使用 OpenTelemetry 的 .NET 可觀察性 (安裝篇)

前言

本篇文章主題為

- 1. 使用docker安裝ELK
- 2. 使用Auto instrumentation 於 .net
- 3. 使用Auto instrumentation 於 現有IIS的專案

本文撰寫時的OTel版本為: 1.25

ELK 安裝

本次使用Docker安裝ELK。本次使用的版本如下

• Kibana: 8.10.2

ElasticSearch: 8.10.2Elastic-Agent: 8.10.2

Name	Tag	Status	Created	Size	Action	s	
kibana 5e8f953e3021	8.10.2	<u>In use</u>	13 days ago	1.05 GB	>	:	î
elasticsearch bb20157f1390 恒	8.10.2	In use	13 days ago	1.34 GB	>	:	Î
logstash f8d2092006e9 □	8.10.2	<u>In use</u>	13 days ago	764.45 MB	>	:	î

透過下方docker-compose內容,並開啟CMD後輸入以下指令

```
docker-compose pull #下載image
docker-compose up #啟動container
```

docker-compose.yml內容如下

```
version: "3.8"
services:
    elasticsearch:
    image: elasticsearch:8.10.2
    environment:
        - discovery.type=single-node
        - network.host=0.0.0
        - http.host=0.0.0.0
        - xpack.security.enabled=true
        - xpack.security.authc.api_key.enabled=true
```

```
- ELASTIC_PASSWORD=changeme
     ports:
       - 9200:9200
       - 9300:9300
     healthcheck:
       test: nc -z localhost 9200 || exit 1
       interval: 5s
       timeout: 10s
       retries: 100
  kibana:
     image: kibana:8.10.2
     ports:
       - 5601:5601
     environment:
       - ELASTICSEARCH USERNAME="kibana system"
       - ELASTICSEARCH_PASSWORD="kibana_system"
     healthcheck:
       test: ["CMD-SHELL", "curl -u kibana_system:kibana_system -s
http://localhost:5601/api/status"]
       interval: 5s
       timeout: 10s
       retries: 120
     depends_on:
      elasticsearch:
        condition: service_healthy
  fleet-server:
    image: elastic/elastic-agent:8.10.2
    container_name: fleet-server
    user: root
    ports:
       - 8220:8220
    environment:
      - FLEET_SERVER_ENABLE=1
      - FLEET_SERVER_ELASTICSEARCH_HOST=http://elasticsearch:9200
      - FLEET_SERVER_SERVICE_TOKEN=<TOKEN>
      - FLEET_SERVER_POLICY_ID=fleet-server-policy
      - FLEET_SERVER_ELASTICSEARCH_USERNAME=elastic
      - FLEET SERVER ELASTICSEARCH PASSWORD=elastic
      - p 8220:8220
    healthcheck:
      test: ["CMD-SHELL", "curl -u elastic:elastic -s
http://localhost:5601/api/status"]
    depends_on:
      kibana:
        condition: service_healthy
  agent01:
    image: elastic/elastic-agent:8.10.2
    container_name: agent01
    user: root
    environment:
      - FLEET_ENROLLMENT_TOKEN=<TOKEN>
      - FLEET ENROLL=1
      - FLEET_URL=https://fleet-server:8220
      - FLEET INSECURE=true
```

```
- p 8200:8200

ports:
    - 8200:8200

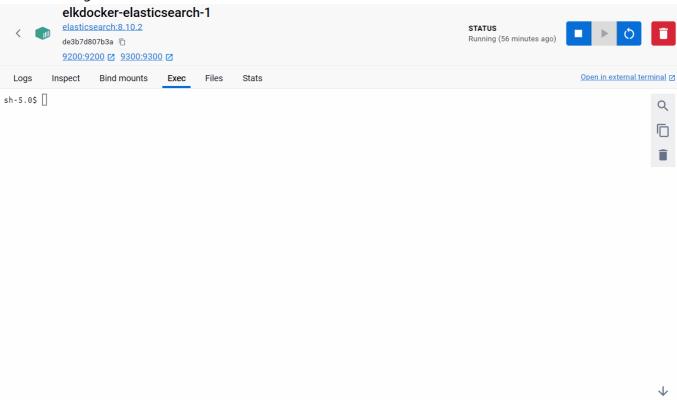
depends_on:
    fleet-server:
    condition: service_healthy
```

