# CCA exmaples

STAT 32950-24620

Spring 2025 (wk3)

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# Check data format

```
library(ade4); data(olympic); str(olympic)
```

```
## List of 2
## $ tab :'data.frame':
                           33 obs. of 10 variables:
     ..$ 100 : num [1:33] 11.2 10.9 11.2 10.6 11 ...
     ..$ long: num [1:33] 7.43 7.45 7.44 7.38 7.43 7.72 7.(
     ..$ poid: num [1:33] 15.5 15 14.2 15 12.9 ...
##
     ..$ haut: num [1:33] 2.27 1.97 1.97 2.03 1.97 2.12 2.0
     ..$ 400 : num [1:33] 48.9 47.7 48.3 49.1 47.4 ...
##
     ..$ 110 : num [1:33] 15.1 14.5 14.8 14.7 14.4 ...
##
     ..$ disg: num [1:33] 49.3 44.4 43.7 44.8 41.2 ...
     ..$ perc: num [1:33] 4.7 5.1 5.2 4.9 5.2 4.9 5.7 4.8 4
##
     ..$ jave: num [1:33] 61.3 61.8 64.2 64 57.5 ...
     ..$ 1500: num [1:33] 269 273 263 285 257 ...
   $ score: num [1:33] 8488 8399 8328 8306 8286 ...
```

# Canonical Correlation Analysis

**Example**: Olympic records of 33 decathletes

#### Events:

```
100 meters (100), long jump (long), shotput (poid), high jump (haut), 400 meters (400), 110-meter hurdles (110), discus throw (disq), pole vault (perc), javelin (jave), 1500 meters (1500).
```

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#### Check data observations

#### head(olympic\$tab,4)[,1:8]

```
## 100 long poid haut 400 110 disq perc

## 1 11.25 7.43 15.48 2.27 48.90 15.13 49.28 4.7

## 2 10.87 7.45 14.97 1.97 47.71 14.46 44.36 5.1

## 3 11.18 7.44 14.20 1.97 48.29 14.81 43.66 5.2

## 4 10.62 7.38 15.02 2.03 49.06 14.72 44.80 4.9

tail(olympic$tab,4)[,2:10]
```

```
## long poid haut 400 110 disq perc jave 1500

## 30 7.09 12.94 1.82 49.27 15.56 42.32 4.5 53.50 293.9

## 31 6.22 13.98 1.91 51.25 15.88 46.18 4.6 57.84 295.0

## 32 6.43 12.33 1.94 50.30 15.00 38.72 4.0 57.26 293.7

## 33 7.19 10.27 1.91 50.71 16.20 34.36 4.1 54.94 270.0
```

#### Partial data summary

```
colMeans(olympic$tab[,1:5]); colMeans(olympic$tab[,6:10])
                                   400
            long
                   poid
                          haut
## 11.196 7.133 13.976 1.983 49.277
       110
              disq
                      perc
                               iave
                                       1500
   15.049 42.354
                     4.739
                            59.439 276.038
summary(olympic$tab[,1:3])
         100
##
                        long
                                        poid
    Min.
           :10.6
                   Min.
                           :6.22
                                   Min.
                                          :10.3
    1st Qu.:11.0
                   1st Qu.:7.00
                                  1st Qu.:13.2
                   Median:7.09
    Median:11.2
                                  Median:14.1
           :11.2
                          :7.13
    Mean
                   Mean
                                  Mean
                                          :14.0
    3rd Qu.:11.4
                   3rd Qu.:7.37
                                   3rd Qu.:15.0
                           :7.72
                                          :16.6
           :11.6
    Max.
                   Max.
                                  Max.
```

