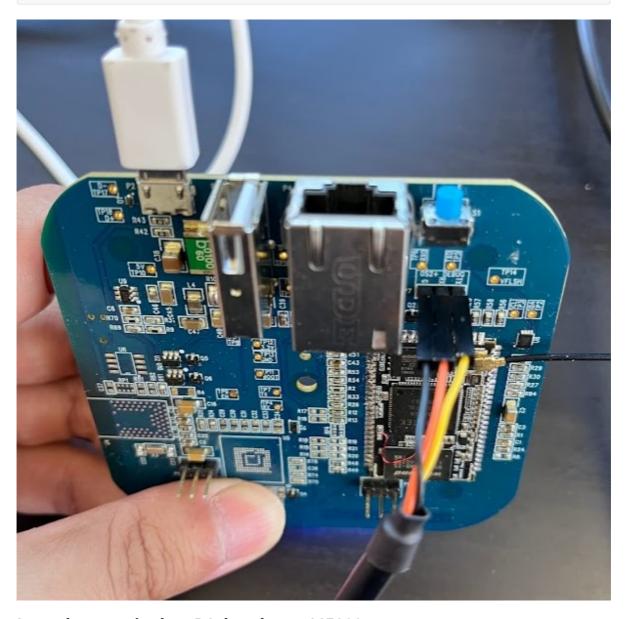
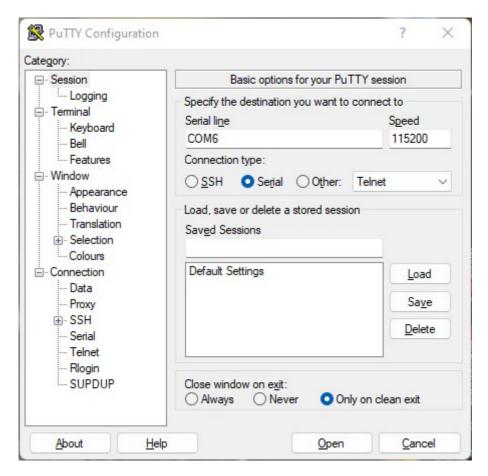
# **Connect UART to computer**

UART:

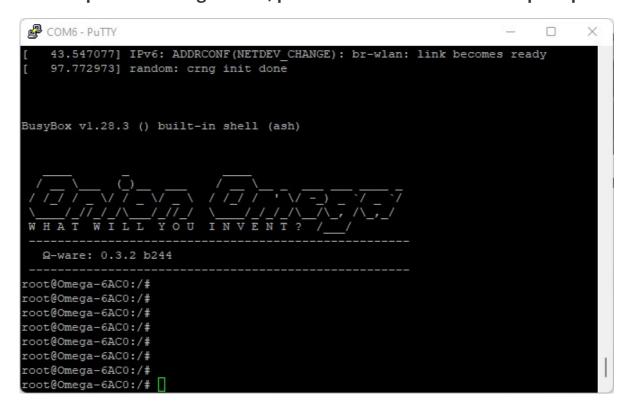
Black: GND Orage: Rx Yellow: Tx



Launch a terminal on PC, baud rate 115200



Power up a SmartBridge board, press 'ENTER' to see command prompt '#'



Screen UART by typing in command, and press 'ENTER' twice:

```
screen /dev/ttyS1 115200
```

## Print the current settings:

```
parameters_print

wart_cli:~$
uart_cli:~$
uart_cli:~$ parameters_print

Parameters:
Data rate: RADIO_MODE_MODE_Ble_1Mbit
TX power: RADIO_TXPOWER_TXPOWER_OdBm
Transmission pattern: TRANSMIT_PATTERN_RANDOM
Start Channel: 0
End Channel: 80
Time on each channel: 10 ms
Duty cycle: 50 percent
uart_cli:~$ [
```

