...I found that the region has a significant impact on the salary of engineers. Is the significance of the region unique to engineers or are there similar correlations in other occupational groups?

Statistics Sweden use NUTS (Nomenclature des Unités Territoriales Statistiques), which is the EU's hierarchical regional division, to specify the regions.

The F-value from the Anova table is used as the single value to discriminate how much the region and salary correlates. For exploratory analysis, the Anova value seems good enough.

First, define libraries and functions.

응>응

```
library (tidyverse)
## -- Attaching packages ------ 1.3.0
## v ggplot2 3.2.1
                   v purrr 0.3.3
## v tibble 2.1.3 v dplyr 0.8.3
                   v stringr 1.4.0
## v tidyr 1.0.2
## v readr 1.3.1 v forcats 0.4.0
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts()
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
library (broom)
library (car)
## Loading required package: carData
##
## Attaching package: 'car'
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
     recode
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##
      some
library (swemaps) # devtools::install_github('reinholdsson/swemaps')
library(sjPlot)
## Registered S3 methods overwritten by 'lme4':
##
## cooks.distance.influence.merMod car
## influence.merMod
                                car
   dfbeta.influence.merMod
                                car
## dfbetas.influence.merMod
## Install package "strengejacke" from GitHub (`devtools::install github("
strengejacke/strengejacke")`) to load all sj-packages at once!
readfile <- function (file1) {</pre>
 read_csv (file1, col_types = cols(), locale = readr::locale (encoding =
"latin1"), na = c("..", "NA")) %>%
   gather (starts with("19"), starts with("20"), key = "year", value = salary)
```

```
drop na() %>%
    mutate (year_n = parse_number (year))
nuts <- read.csv("nuts.csv") %>%
  mutate(NUTS2 sh = substr(NUTS2, 1, 4))
  distinct (NUTS2 en) %>%
  knitr::kable(
    booktabs = TRUE,
    caption = 'Nomenclature des Unités Territoriales Statistiques (NUTS)')
Table 1: Nomenclature des
   Unités Territoriales
   Statistiques (NUTS)
NUTS2_en
SE11 Stockholm
SE12 East-Central Sweden
SE21 Småland and islands
SE22 South Sweden
SE23 West Sweden
SE31 North-Central Sweden
SE32 Central Norrland
SE33 Upper Norrland
map ln n <- map ln %>%
  mutate(lnkod n = as.numeric(lnkod))
```

The data table is downloaded from Statistics Sweden. It is saved as a comma-delimited file without heading, 000000CG.csv, http://www.statistikdatabasen.scb.se/pxweb/en/ssd/.

The table: Average basic salary, monthly salary and women's salary as a percentage of men's salary by region, sector, occupational group (SSYK 2012) and sex. Year 2014 – 2018 Monthly salary All sectors

In the plot and tables, you can also find information on how the increase in salaries per year for each occupational group is affected when the interactions are taken into account.

```
tb <- readfile ("000000CG.csv") %>%
 left join(nuts %>% distinct (NUTS2 en, NUTS2 sh), by = c("region" =
"NUTS2 en"))
## Warning: Column `region`/`NUTS2 en` joining character vector and factor,
## coercing into character vector
tb map <- readfile ("000000CG.csv") %>%
  left join(nuts, by = c("region" = "NUTS2 en")) %>%
  right join(map ln n, by = c("Länskod" = "lnkod n"))
## Warning: Column `region`/`NUTS2 en` joining character vector and factor,
## coercing into character vector
summary_table = vector()
anova table = vector()
for (i in unique(tb$`occuptional (SSYK 2012)`)){
  temp <- filter(tb, `occuptional (SSYK 2012)` == i)</pre>
  if (dim(temp)[1] > 75){
    model <- lm(log(salary) ~ region + sex + year n, data = temp)</pre>
    summary table <- rbind (summary table, mutate (tidy (summary (model)), ssyk
= i, interaction = "none"))
```

```
anova_table <- rbind (anova_table, mutate (tidy (Anova (model, type = 2)),</pre>
ssyk = i, interaction = "none"))
    model <- lm(log(salary) ~ region * sex + year n, data = temp)</pre>
    summary table <- rbind (summary table, mutate (tidy (summary (model)), ssyk
= i, interaction = "region and sex"))
    anova table <- rbind (anova table, mutate (tidy (Anova (model, type = 2)),
ssyk = i, interaction = "region and sex"))
    model <- lm(log(salary) ~ region * year n + sex, data = temp)</pre>
    summary table <- rbind (summary table, mutate (tidy (summary (model)), ssyk
= i, interaction = "region and year"))
    anova table <- rbind (anova table, mutate (tidy (Anova (model, type = 2)),
ssyk = i, interaction = "region and year"))
    model <- lm(log(salary) ~ region * year_n * sex, data = temp)</pre>
    summary table <- rbind (summary table, mutate (tidy (summary (model)), ssyk
= i, interaction = "region, year and sex"))
    anova table <- rbind (anova table, mutate (tidy (Anova (model, type = 2)),
ssyk = i, interaction = "region, year and sex"))
}
## Note: model has aliased coefficients
       sums of squares computed by model comparison
## Note: model has aliased coefficients
        sums of squares computed by model comparison
anova table <- anova table %>% rowwise() %>% mutate(contcol = str count(term,
":"))
summary table <- summary table %>% rowwise() %>% mutate(contcol =
str_count(term, ":"))
merge(summary_table, anova_table, by = c("ssyk", "interaction"), all = TRUE) %>%
 filter (term.x == "year n") %>%
 filter (term.y == "region") %>%
 filter (interaction == "none") %>%
 mutate (estimate = (exp(estimate) - 1) * 100) %>%
  ggplot () +
    geom point (mapping = aes(x = estimate, y = statistic.y, colour = estimate)
interaction)) +
    labs (
     x = "Increase in salaries (% / year)",
     y = "F-value for interaction"
```

