

## Hello, I'm Bình.

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## Agenda

- 1. Multi threaded languages vs Single threaded languages
- 2. Stack and Queue
- 3. The Call Stack
- 4. The run-time environment
- 5. Event loop visualization
- 6. Conclusion, Q&A

## Multi threaded languages

Languages such as **C#**, **Java** are **multi-threaded languages**. This mean they can execute **multiple things** at a time

Imagine eating with many hands. It means you can **eat multiple things at once**.

However, it doesn't necessary mean that you can eat faster than with only one hand.



## Single threaded language

**Javascript** is a **single-threaded language**. This means it can only execute **one thing** at a time!

Imagine if you only have one hand. You **can only eat one thing at a time**.

- How can Javascript executes asynchronous code?
- -> Answer: It needs some help



In order to understand how to help Javascript, we have to understand 2 concepts: Stack & Queue

## Stack

#### Stack

**Stack** is an "array" of items can only be added or removed in 2 ways:

- push: Add to the top
- pop: Remove from the top

Imagine a stack of dishes (or just look at the image here)

- What does this have to do with JS code execution?
- -> Answer: I'm glad you asked, but let's wait a bit to talk about the Queue first

#### Queue

**Queue** is an "array" of items can only be added or removed in 2 ways:

- push: Add to the bottom
- pop: Remove from the top

Imagine going to the supermarket during covid

- What does this have to do with JS code execution?
- -> Answer: First, let's take a look at how your code is executed using **only the Stack**

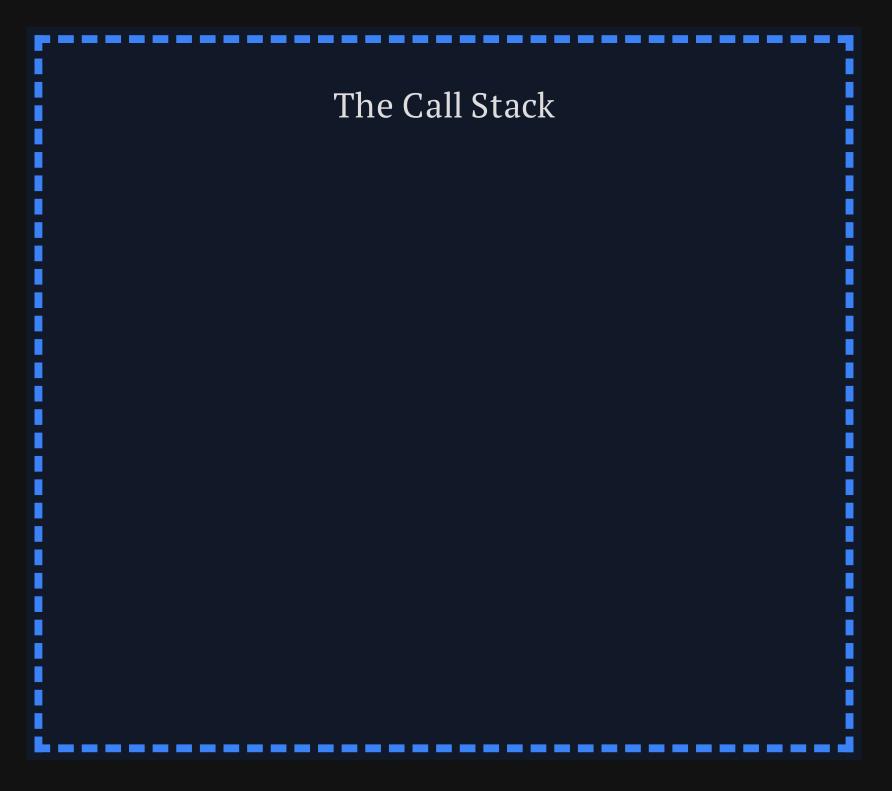


## The Call Stack

#### The Call Stack

Let's take a look at this piece of code, assuming this entire piece is wrapped by a *main* function:

```
function transform(data) {
       return `Transformed data: ${data}`
     function getFromService(data) {
       return `Data from service ${data}`
     function fetchData(data) {
       const dataFromService = getFromService(data);
10
       return transform(dataFromService);
     const data = fetchData("Books");
     console.log("Render data:", data);
```



calls main()
the stack is empty

#### The Call Stack

Let's take a look at this piece of code, do you see any problems?

```
function getFromService(data) {
   const start = new Date().getTime();
   while (new Date().getTime() < start + 10000);
   return `Data from service: ${data}`;
}

function fetchData(data) {
   const dataFromService = getFromService();
   return `Test ${dataFromService}`
}

const data = fetchData("Books");
console.log(data);</pre>
```