下載後container並未全部啟動,須完成下方流程。

1. 進入ElasticSearch設定kibana的帳號密碼,首先進入elasticsearch container輸入以下指令

./bin/elasticsearch-setup-passwords interactive

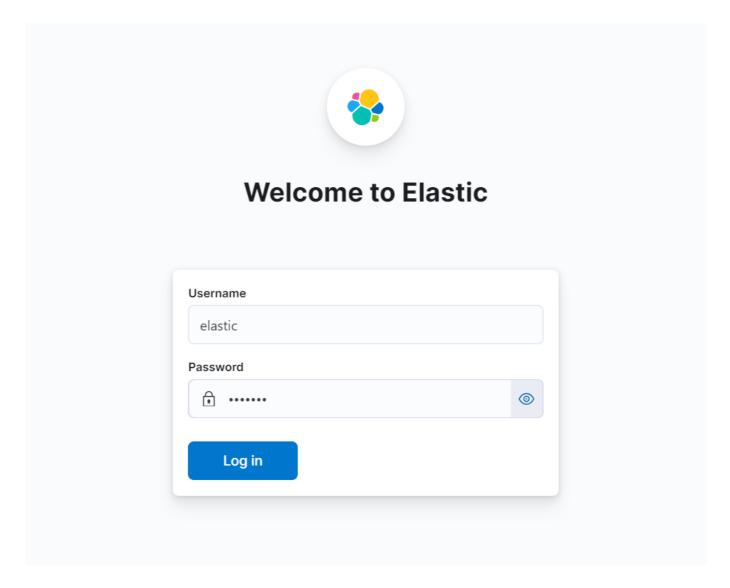
可參考下方的gif圖,設定的密碼之後會用到,因此需要先記下來。



設定完kibana_system的密碼後,需要把密碼設定回docker-compose.yml/kibana.ELASTICSEARCH_PASSWORD的欄位

之後重跑一次docker-compose up

啟動後可以看到docker container如下,並且可以透過localhost:5601進入Kibana



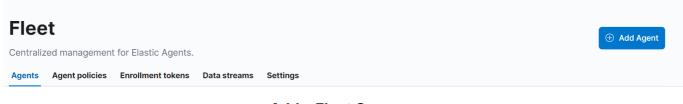
一進到頁面後需要輸入elastic的帳號才能進入,密碼為剛剛設定的密碼。

若遇到無法登入時需要進入到ES的container內修改密碼,指令如下

```
./elasticsearch-reset-password -u elastic
```

此指令代表要重設elastic這user的密碼,重設完後會得到新的密碼,輸入即可登入。

登入之後需要先設定fleet-server的policy·點選左方的menu選擇Management選區的Fleet



Add a Fleet Server

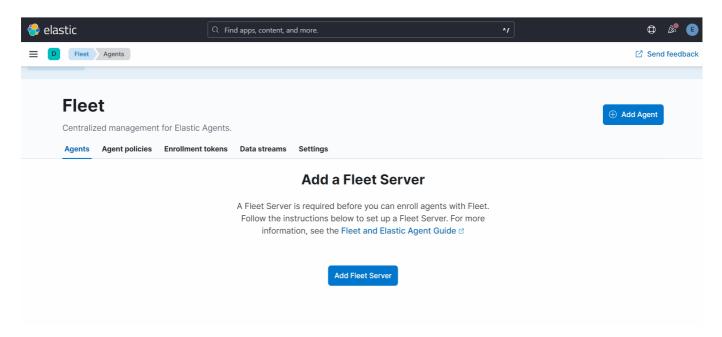
A Fleet Server is required before you can enroll agents with Fleet.
Follow the instructions below to set up a Fleet Server. For more information, see the Fleet and Elastic Agent Guide 🗷