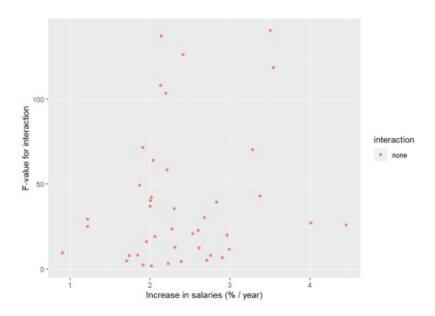


Figure 1: The significance of the region on the salary in Sweden, a comparison between different occupational groups, Year 2014 – 2018

```
merge(summary_table, anova_table, by = c("ssyk", "interaction"), all = TRUE) %>%
  filter (term.x == "year_n") %>%
  filter (contcol.y > 0) %>%
  # only look at the interactions between all three variables in the case with
interaction region, year and sex
  filter (!(contcol.y == 1 & interaction == "region, year and sex")) %>%

mutate (estimate = (exp(estimate) - 1) * 100) %>%
  ggplot () +
   geom_point (mapping = aes(x = estimate, y = statistic.y, colour =
interaction)) +
  labs(
   x = "Increase in salaries (% / year)",
   y = "F-value for interaction"
  )
```

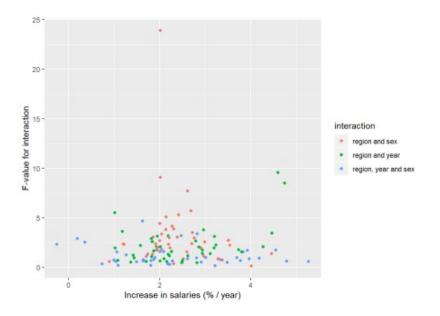


Figure 2: The significance of the interaction between region, year and sex on the salary in Sweden, a comparison between different occupational groups, Year 2014 – 2018

The tables with all occupational groups sorted by F-value in descending order.

```
merge(summary_table, anova_table, c("ssyk", "interaction"), all = TRUE) %>%
  filter (term.x == "year_n") %>%
  filter (term.y == "region") %>%
  filter (interaction == "none") %>%
  mutate (estimate = (exp(estimate) - 1) * 100) %>%
  select (ssyk, estimate, statistic.y, interaction) %>%
  rename (`F-value for age` = statistic.y) %>%
  rename (`Increase in salary` = estimate) %>%
  arrange (desc (`F-value for age`)) %>%
  knitr::kable(
    booktabs = TRUE,
    caption = 'Correlation for F-value (region) and the yearly increase in salaries')
```

