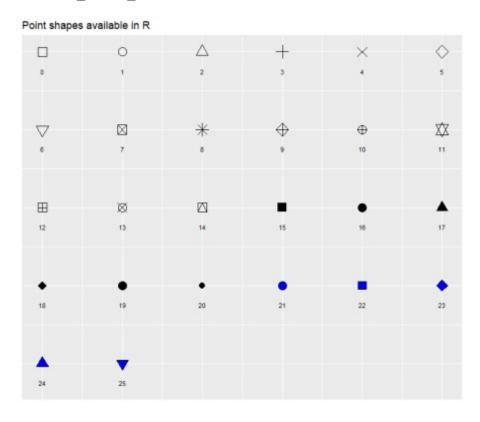
R plot pch symbols, In this tutorial we are going to describe different pch values in R. The plotting argument used to specify point shapes is **pch**.

Let's install the ggpubr package from cran, and then plot different shapes in R.

```
#install.packages("ggpubr")
ggpubr::show_point_shapes()
```



R Plot pch Symbols

The 25 different points symbols are commonly used in R for making beautiful graphs.

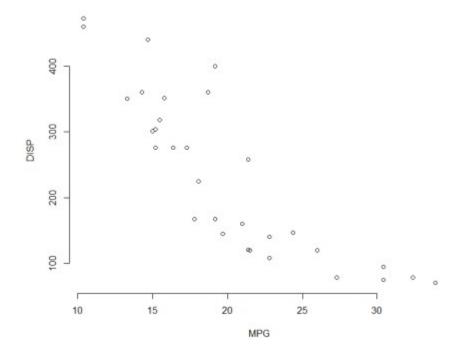
tidyverse in r – Complete Tutorial » Unknown Techniques »

- pch = 0,square
- pch = 1,circle
- pch = 2,triangle point up
- pch = 3,plus
- pch = 4,cross
- pch = 5,diamond
- pch = 6,triangle point down
- pch = 7,square cross
- pch = 8,star
- pch = 9,diamond plus
- pch = 10,circle plus
- pch = 11,triangles up and down
- pch = 12,square plus
- pch = 13,circle cross
- pch = 14,square and triangle down
- pch = 15, filled square

- pch = 16, filled circle
- pch = 17, filled triangle point-up
- pch = 18, filled diamond
- pch = 19, solid circle
- pch = 20,bullet (smaller circle)
- pch = 21, filled circle blue
- pch = 22, filled square blue
- pch = 23, filled diamond blue
- pch = 24, filled triangle point-up blue
- pch = 25, filled triangle point down blue

Let create a default plot pch = 1 (empty circle)

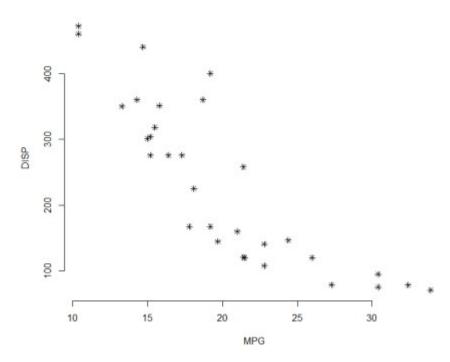
Deep Neural Network in R » Keras & Tensor Flow



As mentioned above, we can change different pch values.

Principal component analysis (PCA) in R »

Change plot symbol to pch = 8 (star)



If you want to change the color and the size of points, use the following arguments

- col: For example, col = "red" or col = "#FF0000".
- cex: the size of point symbols. Numeric values, 1=default, 1.5 is 50% larger, 0.5 is 50% smaller, etc.

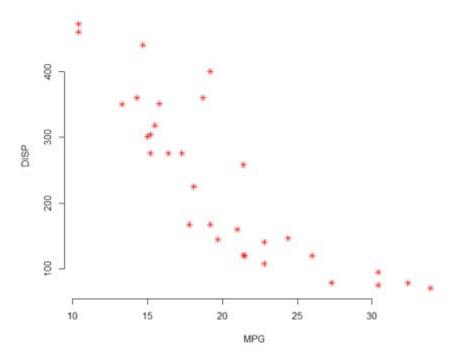
For making attractive plots you can make use of bg and lwd arguments also.

- bg: plot background color
- lwd: ine width relative to the default (default=1). 2 is twice as wide

If you want to know more about lwd check it here

Line types in R: Ultimate Guide For R Baseplot and ggplot »

Change color and background



Use pch = 21 and change border line width (lwd), and background color (bg)

```
plot(x = mtcars$mpg, y = mtcars$disp, frame = FALSE,
     xlab = "MPG", ylab = "DISP",
     pch = 21, bg = "red", col = "black",
     lwd = 0.9, cex = 1.5)
```