Add Fleet Server

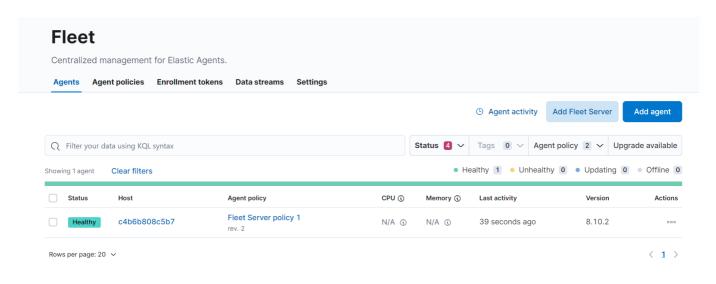
接著請照以下流程設定

- 1. 選擇 Add Fleet Server
- 2. 選擇Advance
- 3. 然後點選Create Polity
- 4. 將token貼回docker-compose.yml/fleet-server.FLEET_SERVER_SERVICE_TOKEN的欄位
- 5. 當出現Agent Policy Created出現時,代表有成功。
- 6. 產生service-token
- 7.
- 8. 重啟docker-compose up
- 9. 回到網頁確認是否有連上fleet-server

流程可參考以下示範

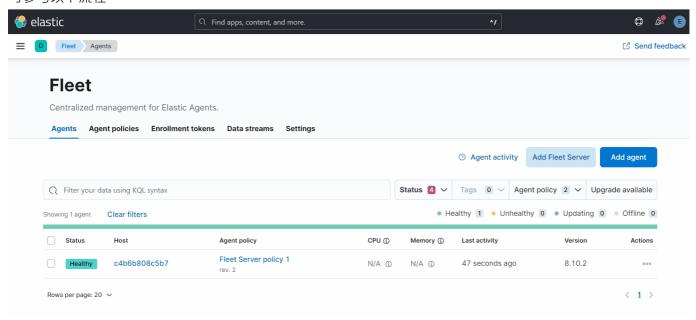


接著需要設定agent的policy,



- 1. 點選Add Agent
- 2. Create Policy
- 3. 在下方的Enroll找到FLEET_ENROLLMENT_TOKEN並貼回docker-compose裡面 agent 01. FLEET_ENROLLMENT_TOKEN的欄位
- 4. 重啟docker-compose up
- 5. 回到網頁確認是否有連上agent

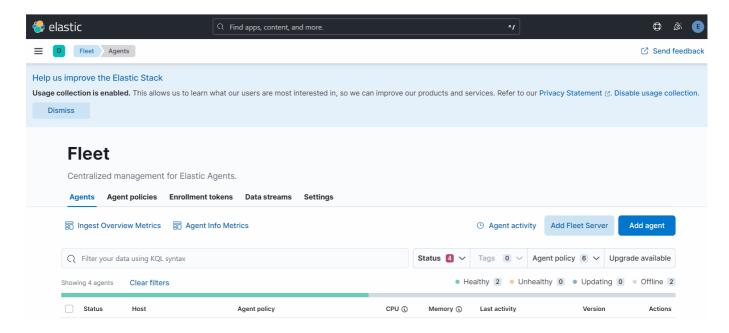
可參考以下流程



接著要設定APM server·點選左方的menu選擇Management選區的APM

- 1. 選擇 Add Data
- 2. 選擇Manage APM integration in Fleet
- 3. Add Elastic APM
- 4. 需要將Host欄位的localhost改為 0.0.0.0
- 5. Save and Continue
- 6. 成功後選擇 Add Elastic Agent
- 7. 一樣複製ENROLLMENT TOKEN並貼回docker-compose裡面agent01.FLEET ENROLLMENT TOKEN的欄位
- 8. 重啟docker-compose
- 9. 回到網頁確認是否有連上agent
- 10. 接著點進Agent裡面頁面旁邊的Setting,需要把elastissearch的網址從localhost改為elasticsearch