Table 2: Correlation for F-value (region) and the yearly increase in salaries

ssyk	Increase in salary	F-value for interaction age
234 Primary- and pre-school teachers	3.505364	140.459561 none
242 Organisation analysts, policy administrators and human resource specialists	2.141124	137.227070 none
159 Other social services managers	2.412305	126.200697 none
141 Primary and secondary schools and adult education managers	3.543591	118.692580 none
335 Tax and related government associate professionals	2.133970	108.141526 none
251 ICT architects, systems analysts and test managers	2.196568	103.500079 none
332 Insurance advisers, sales and purchasing agents	1.910500	71.550568 none
336 Police officers	3.280076	70.269911 none
241 Accountants, financial analysts and fund managers	2.040018	64.180404 none
235 Teaching professionals not elsewhere classified	2.210947	58.449386 none
351 ICT operations and user support technicians	1.868739	49.435480 none
233 Secondary education teachers	3.377886	43.017847 none
331 Financial and accounting associate professionals	2.016965	42.321607 none
214 Engineering professionals	2.002819	40.294194 none
218 Specialists within environmental and health protection	2.831305	39.372062 none
533 Health care assistants	2.001888	36.961185 none
261 Legal professionals	2.304699	35.545371 none
231 University and higher education teachers	2.682606	30.352218 none
243 Marketing and public relations professionals	1.217703	29.319658 none
222 Nursing professionals	4.012209	27.254061 none
123 Administration and planning managers	4.455192	25.902695 none
264 Authors, journalists and linguists	1.218409	24.973290 none
531 Child care workers and teachers aides	2.276723	23.659505 none
333 Business services agents	2.601340	22.810204 none
311 Physical and engineering science technicians	2.532877	20.769863 none
266 Social work and counselling professionals	2.965491	19.825931 none
411 Office assistants and other secretaries	2.060828	19.127036 none
534 Attendants, personal assistants and related workers	1.956992	16.198710 none
341 Social work and religious associate professionals	2.309857	12.736283 none
321 Medical and pharmaceutical technicians	2.613786	12.424504 none
232 Vocational education teachers	2.990624	11.524474 none
221 Medical doctors	0.902755	9.634942 none
422 Client information clerks	1.843752	8.137514 none

ssyk	Increase in salary	F-value for interaction age
512 Cooks and cold-buffet managers	2.756431	8.061511 none
962 Newspaper distributors, janitors and other service workers	1.740067	7.765145 none
522 Shop staff	2.903890	6.830648 none
532 Personal care workers in health services	2.705999	5.078780 none
432 Stores and transport clerks	1.705670	4.865026 none
541 Other surveillance and security workers	2.389682	4.371317 none
941 Fast-food workers, food preparation assistants	2.227375	3.219358 none
833 Heavy truck and bus drivers	1.912077	2.247326 none
911 Cleaners and helpers	2.016100	1.711840 none
<pre>merge(summary_table, anova_table, c("ssyk", "inte filter (term.x == "year_n") %>% filter (contcol.y > 0) %>% filter (interaction == "region and sex") %>% mutate (estimate = (exp(estimate) - 1) * 100) % select (ssyk, estimate, statistic.y, interactio rename (`F-value for age` = statistic.y) %>% rename (`Increase in salary` = estimate) %>% arrange (desc (`F-value for age`)) %>% knitr::kable(booktabs = TRUE, caption = 'Correlation for F-value (region and in salaries')</pre>	>% n) %>%	

Table 3: Correlation for F-value (region and sex) and the yearly increase in salaries

ssyk	Increase in salary	F-value for interaction age
331 Financial and accounting associate professionals	2.0169648	23.9056822 region and sex
911 Cleaners and helpers	2.0160997	9.0815382 region and sex
321 Medical and pharmaceutical technicians	2.6137864	7.7168336 region and sex
231 University and higher education teachers	2.6826060	5.6873851 region and sex
159 Other social services managers	2.4123053	5.3090755 region and sex
242 Organisation analysts, policy administrators and human resource specialists	2.1411239	5.0798948 region and sex
533 Health care assistants	2.0018877	4.4194926 region and sex
531 Child care workers and teachers aides	2.2767234	4.1363582 region and sex
261 Legal professionals	2.3101043	3.8795657 region and sex
335 Tax and related government associate professionals	2.1339700	3.8162101 region and sex
218 Specialists within environmental and health protection	2.7191768	3.4940939 region and sex
241 Accountants, financial analysts and fund managers	2.0400185	3.3402726 region and sex