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### Correlation among variables

```
round(cor(olympic$tab[,1:10]),1)

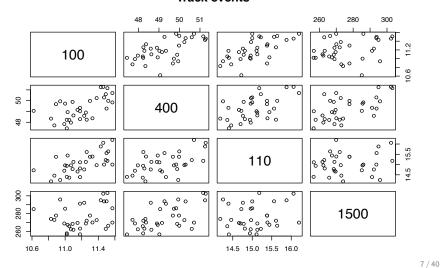
##          100 long poid haut     400     110 disq perc jave 1500
## 100     1.0 -0.5 -0.2 -0.1     0.6     0.6     0.0 -0.4 -0.1     0.3
## long -0.5     1.0     0.1     0.3 -0.5 -0.5     0.0     0.3     0.2 -0.4
## poid -0.2     0.1     1.0     0.1     0.1 -0.3     0.8     0.5     0.6     0.3
## haut -0.1     0.3     0.1     1.0 -0.1 -0.3     0.1     0.2     0.1 -0.1
## 400     0.6 -0.5     0.1 -0.1     1.0     0.5     0.1 -0.3     0.1     0.6
## 110     0.6 -0.5 -0.3 -0.3     0.5     1.0 -0.1 -0.5 -0.1     0.1
## disq     0.0     0.0     0.8     0.1     0.1 -0.1     1.0     0.3     0.4     0.4
## perc -0.4     0.3     0.5     0.2 -0.3 -0.5     0.3     1.0     0.3     0.0
## jave -0.1     0.2     0.6     0.1     0.1 -0.1     0.4     0.3     1.0     0.1
## 1500     0.3 -0.4     0.3 -0.1     0.6     0.1     0.4     0.0     0.1     1.0
```

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#### Track event records

```
pairs(olympic$tab[,c(1,5,6,10)],main="Track events")
```

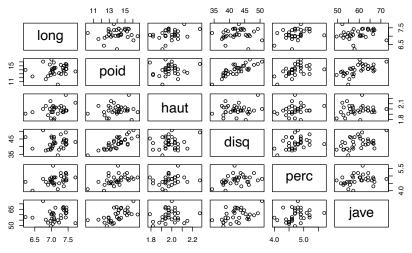
#### **Track events**



#### Field event records

pairs(olympic\$tab[,-c(1,5,6,10)],main="Field events")

#### Field events



# Objective: Relation of performance in the two event groups

We are interested in the relationship between

- Performance in track events
- Performance in field events

Group the variables into two vectors:

```
X = (X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4), a vector vector of track records Y = (Y_1, Y_2, Y_3, Y_4, Y_5, Y_6), a vector of field records \times (-1) X= olympic$tab[,c(1,5,6,10)] Yold= olympic$tab[,c(2,3,4,7,8,9)] Y = (-1) * Yold
```

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# Sample covariance of Y (field)

```
\mathcal{S}_{22} = \hat{\Sigma}_{22}, a q \times q matrix, q = 6.
```

S22 = cov(Y)round(S22,2)

```
## long poid haut disq perc jave
## long 0.09 0.06 0.01 0.05 0.04 0.30
## poid 0.06 1.77 0.02 3.99 0.21 4.38
## haut 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.05 0.01 0.06
## disq 0.05 3.99 0.05 13.83 0.43 9.05
## perc 0.04 0.21 0.01 0.43 0.11 0.50
## jave 0.30 4.38 0.06 9.05 0.50 30.21
```

# Sample covariance of X (track)

$$S_{11} = \hat{\Sigma}_{11}$$
, a  $p \times p$  matrix,  $p = 4$ .

$$S11 = cov(X)$$
  
round(S11,2)

```
## 100 400 110 1500
## 100 0.06 0.16 0.08 0.87
## 400 0.16 1.14 0.30 8.58
## 110 0.08 0.30 0.26 0.99
## 1500 0.87 8.58 0.99 186.52
```

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### Sample covariance matrix between X and Y

$$S_{12} = \hat{\Sigma}_{12}$$
  $(p \times q \; matrix)$ 

```
S12=cov(X,Y)
round(S12,2)
```

```
## long poid haut disq perc jave
## 100 0.04 0.07 0.00 0.04 0.03 0.09
## 400 0.17 -0.13 0.01 -0.57 0.11 -0.71
## 110 0.07 0.20 0.01 0.21 0.09 0.17
## 1500 1.64 -4.89 0.15 -20.43 0.14 -7.23
```

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#### Sample covariance matrix between Y and X

$$S_{21} = \hat{\Sigma}_{21} = \hat{\Sigma}_{12}' = S_{12}'$$
  $(q \times p \; \textit{matrix})$ 

