Package 'SATS'

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Description This package is created to perform mutational signature analysis for targeted sequenced tumors. Unlike the canonical analysis of mutational signatures, SATS factorizes the mutation counts matrix into a panel context matrix (measuring the size of the targeted sequenced genome for each tumor in the unit of million base pairs (Mb)), a signature profile matrix, and a signature activity matrix. SATS also calculates the expected number of mutations attributed by a signature, namely signature expectancy, for each targeted sequenced tumor.

Imports stats, glmnet

Depends R (>= 4.1.0)

License GPL-2

NeedsCompilation yes

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Title SATS (Signature Analyzer for Targeted Sequencing)

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Description

This package is created to perform mutational signature analysis for targeted sequenced tumors. Unlike the canonical analysis of mutational signatures, SATS factorizes the mutation counts matrix into a panel context matrix (measuring the size of the targeted sequenced genome for each tumor in the unit of million base pairs (Mb)), a signature profile matrix, and a signature activity matrix. SATS also calculates the expected number of mutations attributed by a signature, namely signature expectancy, for each targeted sequenced tumor.

Details

This package includes a novel algorithm, SALMON, to perform mutational signature analysis for targeted sequenced tumors. The algorithm first applies the signeR algorithm to extract profiles of de novo mutational signatures by appropriately adjusting for various panel sizes. Next, the profiles of identified de novo mutational signatures are mapped to the profiles of catalog signatures of tumor mutation burden (TMB), in the unit of the number of mutations per million base pairs, using penalized non-negative least squares. Then, given the panel sizes and profiles of mapped TMB catalog signatures, signature activities are estimated for all samples simultaneously through the Expectation-Maximization (EM) algorithm. Finally, the expected number of mutations attributed by a signature, namely signature expectancy, is calculated for each targeted sequenced tumor.

The main functions in this package are EstimateSigActivity, CalculateSigExpectancy, and MappingSignature.

Author(s)

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References

Lee, D., Hua, M., Wang, D., Song, L., Yu, K., Yang, X., Shi, J., Landi, M., Zhu, B. The mutational signatures of 100,477 targeted sequenced tumors. Submitted.

CalculateSigExpectancy

CalculateSigExpectancy

Description

Estimation of the expected number of mutations attributed by TMB-based catalog signatures (signature expectancy) given the panel size matrix, the catalog signature profile matrix and the signature activities matrix.

Usage

CalculateSigExpectancy(L, W, H)

Arguments

L Panel size matrix or data frame with samples in columns

W Catalog signature profiles matrix or data frame with signatures in columns

H Activity matrix or data frame with samples in columns

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Details

The panel size matrix L is of size P (the mutation context) by N (the sample size). The catalog signature profile matrix has dimension of P by K (the number of signatures) and the activity matrix H is of size K by N. For single base substitutions (SBS), P is 96. If K is the number of signatures and N is the number of samples, then H must be of dimension K X N, ncol(L) = N, and ncol(W) = K.

Value

A matrix of dimension K X N, where K is the number of signatures and N is the number of samples.

Author(s)

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See Also

```
EstimateSigActivity
```

Examples

```
data(SimData, package="SATS")
CalculateSigExpectancy(SimData$L, SimData$TrueW_TMB, SimData$TrueH)
```

EstimateSigActivity EstimateSigActivity

Description

Estimation of signature activities given the original mutation type matrix, the panel size matrix, and the catalog signature profile matrix.

Usage

```
EstimateSigActivity(V, L, W, n.start=50, iter.max=5000, eps=1e-5)
```

Arguments

V	Mutation type matrix or data frame with samples in columns
L	Panel size matrix or data frame with samples in columns
W	Catalog signature profiles matrix or data frame with signatures in columns
n.start	Number of initializations. The default is 50.
iter.max	Maximum number iterations in the EM algorithm. The default is 5000.
eps	Stopping tolerance in the EM algorithm. The default is 1e-5.

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Details

The panel size matrix L and mutation type matrix V are of size P (the mutation context) by N (the sample size). The catalog signature profile matrix has dimension of P by K (the number of signatures). For single base substitutions (SBS), P is 96. For the objects V, L, and W, we must have $\dim(V) = \dim(L)$ and $\operatorname{ncol}(W) = K$, where K is the number of signatures. EstimateSigActivity() uses the EM algorithm is used to estimate signature n.start, iter.max and eps control EM part. Because the convergence to a local saddle point can be an issue of the EM algorithm, it would be good practice to try multiple initial values (n.start, the default is 50). For each initial value, the default value of the maximal iteration of the EM algorithm (iter.max) is 5000, and the stopping tolerance (eps) is set to 1e-5.

Value

A list containing the estimated activity matrix H, the log-likelihood loglike, and the logical value converged.

Author(s)

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See Also

```
CalculateSigExpectancy
```

Examples

```
data(SimData, package="SATS")

## Not run:
    EstimateSigActivity(SimData$V, SimData$L, SimData$W_TMB)

## End(Not run)
```

MappingSignature

Find a subset of TMB-based catalog SBS signatures

Description

This function finds a subset of TMB-based catalog SBS signatures whose linear combination approximate de novo SBS signatures detected by signeR.

Usage

```
MappingSignature(W_hat, W_ref=NULL, niter=100, cutoff.I2=0.1, min.repeats=80)
```

Arguments

W_hat	Matrix or data frame of de novo signatures from signeR
W_ref	NULL or a matrix or data frame of TMB-based catalog signatures. If NULL, then it will default to SimData\$W_TMB (see SimData).
niter	Number of iterations. The default is 100.

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cutoff. I2 Cutoff value to select signatures. The default is 0.1.

min.repeats Minimum number of iterations to select signatures with $I^2 > cutoff.I2$. The

default is 80.

Details

MappingSignature() applies penalized non-negative least squares (pNNLS) for selecting the TMB-based catalog signatures. Specifically, it repeats pNNLS 100 times (niter) to reduce the randomness of cross-validation involved in pNNLS. Then TMB-based catalog signatures are selected with a coefficient greater than 0.1 (cutoff.I2) in more than 80 repeats (min.repeats).

Value

A data frame with column names of W_{ref} (it returns COSMIC SBS names if COSMIC catlog based reference signatures are used) and freq (the number of repetitions greater than cutoff coefficient values out of niter iterations).

Author(s)

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SimData Data for examples

Description

Simulated data as an example

Details

This file consists of the list SimData with the following objects:

- V: Simulated mutation catalog matrix of size 96 by 10027 generated from the Poisson distribution with the mean corresponding to each element of L*(WH), where * is elementwise multiplication, L is the panel size matrix below, W is the profile matrix of the tumor mutation burden (TrueW_TMB below), and H is the signature activity matrix (TrueH below).
- L: Panel size matrix of size 96 by 10027.
- W_TMB: Tumor mutation burden based signatures size 96 by 76.
- TrueH: Simulated signature activity matrix of size 6 by 10027 used to generate V.
- TrueW_TMB: Tumor mutation burden based signatures size 96 by 6 for 6 SBS signatures (SBS1, SBS2/13, SBS4, SBS5, SBS40, SBS89) used to generate V.

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