R Notebook

Karen Mazidi

Data exploration in R with the Boston data set.

Load the package, installing if necessary

```
if (!require("MASS")){
  install.packages("MASS")
}
## Loading required package: MASS
library(MASS)
```

Load Boston

The Boston housing data set is a collection of data from Boston neighborhoods in the late 1970s. There are 506 rows representing different neighborhoods, and 14 variables:

- crim per capita crime by town
- zn propostion of residential land zoned for lots over 25K sq ft
- indus proportion of non-retail business acres per town
- chas =1 if tract bounds the Charles river; 0 overwise
- nox nitrous oxide concentration in parts per 10 million
- rm average number of rooms per dwelling
- age proportion of owner-occupied units built prior to 1940
- rad index of accessibility to radial highways
- tax full-value property tax rate per \$10K
- ptratio pupil-teacher ratio by town
- black proportion of blacks by town; seriously?
- lstat lower status of the populatio as a percent
- medv median value of owner-occupied homes in 1000s of dollars

The str() function tells you about the structure of the data set.

```
data(Boston)
str(Boston)
```

```
'data.frame':
##
                    506 obs. of 14 variables:
##
   $ crim
                   0.00632 0.02731 0.02729 0.03237 0.06905 ...
            : niim
##
   $ zn
             : num 18 0 0 0 0 0 12.5 12.5 12.5 12.5 ...
   $ indus : num
                   2.31 7.07 7.07 2.18 2.18 2.18 7.87 7.87 7.87 7.87 ...
##
            : int
                   0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
   $ chas
                    0.538 0.469 0.469 0.458 0.458 0.458 0.524 0.524 0.524 0.524 ...
##
   $ nox
            : num
                   6.58 6.42 7.18 7 7.15 ...
##
   $ rm
             : num
   $ age
            : num
                   65.2 78.9 61.1 45.8 54.2 58.7 66.6 96.1 100 85.9 ...
##
                   4.09 4.97 4.97 6.06 6.06 ...
   $ dis
             : num
                   1 2 2 3 3 3 5 5 5 5 ...
   $ rad
            : int
##
                   296 242 242 222 222 222 311 311 311 311 ...
   $ tax
             : num
   $ ptratio: num 15.3 17.8 17.8 18.7 18.7 18.7 15.2 15.2 15.2 15.2 ...
   $ black : num 397 397 393 395 397 ...
```

```
## $ lstat : num 4.98 9.14 4.03 2.94 5.33 ...
## $ medv : num 24 21.6 34.7 33.4 36.2 28.7 22.9 27.1 16.5 18.9 ...
```

Built-in R Functions

First we attach the data. The advantage of attaching the data is that we can type **mean(lstat)** instead of having to specify the data frame: **mean(Boston*lstat*) * *.*Thedataframe*column format is how columns are accessed. However, if we attach the data, R can find the columns without having to specify the data frame. The disadvantage to attaching data is that you may have column names from different data frames that are the same. This can be confusing.

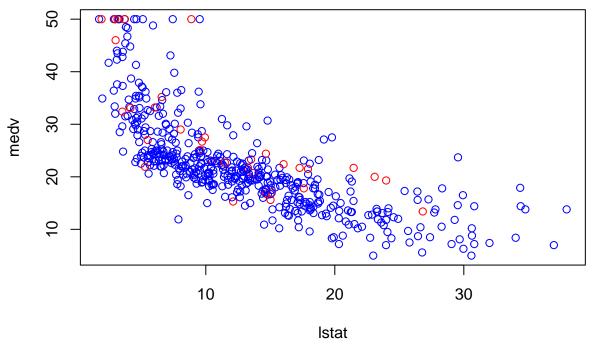
```
attach (Boston)
range(medv)
## [1] 5 50
median(tax)
## [1] 330
mean(lstat)
## [1] 12.65306
summary(age)
##
      Min. 1st Qu.
                     Median
                                Mean 3rd Qu.
                                                 Max.
##
      2.90
             45.02
                      77.50
                               68.57
                                        94.08
                                               100.00
```

Plot

The plot function is powerful and versatile. Read more by typing ?plot at the console. Here we plot median home value as a function of the percent of lower economic status persons in the neighborhood. The color of the points will indicate whether or not the neighborhood is close to the Charles River. The unclass() functions converts the factors to integers so they can index the color choices blue or red. We also added a main heading. We did not specify x or y axis headings so R just used the variable names.

```
plot(medv~lstat, col=c("blue","red")[unclass(chas)+1], main="Boston Housing")
```

Boston Housing



Correlation

We can check for correlation by creating a table with the cor() function or visually look for correlations by plotting pairs().