#### round(cov(Y,X),2)

```
## 100 400 110 1500

## long 0.04 0.17 0.07 1.64

## poid 0.07 -0.13 0.20 -4.89

## haut 0.00 0.01 0.01 0.15

## disq 0.04 -0.57 0.21 -20.43

## perc 0.03 0.11 0.09 0.14

## jave 0.09 -0.71 0.17 -7.23
```

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# Canonical Correlation Analysis (population CCA)

Find

$$U_1 = a_1' X, \quad V_1 = b_1' Y$$

such that for all vectors  $a \in \mathbb{R}^4$  and vectors  $b \in \mathbb{R}^6$ ,

$$Corr(U_1, V_1) = \max_{a,b} Corr(a'X, b'Y)$$

Note: Multiples of a or b do not change the correlation.

⇒ Imposing necessary constraints (normalizations)

$$Var(U_1) = a'_1 S_{11} a_1 = 1,$$
  $Var(V_1) = b'_1 S_{22} b_1 = 1.$ 

#### Overall sample covariance matrix and correlation matrix

$$\widehat{Cov} \left[ \begin{array}{c} X \\ Y \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{cc} S_{11} & S_{12} \\ S_{21} & S_{22} \end{array} \right]$$

#### round(cor(cbind(X,Y)),1)

```
## 100 400 110 1500 long poid haut disq perc jave
## 100 1.0 0.6 0.6 0.3 0.5 0.2 0.1 0.0 0.4 0.1
## 400 0.6 1.0 0.5 0.6 0.5 -0.1 0.1 -0.1 0.3 -0.1
## 110 0.6 0.5 1.0 0.1 0.5 0.3 0.3 0.1 0.5 0.1
## 1500 0.3 0.6 0.1 1.0 0.4 -0.3 0.1 -0.4 0.0 -0.1
## long 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.4 1.0 0.1 0.3 0.0 0.3 0.2
## poid 0.2 -0.1 0.3 -0.3 0.1 1.0 0.1 0.8 0.5 0.6
## haut 0.1 0.1 0.3 0.1 0.3 0.1 1.0 0.1 0.2 0.1
## disq 0.0 -0.1 0.1 -0.4 0.0 0.8 0.1 1.0 0.3 0.4
## perc 0.4 0.3 0.5 0.0 0.3 0.5 0.2 0.3 1.0 0.3
## jave 0.1 -0.1 0.1 -0.1 0.2 0.6 0.1 0.4 0.3 1.0
```

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# Review population CCA derivation in class

 $a_1$  is an e-vector of matrix  $\ A=\Sigma_{11}^{-1}\Sigma_{12}\Sigma_{22}^{-1}\Sigma_{21}$  w.r.t. e-value  $\ 
ho_1^{*2}.$ 

 $b_1$  is an e-vector of matrix  $B = \sum_{22}^{-1} \sum_{11} \sum_{12}^{-1} \sum_{12}$  w.r.t. e-value  $\rho_1^{*2}$ .

$$Corr(U_1, V_1) = Corr(a'_1 X, b'_1 Y) = \rho_1^*$$

A and B share the same non-zero eigenvalues,

because for  $C = \Sigma_{11}^{1/2} \Sigma_{12} \Sigma_{22}^{-1/2}$ ,

 $A = \Sigma_{11}^{-1/2}(CC')\Sigma_{11}^{1/2} \implies A \text{ and } CC' \text{ share the same e-values.}$ 

 $B = \Sigma_{22}^{-1/2}(C'C)\Sigma_{22}^{1/2} \implies A \text{ and } CC' \text{ share the same e-values.}$ 

C'C and CC' share the same non-zero eigenvalues ordered as

$$\rho_1^{*2} \ge \rho_2^{*2} \ge \dots \ge \rho_r^{*2} \ge 0, \quad r = \min(p, q)$$

# Properties of p-by-p matrix CC' and q-by-q matrix C'C

- Symmetric (CC')' = CC', (C'C)' = C'C
- Positive semi-definite: For any  $v \in \mathbb{R}^p$ ,  $w \in \mathbb{R}^q$ ,

$$v'CC'v = ||C'v||^2 \ge 0, \quad w'C'Cw = ||Cw||^2 \ge 0$$

• Share the same non-zero eigenvalues:

If 
$$(CC')v = \lambda v \neq 0$$
, then  $(C'C)w = \lambda w$  for  $w = C'v \neq 0$   
If  $(C'C)w = \delta w \neq 0$  then  $(CC')v = \delta v$  for  $v = Cw \neq 0$ 

- Have the same rank  $\leq r = \min(p, q)$
- Their common non-zero eigenvalues can be ordered as

$$\rho_1^{*2} \ge \rho_2^{*2} \ge \dots \ge \rho_r^{*2} \ge 0$$

 The above results are related to the Singular Value Decomposition of matrices.