#### Set output power:

```
output_power pos4dBm
```

Note: Available power setting are below in nrf52840\_bitfields.h:

```
#define RADIO_TXPOWER_TXPOWER_Pos (OUL) /*!< Position of TXPOWER field. */
```

```
#define RADIO_TXPOWER_TXPOWER_Msk (0xfful << RADIO_TXPOWER_TXPOWER_Pos) /*!< Bit
mask of TXPOWER field. */
#define RADIO_TXPOWER_TXPOWER_OdBm (0x0UL) /*!< 0 dBm */</pre>
#define RADIO_TXPOWER_TXPOWER_Pos2dBm (0x2UL) /*!< +2 dBm */</pre>
#define RADIO_TXPOWER_TXPOWER_Pos3dBm (0x3UL) /*!< +3 dBm */</pre>
#define RADIO_TXPOWER_TXPOWER_Pos4dBm (0x4UL) /*!< +4 dBm */</pre>
#define RADIO_TXPOWER_TXPOWER_Pos5dBm (0x5uL) /*!< +5 dBm */</pre>
#define RADIO_TXPOWER_TXPOWER_Pos6dBm (0x6UL) /*!< +6 dBm */</pre>
#define RADIO_TXPOWER_TXPOWER_Pos7dBm (0x7UL) /*!< +7 dBm */</pre>
#define RADIO_TXPOWER_TXPOWER_Pos8dBm (0x8UL) /*!< +8 dBm */</pre>
#define RADIO_TXPOWER_TXPOWER_Neg40dBm (0xD8UL) /*!< -40 dBm */</pre>
#define RADIO_TXPOWER_TXPOWER_Neg30dBm (0xE2UL) /*!< Deprecated enumerator - -40
dBm */
#define RADIO_TXPOWER_TXPOWER_Neg20dBm (0xECUL) /*!< -20 dBm */</pre>
#define RADIO_TXPOWER_TXPOWER_Neg16dBm (0xF0UL) /*!< -16 dBm */</pre>
#define RADIO_TXPOWER_TXPOWER_Neg12dBm (0xF4UL) /*!< -12 dBm */</pre>
#define RADIO_TXPOWER_TXPOWER_Neg8dBm (0xF8UL) /*!< -8 dBm */</pre>
#define RADIO_TXPOWER_TXPOWER_Neg4dBm (0xFCUL) /*!< -4 dBm */</pre>
```

### Select frequency:

```
# The frequency will be 2400 Mhz+fnum Mhz
# For example 2424Mhz, type in 'start_channel 24'
```

### Type pattern command:

```
transmit_pattern pattern_11110000
```

#### To start radio Tx, type:

```
start_duty_cycle_modulated_tx 100
```

```
COM6 - PuTTY
                                                                        uart cli:~$
uart_cli:~$ parameters_print
Parameters:
Data rate: RADIO_MODE_MODE_Ble_1Mbit
TX power: RADIO TXPOWER TXPOWER OdBm
Transmission pattern: TRANSMIT PATTERN RANDOM
Start Channel: 0
End Channel: 80
Time on each channel: 10 ms
Duty cycle: 50 percent
uart_cli:~$ output_power pos8dBm
TX power: RADIO_TXPOWER_TXPOWER_Pos8dBm
uart_cli:~$ start_channel 24
Start channel set to: 24.
uart_cli:~$ transmit_pattern pattern_11110000
Transmission pattern: TRANSMIT PATTERN 11110000.
uart_cli:~$ start_duty_cycle_modulated_tx 5
uart cli:~$
```

Note: If the duty cycle is too low(like 5%), a lower power will be ovserved. It is recommended to use duty cycle >80%.

### To stop radio Tx, type:

```
cancel
```

#### To start radio Rx:

```
start_rx
```

#### To stop radio Rx:

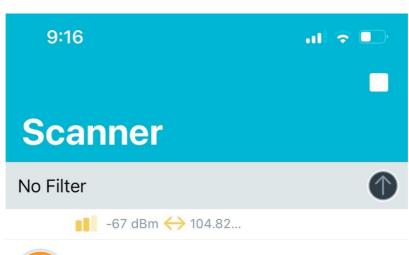
```
cancel
```

#### **Automatic mode:**

Use the hardware for automatic mode testing, the BLE\_BLINKY firmware is programmed.

Download 'nRF connect' app on a cell phone. Open the app and start scan.

You will see a device called 'Nordic\_Blinky'.





### **Beacon**

Flags: 0 (version: 1)

Scenario Type: Advertising Beacon <0x01>

Reserved: 02 Version: 0

Hash: bc5dfd0941292f5907

Salt: 4b1cc70f

Beacon Type: 9 (WindowsDesktop)
Manufacturer Data: Microsoft <0x0006>

010920024b1cc70fbc5dfd0941292f59076eba37ad

f44309bfd0b9





# Nordic\_Blinky

Connect

Services: Nordic LED and Button Service





# Google

Services: FE9F Service Data: FE9F

0-00-00-00-00-00

Manufacturer Data: Google <0x00E0>

026aca7b2121