到此即設定完成,接著進management申請完API Key後,完成 安裝OpenTelemetry 於.net的步驟,即能看到APM資料,可參考以下流程。



使用Auto instrumentation 於 .net

以下安裝流程為參考Otel官方的教學文件

1. 先建置測試專案

```
dotnet new web
```

2. 專案Program.cs內容

```
using System.Globalization;

var builder = WebApplication.CreateBuilder(args);
var app = builder.Build();

var logger = app.Logger;

int RollDice()
{
    return Random.Shared.Next(1, 7);
}

string HandleRollDice(string? player)
{
    var result = RollDice();
    if (string.IsNullOrEmpty(player))
    {
        logger.LogInformation("Anonymous player is rolling the dice: {result}",
        result);
```

```
}
else
{
    logger.LogInformation("{player} is rolling the dice: {result}", player,
result);
}

return result.ToString(CultureInfo.InvariantCulture);
}

app.MapGet("/rolldice/{player?}", HandleRollDice);

app.Run();
```

3. 修改 properties/launchSetting.json

```
{
    "$schema": "http://json.schemastore.org/launchsettings.json",
    "profiles": {
        "commandName": "Project",
        "dotnetRunMessages": true,
        "launchBrowser": true,
        "applicationUrl": "http://localhost:8080",
        "environmentVariables": {
            "ASPNETCORE_ENVIRONMENT": "Development"
        }
    }
}
```

4. 使用auto-instrumentation的方式置入instrumentation

開啟power-shell (需要管理員權限),並執行以下指令

```
$module_url = "https://github.com/open-telemetry/opentelemetry-dotnet-
instrumentation/releases/latest/download/OpenTelemetry.DotNet.Auto.psm1"
$download_path = Join-Path $env:temp "OpenTelemetry.DotNet.Auto.psm1"
Invoke-WebRequest -Uri $module_url -OutFile $download_path -UseBasicParsing
Import-Module $download_path
Install-OpenTelemetryCore
$env:OTEL_TRACES_EXPORTER="none"
$env:OTEL_METRICS_EXPORTER="none"
$env:OTEL_LOGS_EXPORTER="none"
$env:OTEL_LOGS_EXPORTER="none"
$env:OTEL_DOTNET_AUTO_TRACES_CONSOLE_EXPORTER_ENABLED="true"
$env:OTEL_DOTNET_AUTO_METRICS_CONSOLE_EXPORTER_ENABLED="true"
```

```
$env:OTEL_DOTNET_AUTO_LOGS_CONSOLE_EXPORTER_ENABLED="true"
Register-OpenTelemetryForCurrentSession -OTelServiceName "RollDiceService"
```

最後執行專案

dotnet run

執行完後可以看到console內有openTelemetry的log

```
Entert process, traitine, desired, generation, The statal amount of time gaused in OC since the process start., Unit: ns, Meter: OpenTelemetry.Instrumentation.Runtime/1.5.1.0

### 2003-10-02/03-39-21.20376742, 2023-10-02/03-30-45.2555927 | LongSum
John 2003-10-02/03-39-21.20378332, 2023-10-02/03-30-45.2555527 | LongSum
John 2003-10-02/03-39-21.20378332, 2023-10-02/03-30-45.2555527 | LongSum
John 2003-10-02/03-39-21.20378332, 2023-10-02/03-30-45.2555527 | LongSum
John 2003-10-02/03-39-21.2038372, 2023-10-02/03-30-45.2555527 | LongSum
John 2003-10-02/03-39-21.2038372, 2023-10-02/03-30-45.2555527 | LongSum
John 2003-10-02/03-39-21.2038372, 2023-10-02/03-30-45.2555527 | LongSum
John 2003-10-02/03-39-21.2038202, 2023-10-02/03-30-45.2555527 | LongSum
John 2003-10-02/03-39-21.20383072, 2023-10-02/03-30-45.2
```