ssyk	Increase in salary	F-value for interaction age
541 Other surveillance and security workers	2.3896824	3.0479843 region and sex
351 ICT operations and user support technicians	1.8593806	3.0366516 region and sex
235 Teaching professionals not elsewhere classified	2.2109466	2.9986405 region and sex
512 Cooks and cold-buffet managers	2.7564313	2.9661198 region and sex
234 Primary- and pre-school teachers	3.5053638	2.7061253 region and sex
214 Engineering professionals	2.0028190	$2.6793275 \frac{\text{region and}}{\text{sex}}$
232 Vocational education teachers	2.9906243	2.5473580 region and sex
532 Personal care workers in health services	2.7059985	2.3861956 region and sex
332 Insurance advisers, sales and purchasing agents	1.9105004	2.3851151 region and sex
243 Marketing and public relations professionals	1.2005440	2.3538771 region and sex
264 Authors, journalists and linguists	1.2184087	2.3283437 region and sex
251 ICT architects, systems analysts and test managers	2.1965679	2.3071242 region and sex
141 Primary and secondary schools and adult education managers	3.5435906	2.2283878 region and sex
534 Attendants, personal assistants and related workers	1.9569919	2.0176966 region and sex
941 Fast-food workers, food preparation assistants	2.2273749	1.9439585 region and sex
522 Shop staff	2.9038903	1.9435000 region and sex
411 Office assistants and other secretaries	2.0399065	1.8087907 region and sex
833 Heavy truck and bus drivers	1.9298918	1.7646741 region and sex
333 Business services agents	2.6013400	1.5532994 region and sex
123 Administration and planning managers	4.4564515	$1.3795888 \frac{\text{region and}}{\text{sex}}$
962 Newspaper distributors, janitors and other service workers	1.7400674	1.3302289 region and sex
422 Client information clerks	1.8437523	1.3111491 region and sex
266 Social work and counselling professionals	2.9654913	1.1228380 region and sex
432 Stores and transport clerks	1.7056704	1.0829037 region and sex
311 Physical and engineering science technicians	2.5162972	0.8523619 region and sex

ssyk	Increase in salary	F-value for interaction age
336 Police officers	3.2800755	0.8458087 region and sex
233 Secondary education teachers	3.3778859	0.7369872 region and sex
221 Medical doctors	0.8945233	0.5918577 region and sex
341 Social work and religious associate professionals	2.3098566	0.3654042 region and sex
222 Nursing professionals	4.0122087	0.1103390 region and sex
<pre>merge(summary_table, anova_table, c("ssyk", "interaction"), all = TRUE) %>% filter (term.x == "year_n") %>% filter (contcol.y > 0) %>% filter (interaction == "region and year") %>% mutate (estimate = (exp(estimate) - 1) * 100) %>% select (ssyk, estimate, statistic.y, interaction) %>% rename (`F-value for age` = statistic.y) %>% rename (`Increase in salary` = estimate) %>% arrange (desc (`F-value for age`)) %>% knitr::kable(booktabs = TRUE, caption = 'Correlation for F-value (region and year) and the yearly increase in salaries')</pre>		

Table 4: Correlation for F-value (region and year) and the yearly increase in salaries

ssyk	Increase in salary	F-value for interaction age
222 Nursing professionals	4.594527	9.5756908 region and year
234 Primary- and pre-school teachers	4.741438	8.4929762 region and year
962 Newspaper distributors, janitors and other service workers	1.014436	5.5221538 region and year
218 Specialists within environmental and health protection	2.960551	3.7726084 region and year
341 Social work and religious associate professionals	1.179665	3.6377998 region and year
141 Primary and secondary schools and adult education managers	4.464391	3.4565788 region and year
231 University and higher education teachers	2.190339	3.1807419 region and year
531 Child care workers and teachers aides	1.946134	3.1384371 region and year
123 Administration and planning managers	3.202935	3.0929465 region and year
351 ICT operations and user support technicians	1.818022	2.8907900 region and year
335 Tax and related government associate professionals	2.794241	2.6351058 region and year
311 Physical and engineering science technicians	1.836449	2.5772805 region and year

