

Package ‘SKIT’

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Title SKIT

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Description Conduct the Semiparametric Kernel Independence Test between two vectors when there are excess zeros.

Imports stats, utils

License GPL-2

NeedsCompilation yes

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SKIT-package	<i>Semiparametric Kernel Independence Test (SKIT) with excess zeros</i>
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Description

Conduct the test of independence between two vectors when there are excess zeros.

Details

The function `SKIT()` compute the test statistics and compute their p -values based on bootstrap samples.

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skit

*Semiparametric Kernel Independence Test (SKIT) with excess zeros***Description**

Performs the test of independence between two vectors when there are excess zeros.

Usage

```
skit(x, y, bandwidth=NULL, nboot=1000, print=0)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	Numeric vector possibly containing zeros.
<code>y</code>	Numeric vector possibly containing zeros with same length as <code>x</code> .
<code>bandwidth</code>	Bandwith parameter (see details). The default is <code>NULL</code> so that a default value will be computed from the data.
<code>nboot</code>	Number of bootstrap samples to estimate p-values. If p-values are not desired, then set to 0. The default is 1000.
<code>print</code>	0 or 1 to print information. The default is 0.

Details

Non-numeric values in `x` or `y` will be removed from both vectors.

If `bandwidth = NULL`, then the `bandwidth` parameter will be computed for the observed data, and re-computed for each bootstrap sample. It is computed as $\sigma \cdot n^{-0.2}$, where $n = \text{length}(x)$, $\sigma = \max(c(\text{sd}(x[x \neq 0]), \text{sd}(y[y \neq 0])))$.

Value

A list containing the observed test statistics, bootstrap-estimated p-values, and the bandwidth parameter for the observed data.

The overall test statistic \hat{T} is computed as $\hat{T}_1 + \hat{T}_2 + \hat{T}_3 + \hat{T}_4$ and for each component, p-value is estimated via bootstrap.

Examples

```
set.seed(123)

n <- 500
b00 <- 0.09; b10 <- 0.21; b01 <- 0.21; b11 <- 0.49
id <- sample(1:4, n, replace = TRUE, prob = c(b00, b10, b01, b11))
subn <- table(factor(id, levels = 1:4))
n2 <- subn[names(subn) == "2"]
n3 <- subn[names(subn) == "3"]
n4 <- subn[names(subn) == "4"]
Biv <- matrix(0, nrow = n, ncol = 2)
if(n2 != 0) Biv[id == 2,1] <- rnorm(n2, 0.4, 0.1)
if(n3 != 0) Biv[id == 3,2] <- rnorm(n3, 0.4, 0.1)
if(n4 != 0) Biv[id == 4,] <- cbind(rnorm(n4, 0.4, 0.1), rnorm(n4, 0.4, 0.1))
x <- Biv[,1]
```

```
y <- Biv[,2]  
skit(x, y, nboot=0)
```