接著要開始把資料送到ELK,修改剛剛的configure如下:

```
$module_url = "https://github.com/open-telemetry/opentelemetry-dotnet-
instrumentation/releases/latest/download/OpenTelemetry.DotNet.Auto.psm1"
$download path = Join-Path $env:temp "OpenTelemetry.DotNet.Auto.psm1"
Invoke-WebRequest -Uri $module_url -OutFile $download_path -UseBasicParsing
Import-Module $download path
Install-OpenTelemetryCore
$env:OTEL_TRACES_EXPORTER="otlp"
$env:OTEL METRICS EXPORTER="otlp"
$env:OTEL_LOGS_EXPORTER="otlp"
$env:OTEL_RESOURCE_ATTRIBUTES="service.name=rolling,service.version=1.0,deployment
.environment=production"
$env:OTEL EXPORTER OTLP ENDPOINT="http://localhost:8200"
$env:OTEL EXPORTER OTLP HEADERS="Authorization=Bearer
aExDTkE0c0JPc2prZXVqSkZmbjQ6MWI2dl9rUkdRYkNRR2dfamV3NnFlUQ=="
$env:OTEL DOTNET AUTO TRACES CONSOLE EXPORTER ENABLED="false"
$env:OTEL DOTNET AUTO METRICS CONSOLE EXPORTER ENABLED="false"
$env:OTEL_DOTNET_AUTO_LOGS_CONSOLE_EXPORTER_ENABLED="false"
Register-OpenTelemetryForCurrentSession -OTelServiceName "RollDiceService"
Register-OpenTelemetryForIIS # for IIS
```

Register-OpenTelemetryForIIS 這行為將Otel註冊到IIS.若不需要可以不用執行。修改完config之後重啟程式應可以看到資料已經送到ELK了。

使用Auto instrumentation 於 現有IIS的專案

針對現有部屬於IIS的專案,可以透過以下步驟進行Auto instrumentation

1. 開啟power-shell (需要管理員權限),並執行以下指令

```
```bash
$module_url = "https://github.com/open-telemetry/opentelemetry-dotnet-
instrumentation/releases/latest/download/OpenTelemetry.DotNet.Auto.psm1"
$download_path = Join-Path $env:temp "OpenTelemetry.DotNet.Auto.psm1"
Invoke-WebRequest -Uri $module_url -OutFile $download_path -UseBasicParsing
Import-Module $download_path
Install-OpenTelemetryCore
Register-OpenTelemetryForIIS # for IIS
```

2. 修改專案的web.config,加入以下內容

若為.net core的專案則是在web.config內加入下述內容

設定完後一樣需要重新建置並重啟IIS,應該就可以看到資料了。

可參考 Instrument an ASP.NET application deployed on IIS

### 雜記

- 1. 寫在docker-compose的參數優先於進入container裡面設定的參數,例如elasticsearch的discovery.type=single-node,在container內設定後,會被docker-compose.yml裡面的environment覆蓋掉,因此要在docker-compose.yml裡面設定。
- 2. ELK 8.X系列建議都是用Fleet去設定,原有的 beats系列會逐漸退場

### Reference

Windows Powershell XXXX.ps1 檔案無法載入

喬叔帶你上手 Elastic Stack - 探索與實踐 Observability 系列

云原生观测性--OpenTelemetry 之实战篇

APM-Server Error talk to ES

**APM TSL Error** 

ElasticsSearch certificate

ElasticsSearch Security Setup

Basic ElasticsSearch Security Setup

ssl

Elastic APM 8.0

Elastic APM 8

Kibana encryption error

OpenTelemetry .NET