ssyk	Increase in salary	F-value for interaction age
336 Police officers	3.238027	2.2608889 region and year
221 Medical doctors	1.577680	2.1873354 region and year
266 Social work and counselling professionals	4.269070	2.0856790 region and year
534 Attendants, personal assistants and related workers	2.012733	2.0738388 region and year
333 Business services agents	1.929570	region and 2.0713461 year
532 Personal care workers in health services	2.854891	region and 2.0354065 year
264 Authors, journalists and linguists	1.020091	1.9403580 region and year
332 Insurance advisers, sales and purchasing agents	3.197316	1.9390313 region and year
232 Vocational education teachers	3.729880	region and 1.7811629 year
512 Cooks and cold-buffet managers	2.937534	1.7459584 region and year
411 Office assistants and other secretaries	1.870052	1.6496037 region and year
235 Teaching professionals not elsewhere classified	2.263332	1.5866915 region and year
233 Secondary education teachers	3.800949	1.5667053 region and year
159 Other social services managers	2.939365	region and 1.3862925 year
241 Accountants, financial analysts and fund managers	3.112492	region and 1.3754541 year
251 ICT architects, systems analysts and test managers	2.189907	region and 1.2977035 year
941 Fast-food workers, food preparation assistants	1.418897	1.2189448 region and year
261 Legal professionals	2.620417	region and 1.1684118 year
242 Organisation analysts, policy administrators and human resource specialists	2.212719	region and 1.1514498 year
833 Heavy truck and bus drivers	1.823095	region and 1.0719499 year
911 Cleaners and helpers	1.438852	0.9563272 region and year
432 Stores and transport clerks	2.093243	0.8517395 region and year
331 Financial and accounting associate professionals	1.079578	0.7062153 region and year
522 Shop staff	2.500507	0.6743597 region and year
533 Health care assistants	2.008445	0.6349934 region and year

ssyk	Increase in salary	F-value for age interaction
214 Engineering professionals	2.153132	0.5758246 region and year
243 Marketing and public relations professionals	1.702978	0.5743298 region and year
422 Client information clerks	1.363946	0.5084936 region and year
321 Medical and pharmaceutical technicians	2.820296	0.4615622 region and year
541 Other surveillance and security workers	2.488850	0.4542178 region and year
<pre>merge(summary_table, anova_table, c("ssyk", "interaction"), all = TRUE) %>% filter (term.x == "year_n") %>% filter (contcol.y > 1) %>% filter (interaction == "region, year and sex") %>% filter (!(contcol.y == 1 & interaction == "region, year and sex")) %>% mutate (estimate = (exp(estimate) - 1) * 100) %>% select (ssyk, estimate, statistic.y, interaction) %>% rename (`F-value for age` = statistic.y) %>% rename (`Increase in salary` = estimate) %>% arrange (desc (`F-value for age`)) %>% knitr::kable(booktabs = TRUE, caption = 'Correlation for F-value (region, year and sex) and the yearly increase in salaries')</pre>		

Table 5: Correlation for F-value (region, year and sex) and the yearly increase in salaries

ssyk	Increase in salary	F-value for interaction age
531 Child care workers and teachers aides	1.6212785	4.6701912 region, year and sex
541 Other surveillance and security workers	2.8239443	3.3698474 region, year and sex
218 Specialists within environmental and health protection	2.4738659	3.2049100 region, year and sex
331 Financial and accounting associate professionals	0.1908239	2.8847688 region, year and sex
351 ICT operations and user support technicians	0.3582487	2.5229634 region, year and sex
221 Medical doctors	-0.2578495	2.3158388 region, year and sex
411 Office assistants and other secretaries	1.9518139	1.7466381 region, year and sex
141 Primary and secondary schools and adult education managers	4.5500329	1.7360681 region, year and sex
512 Cooks and cold-buffet managers	3.9252389	1.7021536 region, year and sex
251 ICT architects, systems analysts and test managers	2.0097672	1.5905499 region, year and sex
242 Organisation analysts, policy administrators and human resource specialists	2.0886458	1.5752902 region, year and sex

ssyk	Increase in salary	F-value for interaction age
941 Fast-food workers, food preparation assistants	1.0629882	1.5615772 region, year and sex
232 Vocational education teachers	3.8326506	1.5493239 region, year and sex
235 Teaching professionals not elsewhere classified	1.2656111	1.2406770 region, year and sex
911 Cleaners and helpers	1.7251553	1.2122343 region, year and sex
332 Insurance advisers, sales and purchasing agents	3.6964107	0.9875563 region, year and sex
833 Heavy truck and bus drivers	1.8960959	0.9786211 region, year and sex
532 Personal care workers in health services	3.0120859	0.9603131 region, year and sex
335 Tax and related government associate professionals	2.8095715	0.9471462 region, year and sex
266 Social work and counselling professionals	4.1855410	0.9152029 region, year and sex
123 Administration and planning managers	3.9661945	0.8530921 region, year and sex
159 Other social services managers	2.6152072	0.8505913 region, year and sex
533 Health care assistants	1.8690208	0.7855258 region, year and sex
231 University and higher education teachers	1.6422359	0.7732961 region, year and sex
241 Accountants, financial analysts and fund managers	3.3332928	0.7520525 region, year and sex
333 Business services agents	0.9959201	0.7345545 region, year and sex
233 Secondary education teachers	3.7756980	0.6833044 region, year and sex
534 Attendants, personal assistants and related workers	1.8119543	0.6586806 region, year and sex
243 Marketing and public relations professionals	1.6359856	0.6487796 region, year and sex
214 Engineering professionals	2.2789556	0.6307550 region, year and sex
234 Primary- and pre-school teachers	4.7865061	0.6132542 region, year and sex
264 Authors, journalists and linguists	1.0415688	0.5809769 region, year and sex
222 Nursing professionals	5.2654653	0.5702894 region, year and sex
962 Newspaper distributors, janitors and other service workers	1.4942008	0.5531934 region, year and sex
522 Shop staff	2.9107242	0.5165112 region, year and sex
321 Medical and pharmaceutical technicians	3.4804846	0.4863120 region, year and sex