###

cor(Boston)

```
##
                  crim
                                          indus
                                                         chas
                                 zn
                                                                       nox
            1.00000000 -0.20046922
                                     0.40658341 -0.055891582
                                                               0.42097171
##
  crim
##
  z.n
           -0.20046922
                        1.00000000 -0.53382819 -0.042696719 -0.51660371
            0.40658341 -0.53382819
                                     1.00000000
                                                  0.062938027
                                                               0.76365145
  indus
## chas
           -0.05589158 -0.04269672
                                     0.06293803
                                                  1.00000000
                                                               0.09120281
            0.42097171 -0.51660371
##
  nox
                                     0.76365145
                                                  0.091202807
                                                               1.0000000
           -0.21924670
                         0.31199059 -0.39167585
                                                  0.091251225 -0.30218819
##
  rm
            0.35273425 -0.56953734
                                     0.64477851
                                                  0.086517774
                                                               0.73147010
   age
##
  dis
           -0.37967009
                         0.66440822
                                    -0.70802699 -0.099175780 -0.76923011
##
            0.62550515 -0.31194783
                                     0.59512927 -0.007368241
                                                               0.61144056
   rad
                                     0.72076018 -0.035586518
##
   tax
            0.58276431 -0.31456332
                                                               0.66802320
            0.28994558 -0.39167855
                                     0.38324756 -0.121515174
                                                               0.18893268
  ptratio
           -0.38506394
                         0.17552032 -0.35697654
                                                 0.048788485
                                                              -0.38005064
## black
## 1stat
            0.45562148
                       -0.41299457
                                     0.60379972 -0.053929298
                                                               0.59087892
## medv
           -0.38830461
                         0.36044534 -0.48372516
                                                 0.175260177 -0.42732077
##
                                             dis
                    rm
                                age
                                                          rad
                                                                       tax
##
           -0.21924670
                         0.35273425 -0.37967009
                                                  0.625505145
                                                               0.58276431
  crim
            0.31199059 -0.56953734
                                     0.66440822
                                                -0.311947826
##
                                                              -0.31456332
  zn
           -0.39167585
                         0.64477851 -0.70802699
                                                 0.595129275
                                                               0.72076018
##
  indus
## chas
            0.09125123
                         0.08651777 -0.09917578 -0.007368241 -0.03558652
           -0.30218819
                         0.73147010 -0.76923011
                                                  0.611440563
                                                               0.66802320
## nox
##
  rm
            1.00000000 -0.24026493
                                     0.20524621 -0.209846668 -0.29204783
           -0.24026493
                        1.00000000 -0.74788054
                                                 0.456022452
                                                               0.50645559
##
   age
## dis
            0.20524621 -0.74788054
                                    1.00000000 -0.494587930 -0.53443158
```

```
## rad
           -0.20984667
                         0.45602245 -0.49458793
                                                  1.000000000
                                                               0.91022819
           -0.29204783
                         0.50645559 -0.53443158
## tax
                                                  0.910228189
                                                               1.00000000
                         0.26151501 -0.23247054
## ptratio
           -0.35550149
                                                  0.464741179
                                                               0.46085304
            0.12806864 -0.27353398
                                     0.29151167 -0.444412816
##
  black
                                                              -0.44180801
##
  lstat
           -0.61380827
                         0.60233853 -0.49699583
                                                  0.488676335
                                                               0.54399341
                                     0.24992873 -0.381626231 -0.46853593
##
  medv
            0.69535995 -0.37695457
##
              ptratio
                             black
                                        lstat
                                                     medv
## crim
            0.2899456 -0.38506394
                                    0.4556215 -0.3883046
##
           -0.3916785
                        0.17552032 -0.4129946
                                                0.3604453
  z.n
##
   indus
            0.3832476 -0.35697654
                                    0.6037997 -0.4837252
##
  chas
           -0.1215152
                       0.04878848 -0.0539293
                                                0.1752602
##
   nox
            0.1889327 -0.38005064
                                    0.5908789 -0.4273208
##
           -0.3555015
                       0.12806864 -0.6138083
                                                0.6953599
   rm
##
   age
            0.2615150 -0.27353398
                                    0.6023385 -0.3769546
##
  dis
           -0.2324705
                       0.29151167 -0.4969958
                                                0.2499287
##
            0.4647412 -0.44441282
                                    0.4886763 -0.3816262
  rad
            0.4608530 -0.44180801
                                    0.5439934 -0.4685359
## tax
            1.0000000 -0.17738330
                                    0.3740443 -0.5077867
  ptratio
                       1.00000000 -0.3660869
## black
           -0.1773833
                                                0.3334608
## 1stat
            0.3740443 -0.36608690
                                    1.0000000 -0.7376627
## medv
           -0.5077867
                       0.33346082 -0.7376627
                                                1.0000000
pairs (Boston)
        0 80
                   0.0
                                          2 12
                                                     200
                                                                 0 400
                                                                            10
                               4 8
         zn
                                                rad
                                                                 black
                                                                            medv
```

Plotting a regression line

25

0.4

0

0 80

Next we plot number of rooms on the x axis and median home value on the y axis. Then we use function abline() to plot a blue regression line on top of the points. The lm() function creates a linear regression model predicting median value as a function of rooms. We will learn more later, for now just realize that the regression line tries to plot through the middle of the trend. The trend is up. Not surprisingly, houses with

5

14

10

0 80

more rooms tend to be more expensive.

```
plot(rm, medv)
abline(lm(medv~rm), col="blue")
     20
                               0
                                           0
                                                0
                                                      0
                                                          0
                                               0
     30
            0
                 0
                                                                                  0
     20
                                                               0
                                                               0
     10
                  4
                                                          7
                                5
                                             6
                                                                       8
```

rm

That's all for now. In future notebooks we will revisit the Boston housing data.