-> We need help from **the Run-time Environment** 

#### The run-time environment

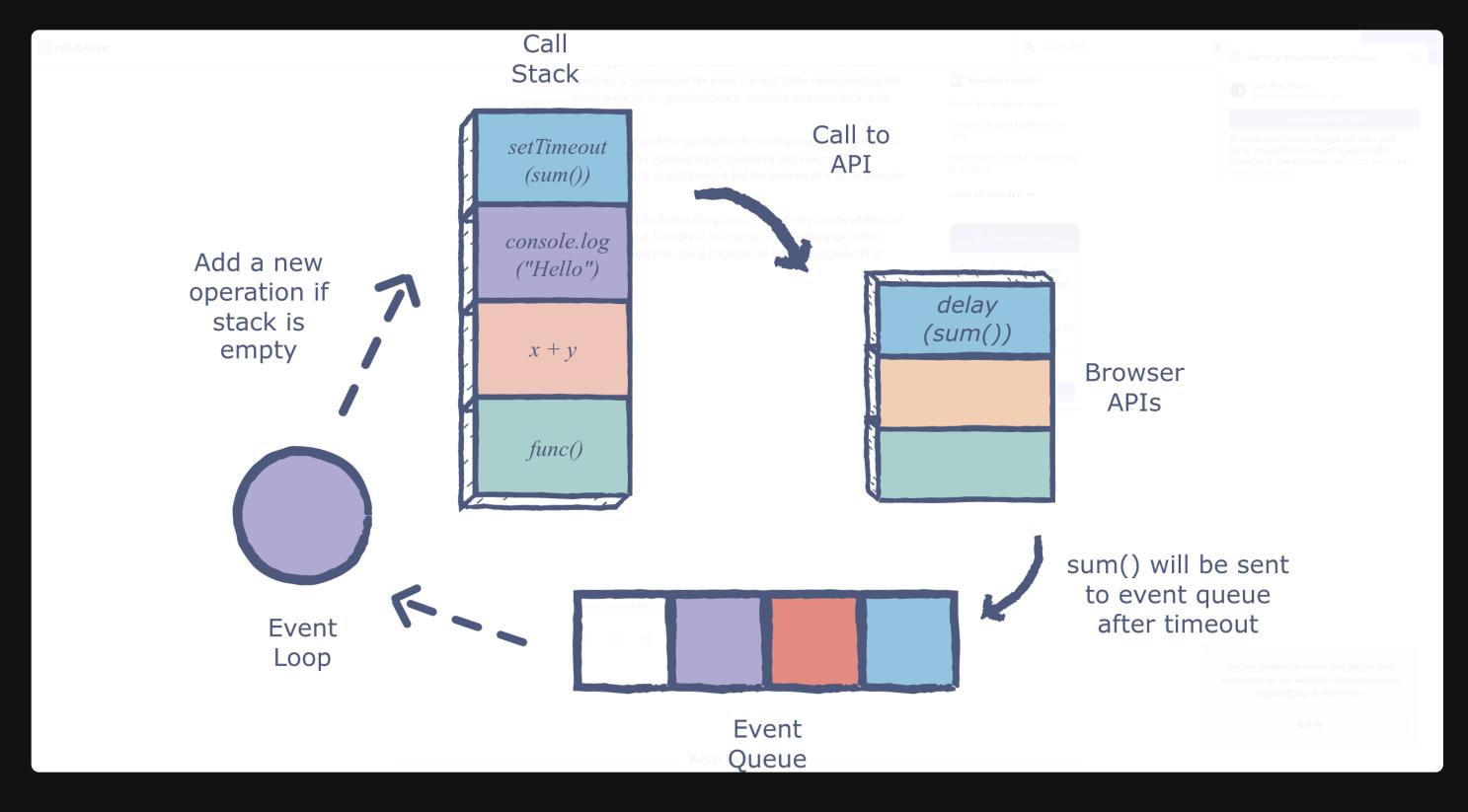
Our JS code gets executed by a Javascript Engine, each browser/environment uses a different engine

Javascript Engine	Browser
V8	Chrome and NodeJS
SpiderMonkey	Mozilla FireFox

#### The Javascript Engine runs inside a run-time environment which consists of the following components:

- **S** JS Engine: executes our code using the **Call Stack**
- Web API: provides DOM manipulation, AJAX, timer functions
- Callback/Event/Message Queue: holds the messages/events waiting to be executed
- Event Loop: constantly checking if the Call Stack is empty or not. If it's empty, it pushes an event from the Callback Queue to the Call Stack

## Event loop visualization



### Event loop visualization

Let's try to visualize this piece of code:

```
function fetchData(data, callback) {
    setTimeout(function fetchDataFromServer() {
        callback("Fetched Data" + data)
        },
        5000
    );

}

fetchData("Books", function log(fetchedData) {
    console.log(fetchedData)
}

fetchData("Students", function log(fetchedData) {
    console.log(fetchedData)
}

console.log(fetchedData)
}
```

# Magic Link

## Conclusion, Q&A

The JavaScript Engine (Chrome V8/Mozilla SpiderMonkey) executes our code. However, in order to perform what we usually ask it to do (DOM manipulation, AJAX, timer functions), it relies heavily on the run-time environment (Browsers/Node/Deno) Read more

**Event loop** is a **design pattern** or a piece of program that the run-time environment provides for us (and the engine) to use to give **the illusion of concurrency (things happening at the same time) when executing Javascript code**.

It does it by using the call stack, event queue and run-time API <del>, and probably more but I'm not aware of them (yet)</del>

Please don't hesitate to ask if you have any questions

## Acknowledgement

What the heck is the event loop anyway? | Philip Roberts | JSConf EU

JavaScript Internals: JavaScript engine, Run-time environment & setTimeout Web API

What is an event loop in JavaScript?