ssyk	Increase in salary	F-value for interaction age
341 Social work and religious associate professionals	0.7370630	0.3372004 region, year and sex
311 Physical and engineering science technicians	2.1802298	0.3313909 region, year and sex
261 Legal professionals	2.2233855	0.2620376 region, year and sex
432 Stores and transport clerks	1.7998663	0.1870227 region, year and sex
422 Client information clerks	1.0842242	0.1733253 region, year and sex
336 Police officers	3.2164461	0.1482551 region, year and sex

Let's check what we have found.

```
temp <- tb %>%
  filter(`occuptional (SSYK 2012)` == "234 Primary- and pre-school teachers")
model <-lm (log(salary) ~ year_n + sex + NUTS2_sh, data = temp)
plot model(model, type = "pred", terms = c("NUTS2 sh"))</pre>
```

Model has log-transformed response. Back-transforming predictions to original response scale. Standard errors are still on the log-scale.

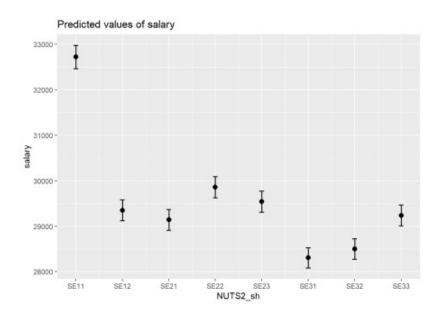


Figure 3: Highest F-value region, Primary- and pre-school teachers

```
tb_map %>%
    filter(`occuptional (SSYK 2012)` == "234 Primary- and pre-school teachers")
%>%
    ggplot() +
        geom_polygon(mapping = aes(x = ggplot_long, y = ggplot_lat, group = lnkod,
fill = salary)) +
        facet_grid(. ~ year) +
        coord equal()
```

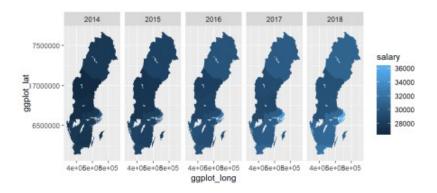


Figure 4: Highest F-value region, Primary- and pre-school teachers

```
temp <- tb %>%
  filter(`occuptional (SSYK 2012)` == "911 Cleaners and helpers")
model <-lm (log(salary) ~ year_n + sex + NUTS2_sh, data = temp)
plot model(model, type = "pred", terms = c("NUTS2 sh"))</pre>
```

Model has log-transformed response. Back-transforming predictions to original response scale. Standard errors are still on the log-scale.

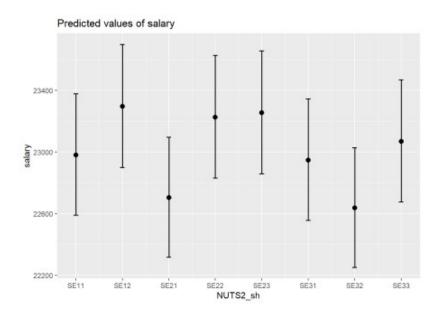


Figure 5: Lowest F-value region, Cleaners and helpers

```
temp <- tb %>%
  filter(`occuptional (SSYK 2012)` == "331 Financial and accounting associate
professionals")

model <-lm (log(salary) ~ year_n + sex * NUTS2_sh, data = temp)

plot_model(model, type = "pred", terms = c("NUTS2_sh", "sex"))

## Model has log-transformed response. Back-transforming predictions to original</pre>
```

response scale. Standard errors are still on the log-scale.