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# Canonical correlation pairs (population CCA)

We may further derive more canonical variates

$$(U_i, V_i) = (a_i'X, b_i'Y)$$

with

$$Cor(U_i, V_i) = \rho_i^*$$

for  $i = 1, \dots, r$ , with the properties

- $Corr(U_i, U_i) = 0$ ,
- $Corr(V_i, V_j) = 0$
- $Corr(U_i, V_j) = 0$ , if  $i \neq j$ .

**Discussion**: What should be the pattern of the covariance matrix of all canonical variates?

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### Verify eigenvalue-eigenvector structure of sample estimates

```
\hat{A} = S_{11}^{-1} S_{12} S_{22}^{-1} S_{21} and \hat{B} = S_{22}^{-1} S_{21} S_{11}^{-1} S_{12}

A=\text{solve(S11)}\%\%S12\%\%solve(S22)\%\%\%t(S12)

eigen(A)
```

```
## eigen() decomposition
## $values
## [1] 0.54252 0.25775 0.18827 0.05094
##
## $vectors
## [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]
## [1,] -0.72944 -0.26290 0.17699 -0.9549978
## [2,] 0.04499 0.33960 -0.83082 0.0676619
## [3,] -0.68235 -0.90274 0.52540 0.2887910
## [4,] -0.01695 0.02474 0.04868 0.0009303
```

# What is the norm normalization of the eigenvectors?

Comparison: norm normalization use here vs CCA (later)

## [1] 0.7369 0.5079 0.4336 0.2258

```
a1 = eigen(A)$vector[,1]
t(a1)%*%S11%*%a1

##    [,1]
## [1,] 0.2881

t(a1)%*%a1  # = sum((a1^2) = 1

##    [,1]
## [1,] 1

sqrt(round(eigen(A)$value,3))  # sqrt(lambda)=rho
```

# Do A and B have common > 0 eigenvalues?

```
B=solve(S22)%*%t(S12)%*%solve(S11)%*%S12
eigen(B); sqrt(round(eigen(B)$value,3)) #sqrt(lambda)=rho
## eigen() decomposition
## $values
## [1] 5.425e-01 2.578e-01 1.883e-01 5.094e-02 1.556e-
##
## $vectors
##
            [,1]
                      [,2]
                               [,3]
                                          [,4]
                                                   [,5]
## [1,] 0.67083 0.453859 0.141926 0.2871489 -0.02480 (
## [2,] 0.14297 -0.227601 -0.131795 0.0620849 -0.40727 -(
## [3,] 0.64547 -0.852181 -0.937627 -0.9137452 0.78403 (
## [4,] -0.05468 -0.004922 0.056165 -0.0001737 0.06927 (
## [5,] 0.33119 -0.125720 0.283033 -0.2805955 0.45193 -(
## [6,] -0.01544 0.012930 -0.008962 0.0051759 0.09887 (
## [1] 0.7369 0.5079 0.4336 0.2258 0.0000 0.0000
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```

#### The canonical correlations

$$\Rightarrow \rho_1^* = Corr(U_1, V_1) = 0.74,$$

$$\rho_2^* = Corr(U_2, V_2) = 0.51,$$

$$\rho_3^* = Corr(U_3, V_3) = 0.44,$$

$$\rho_4^* = Corr(U_4, V_4) = 0.23.$$

 $\rho_i^{*2}$  are the eigenvalues of matrices  $\hat{A} = S_{11}^{-1} S_{12} S_{22}^{-1} S_{21}$  and  $\hat{B} = S_{22}^{-1} S_{21} S_{11}^{-1} S_{12}$ and CC' and C'C

# CCA by R

