How DataEditR works

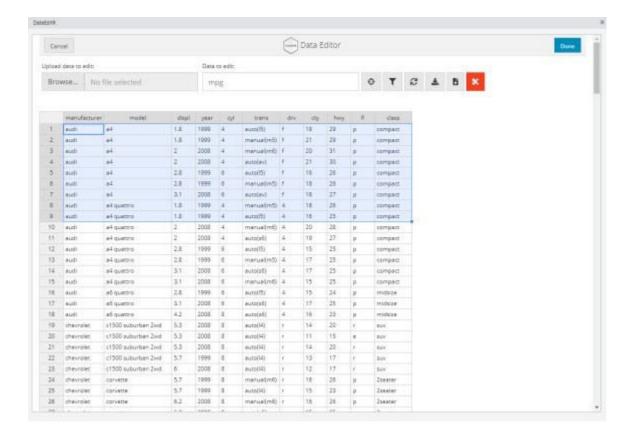
It's super-simple. Just run this code to:

- 1. Load Libraries: Load DataEditR, tidyverse and tidyquant.
- 2. Import Data: We're using the mpg dataset that comes with ggplot2.
- 3. Start Data Editing: Use the data edit() function.

```
7 * # LIBRARIES ----
8
   library(DataEditR)
                                   Load
10 library(tidyverse)
11
   library(tidyquant)
                                   Libraries
12
13 - # DATA ----
14
   mpg
                                   Get data
15
16
17 - # 1.0 DATA EDITING ----
                                   Start Data
19 * # 1.1 data edit()
20
                                   Editing!
21
   mpg subset <- data edit(
22
       x = mpg
```

Get the code.

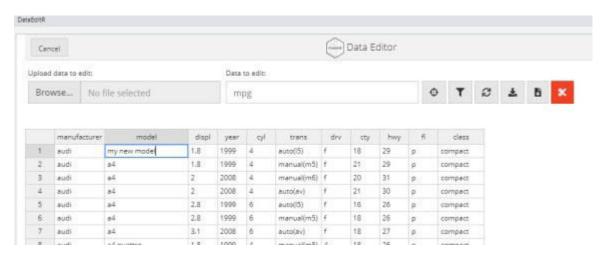
This launches the Data Editor.



The Data Editor

Try Editing Cells

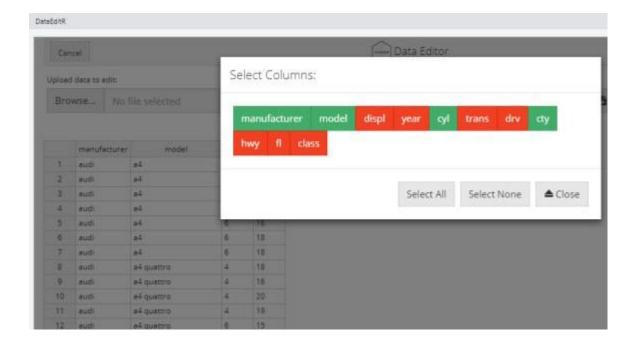
Click on a cell and make any edits.



Editing Cells

Try Selecting Columns

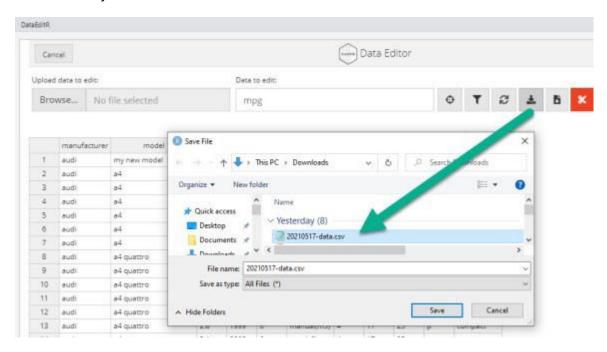
Click the target icon. Then select columns you are interested in.



Selecting Columns

When you're done, save a CSV

After you've made your edits, you can optionally save a CSV File. Alternatively, you can return a data frame in your active R Session.



Save as CSV File

Going Further with dplyr and ggplot2

DataEditR is great for making simple edits. But, eventually you're going to need to go further by using code to wrangle data and prepare visualizations. For this, I'll circle back to dplyr and ggplot2, and my Ultimate R Cheat Sheet.

Fuel Economy by Vehicle Model

Say that you wanted to make a visualization that shows the differences in vehicle models and their fuel economy measured as miles per gallon (MPG). We can do this with dplyr and ggplot2.

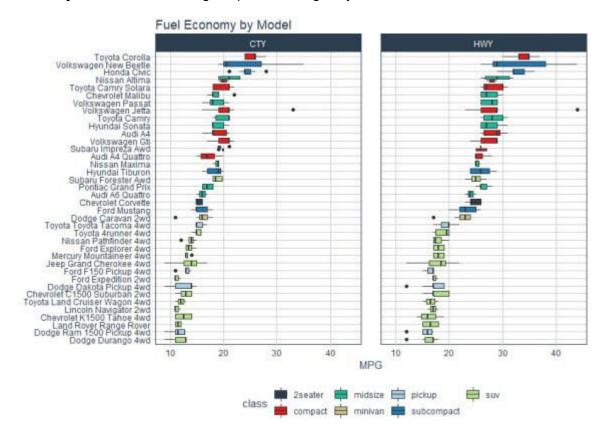
```
mpg %>%
38
39
        select(manufacturer, model, cty, hwy, class) %>%
40
41
        pivot_longer(cols = c(cty, hwy)) %>%
                                                                                      aplyr
42
        mutate(
43
            model = fct reorder(
                                                                                data wrangling
44
                str_glue("{manufacturer} {model}") %>% str_to_title(),
45
                value
46
47
            name = str_to_upper(name)
48
49
50
        ggplot(aes(x = model, y = value, fill = class)) +
        geom_boxplot() +
52
        facet_grid(cols = vars(name), scales = "free_y") +
                                                                                   agplot2
       coord_flip() +
scale_fill_tq() +
theme_tq() +
53
54
                                                                                 Visualization
        labs(title = "Fuel Economy by Model", y = "MPG", x = "")
```

Get the code.

Visualization and Insights

The code makes a stunning ggplot2 visualization that highlights the differences in fuel economy by vehicle model and class. We can see:

- **SUV's** clearly have the lowest fuel economy although the Subaru Forester AWD seems to be an outlier.
- Toyota Corolla is leading the pack with Highway MPG in the mid-30s.



In Summary

You've seen how DataEditR can be used for making simple edits inside of R. You've also seen that learning dplyr and ggplot2 can generate insights through visualizations.

What if you want to go further? Read on.