimate Tensile Strength, ksi			
	Standard (Ns) ^d	Range ^{e,f}	Above 185	150 to 185	90 to 149	Below 90
			Design Shear Strength, pounds per linear inch (Xm)			
0.001	40	1-50	72	64	52	36
0.002	20	1-30	144	128	104	72
0.003	12	1-17	240	208	164	120
0.004	10	1-14	324	280	228	152
0.005	9	1-13	392	340	272	188
0.006	7	1-10	432	380	304	220
0.007	6	1-8	504	440	352	256
0.008	5	1-7	552	488	392	284

- a The reduction in strength of spot-welds due to the cumulative effects of time-temperature-stress factors is not greater than the reduction in strength of the parent metal.
- b Strength based on 80 percent of minimum values specified in Specification MIL-W-6858.
- c The allowable tensile strength of spot-welds is 25 percent of the design shear strength. Higher values may be used, however, if these are substantiated by tests acceptable to the procuring or certifying agency.
- d When the number of spots per inch is within 15 percent of the standard spot per inch requirement, the design shear strengths tabulated above shall apply.
- e When the number of spots differs from the standard spots per inch by 15 percent or greater, but does not exceed the noted range of spots per inch, applicable design strength shall be determined as noted below:

$$X_M/N_s(K)N_r = X_r$$

where

X_m = design shear strength in accordance with the above table

N_s = standard spots per inch in accordance with the above table

N_r = required spots per inch (production part)

X_r = actual design shear strength requirement

K = 1.15 when number of spots per inch is reduced more than 15 percent of the standard spacing of the above table

K = 0.90 when number of spots is increased more than 15 percent of the standard spacing but within range of the tabular spacing.

- f When the number of spots per inch is above the range indicated in the table, the design shear strength shall remain constant at the value obtained at the top of the range.

MMPDS-01
31 January 2003

Table 8.2.2.3.4(b). Spot-Weld Design Shear Strength in Panels for Titanium and Titanium Alloy^{a,b,c} (Welding Specification MIL-W-6858)

Material Ultimate Tensile Strength, ksi	Design Shear Strength, pounds per spot	
	Above 100	100 and Below
Nominal thickness of thinner sheet, in.:		
0.010	164	128
0.012	220	160
0.016	320	236
0.018	392	272
0.020	424	312
0.022	488	360
0.025	580	424
0.028	684	508
0.032	836	620
0.036	1004	736
0.040	1168	852
0.045	1438	1028
0.050	1702	1204
0.056	2040	1416
0.063	2400	1688
0.071	2702	1914
0.080	3048	2160
0.090	3430	2435
0.100	3810	2702
0.112	4260	3030
0.125	4760	3380

- a The reduction in strength of spot-welds due to the cumulative effects of time-temperature-stress factors is not greater than the reduction in strength of the parent metal.
- b Strength based on 80 percent of minimum value specified in Specification MIL-W-6858.
- c The allowable tensile strength of spot-welds is 25 percent of the design shear strength. Higher values may be used, however, if these are substantiated by tests acceptable to the procuring or certifying agency.

8.2.3 BRAZING

8.2.3.1 Copper Brazing — The allowable shear strength for copper brazing of steel alloys shall be 15 ksi, for all conditions of heat treatment. Higher values may be allowed upon approval of the procuring or certifying agency.

The effect of the brazing process on the strength of the parent or base metal of steel alloys shall be considered in the structural design. Where copper furnace brazing is employed, the calculated allowable strength of the base metal which is subjected to the temperatures of the brazing process shall be in accordance with the following:

Material	Allowable Strength
Heat-treated material (including normalized) used in “as-brazed” condition	Mechanical properties of normalized material
Heat-treated material (including normalized) reheat-treated during or after brazing	Mechanical properties corresponding to heat treatment performed

8.2.3.2 Silver Brazing — Silver-brazed areas should not be subjected to temperatures exceeding 900°F. Silver brazing alloys are listed in specification QQ-B-654. Deviation from this specification may be allowed upon approval of the procuring or certifying agency.

The allowable shear strength for silver brazing of steel alloys shall be 15 ksi, provided that clearances or gaps between parts to be brazed do not exceed 0.010 in. Deviation from this specified allowable value may be allowed upon approval of the procuring or certifying agency.

The effect of silver brazing on the strength of the parent or base metal is the same as shown for copper brazing in Section 8.2.3.1.

8.3 BEARINGS, PULLEYS, AND WIRE ROPE

Bearings — Design, strengths, selection criteria, and other data for plain and antifriction bearings are found in AFSC Design Handbook AFSC DH-2-1, Chapters 3 and 6.

Pulleys — Pulley strengths and design data are to be utilized in accordance with Specification MIL-P-7034.

Wire Rope — Strengths and design data for wire rope are to be selected from the following specifications, whichever is appropriate: MIL-W-83420 or MIL-W-87161.

REFERENCES

- 8.1 Hartman, E. C. and Westcoat, C., "The Shear Strength of Aluminum Alloy Driven Rivets as Affected by Increasing D/t Ratios," U.S. National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, Technical Note No. 942, 23 pp (July 1944).
- 8.1.2.1 Fugazzi, G. R., "Results of Test Evaluation Program to Develop Design Joint Strength Load Allowable Values for A-286 Solid Rivets Under Room and Elevated Temperature Conditions," Almay Research and Testing Corporation Report No. G8058, 63 pp (November 1964).
- 8.1.2.2 "Report on Flush Riveted Joint Strength," Airworthiness Requirements Committee, A/C Industries Association of America, Inc., Airworthiness Project 12 (Revised May 25, 1948).
- 8.1.5.2 "Report on Flush Screw Joint Strength," Airworthiness Requirements Committee, A/C Industries Association of American, Inc., Airworthiness Project 20 (Revised April 6, 1953).

This page intentionally blank.