```
attributes(cancor(X,Y))
## $names
## [1] "cor"
                           "vcoef"
                                    "xcenter" "ycenter"
                "xcoef"
#"cor" "xcoef" "ycoef" "xcenter" "ycenter"
cancor(X,Y)$cor # comp. w/ A, B root e-values
## [1] 0.7366 0.5077 0.4339 0.2257
```

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#### Coefficient vectors $b_i$ of the canonical variates

```
cancor(X,Y)$ycoef
```

```
[,2]
               [,1]
                                      [,3]
                                                   [,4]
                                                              [,5]
## long -0.374504 -0.246936 0.152525 -0.3628867 -0.245003
## poid -0.079817 0.123834 -0.141638 -0.0784603 0.045620
## haut -0.360350 0.463656 -1.007652 1.1547527 -1.091883
## disq 0.030528 0.002678 0.060359 0.0002195 -0.038856
## perc -0.184896  0.068402  0.304171  0.3546048  0.357047
## jave 0.008621 -0.007035 -0.009631 -0.0065411 0.008231
            -0.374504
            -0.079817
\Rightarrow b_1 = \begin{vmatrix} -0.360350 \\ 0.030528 \\ 0.101000 \end{vmatrix}, b_2 = \cdots, b_3 = \cdots, b_4 = \cdots
```

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### Coefficient vectors $a_i$ of the canonical variates, their norm

### cancor(X,Y)\$xcoef [,1][,2][,3] [,4]## 100 -0.240222 0.075806 -0.05036 -0.9973029 ## 400 0.014818 -0.097923 0.23637 0.0706592 ## 110 -0.224716 0.260302 -0.14948 0.3015841 ## 1500 -0.005583 -0.007135 -0.01385 0.0009715 $a1 = cancor(X,Y) \\ xcoef[,1] # sum(a1^2) #.1085$ round((t(a1)%\*%cov(X)%\*%a1)\*length(X[,1]),1) #1.031 ## [,1]## [1,] 1 $\begin{bmatrix} 0.014818 \\ -0.224716 \end{bmatrix}$ , $a_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -0.097923 \\ 0.260302 \end{bmatrix}$ , $a_3 = \cdots$ , $a_4 = \cdots$ $a_1 =$

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#### Pairs of canonical variables

$$\begin{array}{l} U_1 = -0.240(100m) - 0.015(400m) - 0.225(110h) - 0.006(1500m) \\ V_1 = -0.375(long) - 0.080(poid) - 0.360(haut) + 0.031(disc) \\ -0.185(perc) + 0.009(jave) \\ \\ U_2 = 0.076(100m) - 0.098(400m) - 0.260(110h) - 0.007(1500m) \\ V_2 = -0.247(long) + \dots \\ \\ U_3 = \dots \\ V_3 = \dots \end{array}$$

 $U_4 = \dots$  $V_4 = \dots$ 

### Centering and correlation

```
cancor(X,Y)$xcenter

## 100 400 110 1500
## 11.20 49.28 15.05 276.04

cancor(X,Y)$ycenter

## long poid haut disq perc jave
## -7.133 -13.976 -1.983 -42.354 -4.739 -59.439
```

#### Discussion:

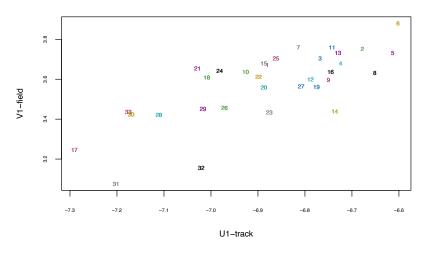
The role of center; the relation of correlation and centering.

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# Observations in canonical variate coordinates (U1,V1)

# Plot observations in canonical variate coordinates (U1,V1)

#### Decathlon performance (obs) by canonical variates (U1,V1)



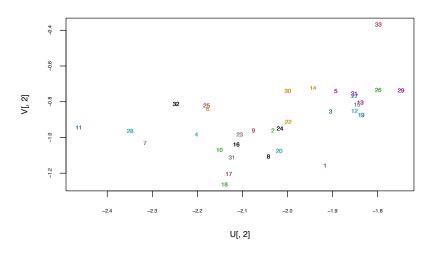
### Observations in canonical variate coordinates (U2,V2)

