

Need to Connect R with SQL

It is common for Data Analysts/Scientists to connect R with SQL. For that reason, there exist many different packages designed for different Databases like PostgreSQL, MySQL etc. My suggestion is to work with the [DBI](#) package which is compatible with almost all the Databases.

Example of How to Connect R with SQL

As always we will start directly with a concrete example. Note that **dbConnect()** creates a connection between your R session and an SQL database. We will need to define the **DBIdriver object**, for example for MySQL databases, you can build such a driver with **RMySQL::MySQL()** for **RPostgreSQL::PostgreSQL()** and so on. If the database is a remote database hosted on a server, you'll also have to specify the following arguments in **dbConnect()**: **dbname**, **host**, **port**, **user** and **password**.

```
library(DBI)

# Connect to the MySQL database: con
con <- dbConnect(RMySQL::MySQL(),
                 dbname = "mydb",
                 host = "https://predictivehacks.com/",
                 port = 3306,
                 user = "george",
                 password = "predictivehacks")

# # Get table names
tables <- dbListTables(con)

# Display structure of tables
str(tables)
```

How to Import Tables

This how you import one table

```
# Import the accounts table from mydb
accounts <- dbReadTable(con, "accounts ")
```

This how you import all the tables

```
# # Get table names
tables <- dbListTables(con)

# Import all tables
tables <- lapply(tables , dbReadTable, conn = con)
```

How to Import Data from Queries

We can do it with **dbGetQuery** or by sending a query to the database with **dbSendQuery**

```
my_table <- dbGetQuery(con, "SELECT country, count(*) as tims FROM accounts
WHERE region = 'EU'")
my_table
```

```
# Send query to the database
myquery <- dbSendQuery(con, "SELECT country, count(*) as tims FROM accounts
WHERE region = 'EU'")

# get the first two rows
dbFetch(myquery , n = 2)

# get all rows
dbFetch(myquery, n=-1 )

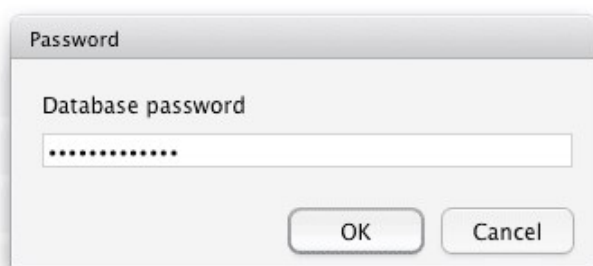
# Clear myquery
dbClearResult(myquery )
```

Remove the Credentials from your Code

You can find a detailed description of [how you can avoid publishing credentials in your code](#).

Prompt for Credentials

The [RStudio IDE's](#) API can be used to prompt the user to enter the credentials in a popup box that masks what is typed:



<https://db.rstudio.com/best-practices/managing-credentials/>

So in our case would be:

```
library(DBI)

# Connect to the MySQL database: con
con <- dbConnect(RMySQL::MySQL(),
  dbname = "mydb",
  host = "https://predictivehacks.com/",
  port = 3306,
  user = rstudioapi::askForPassword("Database user"),
  password = rstudioapi::askForPassword("Database password")
)
```

Use Environment variables

Use Environment variables

The `.Renviron` file can be used to store the credentials, which can then be retrieved with `Sys.getenv()`. Here are the steps:

1. Create a new file defining the credentials:

```
userid = "username"
```

```
pwd = "password"
```

2. Save it in your home directory with the file name `.Renviron`. If you are asked whether you want to save a file whose name begins with a dot, say **YES**.

3. Retrieve the credentials using `Sys.getenv()` while opening the connection:

```
library(DBI)

# Connect to the MySQL database: con
con <- dbConnect(RMySQL::MySQL(),
                 dbname = "mydb",
                 host = "https://predictivehacks.com/",
                 port = 3306,
                 user = Sys.getenv("userid"),
                 password = Sys.getenv("pwd")
                )
```

Work with a config file

In case we are dealing with many databases, and we have different credentials for each one, it is helpful to work with the `config` package that allows the connection code in R to reference an external file that defines values based on the environment. This process makes it easy to specify values to use for a connection locally and values to use after deployment.

For example:

```
library(DBI)
library(odbc)
library(config)

dw <- config::get("datawarehouse")

con <- dbConnect(
  Driver = dw$driver,
  Server = dw$server,
  UID    = dw$uid,
  PWD    = dw$pwd,
  Port   = dw$port,
  Database = dw$database
)
```

and the `config.yml` file:

```
default:
  datawarehouse:
    driver: 'Postgres'
    server: 'mydb-test.company.com'
    uid: 'local-account'
    pwd: 'my-password' // not recommended, see alternatives below
    port: 5432
    database: 'regional-sales-sample'

rsconnect:
  datawarehouse:
    driver: 'PostgresPro'
    server: 'mydb-prod.company.com'
```

```
uid: 'service-account'  
pwd: 'service-password' // not recommended, see alternatives below  
port: 5432  
database: 'regional-sales-full'
```

The `config` package determines the active configuration by looking at the `R_CONFIG_ACTIVE` environment variable. By default, RStudio Connect sets `R_CONFIG_ACTIVE` to the value `rsconnect`. In the config file above, the default datawarehouse values would be used locally and the datawarehouse values defined in the `rsconnect` section would be used on RStudio Connect. Administrators can optionally customize the name of the active configuration used in Connect .