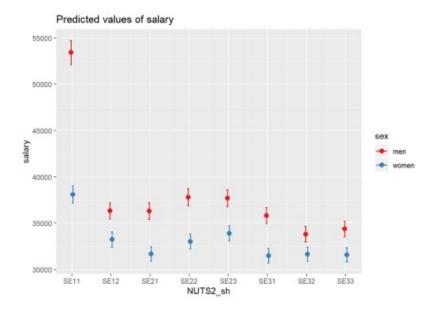


Figure 6: Highest F-value interaction gender and region, Financial and accounting associate professionals

```
tb_map %>%
    filter(`occuptional (SSYK 2012)` == "331 Financial and accounting associate
professionals") %>%
    filter (sex == "men") %>%
    ggplot() +
        geom_polygon(mapping = aes(x = ggplot_long, y = ggplot_lat, group = lnkod,
fill = salary)) +
        facet_grid(. ~ year) +
        coord equal()
```

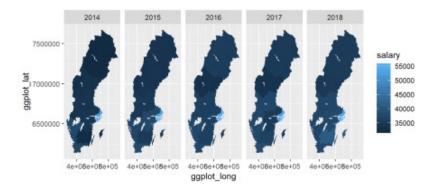


Figure 7: Highest F-value interaction gender and region, Financial and accounting associate professionals

```
tb_map %>%
    filter(`occuptional (SSYK 2012)` == "331 Financial and accounting associate
professionals") %>%
    filter (sex == "women") %>%
    ggplot() +
        geom_polygon(mapping = aes(x = ggplot_long, y = ggplot_lat, group = lnkod,
```

```
fill = salary)) +
    facet_grid(. ~ year) +
    coord_equal()
```

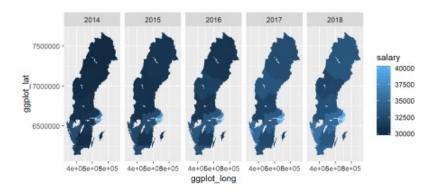


Figure 8: Highest F-value interaction gender and region, Financial and accounting associate professionals

```
temp <- tb %>%
  filter(`occuptional (SSYK 2012)` == "222 Nursing professionals")

model <-lm (log(salary) ~ year_n + sex * NUTS2_sh, data = temp)

plot_model(model, type = "pred", terms = c("NUTS2_sh", "sex"))

## Model has log-transformed response. Back-transforming predictions to original response scale. Standard errors are still on the log-scale.</pre>
```

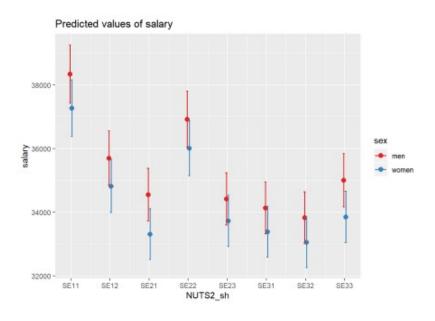


Figure 9: Lowest F-value interaction gender and region, Nursing professionals

```
temp <- tb %>%
  filter(`occuptional (SSYK 2012)` == "222 Nursing professionals")
model <-lm (log(salary) ~ year_n * NUTS2_sh + sex , data = temp)</pre>
```

```
plot_model(model, type = "pred", terms = c("NUTS2_sh", "year_n"))
```

Model has log-transformed response. Back-transforming predictions to original response scale. Standard errors are still on the log-scale.

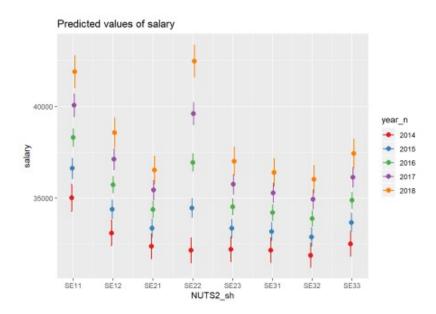


Figure 10: Highest F-value interaction year and region, Nursing professionals

```
tb_map %>%
  filter(`occuptional (SSYK 2012)` == "222 Nursing professionals") %>%
  ggplot() +
    geom_polygon(mapping = aes(x = ggplot_long, y = ggplot_lat, group = lnkod,
fill = salary)) +
    facet_grid(. ~ year) +
    coord equal()
```

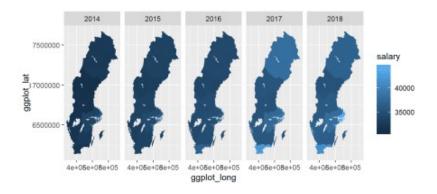


Figure 11: Highest F-value interaction year and region, Nursing professionals

```
temp <- tb %>% filter(`occuptional (SSYK 2012)` == "541 Other surveillance and security workers")
```

```
model <-lm (log(salary) ~ year_n * NUTS2_sh + sex , data = temp)
plot model(model, type = "pred", terms = c("NUTS2 sh", "year n"))</pre>
```

Model has log-transformed response. Back-transforming predictions to original response scale. Standard errors are still on the log-scale.