```
plot(U[,2],V[,2],type="n",cex.lab=.8,cex.axis=.5)
text(U[,2],V[,2],labels=row.names(X),cex=.6)
text(U[,2],V[,2],labels=row.names(X),cex=.6,col=2:34)
title(,cex.main=.9, main=
"Decathlon performance (obs) by canonical variates (U2,V2)'
```

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# Plot observations in canonical variate coordinates (U2,V2)

#### Decathlon performance (obs) by canonical variates (U2,V2)



# Original variables and cononical variates

What are the relative positions of the original variables under the (new) canonical variables?

In the  $(U_1, U_2)$  plane, the track variables

$$X_1(100m) = (-0.24, 0.076),$$

$$X_2(400m) = (-0.015, -0.098), \cdots$$

In the  $(V_1, V_2)$  plane, the field variables

$$Y_1(long) = (-0.375, -0.247),$$

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$$Y_6(jave) = \cdots$$

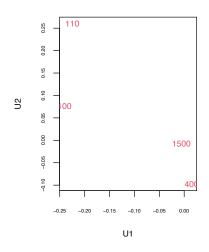
#### Variables in canonical var coordinates

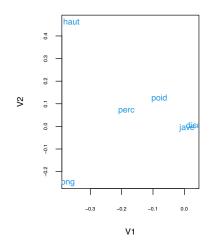
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#### Correlation matrix of canonical variables

#### Plot variables in canonical var coordinates





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#### Normalization in our CCA derivation

In our derivation of canonical correlation variable pairs

$$(U_i, V_i) = (a_i'X, b_i'Y),$$

we imposed the constraints

$$a_i'cov(X)a_j = \begin{cases} 1, & i = j \\ 0, & i \neq j \end{cases}$$

$$b_i'cov(Y)b_j = \begin{cases} 1, & i = j \\ 0, & i \neq j \end{cases}$$

### R command eigen(A) normalization

The command eigen(A) normalize the eigenvectors  $\tilde{a}_i$  of A by

$$\tilde{a_i}'\tilde{a_i}=1$$

#### t(eigen(A)\$vector)%\*%eigen(A)\$vector

```
## [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]

## [1,] 1.0000 0.82262 -0.52582 0.50258

## [2,] 0.8226 1.00000 -0.80177 0.01337

## [3,] -0.5258 -0.80177 1.00000 -0.07347

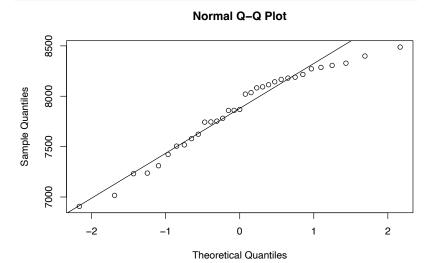
## [4,] 0.5026 0.01337 -0.07347 1.00000
```

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# Univariate QQ plot normality check

#### qqnorm(olympic\$score); qqline(olympic\$score)



### R command cancor(X,Y) normalization

R command cancor (X,Y) normalized canonical variates  $a_i^*$  by

$$n(a_i^{*'}cov(X)a_j^*) = \begin{cases} 1, & i = j \\ 0, & i \neq j \end{cases}$$

```
## [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]

## [1,] 1.031e+00 -2.862e-16 -2.290e-16 5.725e-17

## [2,] -1.717e-16 1.031e+00 -1.145e-16 5.009e-17

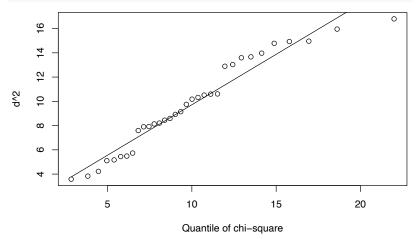
## [3,] -1.145e-16 -5.725e-17 1.031e+00 -5.188e-16

## [4,] 1.503e-16 1.145e-16 -4.293e-16 1.031e+00
```

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# Multivariate $\chi^2$ plot normality check

source("qqchi2.R"); qqchi2(olympic\$tab) #corr coeff=0.97



## [1] "correlation coefficient:"

## [1] 0.9727