

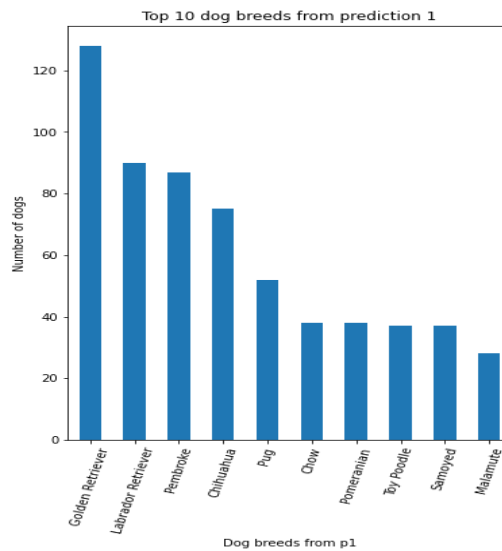
Insight and data visualization of WeRateDogs

Introduction

This report is made from cleaned and combined dataset of twitter-archive-enhanced.csv, image_prediction.tsv and tweeter_jason from WeRateDogs tweeter account.

1. Top 10 dog breeds from three predictions

The top 10 dog breeds are taken from predictions of prediction 1 where prediction confidence level is true. Through prediction 1, the count of top 10 dog breeds are widely spread that the top 10 breeds has standard deviation of 32. This means few breeds have higher prediction chance than most of the breeds.



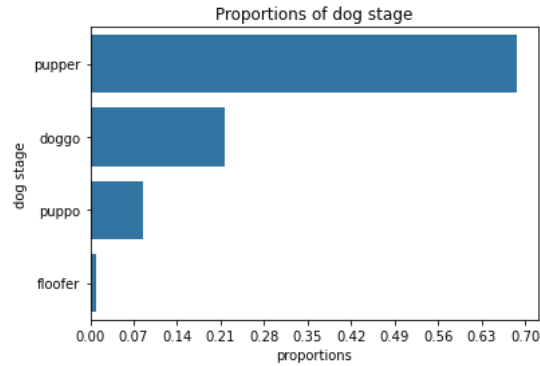
The average confidence level when prediction is true or false is given below.

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True      61.480154
False     53.444334
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This shows that prediction made by neural network has higher confidence level when prediction is true than when prediction is false.

2. Proportions of dog stage

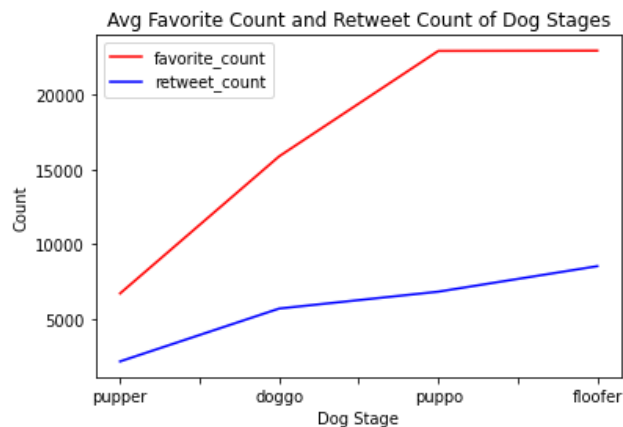
After removing missing dog stage in cleaned dataset, the proportion of dog stage as per the tweeter count is shown in the below figure. This shows that in internet most people like medium to large sized puppies where they name “pupper” and they least like floofer, fluffy dog.



The proportion of dog stage is in order of pupper, doggo, puppo, and floofer. This order is reversed when we order dog stage as per their average rating ratio.

<u>Counts of dog stage</u>		<u>Average rating ratio</u>	
pupper	218	floofer	1.266667
doggo	69	puppo	1.214815
puppo	27	doggo	1.160870
floofer	3	pupper	1.054248

When we counted average favorite counts and average retweet counts of four dog stage, it showed that these average two counts showed same order for all four dog stages. In counts, average favorite counts are higher than average retweet counts.



3. Counts of Retweet and Favorite tweets over time

It is obvious that favorite tweet tends to get more retweet. Even though very few retweet and favorite tweet have outliers, these two counts are highly correlated that is Pearson correlation of 0.91.