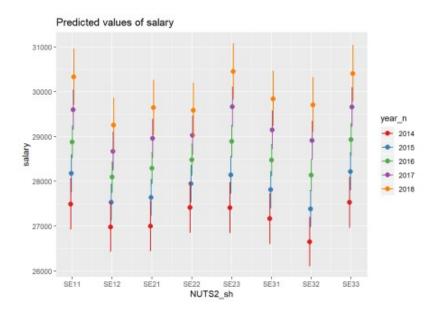


Figure 12: Lowest F-value interaction year and region, Other surveillance and security workers

```
temp <- tb %>%
  filter(`occuptional (SSYK 2012)` == "531 Child care workers and teachers
aides")

model <-lm (log(salary) ~ year_n * NUTS2_sh * sex , data = temp)

plot_model(model, type = "pred", terms = c("NUTS2_sh", "year_n", "sex"))</pre>
```

Model has log-transformed response. Back-transforming predictions to original response scale. Standard errors are still on the log-scale.

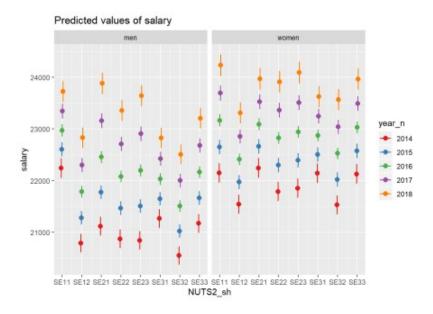


Figure 13: Highest F-value interaction region, year and gender, Child care workers and teachers aides

tb map %>%

```
filter(`occuptional (SSYK 2012)` == "531 Child care workers and teachers
aides") %>%
  filter (sex == "men") %>%
  ggplot() +
    geom_polygon(mapping = aes(x = ggplot_long, y = ggplot_lat, group = lnkod,
fill = salary)) +
    facet_grid(. ~ year) +
    coord_equal()
```

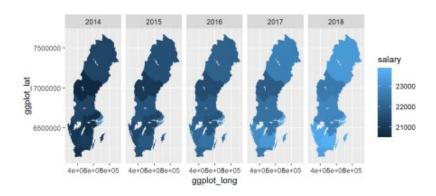


Figure 14: Highest F-value interaction region, year and gender, Child care workers and teachers aides

```
tb_map %>%
    filter(`occuptional (SSYK 2012)` == "531 Child care workers and teachers
aides") %>%
    filter (sex == "women") %>%
    ggplot() +
        geom_polygon(mapping = aes(x = ggplot_long, y = ggplot_lat, group = lnkod,
fill = salary)) +
        facet_grid(. ~ year) +
        coord equal()
```

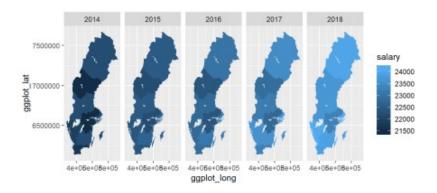


Figure 15: Highest F-value interaction region, year and gender, Child care workers and teachers aides

```
temp <- tb %>%
  filter(`occuptional (SSYK 2012)` == "336 Police officers")

model <-lm (log(salary) ~ year_n * NUTS2_sh * sex , data = temp)

plot_model(model, type = "pred", terms = c("NUTS2_sh", "year_n", "sex"))

## Model has log-transformed response. Back-transforming predictions to original response scale. Standard errors are still on the log-scale.</pre>
```

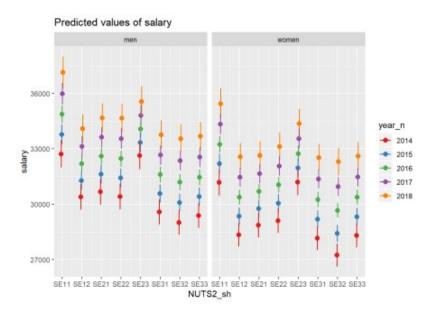


Figure 16: Lowest F-value interaction region, year and gender, Police officers